COMPOSITIONS, SPLICE VARIANTS AND METHODS RELATING TO CANCER SPECIFIC GENES AND PROTEINS

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to newly identified nucleic acids and polypeptides present in normal and neoplastic cells, including fragments, variants and derivatives of the nucleic acids and polypeptides. The present invention also relates to antibodies to the polypeptides of the invention, as well as agonists and antagonists of the polypeptides of the invention. The invention also relates to compositions comprising the nucleic acids, polypeptides, antibodies, post translational modifications (PTMs), variants, derivatives, agonists and antagonists of the invention and methods for the use of these compositions. These uses include identifying, diagnosing, monitoring, staging, imaging and treating cancer and non-cancerous disease states in breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue. These uses include further include identifying breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue and monitoring and identifying and/or designing agonists and antagonists of polypeptides of the invention. The uses also include gene therapy, therapeutic molecules including but limited to antibodies or antisense molecules, production of transgenic animals and cells, and production of engineered breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue for treatment and research.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Breast cancer, also referred to as mammary tumor cancer, is the second most common cancer among women, accounting for a third of the cancers diagnosed in the United States. One in nine women will develop breast cancer in her lifetime and about 192,000 new cases of breast cancer are diagnosed annually with about 42,000 deaths. Bevers, *Primary Prevention of Breast Cancer*, in Breast Cancer, 20-54 (Kelly K Hunt et al., ed., 2001); Kochanek *et al.*, 49 *Nat'l. Vital Statistics Reports* 1, 14 (2001). Breast cancer is extremely rare in women younger than 20 and is very rare in women under 30. The incidence of breast cancer rises with age and becomes significant by age 50. White Non-Hispanic women have the highest incidence rate for breast cancer and Korean women have the lowest. Increased prevalence of the genetic mutations BRCA1 and BRCA2 that promote breast and other cancers are found in Ashkenazi Jews. African American women have the highest mortality rate for breast cancer among these same groups (31 per 100,000), while Chinese women have the lowest at 11 per 100,000. Although men can get

breast cancer, this is extremely rare. In the United States it is estimated there will be 217,440 new cases of breast cancer and 40,580 deaths due to breast cancer in 2004. (American Cancer Society Website: http://www.cancer.org). With the exception of those cases with associated genetic factors, precise causes of breast cancer are not known.

In the treatment of breast cancer, there is considerable emphasis on detection and risk assessment because early and accurate staging of breast cancer has a significant impact on survival. For example, breast cancer detected at an early stage (stage T0, discussed below) has a five-year survival rate of 92%. Conversely, if the cancer is not detected until a late stage (i.e., stage T4 (IV)), the five-year survival rate is reduced to 13%. AJCC Cancer Staging Handbook pp. 164-65 (Irvin D. Fleming *et al.* eds., 5th ed. 1998). Some detection techniques, such as mammography and biopsy, involve increased discomfort, expense, and/or radiation, and are only prescribed only to patients with an increased risk of breast cancer.

Current methods for predicting or detecting breast cancer risk are not optimal. One method for predicting the relative risk of breast cancer is by examining a patient's risk factors and pursuing aggressive diagnostic and treatment regiments for high risk patients. A patient's risk of breast cancer has been positively associated with increasing age, nulliparity, family history of breast cancer, personal history of breast cancer, early menarche, late menopause, late age of first full term pregnancy, prior proliferative breast disease, irradiation of the breast at an early age and a personal history of malignancy. Lifestyle factors such as fat consumption, alcohol consumption, education, and socioeconomic status have also been associated with an increased incidence of breast cancer although a direct cause and effect relationship has not been established. While these risk factors are statistically significant, their weak association with breast cancer limited their usefulness. Most women who develop breast cancer have none of the risk factors listed above, other than the risk that comes with growing older. NIH Publication No. 00-1556 (2000).

Current screening methods for detecting cancer, such as breast self exam, ultrasound, and mammography have drawbacks that reduce their effectiveness or prevent their widespread adoption. Breast self exams, while useful, are unreliable for the detection of breast cancer in the initial stages where the tumor is small and difficult to detect by palpation. Ultrasound measurements require skilled operators at an increased expense. Mammography, while sensitive, is subject to over diagnosis in the detection of lesions that

have questionable malignant potential. There is also the fear of the radiation used in mammography because prior chest radiation is a factor associated with an increase incidence of breast cancer.

At this time, there are no adequate methods of breast cancer prevention. The current methods of breast cancer prevention involve prophylactic mastectomy (mastectomy performed before cancer diagnosis) and chemoprevention (chemotherapy before cancer diagnosis) which are drastic measures that limit their adoption even among women with increased risk of breast cancer. Bevers, *supra*.

A number of genetic markers have been associated with breast cancer. Examples of these markers include carcinoembryonic antigen (CEA) (Mughal *et al., JAMA* 249:1881 (1983)), MUC-1 (Frische and Liu, *J. Clin. Ligand* 22:320 (2000)), HER-2/neu (Haris *et al., Proc.Am.Soc.Clin.Oncology* 15:A96 (1996)), uPA, PAI-1, LPA, LPC, RAK and BRCA (Esteva and Fritsche, *Serum and Tissue Markers for Breast Cancer*, in Breast Cancer, 286-308 (2001)). These markers have problems with limited sensitivity, low correlation, and false negatives which limit their use for initial diagnosis. For example, while the BRCA1 gene mutation is useful as an indicator of an increased risk for breast cancer, it has limited use in cancer diagnosis because only 6.2 % of breast cancers are BRCA1 positive. Malone *et al., JAMA* 279:922 (1998). See also, Mewman *et al., JAMA* 279:915 (1998) (correlation of only 3.3%).

There are four primary classifications of breast cancer varying by the site of origin and the extent of disease development.

I. Ductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS): Malignant transformation of ductal epithelial cells that remain in their normal position. DCIS is a purely localized disease, incapable of metastasis.

II. Invasive ductal carcinoma (IDC): Malignancy of the ductal epithelial cells breaking through the basal membrane and into the supporting tissue of the breast. IDC may eventually spread elsewhere in the body.

III. Lobular carcinoma in situ (LCIS): Malignancy arising in a single lobule of the breast that fail to extend through the lobule wall, it generally remains localized.

IV. Infiltrating lobular carcinoma (ILC): Malignancy arising in a single lobule of the breast and invading directly through the lobule wall into adjacent tissues. By virtue of its invasion beyond the lobule wall, ILC may penetrate lymphatics and blood vessels and spread to distant sites.

For purpose of determining prognosis and treatment, these four breast cancer types have been staged according to the size of the primary tumor (T), the involvement of lymph nodes (N), and the presence of metastasis (M). Although DCIS by definition represents localized stage I disease, the other forms of breast cancer may range from stage II to stage IV. There are additional prognostic factors that further serve to guide surgical and medical intervention. The most common ones are total number of lymph nodes involved, ER (estrogen receptor) status, Her2/neu receptor status and histologic grades.

Breast cancers are diagnosed into the appropriate stage categories recognizing that different treatments are more effective for different stages of cancer. Stage TX indicates that primary tumor cannot be assessed (i.e., tumor was removed or breast tissue was removed). Stage T0 is characterized by abnormalities such as hyperplasia but with no evidence of primary tumor. Stage Tis is characterized by carcinoma in situ, intraductal carcinoma, lobular carcinoma in situ, or Paget's disease of the nipple with no tumor. Stage T1 (I) is characterized as having a tumor of 2 cm or less in the greatest dimension. Within stage T1, Tmic indicates microinvasion of 0.1 cm or less, T1a indicates a tumor of between 0.1 to 0.5 cm, T1b indicates a tumor of between 0.5 to 1 cm, and T1c indicates tumors of between 1 cm to 2 cm. Stage T2 (II) is characterized by tumors from 2 cm to 5 cm in the greatest dimension. Tumors greater than 5 cm in size are classified as stage T3 (III). Stage T4 (IV) indicates a tumor of any size with extension to the chest wall or skin. Within stage T4, T4a indicates extension of the tumor to the chess wall, T4b indicates edema or ulceration of the skin of the breast or satellite skin nodules confined to the same breast, T4c indicates a combination of T4a and T4b, and T4d indicates inflammatory carcinoma. AJCC Cancer Staging Handbook pp. 159-70 (Irvin D. Fleming *et al.* eds., 5th ed. 1998). In addition to standard staging, breast tumors may be classified according to their estrogen receptor and progesterone receptor protein status. Fisher *et al., Breast Cancer Research and Treatment* 7:147 (1986). Additional pathological status, such as HER2/neu status may also be useful. Thor *et al., J.Nat'l.Cancer Inst.* 90:1346 (1998); Paik *et al., J.Nat'l.Cancer Inst.* 90:1361 (1998); Hutchins *et al., Proc.Am.Soc.Clin.Oncology* 17:A2 (1998).; and Simpson *et al., J.Clin.Oncology* 18:2059 (2000).

In addition to the staging of the primary tumor, breast cancer metastases to regional lymph nodes may be staged. Stage NX indicates that the lymph nodes cannot be assessed (e.g., previously removed). Stage N0 indicates no regional lymph node

metastasis. Stage N1 indicates metastasis to movable ipsilateral axillary lymph nodes. Stage N2 indicates metastasis to ipsilateral axillary lymph nodes fixed to one another or to other structures. Stage N3 indicates metastasis to ipsilateral internal mammary lymph nodes. *Id.*

Stage determination has potential prognostic value and provides criteria for designing optimal therapy. Simpson *et al., J. Clin. Oncology* 18:2059 (2000). Generally, pathological staging of breast cancer is preferable to clinical staging because the former gives a more accurate prognosis. However, clinical staging would be preferred if it were as accurate as pathological staging because it does not depend on an invasive procedure to obtain tissue for pathological evaluation. Staging of breast cancer would be improved by detecting new markers in cells, tissues, or bodily fluids which could differentiate between different stages of invasion. Progress in this field will allow more rapid and reliable method for treating breast cancer patients.

Treatment of breast cancer is generally decided after an accurate staging of the primary tumor. Primary treatment options include breast conserving therapy (lumpectomy, breast irradiation, and surgical staging of the axilla), and modified radical mastectomy. Additional treatments include chemotherapy, regional irradiation, and, in extreme cases, terminating estrogen production by ovarian ablation.

Until recently, the customary treatment for all breast cancer was mastectomy. Fonseca *et al., Annals of Internal Medicine* 127:1013 (1997). However, recent data indicate that less radical procedures may be equally effective, in terms of survival, for early stage breast cancer. Fisher *et al., J. of Clinical Oncology* 16:441 (1998). The treatment options for a patient with early stage breast cancer (i.e., stage Tis) may be breast-sparing surgery followed by localized radiation therapy at the breast. Alternatively, mastectomy optionally coupled with radiation or breast reconstruction may be employed. These treatment methods are equally effective in the early stages of breast cancer.

Patients with stage I and stage II breast cancer require surgery with chemotherapy and/or hormonal therapy. Surgery is of limited use in Stage III and stage IV patients. Thus, these patients are better candidates for chemotherapy and radiation therapy with surgery limited to biopsy to permit initial staging or subsequent restaging because cancer is rarely curative at this stage of the disease. AJCC Cancer Staging Handbook 84, 164-65 (Irvin D. Fleming *et al.* eds., 5th ed.1998).

In an effort to provide more treatment options to patients, efforts are underway to define an earlier stage of breast cancer with low recurrence which could be treated with lumpectomy without postoperative radiation treatment. While a number of attempts have been made to classify early stage breast cancer, no consensus recommendation on postoperative radiation treatment has been obtained from these studies. Page *et al., Cancer* 75:1219 (1995); Fisher *et al., Cancer* 75:1223 (1995); Silverstein *et al., Cancer* 77:2267 (1996).

Cancer of the ovaries is the fourth-most common cause of cancer death in women in the United States, with more than 23,000 new cases and roughly 14,000 deaths predicted for the year 2001. Shridhar, V. et al., *Cancer Res.* 61(15): 5895-904 (2001); Memarzadeh, S. & Berek, J. S., *J. Reprod. Med.* 46(7): 621-29 (2001). The American Cancer Society estimates that there will be about 25,580 new cases of ovarian cancer in 2004 in the United States alone. Ovarian cancer will cause about 16,090 deaths in the United States. ACS Website: http://www.cancer.org. The incidence of ovarian cancer is of serious concern worldwide, with an estimated 191,000 new cases predicted annually. Runnebaum, I. B. & Stickeler, E., *J. Cancer Res. Clin. Oncol.* 127(2): 73-79 (2001). Unfortunately, women with ovarian cancer are typically asymptomatic until the disease has metastasized. Because effective screening for ovarian cancer is not available, roughly 70% of women diagnosed have an advanced stage of the cancer with a five-year survival rate of ~25-30%. Memarzadeh, S. & Berek, J. S., *supra*; Nunns, D. et al., *Obstet. Gynecol. Surv.* 55(12): 746-51. Conversely, women diagnosed with early stage ovarian cancer enjoy considerably higher survival rates. Werness, B. A. & Eltabbakh, G. H., *Int'l. J. Gynecol. Pathol.* 20(1): 48-63 (2001). Although our understanding of the etiology of ovarian cancer is incomplete, the results of extensive research in this area point to a combination of age, genetics, reproductive, and dietary/environmental factors. Age is a key risk factor in the development of ovarian cancer: while the risk for developing ovarian cancer before the age of 30 is slim, the incidence of ovarian cancer rises linearly between ages 30 to 50, increasing at a slower rate thereafter, with the highest incidence being among septagenarian women. Jeanne M. Schilder et al., *Heriditary Ovarian Cancer: Clinical Syndromes and Management*, in Ovarian Cancer 182 (Stephen C. Rubin & Gregory P. Sutton eds., 2d ed. 2001).

With respect to genetic factors, a family history of ovarian cancer is the most significant risk factor in the development of the disease, with that risk depending on the

number of affected family members, the degree of their relationship to the woman, and which particular first degree relatives are affected by the disease. *Id.* Mutations in several genes have been associated with ovarian cancer, including BRCA1 and BRCA2, both of which play a key role in the development of breast cancer, as well as hMSH2 and hMLH1, both of which are associated with heriditary non-polyposis colon cancer. Katherine Y. Look, *Epidemiology, Etiology, and Screening of Ovarian Cancer*, in Ovarian Cancer 169, 171-73 (Stephen C. Rubin & Gregory P. Sutton eds., 2d ed. 2001). BRCA1, located on chromosome 17, and BRCA2, located on chromosome 13, are tumor supressor genes implicated in DNA repair; mutations in these genes are linked to roughly 10% of ovarian cancers. *Id.* at 171-72; Schilder et al., *supra* at 185-86. hMSH2 and hMLH1 are associated with DNA mismatch repair, and are located on chromsomes 2 and 3, respectively; it has been reported that roughly 3% of heriditary ovarian carcinomas are due to mutations in these genes. Look, *supra* at 173; Schilder et al., *supra* at 184, 188-89.

Reproductive factors have also been associated with an increased or reduced risk of ovarian cancer. Late menopause, nulliparity, and early age at menarche have all been linked with an elevated risk of ovarian cancer. Schilder et al., *supra* at 182. One theory hypothesizes that these factors increase the number of ovulatory cycles over the course of a woman's life, leading to "incessant ovulation," which is thought to be the primary cause of mutations to the ovarian epithelium. *Id.*; Laura J. Havrilesky & Andrew Berchuck, *Molecular Alterations in Sporadic Ovarian Cancer*, in Ovarian Cancer 25 (Stephen C. Rubin & Gregory P. Sutton eds., 2d ed. 2001). The mutations may be explained by the fact that ovulation results in the destruction and repair of that epithelium, necessitating increased cell division, thereby increasing the possibility that an undetected mutation will occur. *Id.* Support for this theory may be found in the fact pregnancy, lactation, and the use of oral contraceptives, all of which suppress ovulation, confer a protective effect with respect to developing ovarian cancer. *Id.*

Among dietary/environmental factors, there would appear to be an association between high intake of animal fat or red meat and ovarian cancer, while the antioxidant Vitamin A, which prevents free radical formation and also assists in maintaining normal cellular differentiation, may offer a protective effect. Look, *supra* at 169. Reports have also associated asbestos and hydrous magnesium trisilicate (talc), the latter of which may be present in diaphragms and sanitary napkins. *Id.* at 169-70.

Current screening procedures for ovarian cancer, while of some utility, are quite limited in their diagnostic ability, a problem that is particularly acute at early stages of cancer progression when the disease is typically asymptomatic yet is most readily treated. Walter J. Burdette, Cancer: Etiology, Diagnosis, and Treatment 166 (1998); Memarzadeh & Berek, *supra*; Runnebaum & Stickeler, *supra*; Werness & Eltabbakh, *supra*. Commonly used screening tests include biannual rectovaginal pelvic examination, radioimmunoassay to detect the CA-125 serum tumor marker, and transvaginal ultrasonography. Burdette, *supra* at 166.

Pelvic examination has failed to yield adequate numbers of early diagnoses, and the other methods are not sufficiently accurate. *Id.* One study reported that only 15% of patients who suffered from ovarian cancer were diagnosed with the disease at the time of their pelvic examination. Look, *supra* at 174. Moreover, the CA-125 test is prone to giving false positives in pre-menopausal women and has been reported to be of low predictive value in post-menopausal women. *Id.* at 174-75. Although transvaginal ultrasonography is now the preferred procedure for screening for ovarian cancer, it is unable to distinguish reliably between benign and malignant tumors, and also cannot locate primary peritoneal malignancies or ovarian cancer if the ovary size is normal. Schilder et al., *supra* at 194-95. While genetic testing for mutations of the BRCA1, BRCA2, hMSH2, and hMLH1 genes is now available, these tests may be too costly for some patients and may also yield false negative or indeterminate results. Schilder et al., *supra* at 191-94.

Other markers of interest are HE4 and mesothelin, see Urban et al. Ovarian cancer screening Hematol Oncol Clin North Am. 2003 Aug;17(4):989-1005; Hellstrom et al. The HE4 (WFDC2) protein is a biomarker for ovarian carcinoma, Cancer Res. 2003 Jul 1;63(13):3695-700; Ordonez, Application of mesothelin immunostaining in tumor diagnosis, Am J Surg Pathol. 2003 Nov;27(11):1418-28.

The staging of ovarian cancer, which is accomplished through surgical exploration, is crucial in determining the course of treatment and management of the disease. AJCC Cancer Staging Handbook 187 (Irvin D. Fleming et al. eds., 5th ed. 1998); Burdette, *supra* at 170; Memarzadeh & Berek, *supra*; Shridhar et al., *supra*. Staging is performed by reference to the classification system developed by the International Federation of Gynecology and Obstetrics. David H. Moore, *Primary Surgical Management of Early Epithelial Ovarian Carcinoma*, in Ovarian Cancer 203 (Stephen C. Rubin & Gregory P.

Sutton eds., 2d ed. 2001); Fleming et al. eds., *supra* at 188. Stage I ovarian cancer is characterized by tumor growth that is limited to the ovaries and is comprised of three substages. *Id.* In substage IA, tumor growth is limited to one ovary, there is no tumor on the external surface of the ovary, the ovarian capsule is intact, and no malignant cells are present in ascites or peritoneal washings. *Id.* Substage IB is identical to A1, except that tumor growth is limited to both ovaries. *Id.* Substage IC refers to the presence of tumor growth limited to one or both ovaries, and also includes one or more of the following characteristics: capsule rupture, tumor growth on the surface of one or both ovaries, and malignant cells present in ascites or peritoneal washings. *Id.*

Stage II ovarian cancer refers to tumor growth involving one or both ovaries, along with pelvic extension. *Id.* Substage IIA involves extension and/or implants on the uterus and/or fallopian tubes, with no malignant cells in the ascites or peritoneal washings, while substage IIB involves extension into other pelvic organs and tissues, again with no malignant cells in the ascites or peritoneal washings. *Id.* Substage IIC involves pelvic extension as in IIA or IIB, but with malignant cells in the ascites or peritoneal washings. *Id.*

Stage III ovarian cancer involves tumor growth in one or both ovaries, with peritoneal metastasis beyond the pelvis confirmed by microscope and/or metastasis in the regional lymph nodes. *Id.* Substage IIIA is characterized by microscopic peritoneal metastasis outside the pelvis, with substage IIIB involving macroscopic peritoneal metastasis outside the pelvis 2 cm or less in greatest dimension. *Id.* Substage IIIC is identical to IIIB, except that the metastasis is greater than 2 cm in greatest dimension and may include regional lymph node metastasis. *Id.* Lastly, Stage IV refers to the presence distant metastasis, excluding peritoneal metastasis. *Id.*

While surgical staging is currently the benchmark for assessing the management and treatment of ovarian cancer, it suffers from considerable drawbacks, including the invasiveness of the procedure, the potential for complications, as well as the potential for inaccuracy. Moore, *supra* at 206-208, 213. In view of these limitations, attention has turned to developing alternative staging methodologies through understanding differential gene expression in various stages of ovarian cancer and by obtaining various biomarkers to help better assess the progression of the disease. Vartiainen, J. et al., *Int'l J. Cancer*, 95(5): 313-16 (2001); Shridhar et al. *supra*; Baekelandt, M. et al., *J. Clin. Oncol.* 18(22): 3775-81.

The treatment of ovarian cancer typically involves a multiprong attack, with surgical intervention serving as the foundation of treatment. Dennis S. Chi & William J. Hoskins, *Primary Surgical Management of Advanced Epithelial Ovarian Cancer*, in Ovarian Cancer 241 (Stephen C. Rubin & Gregory P. Sutton eds., 2d ed. 2001). For example, in the case of epithelial ovarian cancer, which accounts for ~90% of cases of ovarian cancer, treatment typically consists of: (1) cytoreductive surgery, including total abdominal hysterectomy, bilateral salpingo-oophorectomy, omentectomy, and lymphadenectomy, followed by (2) adjuvant chemotherapy with paclitaxel and either cisplatin or carboplatin. Eltabbakh, G.H. & Awtrey, C.S., *Expert Op. Pharmacother.* 2(10): 109-24. Despite a clinical response rate of 80% to the adjuvant therapy, most patients experience tumor recurrence within three years of treatment. *Id.* Certain patients may undergo a second cytoreductive surgery and/or second-line chemotherapy. Memarzadeh & Berek, *supra*.

From the foregoing, it is clear that procedures used for detecting, diagnosing, monitoring, staging, prognosticating, and preventing the recurrence of ovarian cancer are of critical importance to the outcome of the patient. Moreover, current procedures, while helpful in each of these analyses, are limited by their specificity, sensitivity, invasiveness, and/or their cost. As such, highly specific and sensitive procedures that would operate by way of detecting novel markers in cells, tissues, or bodily fluids, with minimal invasiveness and at a reasonable cost, would be highly desirable.

Accordingly, there is a great need for more sensitive and accurate methods for predicting whether a person is likely to develop ovarian cancer, for diagnosing ovarian cancer, for monitoring the progression of the disease, for staging the ovarian cancer, for determining whether the ovarian cancer has metastasized, and for imaging the ovarian cancer. There is also a need for better treatment of ovarian cancer.

As discussed above, each of the methods for diagnosing and staging ovarian, pancreatic or breast cancer is limited by the technology employed. Accordingly, there is need for sensitive molecular and cellular markers for the detection of ovarian, pancreatic or breast cancer. There is a need for molecular markers for the accurate staging, including clinical and pathological staging, of ovarian, pancreatic or breast cancers to optimize treatment methods. Finally, there is a need for sensitive molecular and cellular markers to monitor the progress of cancer treatments, including markers that can detect recurrence of ovarian, pancreatic or breast cancers following remission.

Colorectal cancer is the second most common cause of cancer death in the United States and the third most prevalent cancer in both men and women. M. L. Davila & A. D. Davila, *Screening for Colon and Rectal Cancer, in* Colon and Rectal Cancer 47 (Peter S. Edelstein ed., 2000). The American Cancer Society estimates that there will be about 106,370 new cases of colon cancer and 40,570 new cases of rectal cancer in the 2004 in the United States alone. Colon cancer and rectal cancer will cause about 56,730 deaths combined in the United States. ACS Website: http://www.cancer.org. Nearly all cases of colorectal cancer arise from adenomatous polyps, some of which mature into large polyps, undergo abnormal growth and development, and ultimately progress into cancer. Davila at 55-56. This progression would appear to take at least 10 years in most patients, rendering it a readily treatable form of cancer if diagnosed early, when the cancer is localized. Davila at 56; Walter J. Burdette, Cancer: Etiology, Diagnosis, and Treatment 125 (1998).

Although our understanding of the etiology of colon cancer is undergoing continual refinement, extensive research in this area points to a combination of factors, including age, hereditary and nonhereditary conditions, and environmental/dietary factors. Age is a key risk factor in the development of colorectal cancer, Davila at 48, with men and women over 40 years of age become increasingly susceptible to that cancer, Burdette at 126. Incidence rates increase considerably in each subsequent decade of life. Davila at 48. A number of hereditary and nonhereditary conditions have also been linked to a heightened risk of developing colorectal cancer, including familial adenomatous polyposis (FAP), hereditary nonpolyposis colorectal cancer (Lynch syndrome or HNPCC), a personal and/or family history of colorectal cancer or adenomatous polyps, inflammatory bowel disease, diabetes mellitus, and obesity. *Id.* at 47; Henry T. Lynch & Jane F. Lynch, *Hereditary Nonpolyposis Colorectal Cancer (Lynch Syndromes), in* Colon and Rectal Cancer 67-68 (Peter S. Edelstein ed., 2000).

Environmental/dietary factors associated with an increased risk of colorectal cancer include a high fat diet, intake of high dietary red meat, and sedentary lifestyle. Davila at 47; Reddy, B. S., *Prev. Med.* 16(4): 460-7 (1987). Conversely, environmental/dietary factors associated with a reduced risk of colorectal cancer include a diet high in fiber, folic acid, calcium, and hormone-replacement therapy in post-menopausal women. Davila at 50-55. The effect of antioxidants in reducing the risk of colon cancer is unclear. Davila at 53.

Because colon cancer is highly treatable when detected at an early, localized stage, screening should be a part of routine care for all adults starting at age 50, especially those with first-degree relatives with colorectal cancer. One major advantage of colorectal cancer screening over its counterparts in other types of cancer is its ability to not only detect precancerous lesions, but to remove them as well. Davila at 56. The key colorectal cancer screening tests in use today are fecal occult blood test, sigmoidoscopy, colonoscopy, double-contrast barium enema, and the carcinoembryonic antigen (CEA) test. Burdette at 125; Davila at 56.

The fecal occult blood test (FOBT) screens for colorectal cancer by detecting the amount of blood in the stool, the premise being that neoplastic tissue, particularly malignant tissue, bleeds more than typical mucosa, with the amount of bleeding increasing with polyp size and cancer stage. Davila at 56-57. While effective at detecting early stage tumors, FOBT is unable to detect adenomatous polyps (premalignant lesions), and, depending on the contents of the fecal sample, is subject to rendering false positives. Davila at 56-59. Sigmoidoscopy and colonoscopy, by contrast, allow direct visualization of the bowel, and enable one to detect, biopsy, and remove adenomatous polyps. Davila at 59-60, 61. Despite the advantages of these procedures, there are accompanying downsides: sigmoidoscopy, by definition, is limited to the sigmoid colon and below, colonoscopy is a relatively expensive procedure, and both share the risk of possible bowel perforation and hemorrhaging. Davila at 59-60. Double-contrast barium enema (DCBE) enables detection of lesions better than FOBT, and almost as well a colonoscopy, but it may be limited in evaluating the winding rectosigmoid region. Davila at 60. The CEA blood test, which involves screening the blood for carcinoembryonic antigen, shares the downside of FOBT, in that it is of limited utility in detecting colorectal cancer at an early stage. Burdette at 125.

Once colon cancer has been diagnosed, treatment decisions are typically made in reference to the stage of cancer progression. A number of techniques are employed to stage the cancer (some of which are also used to screen for colon cancer), including pathologic examination of resected colon, sigmoidoscopy, colonoscopy, and various imaging techniques. AJCC Cancer Staging Handbook 84 (Irvin D. Fleming et al. eds., 5th ed. 1998); Montgomery, R. C. and Ridge, J.A., *Semin. Surg. Oncol.* 15(3): 143-150 (1998). Moreover, chest films, liver functionality tests, and liver scans are employed to determine the extent of metastasis. Fleming at 84. While computerized tomography and

magnetic resonance imaging are useful in staging colorectal cancer in its later stages, both have unacceptably low staging accuracy for identifying early stages of the disease, due to the difficulty that both methods have in (1) revealing the depth of bowel wall tumor infiltration and (2) diagnosing malignant adenopathy. Thoeni, R. F., *Radiol. Clin. N. Am.* 35(2): 457-85 (1997). Rather, techniques such as transrectal ultrasound (TRUS) are preferred in this context, although this technique is inaccurate with respect to detecting small lymph nodes that may contain metastases. David Blumberg & Frank G. Opelka, *Neoadjuvant and Adjuvant Therapy for Adenocarcinoma of the Rectum, in* Colon and Rectal Cancer 316 (Peter S. Edelstein ed., 2000).

Several classification systems have been devised to stage the extent of colorectal cancer, including the Dukes' system and the more detailed International Union against Cancer-American Joint Committee on Cancer TNM staging system, which is considered by many in the field to be a more useful staging system. Burdette at 126-27. The TNM system, which is used for either clinical or pathological staging, is divided into four stages, each of which evaluates the extent of cancer growth with respect to primary tumor (T), regional lymph nodes (N), and distant metastasis (M). Fleming at 84-85. The system focuses on the extent of tumor invasion into the intestinal wall, invasion of adjacent structures, the number of regional lymph nodes that have been affected, and whether distant metastasis has occurred. Fleming at 81.

Stage 0 is characterized by *in situ* carcinoma (Tis), in which the cancer cells are located inside the glandular basement membrane (intraepithelial) or lamina propria (intramucosal). In this stage, the cancer has not spread to the regional lymph nodes (N0), and there is no distant metastasis (M0). In stage I, there is still no spread of the cancer to the regional lymph nodes and no distant metastasis, but the tumor has invaded the submucosa (T1) or has progressed further to invade the muscularis propria (T2). Stage II also involves no spread of the cancer to the regional lymph nodes and no distant metastasis, but the tumor has invaded the subserosa, or the nonperitonealized pericolic or perirectal tissues (T3), or has progressed to invade other organs or structures, and/or has perforated the visceral peritoneum (T4). Stage III is characterized by any of the T substages, no distant metastasis, and either metastasis in 1 to 3 regional lymph nodes (N1) or metastasis in four or more regional lymph nodes (N2). Lastly, stage IV involves any of the T or N substages, as well as distant metastasis. Fleming at 84-85; Burdette at 127.

Currently, pathological staging of colon cancer is preferable over clinical staging as pathological staging provides a more accurate prognosis. Pathological staging typically involves examination of the resected colon section, along with surgical examination of the abdominal cavity. Fleming at 84. Clinical staging would be a preferred method of staging were it at least as accurate as pathological staging, as it does not depend on the invasive procedures of its counterpart.

Turning to the treatment of colorectal cancer, surgical resection results in a cure for roughly 50% of patients. Irradiation is used both preoperatively and postoperatively in treating colorectal cancer. Chemotherapeutic agents, particularly 5-fluorouracil, are also powerful weapons in treating colorectal cancer. Other agents include irinotecan and floxuridine, cisplatin, levamisole, methotrexate, interferon-α, and leucovorin. Burdette at 125, 132-33. Nonetheless, thirty to forty percent of patients will develop a recurrence of colon cancer following surgical resection, which in many patients is the ultimate cause of death. Wayne De Vos, *Follow-up After Treatment of Colon Cancer*, Colon and Rectal Cancer 225 (Peter S. Edelstein ed., 2000). Accordingly, colon cancer patients must be closely monitored to determine response to therapy and to detect persistent or recurrent disease and metastasis.

The next few paragraphs describe the some of molecular bases of colon cancer. In the case of FAP, the tumor suppressor gene APC (adenomatous polyposis coli), chromosomally located at 5q21, has been either inactivated or deleted by mutation. Alberts et al., Molecular Biology of the Cell 1288 (3d ed. 1994). The APC protein plays a role in a number of functions, including cell adhesion, apoptosis, and repression of the *c-myc* oncogene. N. R. Hall & R. D. Madoff, *Genetics and the Polyp-Cancer Sequence*, Colon and Rectal Cancer 8 (Peter S. Edelstein, ed., 2000). Of those patients with colorectal cancer who have normal APC genes, over 65% have such mutations in the cancer cells but not in other tissues. Alberts et al., *supra* at 1288. In the case of HPNCC, patients manifest abnormalities in the tumor suppressor gene HNPCC, but only about 15% of tumors contain the mutated gene. *Id.* A host of other genes have also been implicated in colorectal cancer, including the K-*ras*, N-*ras*, H-*ras* and c-*myc* oncogenes, and the tumor suppressor genes *DCC* (deleted in colon carcinoma) and *p53*. Hall & Madoff, *supra* at 8-9; Alberts et al., *supra* at 1288.

Abnormalities in Wg/Wnt signal transduction pathway are also associated with the development of colorectal carcinoma. Taipale, J. and Beachy, P.A. *Nature* 411: 349-354

(2001). Wnt1 is a secreted protein gene originally identified within mouse mammary cancers by its insertion into the mouse mammary tumor virus (MMTV) gene. The protein is homologous to the wingless (Wg) gene product of Drosophila, in which it functions as an important factor for the determination of dorsal-ventral segmentation and regulates the formation of fly imaginal discs. Wg/Wnt pathway controls cell proliferation, death and differentiation. Taipal (2001). There are at least 13 members in the Wnt family. These proteins have been found expressed mainly in the central nervous system (CNS) of vertebrates as well as other tissues such as mammary and intestine. The Wnt proteins are the ligands for a family of seven transmembrane domain receptors related to the Frizzled gene product in Drosophila. Binding Wnt to Frizzled stimulates the activity of the downstream target, Dishevelled, which in turn inactivates the glycogen synthesase kinase 3β (GSK3β). Taipal (2001). Usually active GSK3β will form a complex with the adenomatous polyposis coli (APC) protein and phosphorylate another complex member, β-catenin. Once phosphorylated, β-catenin is directed to degradation through the ubiquitin pathway. When GSK3β or APC activity is down regulated, β-catenin is accumulated in the cytoplasm and binds to the T-cell factor or lymphocyte excitation factor (Tcf/Lef) family of transcriptional factors. Binding of β-catenin to Tcf releases the transcriptional repression and induces gene transcription. Among the genes regulated by β-catenin are a transcriptional repressor Engrailed, a transforming growth factor-β (TGF-β) family member Decapentaplegic, and the cytokine Hedgehog in Drosophila. β-Catenin also involves in regulating cell adhesion by binding to α-catenin and E-cadherin. On the other hand, binding of β-catenin to these proteins controls the cytoplasmic β-catenin level and its complexing with TCF. Taipal (2001). Growth factor stimulation and activation of c-src or v-src also regulate β-catenin level by phosphorylation of α-catenin and its related protein, $p120^{cas}$. When phosphorylated, these proteins decrease their binding to E-cadherin and β-catenin resulting in the accumulation of cytoplasmic β-catenin. Reynolds, A.B. et al. *Mol. Cell Biol.* 14: 8333-8342 (1994). In colon cancer, c-src enzymatic activity has been shown increased to the level of v-src. Alternation of components in the Wg/Wnt pathway promotes colorectal carcinoma development. The best known modifications are to the APC gene. Nicola S et al. *Hum. Mol. Genet* 10:721-733 (2001). This germline mutation causes the appearance of hundreds to thousands of adenomatous polyps in the large bowel. It is the gene defect that accounts for the autosomally dominantly inherited

FAP and related syndromes. The molecular alternations that occur in this pathway largely involve deletions of alleles of tumor-suppressor genes, such as APC, p53 and Deleted in Colorectal Cancer (DCC), combined with mutational activation of proto-oncogenes, especially c-Ki-ras. Aoki, T. et al. *Human Mutat.* 3: 342-346 (1994). All of these lead to genomic instability in colorectal cancers.

Another source of genomic instability in colorectal cancer is the defect of DNA mismatch repair (MMR) genes. Human homologues of the bacterial *mut*HLS complex (hMSH2, hMLH1, hPMS1, hPMS2 and hMSH6), which is involved in the DNA mismatch repair in bacteria, have been shown to cause the HNPCC (about 70-90% HNPCC) when mutated. Modrich, P. and Lahue, R. *Ann Rev. Biochem.* 65: 101-133 (1996); and Peltomäki, P. *Hum. Mol. Genet* 10: 735-740 (2001). The inactivation of these proteins leads to the accumulation of mutations and causes genetic instability that represents errors in the accurate replication of the repetitive mono-, di-, tri- and tetra-nucleotide repeats, which are scattered throughout the genome (microsatellite regions). Jass, J.R. et al. *J. Gastroenterol Hepatol* 17: 17-26 (2002). Like in the classic FAP, mutational activation of c-Ki-ras is also required for the promotion of MSI in the alternative HNPCC. Mutations in other proteins such as the tumor suppressor protein phosphatase PTEN (Zhou, X.P. et al. *Hum. Mol. Genet* 11: 445-450 (2002)), BAX (Buttler, L.M. *Aus. N. Z. J. Surg.* 69: 88-94 (1999)), Caspase-5 (Planck, M. *Cancer Genet Cytogenet.* 134: 46-54 (2002)), TGFβ-RII (Fallik, D. et al. *Gastroenterol Clin Biol.* 24: 917-22 (2000)) and IGFII-R (Giovannucci E. *J. Nutr.* 131: 3109S-20S (2001)) have also been found in some colorectal tumors possibly as the cause of MMR defect.

Some tyrosine kinases have been shown up-regulated in colorectal tumor tissues or cell lines like HT29. Skoudy, A. et al. *Biochem J.* 317 (Pt 1): 279-84 (1996). Focal adhesion kinase (FAK) and its up-stream kinase c-src and c-yes in colonic epithelia cells may play an important role in the promotion of colorectal cancers through the extracellular matrix (ECM) and integrin-mediated signaling pathways. Jessup, J.M. et al., *The molecular biology of colorectal carcinoma, in:* The Molecular Basis of Human Cancer, 251-268 (Coleman W.B. and Tsongalis G.J. Eds. 2002). The formation of c-src/FAK complexes may coordinately deregulate VEGF expression and apoptosis inhibition. Recent evidences suggest that a specific signal-transduction pathway for cell survival that implicates integrin engagement leads to FAK activation and thus activates PI-3 kinase and akt. In turn, akt phosphorylates BAD and blocks apoptosis in epithelial cells. The

activation of c-src in colon cancer may induce VEGF expression through the hypoxia pathway. Other genes that may be implicated in colorectal cancer include Cox enzymes (Ota, S. et al. *Aliment Pharmacol. Ther.* 16 (Suppl 2): 102-106 (2002)), estrogen (al-Azzawi, F. and Wahab, M. *Climacteric* 5: 3-14 (2002)), peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor-γ (PPAR-γ) (Gelman, L. et al. *Cell Mol. Life Sci.* 55: 932-943 (1999)), IGF-I (Giovannucci (2001)), thymine DNA glycosylase (TDG) (Hardeland, U. et al. *Prog. Nucleic Acid Res. Mol. Biol.* 68: 235-253 (2001)) and EGF (Mendelsohn, J. *Endocrine-Related Cancer* 8: 3-9 (2001)).

Gene deletion and mutation are not the only causes for development of colorectal cancers. Epigenetic silencing by DNA methylation also accounts for the lost of function of colorectal cancer suppressor genes. A strong association between MSI and CpG island methylation has been well characterized in sporadic colorectal cancers with high MSI but not in those of hereditary origin. In one experiment, DNA methylation of MLH1, CDKN2A, MGMT, THBS1, RARB, APC, and p14ARF genes has been shown in 80%, 55%, 23%, 23%, 58%, 35%, and 50% of 40 sporadic colorectal cancers with high MSI respectively. Yamamoto, H. et al. *Genes Chromosomes Cancer* 33: 322-325 (2002); and Kim, K.M. et al. *Oncogene.* 12;21(35): 5441-9 (2002). Carcinogen metabolism enzymes such as GST, NAT, CYP and MTHFR are also associated with an increased or decreased colorectal cancer risk. Pistorius, S. et al. *Kongressbd Dtsch Ges Chir Kongr* 118: 820-824 (2001); and Potter, J.D. *J. Natl. Cancer Inst.* 91: 916-932 (1999).

From the foregoing, it is clear that procedures used for detecting, diagnosing, monitoring, staging, prognosticating, and preventing the recurrence of colorectal cancer are of critical importance to the outcome of the patient. Moreover, current procedures, while helpful in each of these analyses, are limited by their specificity, sensitivity, invasiveness, and/or their cost. As such, highly specific and sensitive procedures that would operate by way of detecting novel markers in cells, tissues, or bodily fluids, with minimal invasiveness and at a reasonable cost, would be highly desirable.

Accordingly, there is a great need for more sensitive and accurate methods for predicting whether a person is likely to develop colorectal cancer, for diagnosing colorectal cancer, for monitoring the progression of the disease, for staging the colorectal cancer, for determining whether the colorectal cancer has metastasized, and for imaging the colorectal cancer. Following accurate diagnosis, there is also a need for less invasive and more effective treatment of colorectal cancer.

Throughout the last hundred years, the incidence of lung cancer has steadily increased, so much so that now in many countries, it is the most common cancer. In fact, lung cancer is the second most prevalent type of cancer for both men and women in the United States and is the most common cause of cancer death in both sexes. Lung cancer deaths have increased ten-fold in both men and women since 1930, primarily due to an increase in cigarette smoking, but also due to an increased exposure to arsenic, asbestos, chromates, chloromethyl ethers, nickel, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons and other agents. *See* Scott, Lung Cancer: A Guide to Diagnosis and Treatment, Addicus Books (2000) and Alberg *et al.*, in Kane *et al.* (eds.) Biology of Lung Cancer, pp. 11-52, Marcel Dekker, Inc. (1998). The American Cancer Society estimates there will be over 173,000 new cases of lung cancer in 2004. Additionally, there will be an estimated 160,440 deaths from lung cancer in 2004. ACS Website: http://www.cancer.org.

Lung cancer may result from a primary tumor originating in the lung or a secondary tumor which has spread from another organ such as the bowel or breast. Although there are over a dozen types of lung cancer, over 90% fall into two categories: small cell lung cancer (SCLC) and non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC). *See* Scott, *supra.* About 20-25% of all lung cancers are characterized as SCLC, while 70-80% are diagnosed as NSCLC. *Id.* A rare type of lung cancer is mesothelioma, which is generally caused by exposure to asbestos, and which affects the pleura of the lung. Lung cancer is usually diagnosed or screened for by chest x-ray, CAT scans, PET scans, or by sputum cytology. A diagnosis of lung cancer is usually confirmed by biopsy of the tissue. *Id.*

SCLC tumors are highly metastatic and grow quickly. By the time a patient has been diagnosed with SCLC, the cancer has usually already spread to other parts of the body, including lymph nodes, adrenals, liver, bone, brain and bone marrow. *See* Scott, *supra*; Van Houtte *et al.* (eds.), Progress and Perspective in the Treatment of Lung Cancer, Springer-Verlag (1999). Because the disease has usually spread to such an extent that surgery is not an option, the current treatment of choice is chemotherapy plus chest irradiation. *See* Van Houtte, *supra.* The stage of disease is a principal predictor of long-term survival. Less than 5% of patients with extensive disease that has spread beyond one lung and surrounding lymph nodes, live longer than two years. *Id.* However, the probability of five-year survival is three to four times higher if the disease is diagnosed and treated when it is still in a limited stage, i.e., not having spread beyond one lung. *Id.*

NSCLC is generally divided into three types: squamous cell carcinoma, adenocarcinoma and large cell carcinoma. Both squamous cell cancer and adenocarcinoma develop from the cells that line the airways; however, adenocarcinoma develops from the goblet cells that produce mucus. Large cell lung cancer has been thus named because the cells look large and rounded when viewed microscopically, and generally are considered relatively undifferentiated. *See* Yesner, Atlas of Lung Cancer, Lippincott-Raven (1998).

Secondary lung cancer is a cancer initiated elsewhere in the body that has spread to the lungs. Cancers that metastasize to the lung include, but are not limited to, breast cancer, melanoma, colon cancer and Hodgkin's lymphoma. Treatment for secondary lung cancer may depend upon the source of the original cancer. In other words, a lung cancer that originated from breast cancer may be more responsive to breast cancer treatments and a lung cancer that originated from the colon cancer may be more responsive to colon cancer treatments.

The stage of a cancer indicates how far it has spread and is an important indicator of the prognosis. In addition, staging is important because treatment is often decided according to the stage of a cancer. SCLC is divided into two stages: limited disease, *i.e.*, cancer that can only be seen in one lung and in nearby lymph nodes; and extensive disease, *i.e.*, cancer that has spread outside the lung to the chest or to other parts of the body. For most patients with SCLC, the disease has already progressed to lymph nodes or elsewhere in the body at the time of diagnosis. *See* Scott, *supra*. Even if spreading is not apparent on the scans, it is likely that some cancer cells may have spread away and traveled through the bloodstream or lymph system. In general, chemotherapy with or without radiotherapy is often the preferred treatment. The initial scans and tests done at first will be used later to see how well a patient is responding to treatment.

In contrast, non-small cell cancer may be divided into four stages. Stage I is highly localized cancer with no cancer in the lymph nodes. Stage II cancer has spread to the lymph nodes at the top of the affected lung. Stage III cancer has spread near to where the cancer started. This can be to the chest wall, the covering of the lung (pleura), the middle of the chest (mediastinum) or other lymph nodes. Stage IV cancer has spread to another part of the body. Stage I-III cancer is usually treated with surgery, with or without chemotherapy. Stage IV cancer is usually treated with chemotherapy and/or palliative care.

A number of chromosomal and genetic abnormalities have been observed in lung cancer. In NSCLC, chromosomal aberrations have been described on 3p, 9p, 11p, 15p and 17p, and chromosomal deletions have been seen on chromosomes 7, 11, 13 and 19. *See* Skarin (ed.), Multimodality Treatment of Lung Cancer, Marcel Dekker, Inc. (2000); Gemmill *et al.*, pp. 465-502, in Kane, *supra*; Bailey-Wilson *et al.*, pp. 53-98, in Kane, *supra*. Chromosomal abnormalities have been described on 1p, 3p, 5q, 6q, 8q, 13q and 17p in SCLC. *Id.* In addition, the loss of the short arm of chromosome 3p has also been seen in greater than 90% of SCLC tumors and approximately 50% of NSCLC tumors. *Id.*

A number of oncogenes and tumor suppressor genes have been implicated in lung cancer. *See* Mabry, pp. 391-412, in Kane, *supra* and Sclafani *et al.*, pp. 295-316, in Kane, *supra*. In both SCLC and NSCLC, the p53 tumor suppressor gene is mutated in over 50% of lung cancers. *See* Yesner, *supra*. Another tumor suppressor gene, FHIT, which is found on chromosome 3p, is mutated by tobacco smoke. *Id.*; Skarin, *supra*. In addition, more than 95% of SCLCs and approximately 20-60% of NSCLCs have an absent or abnormal retinoblastoma (Rb) protein, another tumor suppressor gene. The *ras* oncogene (particularly K-*ras*) is mutated in 20-30% of NSCLC specimens and the c-*erbB2* oncogene is expressed in 18% of stage 2 NSCLC and 60% of stage 4 NSCLC specimens. *See* Van Houtte, *supra*. Other tumor suppressor genes that are found in a region of chromosome 9, specifically in the region of 9p21, are deleted in many cancer cells, including $p16^{INK4A}$ and $p15^{INK4B}$. *See* Bailey-Wilson, *supra*; Sclafani *et al.*, *supra*. These tumor suppressor genes may also be implicated in lung cancer pathogenesis.

In addition, many lung cancer cells produce growth factors that may act in an autocrine or paracrine fashion on lung cancer cells. *See* Siegfried *et al.*, pp. 317-336, in Kane, *supra*; Moody, pp. 337-370, in Kane, *supra* and Heasley *et al.*, 371-390, in Kane, *supra*. In SCLC, many tumor cells produce gastrin-releasing peptide (GRP), which is a proliferative growth factor for these cells. *See* Skarin, *supra*. Many NSCLC tumors express epidermal growth factor (EGF) receptors, allowing NSCLC cells to proliferate in response to EGF. Insulin-like growth factor (IGF-I) is elevated in greater than 95% of SCLC and greater than 80% of NSCLC tumors; it is thought to function as an autocrine growth factor. *Id.* Finally, stem cell factor (SCF, also known as steel factor or kit ligand) and c-Kit (a proto-oncoprotein tyrosine kinase receptor for SCF) are both expressed at high levels in SCLC, and thus may form an autocrine loop that increases proliferation. *Id.*

Although the majority of lung cancer cases are attributable to cigarette smoking, most smokers do not develop lung cancer. Epidemiological evidence has suggested that susceptibility to lung cancer may be inherited in a Mendelian fashion, and thus have an inherited genetic component. Bailey-Wilson, *supra*. Thus, it is thought that certain allelic variants at some genetic loci may affect susceptibility to lung cancer. *Id.* One way to identify which allelic variants are likely to be involved in lung cancer susceptibility, as well as susceptibility to other diseases, is to look at allelic variants of genes that are highly expressed in lung.

The lung is susceptible to a number of other debilitating diseases as well, including, without limitation, emphysema, pneumonia, cystic fibrosis and asthma. *See* Stockley (ed.), Molecular Biology of the Lung, Volume I: Emphysema and Infection, Birkhauser Verlag (1999), hereafter Stockley I, and Stockley (ed.), Molecular Biology of the Lung, Volume II: Asthma and Cancer, Birkhauser Verlag (1999), hereafter Stockley II. The cause of many these disorders is still not well understood and there are few, if any, good treatment options for many of these noncancerous lung disorders. Thus, there remains a need to understand various noncancerous lung disorders and to identify treatments for these diseases.

The development and differentiation of lung tissue during embryonic development is also very important. All of the epithelial cells of the respiratory tract, including those of the lung and bronchi, are derived from the primitive endodermal cells that line the embryonic outpouching. *See* Yesner, *supra*. During embryonic development, multipotent endodermal stem cells differentiate into many different types of specialized cells, which include ciliated cells for moving inhaled particles, goblet cells for producing mucus, Kulchitsky's cells for endocrine function, and Clara cells and type II pneumocytes for secreting surfactant protein. *Id.* Improper development and differentiation may cause respiratory disorders and distress in infants, particularly in premature infants, whose lungs cannot produce sufficient surfactant when they are born. Further, some lung cancer cells, particularly small cell carcinomas, are plastic and can alter their phenotype into a number of cell types, including large cell carcinoma, adenocarcinoma and squamous cell carcinoma. *Id.* Thus, a better understanding of lung development and differentiation may help facilitate understanding of lung cancer initiation and progression.

The most common screening tests for lung cancer are chest x-ray and sputum cytology. Randomized controlled trials have not demonstrated a reduction in lung cancer mortality resulting from screening with chest x-ray and/or sputum cytology. Additionally, sputum cytology has not been shown to be effective when used as an adjunct to annual chest x-ray. Screening with chest x-ray plus sputum cytology appears to detect lung cancer at an earlier stage, but this would be expected in a screening test whether or not it was effective at reducing mortality. Since early detection by current screening methods fails to reduce mortality in lung cancer patients, current lung cancer screening methods are inadequate.

There are two important potential hazards associated with chest radiography screening. First, false positive test results can lead to an unnecessary invasive procedure, such as percutaneous needle biopsy or thoracotomy. These procedures are costly and due to their invasive nature carry risks of their own. The second hazard with chest radiography screening is overdiagnosis. Overdiagnosis is the diagnosis of a small or slowly growing tumor that would not have become clinically significant had it not been detected by screening. Although overdiagnosis is almost impossible to document in a living individual, autopsy studies suggest that many individuals die with lung cancer rather than from it.

Additionally, the spectrum of lung cancer type has shifted over the last two decades. Whereas the most common type used to be squamous cell cancer (usually centrally located), the most common type now is adenocarcinoma (usually peripherally located). The latter may be more amenable to early detection by chest x-ray, the limitations of which are described above. In contrast, sputum cytology, is more sensitive in the detection of squamous cell cancer than in detecting adenocarcinoma, and therefore lacks usefulness in detecting the more common adenocarcinomas. Clearly, new highly sensitive non-invasive methods of detecting lung cancer are needed.

There are intensive efforts to improve lung cancer screening with newer technologies, including low-dose helical computed tomography (LDCT) and molecular techniques. LDCT is far more sensitive than chest radiography. In a recent screening study, CT detected almost 6 times as many stage I lung cancers as chest radiography and most of these tumors were 1 cm or less in diameter. However, the effectiveness of screening with LDCT has not yet been evaluated in a controlled clinical trial.

There are two potential hazards that must be considered against any potential benefit of screening with LDCT. The more common and familiar hazard is the false positive test result, which may lead to anxiety and invasive diagnostic procedures. A less familiar hazard is overdiagnosis, the diagnosis of a condition that would not have become clinically significant had it not been detected by screening. In the case of screening with LDCT, overdiagnosis could lead to unnecessary diagnosis of lung cancer requiring some combination of surgery, e.g., lobectomy, chemotherapy and radiation therapy. As stated above, overdiagnosis is almost impossible to document in a living individual. In one large study, about one-sixth of all lung cancers found at autopsy had not been clinically recognized before death. Furthermore, autopsy probably fails to detect many small lung cancers that are detectable by CT.

Current therapies for lung cancer are quite limited. Generally, patient options comprise surgery, radiation therapy, and chemotherapy.

Depending on the type and stage of a lung cancer, surgery may be used to remove the tumor along with some surrounding lung tissue. A lobectomy refers to a lobe (section) of the lung being removed. If the entire lung is removed, the surgery is called a pneumonectomy. Removing only part of a lobe is known as a segmentectomy or wedge resection.

If the cancer has spread to the brain, benefit may be gained from removal of the brain metastasis. This involves a craniotomy (surgery through a hole in the skull).

For radiation therapy several methods exist. External beam radiation therapy uses radiation delivered from outside the body that is focused on the cancer. This type of radiation therapy is most often used to treat a primary lung cancer or its metastases to other organs.

Brachytherapy uses a small pellet of radioactive material placed directly into the cancerous tissue or into the airway next to the cancer. Radiation therapy is sometimes used as the main (primary) treatment of lung cancer, especially if the general health of the patient is too poor to undergo surgery. Brachytherapy can also be used to help relieve blockage of large airways by cancer.

Additionally, radiation therapy can be used as a post surgical treatment to kill very small deposits of cancer that cannot be seen or removed during surgery. Radiation therapy can also be used to palliate (relieve) symptoms of lung cancer such as pain, bleeding, difficulty swallowing, and problems caused by brain metastases.

For chemotherapy, cisplatin or a related drug, carboplatin, are the chemotherapy agents most often used in treating NSCLC. Recent studies found that combining either of these with drugs such as gemcitabine, paclitaxel, docetaxel, etoposide, or vinorelbine appear to be more effective in treating NSCLC.

Recently, the National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN; www.nccn.org), an alliance of nineteen of the world's leading cancer centers, announces a major update of the NCCN Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Clinical Practice Guidelines. The NCCN is widely recognized as a standard for clinical policy in oncology.

Recently approved targeted therapy, gefitinib (Iressa®, AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals LP) is now recommended as third-line therapy and as second-line only if the platinum/docetaxel combination was used as first-line therapy.

The NCCN's Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC) guidelines contain recommendations for administration of chemotherapy to patients with this disease including patient selection criteria and definition of first-, second-, and third-line agents and combinations.

Chemotherapeutic agents are specified as two-agent regimens for first-line therapy, two agent regimens or single agents for second-line therapy, and one single agent for third-line therapy. Agents used in first- and second-line therapy are: cisplatin (Platinol®, Bristol-Myers Squibb Company), carboplatin (Paraplatin®, Bristol-Myers Squibb Company), paclitaxel (Taxol®, Bristol-Myers Squibb Company), docetaxel (Taxotere®, Aventis Pharmaceuticals Inc.), vinorelbine (Navelbine®, GlaxoSmithKline), gemcitabine (Gemzar®, Eli Lilly and Company), etoposide (Toposar®, Pfizer, Inc.; VePesid®, Bristol-Myers Squibb Company; Etopophos®, Bristol-Myers Squibb Company), irinotecan (Camptosar®, Pfizer, Inc.), vinblastine (Velban®, Eli Lilly and Company), mitomycin (Mutamycin®, Bristol-Myers Squibb Company), and ifosfamide (Ifex®, Bristol-Myers Squibb Company).

Some of the usual chemotherapy combinations used for patients with SCLC include: EP (etoposide and cisplatin); ET (etoposide and carboplatin); ICE (ifosfamide, carboplatin, and etoposide); and CAV (cyclophosphamide, doxorubicin, and vincristine).

New drugs such as gemcitabine, paclitaxel, vinorelbine, topotecan, and teniposide have shown promising results in some SCLC studies. Growth factors may be given in conjunction to chemotherapy agents if patient health is good. The administration of growth factors help prevent bone marrow side effects.

Ongoing or recently completed therapeutic trials for various compounds to treat lung cancer include alitretinoin (Panretin®, Ligand Pharmaceuticals), topotecan HCl (Hycamtin® GlaxoSmithKline), liposomal ether lipid (Elan Pharmaceutical), cantuzumab mertansine (ImmunoGen), Gavax® (Cell Genesys), vincristine (Onco TCS ®, Inex Pharmaceuticals), Neovastat® (AEterna Laboratories), squalamine (Genaera), mirostipen (Human Genome Sciences Inc.), Advexin® (Introgen Therapeutics), biricodar dicitrate (Incel®, Vertex Pharmaceuticals), flavopiridol (Aventis), Affintac® (Eli Lilly and Company), pivaloyloxymethylbutyrate (Pivanex®, Titan Pharmaceuticals), tirapazamine (Tirazone®, Sanofi-Synthelabo Pharmaceuticals), irinotecan (Camptosar®, Pharmacia), tezacitabine (Chiron), cisplatin/vinblastine/amifostine (MedImmune), paclitaxel/carboplatin/amifostine (MedImmune), Oncomyc-NG® (AVI BioPharma), exisulind/vinorelbine (Aptosyn®/Navelbine®, Cell Pathyways), tariquidar (QLT), Xyotax® (Cell Therapeutics), PEG-camptothecin (Prothecan®, Enzon), decitabine (SuperGen), Tarceva® (OSI Pharmaceuticals), ABX-EGF (Abgenix), Tocosol Paclitaxel® (Sonus Pharmaceuticals), TheraFab® (Antisoma), minodronate (Yamanouchi Pharmaceutical), exisulind/docetaxel/carboplatin (Aptosyn®/Taxotere®/Paraplatin®, Cell Pathways), exisulind/gemcitabine HCl (Aptosyn®/Gemzar®, Cell Pathways), IMC-C225/carboplatin/paclitaxel (Erbitux®/carboplatin®/paclitaxel®, ImClone Systems), and vinorelbine (Navelbine®, GlaxoSmithKline).

As indicated above, many therapeutics are recommended for use in combination as a first-line therapy or only if other therapeutics have failed as second-, and third-line agents. While there are many compounds in ongoing or recently completed therapeutic trials, there is great need for additional therapeutic compounds capable of treating early stage and advanced or metastasized lung cancer.

Accordingly, there is a great need for more sensitive and accurate methods for predicting whether a person is likely to develop lung cancer, for diagnosing lung cancer, for monitoring the progression of the disease, for staging the lung cancer, for determining whether the lung cancer has metastasized and for imaging the lung cancer. There is also a need for better treatment of lung cancer. Further, there is a great need for diagnosing and treating noncancerous lung disorders such as emphysema, pneumonia, lung infection, pulmonary fibrosis, cystic fibrosis and asthma. There is also a need for compositions and methods of using these compositions to identify lung tissue for forensic purposes and for determining whether a particular cell or tissue exhibits lung-specific characteristics.

Prostate cancer is the most prevalent cancer in men and is the second leading cause of death from cancer among males in the United States. AJCC Cancer Staging Handbook 203 (Irvin D. Fleming et al. eds., 5th ed. 1998); Walter J. Burdette, Cancer: Etiology, Diagnosis, and Treatment 147 (1998). In 1999, it was estimated that 37,000 men in the United States would die as result of prostate cancer. Elizabeth A. Platz et al., & Edward Giovannucci, *Epidemiology of and Risk Factors for Prostate Cancer, in* Management of Prostate Cancer 21 (Eric A Klein, ed. 2000). More recently, the American Cancer Society estimated there will be 230,110 new cases of prostate cancer and 29,900 deaths in 2004. American Cancer Society website: www.cancer.org. Cancer of the prostate typically occurs in older males, with a median age of 74 years for clinical diagnosis. Burdette, *supra* at 147. A man's risk of being diagnosed with invasive prostate cancer in his lifetime is one in six. Platz et al., *supra* at 21.

Although our understanding of the etiology of prostate cancer is incomplete, the results of extensive research in this area point to a combination of age, genetic and environmental/dietary factors. Platz et al., *supra* at 19; Burdette, *supra* at 147; Steven K. Clinton, *Diet and Nutrition in Prostate Cancer Prevention and Therapy, in* Prostate Cancer: a Multidisciplinary Guide 246-269 (Philip W. Kantoff et al. eds. 1997). Broadly speaking, genetic risk factors predisposing one to prostate cancer include race and a family history of the disease. Platz et al., *supra* at 19, 28-29, 32-34. Aside from these generalities, a deeper understanding of the genetic basis of prostate cancer has remained elusive. Considerable research has been directed to studying the link between prostate cancer, androgens, and androgen regulation, as androgens play a crucial role in prostate growth and differentiation. Meena Augustus et al., *Molecular Genetics and Markers of Progression, in* Management of Prostate Cancer 59 (Eric A Klein ed. 2000). While a number of studies have concluded that prostate tumor development is linked to elevated levels of circulating androgen (*e.g.*, testosterone and dihydrotestosterone), the genetic determinants of these levels remain unknown. Platz et al., *supra* at 29-30.

Several studies have explored a possible link between prostate cancer and the androgen receptor (AR) gene, the gene product of which mediates the molecular and cellular effects of testosterone and dihydrotestosterone in tissues responsive to androgens. *Id.* at 30. Differences in the number of certain trinucleotide repeats in exon 1, the region involved in transactivational control, have been of particular interest. Augustus et al., *supra* at 60. For example, these studies have revealed that as the number of CAG repeats

decreases the transactivation ability of the gene product increases, as does the risk of prostate cancer. Platz et al., *supra* at 30-31. Other research has focused on the α-reductase Type 2 gene, the gene which codes for the enzyme that converts testosterone into dihydrotestosterone. *Id.* at 30. Dihydrotestosterone has greater affinity for the AR than testosterone, resulting in increased transactivation of genes responsive to androgens. *Id.* While studies have reported differences among the races in the length of a TA dinucleotide repeat in the 3' untranslated region, no link has been established between the length of that repeat and prostate cancer. *Id.* Interestingly, while *ras* gene mutations are implicated in numerous other cancers, such mutations appear not to play a significant role in prostate cancer, at least among Caucasian males. Augustus, *supra* at 52.

Environmental/dietary risk factors which may increase the risk of prostate cancer include intake of saturated fat and calcium. Platz et al., *supra* at 19, 25-26. Conversely, intake of selenium, vitamin E and tomato products (which contain the carotenoid lycopene) apparently decrease that risk. *Id.* at 19, 26-28 The impact of physical activity, cigarette smoking, and alcohol consumption on prostate cancer is unclear. Platz et al., *supra* at 23-25.

Periodic screening for prostate cancer is most effectively performed by digital rectal examination (DRE) of the prostate, in conjunction with determination of the serum level of prostate-specific antigen (PSA). Burdette, *supra* at 148. While the merits of such screening are the subject of considerable debate, Jerome P. Richie & Irving D. Kaplan, *Screening for Prostate Cancer: The Horns of a Dilemma, in* Prostate Cancer: A Multidisciplinary Guide 1-10 (Philip W. Kantoff et al. eds. 1997), the American Cancer Society and American Urological Association recommend that both of these tests be performed annually on men 50 years or older with a life expectancy of at least 10 years, and younger men at high risk for prostate cancer. Ian M. Thompson & John Foley, *Screening for Prostate Cancer, in* Management of Prostate Cancer 71 (Eric A Klein ed. 2000). If necessary, these screening methods may be followed by additional tests, including biopsy, ultrasonic imaging, computerized tomography, and magnetic resonance imaging. Christopher A. Haas & Martin I. Resnick, *Trends in Diagnosis, Biopsy, and Imaging, in* Management of Prostate Cancer 89-98 (Eric A Klein ed. 2000); Burdette, *supra* at 148.

Once the diagnosis of prostate cancer has been made, treatment decisions for the individual are typically linked to the stage of prostate cancer present in that individual, as

well as his age and overall health. Burdette, *supra* at 151. One preferred classification system for staging prostate cancer was developed by the American Urological Association (AUA). *Id.* at 148. The AUA classification system divides prostate tumors into four broad stages, A to D, which are in turn accompanied by a number of smaller substages. Burdette, *supra* at 152-153; Anthony V. D'Amico et al., *The Staging of Prostate Cancer*, *in* Prostate Cancer: A Multidisciplinary Guide 41 (Philip W. Kantoff et al. eds. 1997).

Stage A prostate cancer refers to the presence of microscopic cancer within the prostate gland. D'Amico, *supra* at 41. This stage is comprised of two substages: A1, which involves less than four well-differentiated cancer foci within the prostate, and A2, which involves greater than three well-differentiated cancer foci or alternatively, moderately to poorly differentiated foci within the prostate. Burdette, *supra* at 152; D'Amico, *supra* at 41. Treatment for stage A1 preferentially involves following PSA levels and periodic DRE. Burdette, *supra* at 151. Should PSA levels rise, preferred treatments include radical prostatectomy in patients 70 years of age and younger, external beam radiotherapy for patients between 70 and 80 years of age, and hormone therapy for those over 80 years of age. *Id.*

Stage B prostate cancer is characterized by the presence of a palpable lump within the prostate. Burdette, *supra* at 152-53; D'Amico, *supra* at 41. This stage is comprised of three substages: B1, in which the lump is less than 2 cm and is contained in one lobe of the prostate; B2, in which the lump is greater than 2 cm yet is still contained within one lobe; and B3, in which the lump has spread to both lobes. Burdette, *supra*, at 152-53. For stages B1 and B2, the treatment again involves radical prostatectomy in patients 70 years of age and younger, external beam radiotherapy for patients between 70 and 80 years of age, and hormone therapy for those over 80 years of age. *Id.* at 151. In stage B3, radical prostatectomy is employed if the cancer is well-differentiated and PSA levels are below 15 ng/mL; otherwise, external beam radiation is the chosen treatment option. *Id.*

Stage C prostate cancer involves a substantial cancer mass accompanied by extraprostatic extension. Burdette, *supra* at 153; D'Amico, *supra* at 41. Like stage A prostate cancer, Stage C is comprised of two substages: substage Cl, in which the tumor is relatively minimal, with minor prostatic extension, and substage C2, in which the tumor is large and bulky, with major prostatic extension. *Id.* The treatment of choice for both substages is external beam radiation. Burdette, *supra* at 151.

- The fourth and final stage of prostate cancer, Stage D, describes the extent to which the cancer has metastasized. Burdette, *supra* at 153; D'Amico, *supra* at 41. This stage is comprised of four substages: (1) D0, in which acid phophatase levels are persistently high, (2) D1, in which only the pelvic lymph nodes have been invaded, (3) D2, in which the lymph nodes above the aortic bifurcation have been invaded, with or without distant metastasis, and (4) D3, in which the metastasis progresses despite intense hormonal therapy. *Id.* Treatment at this stage may involve hormonal therapy, chemotherapy, and removal of one or both testes. Burdette, *supra* at 151.

Despite the need for accurate staging of prostate cancer, current staging methodology is limited. The wide variety of biological behavior displayed by neoplasms of the prostate has resulted in considerable difficulty in predicting and assessing the course of prostate cancer. Augustus et al., *supra* at 47. Indeed, despite the fact that most prostate cancer patients have carcinomas that are of intermediate grade and stage, prognosis for these types of carcinomas is highly variable. Andrew A Renshaw & Christopher L. Corless, *Prognostic Features in the Pathology of Prostate Cancer, in* Prostate Cancer: A Multidisciplinary Guide 26 (Philip W. Kantoff et al. eds. 1997). Techniques such as transrectal ultrasound, abdominal and pelvic computerized tomography, and MRI have not been particularly useful in predicting local tumor extension. D'Amico, *supra* at 53 (editors' comment). While the use of serum PSA in combination with the Gleason score is currently the most effective method of staging prostate cancer, *id.*, PSA is of limited predictive value, Augustus et al., *supra* at 47; Renshaw et al., *supra* at 26, and the Gleason score is prone to variability and error, King, C. R. & Long, J. P., *Int'l. J. Cancer* 90(6): 326-30 (2000). As such, the current focus of prostate cancer research has been to obtain biomarkers to help better assess the progression of the disease. Augustus et al., *supra* at 47; Renshaw et al., *supra* at 26; Pettaway, C. A., *Tech. Urol.* 4(1): 35-42 (1998).

Accordingly, there is a great need for more sensitive and accurate methods for predicting whether a person is likely to develop prostate cancer, for diagnosing prostate cancer, for monitoring the progression of the disease, for staging the prostate cancer, for determining whether the prostate cancer has metastasized and for imaging the prostate cancer. There is also a need for better treatment of prostate cancer.

The present invention provides alternative methods of treating ovarian, pancreatic, breast, colon, lung or postate cancer that overcome the limitations of conventional

therapeutic methods as well as offer additional advantages that will be apparent from the detailed description below.

Growth and metastasis of solid tumors are also dependent on angiogenesis. Folkman, J., 1986, *Cancer Research*, 46, 467-473; Folkman, J., 1989, *Journal of the National Cancer Institute*, 82, 4-6. It has been shown, for example, that tumors which enlarge to greater than 2 mm must obtain their own blood supply and do so by inducing the growth of new capillary blood vessels. Once these new blood vessels become embedded in the tumor, they provide a means for tumor cells to enter the circulation and metastasize to distant sites such as liver, lung or bone. Weidner, N., *et al.*, 1991, *The New England Journal of Medicine*, 324(1), 1-8.

Angiogenesis, defined as the growth or sprouting of new blood vessels from existing vessels, is a complex process that primarily occurs during embryonic development. The process is distinct from vasculogenesis, in that the new endothelial cells lining the vessel arise from proliferation of existing cells, rather than differentiating from stem cells. The process is invasive and dependent upon proteolyisis of the extracellular matrix (ECM), migration of new endothelial cells, and synthesis of new matrix components. Angiogenesis occurs during embryogenic development of the circulatory system; however, in adult humans, angiogenesis only occurs as a response to a pathological condition (except during the reproductive cycle in women).

Under normal physiological conditions in adults, angiogenesis takes place only in very restricted situations such as hair growth and wounding healing. Auerbach, W. and Auerbach, R., 1994, *Pharmacol Ther.* 63(3):265-3 11; Ribatti et al.,1991, *Haematologica* 76(4):3 11-20; Risau, 1997, *Nature* 386(6626):67 1-4. Angiogenesis progresses by a stimulus which results in the formation of a migrating column of endothelial cells. Proteolytic activity is focused at the advancing tip of this "vascular sprout", which breaks down the ECM sufficiently to permit the column of cells to infiltrate and migrate. Behind the advancing front, the endothelial cells differentiate and begin to adhere to each other, thus forming a new basement membrane. The cells then cease proliferation and finally define a lumen for the new arteriole or capillary.

Unregulated angiogenesis has gradually been recognized to be responsible for a wide range of disorders, including, but not limited to, cancer, cardiovascular disease, rheumatoid arthritis, psoriasis and diabetic retinopathy. Folkman, 1995, *Nat Med* 1(1):27-31; Isner, 1999, *Circulation* 99(13): 1653-5; Koch, 1998, *Arthritis Rheum* 41(6):951-62;

Walsh, 1999, *Rheumatology* (Oxford) 38(2):103-12; Ware and Simons, 1997, *Nat Med* 3(2): 158-64.

Of particular interest is the observation that angiogenesis is required by solid tumors for their growth and metastases. Folkman, 1986 *supra*; Folkman 1990, *J Natl. Cancer Inst.*, 82(1) 4-6; Folkman, 1992, *Semin Cancer Biol* 3(2):65-71; Zetter, 1998, *Annu Rev Med* 49:407-24. A tumor usually begins as a single aberrant cell which can proliferate only to a size of a few cubic millimeters due to the distance from available capillary beds, and it can stay `dormant` without further growth and dissemination for a long period of time. Some tumor cells then switch to the angiogenic phenotype to activate endothelial cells, which proliferate and mature into new capillary blood vessels. These newly formed blood vessels not only allow for continued growth of the primary tumor, but also for the dissemination and recolonization of metastatic tumor cells. The precise mechanisms that control the angiogenic switch is not well understood, but it is believed that neovascularization of tumor mass results from the net balance of a multitude of angiogenesis stimulators and inhibitors Folkman, 1995, *supra*.

One of the most potent angiogenesis inhibitors is endostatin identified by O'Reilly and Folkman. O'Reilly et al., 1997, *Cell* 88(2):277-85; O'Reilly et al., 1994, *Cell* 79(2):3 15-28. Its discovery was based on the phenomenon that certain primary tumors can inhibit the growth of distant metastases. O'Reilly and Folkman hypothesized that a primary tumor initiates angiogenesis by generating angiogenic stimulators in excess of inhibitors. However, angiogenic inhibitors, by virtue of their longer half life in the circulation, reach the site of a secondary tumor in excess of the stimulators. The net result is the growth of primary tumor and inhibition of secondary tumor. Endostatin is one of a growing list of such angiogenesis inhibitors produced by primary tumors. It is a proteolytic fragment of a larger protein: endostatin is a 20 kDa fragment of collagen XVIII (amino acid H1132-K1315 in murine collagen XVIII). Endostatin has been shown to specifically inhibit endothelial cell proliferation in vitro and block angiogenesis in vivo. More importantly, administration of endostatin to tumor-bearing mice leads to significant tumor regression, and no toxicity or drug resistance has been observed even after multiple treatment cycles. Boehm et al., 1997, Nature 390(6658):404-407. The fact that endostatin targets genetically stable endothelial cells and inhibits a variety of solid tumors makes it a very attractive candidate for anticancer therapy. Fidler and Ellis, 1994, Cell 79(2):185-8; Gastl et al., 1997, Oncology 54(3):177-84; Hinsbergh et al., 1999, Ann Oncol 10 Suppl 4:60-3. In

addition, angiogenesis inhibitors have been shown to be more effective when combined with radiation and chemotherapeutic agents. Klement, 2000, J. Clin Invest, 105(8) R15-24. Browder, 2000, Cancer Res. 6-(7) 1878-86, Arap et al., 1998, Science 279(5349):377-80; Mauceri et al., 1998, Nature 394(6690):287-91.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention solves many needs in the art by providing nucleic acid molecules, polypeptides and antibodies thereto, variants and derivatives of the nucleic acids and polypeptides, agonists and antagonists that may be used to identify, diagnose, monitor, stage, image and treat cancer and non-cancerous disease states in breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate; identify and monitor breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue; and identify and design agonists and antagonists of polypeptides of the invention. The invention also provides gene therapy, methods for producing transgenic animals and cells, and methods for producing engineered breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue for treatment and research.

One aspect of the present invention relates to nucleic acid molecules that are specific to cancer cells, cancer tissue and/or a cancerous organ. These cancer specific nucleic acids (CaSNAs) may be a naturally occurring cDNA, genomic DNA, RNA, or a fragment of one of these nucleic acids, or may be a non-naturally occurring nucleic acid molecule. If the CaSNA is genomic DNA, then the CaSNA is a cancer specific gene (CaSG). If the CaSNA is RNA, then it is a cancer specific transcript encoded by a CaSG. Due to alternative splicing and transcriptional modification one CaSG may encode for multiple cancer specific RNAs. In a preferred embodiment, the nucleic acid molecule encodes a polypeptide that is specific to cancer from breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue. More preferred is a nucleic acid molecule that encodes a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 142-361. In another preferred embodiment, the nucleic acid molecule comprises a nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1-141. For the CaSNA sequences listed herein, DEX0477_001.nt.1 corresponds to SEQ ID NO: 1. For sequences with multiple splice variants, the parent sequence DEX0477_001.nt.1, will be followed by DEX0477_001.nt.2, etc. for each splice variant. The sequences off the corresponding peptides are listed as DEX0477_001.aa.1, etc. For the mapping of all of the nucleotides and peptides, see the table in the Example 1 section below.

This aspect of the present invention also relates to nucleic acid molecules that selectively hybridize or exhibit substantial sequence similarity to nucleic acid molecules encoding a Cancer Specific Protein (CaSP), or that selectively hybridize or exhibit substantial sequence similarity to a CaSNA. In one embodiment of the present invention the nucleic acid molecule comprises an allelic variant of a nucleic acid molecule encoding a CaSP, or an allelic variant of a CaSNA. In another embodiment, the nucleic acid molecule comprises a part of a nucleic acid sequence that encodes a CaSP or a part of a nucleic acid sequence of a CaSNA.

In addition, this aspect of the present invention relates to a nucleic acid molecule further comprising one or more expression control sequences controlling the transcription and/or translation of all or a part of a CaSNA or the transcription and/or translation of a nucleic acid molecule that encodes all or a fragment of a CaSP.

Another aspect of the present invention relates to vectors and/or host cells comprising a nucleic acid molecule of this invention. In a preferred embodiment, the nucleic acid molecule of the vector and/or host cell encodes all or a fragment of a CaSP. In another preferred embodiment, the nucleic acid molecule of the vector and/or host cell comprises all or a part of a CaSNA. Vectors and host cells of the present invention are useful in the recombinant production of polypeptides, particularly CaSPs of the present invention.

Another aspect of the present invention relates to polypeptides encoded by a nucleic acid molecule of this invention. The polypeptide may comprise either a fragment or a full-length protein. In a preferred embodiment, the polypeptide is a CaSP. However, this aspect of the present invention also relates to mutant proteins (muteins) of CaSPs, fusion proteins of which a portion is a CaSP, and proteins and polypeptides encoded by allelic variants of a CaSNA as provided herein.

A further aspect of the present invention is a novel splice variant which encodes an amino acid sequence that provides a novel region to be targeted for the generation of reagents that can be used in the detection and/or treatment of cancer. The novel amino acid sequence may lead to a unique protein structure, protein subcellular localization, biochemical processing or function. This information can be used to directly or indirectly facilitate the generation of additional or novel therapeutics or diagnostics. The nucleotide sequence in this novel splice variant can be used as a nucleic acid probe for the diagnosis and/or treatment of cancer.

Another aspect of the present invention relates to antibodies and other binders that specifically bind to a polypeptide of the instant invention. Accordingly antibodies or binders of the present invention specifically bind to CaSPs, muteins, fusion proteins, and/or homologous proteins or polypeptides encoded by allelic variants of an CaSNA as provided herein.

Another aspect of the present invention relates to agonists and antagonists of the nucleic acid molecules and polypeptides of this invention. The agonists and antagonists of the instant invention may be used to treat cancer and non-cancerous disease states in breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue and to produce engineered breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue.

Another aspect of the present invention relates to methods for using the nucleic acid molecules to detect or amplify nucleic acid molecules that have similar or identical nucleic acid sequences compared to the nucleic acid molecules described herein. Such methods are useful in identifying, diagnosing, monitoring, staging, imaging and treating cancer and non-cancerous disease states in breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue. Such methods are also useful in identifying and/or monitoring breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue. In addition, measurement of levels of one or more of the nucleic acid molecules of this invention may be useful for diagnostics as part of panel in combination with known other markers, particularly those described in the cancer background section above.

Another aspect of the present invention relates to use of the nucleic acid molecules of this invention in gene therapy, for producing transgenic animals and cells, and for producing engineered breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue for treatment and research.

Another aspect of the present invention relates to methods for detecting polypeptides this invention, preferably using antibodies thereto. Such methods are useful to identify, diagnose, monitor, stage, image and treat cancer and non-cancerous disease states in breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue. In addition, measurement of levels of one or more of the polypeptides of this invention may be useful to identify, diagnose, monitor, stage, image cancer in combination with known other markers, particularly those described in the cancer background section above. The polypeptides of the present invention can also be used to identify and/or monitor breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue, and to produce engineered breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue.

Yet another aspect of the present invention relates to a computer readable means of storing the nucleic acid and amino acid sequences of the invention. The records of the computer readable means can be accessed for reading and displaying of sequences for comparison, alignment and ordering of the sequences of the invention to other sequences. In addition, the computer records regarding the nucleic acid and/or amino acid sequences and/or measurements of their levels may be used alone or in combination with other markers to diagnose breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate related diseases including cancer.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

FIGURE 1 displays an alignment of the DNA sequences for DEX0477_016.nt.1 (Pcan057) and DEX0477_016.nt.2 (Pcan057v1);

FIGURE 2 displays an alignment of the protein sequences for DEX0477_016.aa.1 (Pcan057.aa) and DEX0477_016.aa.3 (Pcan057v1.aa);

FIGURE 3 displays an alignment of the DNA sequences for DEX0477_001.nt.1 (Pro108) and DEX0477_001.nt.2 (Pro177);

FIGURE 4 displays and alignment of the protein sequences for DEX0477_001.aa.1 (Pro108.aa) and DEX0477_001.aa.3 (Pro177.aa);

FIGURE 5 displays an alignment of the protein sequences for DEX0477_001.aa.1 (Pro108.aa) and DEX0477_001.aa.2 (Pro177.orf).

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Definitions and General Techniques

Unless otherwise defined herein, scientific and technical terms used in connection with the present invention shall have the meanings that are commonly understood by those of ordinary skill in the art. Further, unless otherwise required by context, singular terms shall include pluralities and plural terms shall include the singular. Generally, nomenclatures used in connection with, and techniques of, cell and tissue culture, molecular biology, immunology, microbiology, genetics and protein and nucleic acid chemistry and hybridization described herein are those well known and commonly used in the art. The methods and techniques of the present invention are generally performed according to conventional methods well known in the art and as described in various general and more specific references that are cited and discussed throughout the present

specification unless otherwise indicated. *See, e.g.*, Sambrook *et al.*, Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, 2d ed., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press (1989) and Sambrook *et al.*, Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, 3d ed., Cold Spring Harbor Press (2001); Ausubel *et al.*, Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, Greene Publishing Associates (1992, and Supplements to 2000); Ausubel *et al.*, Short Protocols in Molecular Biology: A Compendium of Methods from Current Protocols in Molecular Biology – 4th Ed., Wiley & Sons (1999); Harlow and Lane, Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press (1990); and Harlow and Lane, Using Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press (1999).

Enzymatic reactions and purification techniques are performed according to manufacturer's specifications, as commonly accomplished in the art or as described herein. The nomenclatures used in connection with, and the laboratory procedures and techniques of, analytical chemistry, synthetic organic chemistry, and medicinal and pharmaceutical chemistry described herein are those well known and commonly used in the art. Standard techniques are used for chemical syntheses, chemical analyses, pharmaceutical preparation, formulation, and delivery, and treatment of patients.

The following terms, unless otherwise indicated, shall be understood to have the following meanings:

A "nucleic acid molecule" of this invention refers to a polymeric form of nucleotides and includes both sense and antisense strands of RNA, cDNA, genomic DNA, and synthetic forms and mixed polymers of the above. A nucleotide refers to a ribonucleotide, deoxynucleotide or a modified form of either type of nucleotide. A "nucleic acid molecule" as used herein is synonymous with "nucleic acid" and "polynucleotide." The term "nucleic acid molecule" usually refers to a molecule of at least 10 bases in length, unless otherwise specified. The term includes single and double stranded forms of DNA. In addition, a polynucleotide may include either or both naturally occurring and modified nucleotides linked together by naturally occurring and/or non-naturally occurring nucleotide linkages.

Nucleotides are represented by single letter symbols in nucleic acid molecule sequences. The following table lists symbols identifying nucleotides or groups of nucleotides which may occupy the symbol position on a nucleic acid molecule. *See* Nomenclature Committee of the International Union of Biochemistry (NC-IUB),

Nomenclature for incompletely specified bases in nucleic acid sequences, Recommendations 1984., *Eur J Biochem.* 150(1):1-5 (1985).

Symbol	Meaning	Group/Origin of Designation	Complementary Symbol
a	a	Adenine	t/u
g	g	Guanine	c
c	c	Cytosine	g
t	t	Thymine	a
u	u	Uracil	a
r	g or a	puRine	y
y	t/u or c	pYrimidine	r
m	a or c	aMino	k
k	g or t/u	Keto	m
s	g or c	Strong interactions 3H-bonds	w
w	a or t/u	Weak interactions 2H-bonds	s
b	g or c or t/u	not a	v
d	a or g or t/u	not c	h
h	a or c or t/u	not g	d
v	a or g or c	not t, not u	b
n	a or g or c or t/u, unknown, or other	aNy	n

The nucleic acid molecules may be modified chemically or biochemically or may contain non-natural or derivatized nucleotide bases, as will be readily appreciated by those of skill in the art. Such modifications include, for example, labels, methylation, substitution of one or more of the naturally occurring nucleotides with an analog, internucleotide modifications such as uncharged linkages (*e.g.*, methyl phosphonates, phosphotriesters, phosphoramidates, carbamates, etc.), charged linkages (*e.g.*, phosphorothioates, phosphorodithioates, etc.), pendent moieties (*e.g.*, polypeptides), intercalators (*e.g.*, acridine, psoralen, etc.), chelators, alkylators, and modified linkages (*e.g.*, alpha anomeric nucleic acids, etc.) The term "nucleic acid molecule" also includes any topological conformation, including single-stranded, double-stranded, partially duplexed, triplexed, hairpinned, circular and padlocked conformations. Also included are synthetic molecules that mimic polynucleotides in their ability to bind to a designated sequence via hydrogen bonding and other chemical interactions. Such molecules are known in the art and include, for example, those in which peptide linkages substitute for phosphate linkages in the backbone of the molecule.

A "gene" is defined as a nucleic acid molecule that comprises a nucleic acid sequence that encodes a polypeptide and the expression control sequences that surround the nucleic acid sequence that encodes the polypeptide. For instance, a gene may

comprise a promoter, one or more enhancers, a nucleic acid sequence that encodes a polypeptide, downstream regulatory sequences and, possibly, other nucleic acid sequences involved in regulation of the expression of an RNA. As is well known in the art, eukaryotic genes usually contain both exons and introns. The term "exon" refers to a nucleic acid sequence found in genomic DNA that is bioinformatically predicted and/or experimentally confirmed to contribute contiguous sequence to a mature mRNA transcript. The term "intron" refers to a nucleic acid sequence found in genomic DNA that is predicted and/or confirmed to not contribute to a mature mRNA transcript, but rather to be "spliced out" during processing of the transcript.

A nucleic acid molecule or polypeptide is "derived" from a particular species if the nucleic acid molecule or polypeptide has been isolated from the particular species, or if the nucleic acid molecule or polypeptide is homologous to a nucleic acid molecule or polypeptide isolated from a particular species.

An "isolated" or "substantially pure" nucleic acid or polynucleotide (*e.g.*, an RNA, DNA or a mixed polymer) is one which is substantially separated from other cellular components that naturally accompany the native polynucleotide in its natural host cell, *e.g.*, ribosomes, polymerases, or genomic sequences with which it is naturally associated. The term embraces a nucleic acid or polynucleotide that (1) has been removed from its naturally occurring environment, (2) is not associated with all or a portion of a polynucleotide in which the "isolated polynucleotide" is found in nature, (3) is operatively linked to a polynucleotide which it is not linked to in nature, (4) does not occur in nature as part of a larger sequence or (5) includes nucleotides or internucleoside bonds that are not found in nature. The term "isolated" or "substantially pure" also can be used in reference to recombinant or cloned DNA isolates, chemically synthesized polynucleotide analogs, or polynucleotide analogs that are biologically synthesized by heterologous systems. The term "isolated nucleic acid molecule" includes nucleic acid molecules that are integrated into a host cell chromosome at a heterologous site, recombinant fusions of a native fragment to a heterologous sequence, recombinant vectors present as episomes or as integrated into a host cell chromosome.

A "part" of a nucleic acid molecule refers to a nucleic acid molecule that comprises a partial contiguous sequence of at least 10 bases of the reference nucleic acid molecule. Preferably, a part comprises at least 15 to 20 bases of a reference nucleic acid molecule. In theory, a nucleic acid sequence of 17 nucleotides is of sufficient length to

occur at random less frequently than once in the three gigabase human genome, and thus to provide a nucleic acid probe that can uniquely identify the reference sequence in a nucleic acid mixture of genomic complexity. A preferred part is one that comprises a nucleic acid sequence that can encode at least 6 contiguous amino acid sequences (fragments of at least 18 nucleotides) because they are useful in directing the expression or synthesis of peptides that are useful in mapping the epitopes of the polypeptide encoded by the reference nucleic acid. *See, e.g.*, Geysen *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 81:3998-4002 (1984); and U.S. Patent Nos. 4,708,871 and 5,595,915, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties. A part may also comprise at least 25, 30, 35 or 40 nucleotides of a reference nucleic acid molecule, or at least 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300, 350, 400 or 500 nucleotides of a reference nucleic acid molecule. A part of a nucleic acid molecule may comprise no other nucleic acid sequences. Alternatively, a part of a nucleic acid may comprise other nucleic acid sequences from other nucleic acid molecules.

The term "oligonucleotide" refers to a nucleic acid molecule generally comprising a length of 200 bases or fewer. The term often refers to single-stranded deoxyribonucleotides, but it can refer as well to single-or double-stranded ribonucleotides, RNA:DNA hybrids and double-stranded DNAs, among others. Preferably, oligonucleotides are 10 to 60 bases in length and most preferably 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 or 20 bases in length. Other preferred oligonucleotides are 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55 or 60 bases in length. Oligonucleotides may be single-stranded, *e.g.* for use as probes or primers, or may be double-stranded, *e.g.* for use in the construction of a mutant gene. Oligonucleotides of the invention can be either sense or antisense oligonucleotides. An oligonucleotide can be derivatized or modified as discussed above for nucleic acid molecules.

Oligonucleotides, such as single-stranded DNA probe oligonucleotides, often are synthesized by chemical methods, such as those implemented on automated oligonucleotide synthesizers. However, oligonucleotides can be made by a variety of other methods, including in vitro recombinant DNA-mediated techniques and by expression of DNAs in cells and organisms. Initially, chemically synthesized DNAs typically are obtained without a 5' phosphate. The 5' ends of such oligonucleotides are not substrates for phosphodiester bond formation by ligation reactions that employ DNA ligases typically used to form recombinant DNA molecules. Where ligation of such

oligonucleotides is desired, a phosphate can be added by standard techniques, such as those that employ a kinase and ATP. The 3' end of a chemically synthesized oligonucleotide generally has a free hydroxyl group and, in the presence of a ligase, such as T4 DNA ligase, readily will form a phosphodiester bond with a 5' phosphate of another polynucleotide, such as another oligonucleotide. As is well known, this reaction can be prevented selectively, where desired, by removing the 5' phosphates of the other polynucleotide(s) prior to ligation.

The term "naturally occurring nucleotide" referred to herein includes naturally occurring deoxyribonucleotides and ribonucleotides. The term "modified nucleotides" referred to herein includes nucleotides with modified or substituted sugar groups and the like. The term "nucleotide linkages" referred to herein includes nucleotides linkages such as phosphorothioate, phosphorodithioate, phosphoroselenoate, phosphorodiselenoate, phosphoroanilothioate, phoshoraniladate, phosphoroamidate, and the like. *See e.g.*, LaPlanche *et al. Nucl. Acids Res.* 14:9081-9093 (1986); Stein *et al. Nucl. Acids Res.* 16:3209-3221 (1988); Zon *et al. Anti-Cancer Drug Design* 6:539-568 (1991); Zon *et al.*, in Eckstein (ed.) Oligonucleotides and Analogues: A Practical Approach, pp. 87-108, Oxford University Press (1991); Uhlmann and Peyman *Chemical Reviews* 90:543 (1990), and U.S. Patent No. 5,151,510, the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

Unless specified otherwise, the left hand end of a polynucleotide sequence in sense orientation is the 5' end and the right hand end of the sequence is the 3' end. In addition, the left hand direction of a polynucleotide sequence in sense orientation is referred to as the 5' direction, while the right hand direction of the polynucleotide sequence is referred to as the 3' direction. Further, unless otherwise indicated, each nucleotide sequence is set forth herein as a sequence of deoxyribonucleotides. It is intended, however, that the given sequence be interpreted as would be appropriate to the polynucleotide composition: for example, if the isolated nucleic acid is composed of RNA, the given sequence intends ribonucleotides, with uridine substituted for thymidine.

The term "allelic variant" refers to one of two or more alternative naturally occurring forms of a gene, wherein each gene possesses a unique nucleotide sequence. In a preferred embodiment, different alleles of a given gene have similar or identical biological properties.

The term "percent sequence identity" in the context of nucleic acid sequences refers to the residues in two sequences which are the same when aligned for maximum correspondence. The length of sequence identity comparison may be over a stretch of at least about nine nucleotides, usually at least about 20 nucleotides, more usually at least about 24 nucleotides, typically at least about 28 nucleotides, more typically at least about 32 nucleotides, and preferably at least about 36 or more nucleotides. There are a number of different algorithms known in the art which can be used to measure nucleotide sequence identity. For instance, polynucleotide sequences can be compared using FASTA, Gap or Bestfit, which are programs in Wisconsin Package Version 10.0, Genetics Computer Group (GCG), Madison, Wisconsin. FASTA, which includes, *e.g.*, the programs FASTA2 and FASTA3, provides alignments and percent sequence identity of the regions of the best overlap between the query and search sequences (Pearson, *Methods Enzymol.* 183: 63-98 (1990); Pearson, *Methods Mol. Biol.* 132: 185-219 (2000); Pearson, *Methods Enzymol.* 266: 227-258 (1996); Pearson, *J. Mol. Biol.* 276: 71-84 (1998)). Unless otherwise specified, default parameters for a particular program or algorithm are used. For instance, percent sequence identity between nucleic acid sequences can be determined using FASTA with its default parameters (a word size of 6 and the NOPAM factor for the scoring matrix) or using Gap with its default parameters as provided in GCG Version 6.1.

A reference to a nucleic acid sequence encompasses its complement unless otherwise specified. Thus, a reference to a nucleic acid molecule having a particular sequence should be understood to encompass its complementary strand, with its complementary sequence. The complementary strand is also useful, *e.g.*, for antisense therapy, double stranded RNA (dsRNA) inhibition (RNAi), combination of triplex and antisense, hybridization probes and PCR primers.

In the molecular biology art, researchers use the terms "percent sequence identity", "percent sequence similarity" and "percent sequence homology" interchangeably. In this application, these terms shall have the same meaning with respect to nucleic acid sequences only.

The term "substantial similarity" or "substantial sequence similarity," when referring to a nucleic acid or fragment thereof, indicates that, when optimally aligned with appropriate nucleotide insertions or deletions with another nucleic acid (or its complementary strand), there is nucleotide sequence identity in at least about 50%, more preferably 60% of the nucleotide bases, usually at least about 70%, more usually at least

about 80%, preferably at least about 90%, more preferably at least about 95-99%, and most preferably at least about 99.5-99.9% of the nucleotide bases, as measured by any well known algorithm of sequence identity, such as FASTA, BLAST or Gap, as discussed above.

Alternatively, substantial similarity exists between a first and second nucleic acid sequence when the first nucleic acid sequence or fragment thereof hybridizes to an antisense strand of the second nucleic acid, under selective hybridization conditions. Typically, selective hybridization will occur between the first nucleic acid sequence and an antisense strand of the second nucleic acid sequence when there is at least about 55% sequence identity between the first and second nucleic acid sequences— preferably at least about 65%, more preferably at least about 75%, more preferably at least about 90%, even more preferably at least about 95%, further preferably at least about 989%, and most preferably at least about 99% — over a stretch of at least about 14 nucleotides, more preferably at least 17 nucleotides, even more preferably at least 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90 or 100 nucleotides, and most preferably at least 200, 300, 400, 500 or 1000 nucleotides.

Nucleic acid hybridization will be affected by such conditions as salt concentration, temperature, solvents, the base composition of the hybridizing species, length of the complementary regions, and the number of nucleotide base mismatches between the hybridizing nucleic acids, as will be readily appreciated by those skilled in the art. "Stringent hybridization conditions" and "stringent wash conditions" in the context of nucleic acid hybridization experiments depend upon a number of different physical parameters. The most important parameters include temperature of hybridization, base composition of the nucleic acids, salt concentration and length of the nucleic acid. One having ordinary skill in the art knows how to vary these parameters to achieve a particular stringency of hybridization. In general, "stringent hybridization" is performed at about 25°C below the thermal melting point (T_m) for the specific DNA hybrid under a particular set of conditions. "Stringent washing" is performed at temperatures about 5°C lower than the T_m for the specific DNA hybrid under a particular set of conditions. The T_m is the temperature at which 50% of the target sequence hybridizes to a perfectly matched probe. *See* Sambrook (1989), *supra*, p. 9.51.

The T_m for a particular DNA-DNA hybrid can be estimated by the formula:

$T_m = 81.5°C + 16.6\ (\log_{10}[Na^+]) + 0.41\ (\text{fraction } G + C) -$

0.63 (% formamide) - (600/l) where l is the length of the hybrid in base pairs. The T_m for a particular RNA-RNA hybrid can be estimated by the formula:

$T_m = 79.8°C + 18.5 (\log_{10}[Na^+]) + 0.58$ (fraction G + C) + 11.8 (fraction G + C)^2 - 0.35 (% formamide) - (820/l).

The T_m for a particular RNA-DNA hybrid can be estimated by the formula:

$T_m = 79.8°C + 18.5(\log_{10}[Na^+]) + 0.58$ (fraction G + C) + 11.8 (fraction G + C)^2 - 0.50 (% formamide) - (820/l).

In general, the T_m decreases by 1-1.5°C for each 1% of mismatch between two nucleic acid sequences. Thus, one having ordinary skill in the art can alter hybridization and/or washing conditions to obtain sequences that have higher or lower degrees of sequence identity to the target nucleic acid. For instance, to obtain hybridizing nucleic acids that contain up to 10% mismatch from the target nucleic acid sequence, 10-15°C would be subtracted from the calculated T_m of a perfectly matched hybrid, and then the hybridization and washing temperatures adjusted accordingly. Probe sequences may also hybridize specifically to duplex DNA under certain conditions to form triplex or other higher order DNA complexes. The preparation of such probes and suitable hybridization conditions are well known in the art.

An example of stringent hybridization conditions for hybridization of complementary nucleic acid sequences having more than 100 complementary residues on a filter in a Southern or Northern blot or for screening a library is 50% formamide/6X SSC at 42°C for at least ten hours and preferably overnight (approximately 16 hours). Another example of stringent hybridization conditions is 6X SSC at 68°C without formamide for at least ten hours and preferably overnight. An example of moderate stringency hybridization conditions is 6X SSC at 55°C without formamide for at least ten hours and preferably overnight. An example of low stringency hybridization conditions for hybridization of complementary nucleic acid sequences having more than 100 complementary residues on a filter in a Southern or northern blot or for screening a library is 6X SSC at 42°C for at least ten hours. Hybridization conditions to identify nucleic acid sequences that are similar but not identical can be identified by experimentally changing the hybridization temperature from 68°C to 42°C while keeping the salt concentration constant (6X SSC), or keeping the hybridization temperature and salt concentration constant (*e.g.* 42°C and 6X SSC) and varying the formamide concentration from 50% to 0%. Hybridization buffers may also include blocking agents to lower background. These

agents are well known in the art. *See* Sambrook *et al.* (1989), *supra*, pages 8.46 and 9.46-9.58. *See also* Ausubel (1992), *supra*, Ausubel (1999), *supra*, and Sambrook (2001), *supra*.

Wash conditions also can be altered to change stringency conditions. An example of stringent wash conditions is a 0.2x SSC wash at 65°C for 15 minutes (*see* Sambrook (1989), *supra*, for SSC buffer). Often the high stringency wash is preceded by a low stringency wash to remove excess probe. An exemplary medium stringency wash for duplex DNA of more than 100 base pairs is 1x SSC at 45°C for 15 minutes. An exemplary low stringency wash for such a duplex is 4x SSC at 40°C for 15 minutes. In general, signal-to-noise ratio of 2x or higher than that observed for an unrelated probe in the particular hybridization assay indicates detection of a specific hybridization.

As defined herein, nucleic acids that do not hybridize to each other under stringent conditions are still substantially similar to one another if they encode polypeptides that are substantially identical to each other. This occurs, for example, when a nucleic acid is created synthetically or recombinantly using a high codon degeneracy as permitted by the redundancy of the genetic code.

Hybridization conditions for nucleic acid molecules that are shorter than 100 nucleotides in length (*e.g.*, for oligonucleotide probes) may be calculated by the formula:

$T_m = 81.5°C + 16.6(\log_{10}[Na^+]) + 0.41(\text{fraction G+C}) -(600/N)$, wherein N is change length and the $[Na^+]$ is 1 M or less. *See* Sambrook (1989), *supra*, p. 11.46. For hybridization of probes shorter than 100 nucleotides, hybridization is usually performed under stringent conditions (5-10°C below the T_m) using high concentrations (0.1-1.0 pmol/ml) of probe. *Id.* at p. 11.45. Determination of hybridization using mismatched probes, pools of degenerate probes or "guessmers," as well as hybridization solutions and methods for empirically determining hybridization conditions are well known in the art. *See, e.g.*, Ausubel (1999), *supra*; Sambrook (1989), *supra*, pp. 11.45-11.57.

The term "digestion" or "digestion of DNA" refers to catalytic cleavage of the DNA with a restriction enzyme that acts only at certain sequences in the DNA. The various restriction enzymes referred to herein are commercially available and their reaction conditions, cofactors and other requirements for use are known and routine to the skilled artisan. For analytical purposes, typically, 1 μg of plasmid or DNA fragment is digested with about 2 units of enzyme in about 20 μl of reaction buffer. For the purpose of isolating DNA fragments for plasmid construction, typically 5 to 50 μg of DNA are

digested with 20 to 250 units of enzyme in proportionately larger volumes. Appropriate buffers and substrate amounts for particular restriction enzymes are described in standard laboratory manuals, such as those referenced below, and are specified by commercial suppliers. Incubation times of about 1 hour at 37°C are ordinarily used, but conditions may vary in accordance with standard procedures, the supplier's instructions and the particulars of the reaction. After digestion, reactions may be analyzed, and fragments may be purified by electrophoresis through an agarose or polyacrylamide gel, using well known methods that are routine for those skilled in the art.

The term "ligation" refers to the process of forming phosphodiester bonds between two or more polynucleotides, which most often are double-stranded DNAs. Techniques for ligation are well known to the art and protocols for ligation are described in standard laboratory manuals and references, such as, *e.g.*, Sambrook (1989), *supra*.

Genome-derived "single exon probes," are probes that comprise at least part of an exon ("reference exon") and can hybridize detectably under high stringency conditions to transcript-derived nucleic acids that include the reference exon but do not hybridize detectably under high stringency conditions to nucleic acids that lack the reference exon. Single exon probes typically further comprise, contiguous to a first end of the exon portion, a first intronic and/or intergenic sequence that is identically contiguous to the exon in the genome, and may contain a second intronic and/or intergenic sequence that is identically contiguous to the exon in the genome. The minimum length of genome-derived single exon probes is defined by the requirement that the exonic portion be of sufficient length to hybridize under high stringency conditions to transcript-derived nucleic acids, as discussed above. The maximum length of genome-derived single exon probes is defined by the requirement that the probes contain portions of no more than one exon. The single exon probes may contain priming sequences not found in contiguity with the rest of the probe sequence in the genome, which priming sequences are useful for PCR and other amplification-based technologies. In another aspect, the invention is directed to single exon probes based on the CaSNAs disclosed herein.

In one embodiment, the term "microarray" refers to a "nucleic acid microarray" having a substrate-bound plurality of nucleic acids, hybridization to each of the plurality of bound nucleic acids being separately detectable. The substrate can be solid or porous, planar or non-planar, unitary or distributed. Nucleic acid microarrays include all the devices so called in Schena (ed.), <u>DNA Microarrays: A Practical Approach (Practical</u>

Approach Series), Oxford University Press (1999); *Nature Genet.* 21(1)(suppl.):1 - 60 (1999); Schena (ed.), Microarray Biochip: Tools and Technology, Eaton Publishing Company/BioTechniques Books Division (2000). Additionally, these nucleic acid microarrays include substrate-bound plurality of nucleic acids in which the plurality of nucleic acids are disposed on a plurality of beads, rather than on a unitary planar substrate, as is described, *inter alia*, in Brenner *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 97(4):1665-1670 (2000). Examples of nucleic acid microarrays may be found in U.S. Patent Nos. 6,391,623, 6,383,754, 6,383,749, 6,380,377, 6,379,897, 6,376,191, 6,372,431, 6,351,712 6,344,316, 6,316,193, 6,312,906, 6,309,828, 6,309,824, 6,306,643, 6,300,063, 6,287,850, 6,284,497, 6,284,465, 6,280,954, 6,262,216, 6,251,601, 6,245,518, 6,263,287, 6,251,601, 6,238,866, 6,228,575, 6,214,587, 6,203,989, 6,171,797, 6,103,474, 6,083,726, 6,054,274, 6,040,138, 6,083,726, 6,004,755, 6,001,309, 5,958,342, 5,952,180, 5,936,731, 5,843,655, 5,814,454, 5,837,196, 5,436,327, 5,412,087, 5,405,783, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.

In an alternative embodiment, a "microarray" may also refer to a "peptide microarray" or "protein microarray" having a substrate-bound collection of plurality of polypeptides, the binding to each of the plurality of bound polypeptides being separately detectable. Alternatively, the peptide microarray ,may have a plurality of binders, including but not limited to monoclonal antibodies, polyclonal antibodies, phage display binders, yeast 2 hybrid binders, aptamers, which can specifically detect the binding of the polypeptides of this invention. The array may be based on autoantibody detection to the polypeptides of this invention, see Robinson *et al., Nature Medicine* 8(3):295-301 (2002). Examples of peptide arrays may be found in WO 02/31463, WO 02/25288, WO 01/94946, WO 01/88162, WO 01/68671, WO 01/57259, WO 00/61806, WO 00/54046, WO 00/47774, WO 99/40434, WO 99/39210, WO 97/42507 and U.S. Patent Nos. 6,268,210, 5,766,960, 5,143,854, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.

In addition, determination of the levels of the CaSNA or CaSP may be made in a multiplex manner using techniques described in WO 02/29109, WO 02/24959, WO 01/83502, WO01/73113, WO 01/59432, WO 01/57269, WO 99/67641, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.

The term "mutant", "mutated", or "mutation" when applied to nucleic acid sequences means that nucleotides in a nucleic acid sequence may be inserted, deleted or

changed compared to a reference nucleic acid sequence. A single alteration may be made at a locus (a point mutation) or multiple nucleotides may be inserted, deleted or changed at a single locus. In addition, one or more alterations may be made at any number of loci within a nucleic acid sequence. In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the nucleic acid sequence is the wild type nucleic acid sequence encoding a CaSP or is a CaSNA. The nucleic acid sequence may be mutated by any method known in the art including those mutagenesis techniques described *infra*.

The term "error-prone PCR" refers to a process for performing PCR under conditions where the copying fidelity of the DNA polymerase is low, such that a high rate of point mutations is obtained along the entire length of the PCR product. *See, e.g.*, Leung *et al.*, *Technique* 1: 11-15 (1989) and Caldwell *et al.*, *PCR Methods Applic.* 2: 28-33 (1992).

The term "oligonucleotide-directed mutagenesis" refers to a process which enables the generation of site-specific mutations in any cloned DNA segment of interest. *See, e.g.*, Reidhaar-Olson *et al.*, *Science* 241: 53-57 (1988).

The term "assembly PCR" refers to a process which involves the assembly of a PCR product from a mixture of small DNA fragments. A large number of different PCR reactions occur in parallel in the same vial, with the products of one reaction priming the products of another reaction.

The term "sexual PCR mutagenesis" or "DNA shuffling" refers to a method of error-prone PCR coupled with forced homologous recombination between DNA molecules of different but highly related DNA sequence *in vitro*, caused by random fragmentation of the DNA molecule based on sequence similarity, followed by fixation of the crossover by primer extension in an error-prone PCR reaction. *See, e.g.*, Stemmer, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* 91: 10747-10751 (1994). DNA shuffling can be carried out between several related genes ("Family shuffling").

The term "*in vivo* mutagenesis" refers to a process of generating random mutations in any cloned DNA of interest which involves the propagation of the DNA in a strain of bacteria such as *E. coli* that carries mutations in one or more of the DNA repair pathways. These "mutator" strains have a higher random mutation rate than that of a wild-type parent. Propagating the DNA in a mutator strain will eventually generate random mutations within the DNA.

The term "cassette mutagenesis" refers to any process for replacing a small region of a double-stranded DNA molecule with a synthetic oligonucleotide "cassette" that differs from the native sequence. The oligonucleotide often contains completely and/or partially randomized native sequence.

The term "recursive ensemble mutagenesis" refers to an algorithm for protein engineering (protein mutagenesis) developed to produce diverse populations of phenotypically related mutants whose members differ in amino acid sequence. This method uses a feedback mechanism to control successive rounds of combinatorial cassette mutagenesis. *See, e.g.*, Arkin *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* 89: 7811-7815 (1992).

The term "exponential ensemble mutagenesis" refers to a process for generating combinatorial libraries with a high percentage of unique and functional mutants, wherein small groups of residues are randomized in parallel to identify, at each altered position, amino acids which lead to functional proteins. *See, e.g.*, Delegrave *et al.*, *Biotechnology Research* 11: 1548-1552 (1993); Arnold, *Current Opinion in Biotechnology* 4: 450-455 (1993).

"Operatively linked" expression control sequences refers to a linkage in which the expression control sequence is either contiguous with the gene of interest to control the gene of interest, or acts in *trans* or at a distance to control the gene of interest.

The term "expression control sequence" as used herein refers to polynucleotide sequences which are necessary to affect the expression of coding sequences to which they are operatively linked. Expression control sequences are sequences which control the transcription, post-transcriptional events and translation of nucleic acid sequences. Expression control sequences include appropriate transcription initiation, termination, promoter and enhancer sequences; efficient RNA processing signals such as splicing and polyadenylation signals; sequences that stabilize cytoplasmic mRNA; sequences that enhance translation efficiency (*e.g.*, ribosome binding sites); sequences that enhance protein stability; and when desired, sequences that enhance protein secretion. The nature of such control sequences differs depending upon the host organism; in prokaryotes, such control sequences generally include promoter, ribosomal binding site, and transcription termination sequence. The term "control sequences" is intended to include, at a minimum, all components whose presence is essential for expression, and can also include additional components whose presence is advantageous, for example, leader sequences and fusion partner sequences.

The term "vector," as used herein, is intended to refer to a nucleic acid molecule capable of transporting another nucleic acid to which it has been linked. One type of vector is a "plasmid", which refers to a circular double stranded DNA loop into which additional DNA segments may be ligated. Other vectors include cosmids, bacterial artificial chromosomes (BAC) and yeast artificial chromosomes (YAC). Another type of vector is a viral vector, wherein additional DNA segments may be ligated into the viral genome. Viral vectors that infect bacterial cells are referred to as bacteriophages. Certain vectors are capable of autonomous replication in a host cell into which they are introduced (*e.g.*, bacterial vectors having a bacterial origin of replication). Other vectors can be integrated into the genome of a host cell upon introduction into the host cell, and thereby are replicated along with the host genome. Moreover, certain vectors are capable of directing the expression of genes to which they are operatively linked. Such vectors are referred to herein as "recombinant expression vectors" (or simply, "expression vectors"). In general, expression vectors of utility in recombinant DNA techniques are often in the form of plasmids. In the present specification, "plasmid" and "vector" may be used interchangeably as the plasmid is the most commonly used form of vector. However, the invention is intended to include other forms of expression vectors that serve equivalent functions.

The term "recombinant host cell" (or simply "host cell"), as used herein, is intended to refer to a cell into which a recombinant expression vector has been introduced. It should be understood that such terms are intended to refer not only to the particular subject cell but to the progeny of such a cell. Because certain modifications may occur in succeeding generations due to either mutation or environmental influences, such progeny may not, in fact, be identical to the parent cell, but are still included within the scope of the term "host cell" as used herein.

As used herein, the phrase "open reading frame" and the equivalent acronym "ORF" refers to that portion of a transcript-derived nucleic acid that can be translated in its entirety into a sequence of contiguous amino acids. As so defined, an ORF has length, measured in nucleotides, exactly divisible by 3. As so defined, an ORF need not encode the entirety of a natural protein.

As used herein, the phrase "ORF-encoded peptide" refers to the predicted or actual translation of an ORF.

As used herein, the phrase "degenerate variant" of a reference nucleic acid sequence is meant to be inclusive of all nucleic acid sequences that can be directly translated, using the standard genetic code, to provide an amino acid sequence identical to that translated from the reference nucleic acid sequence.

The term "polypeptide" encompasses both naturally occurring and non-naturally occurring proteins and polypeptides, as well as polypeptide fragments and polypeptide mutants, derivatives and analogs thereof. A polypeptide may be monomeric or polymeric. Further, a polypeptide may comprise a number of different modules within a single polypeptide each of which has one or more distinct activities. A preferred polypeptide in accordance with the invention comprises a CaSP encoded by a nucleic acid molecule of the instant invention, or a fragment, mutant, analog and derivative thereof.

The term "isolated protein" or "isolated polypeptide" is a protein or polypeptide that by virtue of its origin or source of derivation (1) is not associated with naturally associated components that accompany it in its native state, (2) is free of other proteins from the same species (3) is expressed by a cell from a different species, or (4) does not occur in nature. Thus, a polypeptide that is chemically synthesized or synthesized in a cellular system different from the cell from which it naturally originates will be "isolated" from its naturally associated components. A polypeptide or protein may also be rendered substantially free of naturally associated components by isolation, using protein purification techniques well known in the art.

A protein or polypeptide is "substantially pure," "substantially homogeneous" or "substantially purified" when at least about 60% to 75% of a sample exhibits a single species of polypeptide. The polypeptide or protein may be monomeric or multimeric. A substantially pure polypeptide or protein will typically comprise about 50%, 60%, 70%, 80% or 90% W/W of a protein sample, more usually about 95%, and preferably will be over 99% pure. Protein purity or homogeneity may be determined by a number of means well known in the art, such as polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis of a protein sample, followed by visualizing a single polypeptide band upon staining the gel with a stain well known in the art. For certain purposes, higher resolution may be provided by using HPLC or other means well known in the art for purification.

The term "fragment" when used herein with respect to polypeptides of the present invention refers to a polypeptide that has an amino-terminal and/or carboxy-terminal deletion compared to a full-length CaSP. In a preferred embodiment, the fragment is a

contiguous sequence in which the amino acid sequence of the fragment is identical to the corresponding positions in the naturally occurring polypeptide. Fragments typically are at least 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 or 10 amino acids long, preferably at least 12, 14, 16 or 18 amino acids long, more preferably at least 20 amino acids long, more preferably at least 25, 30, 35, 40 or 45, amino acids, even more preferably at least 50 or 60 amino acids long, and even more preferably at least 70 amino acids long.

A "derivative" when used herein with respect to polypeptides of the present invention refers to a polypeptide which is substantially similar in primary structural sequence to a CaSP but which include, *e.g.*, *in vivo* or *in vitro* chemical and biochemical modifications that are not found in the CaSP. Such modifications include, for example, acetylation, acylation, ADP-ribosylation, amidation, covalent attachment of flavin, covalent attachment of a heme moiety, covalent attachment of a nucleotide or nucleotide derivative, covalent attachment of a lipid or lipid derivative, covalent attachment of phosphotidylinositol, cross-linking, cyclization, disulfide bond formation, demethylation, formation of covalent cross-links, formation of cystine, formation of pyroglutamate, formylation, gamma-carboxylation, glycosylation, GPI anchor formation, hydroxylation, iodination, methylation, myristoylation, oxidation, proteolytic processing, phosphorylation, prenylation, racemization, selenoylation, sulfation, transfer-RNA mediated addition of amino acids to proteins such as arginylation, and ubiquitination. Other modification include, *e.g.*, labeling with radionuclides, and various enzymatic modifications, as will be readily appreciated by those skilled in the art. A variety of methods for labeling polypeptides and of substituents or labels useful for such purposes are well known in the art, and include radioactive isotopes such as ^{125}I, ^{32}P, ^{35}S, ^{14}C and ^{3}H, ligands which bind to labeled antiligands (*e.g.*, antibodies), fluorophores, chemiluminescent agents, enzymes, and antiligands which can serve as specific binding pair members for a labeled ligand. The choice of label depends on the sensitivity required, ease of conjugation with the primer, stability requirements, and available instrumentation. Methods for labeling polypeptides are well known in the art. *See* Ausubel (1992), *supra*; Ausubel (1999), *supra*.

The term "fusion protein" refers to polypeptides of the present invention coupled to a heterologous amino acid sequences. Fusion proteins are useful because they can be constructed to contain two or more desired functional elements from two or more different proteins. A fusion protein comprises at least 10 contiguous amino acids from a

polypeptide of interest, more preferably at least 20 or 30 amino acids, even more preferably at least 40, 50 or 60 amino acids, yet more preferably at least 75, 100 or 125 amino acids. Fusion proteins can be produced recombinantly by constructing a nucleic acid sequence that encodes the polypeptide or a fragment thereof in frame with a nucleic acid sequence encoding a different protein or peptide and then expressing the fusion protein. Alternatively, a fusion protein can be produced chemically by crosslinking the polypeptide or a fragment thereof to another protein.

The term "analog" refers to both polypeptide analogs and non-peptide analogs. The term "polypeptide analog" as used herein refers to a polypeptide that is comprised of a segment of at least 25 amino acids that has substantial identity to a portion of an amino acid sequence but which contains non-natural amino acids or non-natural inter-residue bonds. In a preferred embodiment, the analog has the same or similar biological activity as the native polypeptide. Typically, polypeptide analogs comprise a conservative amino acid substitution (or insertion or deletion) with respect to the naturally occurring sequence. Analogs typically are at least 20 amino acids long, preferably at least 50 amino acids long or longer, and can often be as long as a full-length naturally occurring polypeptide.

The term "non-peptide analog" refers to a compound with properties that are analogous to those of a reference polypeptide. A non-peptide compound may also be termed a "peptide mimetic" or a "peptidomimetic." Such compounds are often developed with the aid of computerized molecular modeling. Peptide mimetics that are structurally similar to useful peptides may be used to produce an equivalent effect. Generally, peptidomimetics are structurally similar to a paradigm polypeptide (*i.e.*, a polypeptide that has a desired biochemical property or pharmacological activity), but have one or more peptide linkages optionally replaced by a linkage selected from the group consisting of: --CH_2NH--, --CH_2S--, --CH_2-CH_2--, --CH=CH--(cis and trans), --$COCH_2$--, --CH(OH)CH_2--, and –CH_2SO--, by methods well known in the art. Systematic substitution of one or more amino acids of a consensus sequence with a D-amino acid of the same type (*e.g.*, D-lysine in place of L-lysine) may also be used to generate more stable peptides. In addition, constrained peptides comprising a consensus sequence or a substantially identical consensus sequence variation may be generated by methods known in the art (Rizo *et al., Ann. Rev. Biochem.* 61:387-418 (1992)). For example, one may add

internal cysteine residues capable of forming intramolecular disulfide bridges which cyclize the peptide.

The term "mutant" or "mutein" when referring to a polypeptide of the present invention relates to an amino acid sequence containing substitutions, insertions or deletions of one or more amino acids compared to the amino acid sequence of a CaSP. A mutein may have one or more amino acid point substitutions, in which a single amino acid at a position has been changed to another amino acid, one or more insertions and/or deletions, in which one or more amino acids are inserted or deleted, respectively, in the sequence of the naturally occurring protein, and/or truncations of the amino acid sequence at either or both the amino or carboxy termini. Further, a mutein may have the same or different biological activity as the naturally occurring protein. For instance, a mutein may have an increased or decreased biological activity. A mutein has at least 50% sequence similarity to the wild type protein, preferred is 60% sequence similarity, more preferred is 70% sequence similarity. Even more preferred are muteins having 80%, 85% or 90% sequence similarity to a CaSP. In an even more preferred embodiment, a mutein exhibits 95% sequence identity, even more preferably 97%, even more preferably 98% and even more preferably 99%. Sequence similarity may be measured by any common sequence analysis algorithm, such as GAP or BESTFIT or other variation Smith-Waterman alignment. *See*, T. F. Smith and M. S. Waterman, J. Mol. Biol. 147:195-197 (1981) and W.R. Pearson, Genomics 11:635-650 (1991).

Preferred amino acid substitutions are those which: (1) reduce susceptibility to proteolysis, (2) reduce susceptibility to oxidation, (3) alter binding affinity for forming protein complexes, (4) alter binding affinity or enzymatic activity, and (5) confer or modify other physicochemical or functional properties of such analogs. For example, single or multiple amino acid substitutions (preferably conservative amino acid substitutions) may be made in the naturally occurring sequence (preferably in the portion of the polypeptide outside the domain(s) forming intermolecular contacts. In a preferred embodiment, the amino acid substitutions are moderately conservative substitutions or conservative substitutions. In a more preferred embodiment, the amino acid substitutions are conservative substitutions. A conservative amino acid substitution should not substantially change the structural characteristics of the parent sequence (*e.g.*, a replacement amino acid should not tend to disrupt a helix that occurs in the parent sequence, or disrupt other types of secondary structure that characterizes the parent

sequence). Examples of art-recognized polypeptide secondary and tertiary structures are described in Creighton (ed.), Proteins, Structures and Molecular Principles, W. H. Freeman and Company (1984); Branden *et al.* (ed.), Introduction to Protein Structure, Garland Publishing (1991); Thornton *et al.*, *Nature* 354:105-106 (1991).

As used herein, the twenty conventional amino acids and their abbreviations follow conventional usage. *See* Golub *et al.* (eds.), Immunology - A Synthesis 2nd Ed., Sinauer Associates (1991). Stereoisomers (*e.g.*, D-amino acids) of the twenty conventional amino acids, unnatural amino acids such as α-, α-disubstituted amino acids, N-alkyl amino acids, and other unconventional amino acids may also be suitable components for polypeptides of the present invention. Examples of unconventional amino acids include: 4-hydroxyproline, γ-carboxyglutamate, ε-N,N,N-trimethyllysine, ε-N-acetyllysine, O-phosphoserine, N-acetylserine, N-formylmethionine, 3-methylhistidine, 5-hydroxylysine, s-N-methylarginine, and other similar amino acids and imino acids (*e.g.*, 4-hydroxyproline). In the polypeptide notation used herein, the lefthand direction is the amino terminal direction and the right hand direction is the carboxy-terminal direction, in accordance with standard usage and convention.

By "homology" or "homologous" when referring to a polypeptide of the present invention it is meant polypeptides from different organisms with a similar sequence to the encoded amino acid sequence of a CaSP and a similar biological activity or function. Although two polypeptides are said to be "homologous," this does not imply that there is necessarily an evolutionary relationship between the polypeptides. Instead, the term "homologous" is defined to mean that the two polypeptides have similar amino acid sequences and similar biological activities or functions. In a preferred embodiment, a homologous polypeptide is one that exhibits 50% sequence similarity to CaSP, preferred is 60% sequence similarity, more preferred is 70% sequence similarity. Even more preferred are homologous polypeptides that exhibit 80%, 85% or 90% sequence similarity to a CaSP. In a yet more preferred embodiment, a homologous polypeptide exhibits 95%, 97%, 98% or 99% sequence similarity.

When "sequence similarity" is used in reference to polypeptides, it is recognized that residue positions that are not identical often differ by conservative amino acid substitutions. In a preferred embodiment, a polypeptide that has "sequence similarity" comprises conservative or moderately conservative amino acid substitutions. A "conservative amino acid substitution" is one in which an amino acid residue is substituted

by another amino acid residue having a side chain (R group) with similar chemical properties (*e.g.*, charge or hydrophobicity). In general, a conservative amino acid substitution will not substantially change the functional properties of a protein. In cases where two or more amino acid sequences differ from each other by conservative substitutions, the percent sequence identity or degree of similarity may be adjusted upwards to correct for the conservative nature of the substitution. Means for making this adjustment are well known to those of skill in the art. *See, e.g.*, Pearson, *Methods Mol. Biol.* 24: 307-31 (1994).

For instance, the following six groups each contain amino acids that are conservative substitutions for one another:

1) Serine (S), Threonine (T);
2) Aspartic Acid (D), Glutamic Acid (E);
3) Asparagine (N), Glutamine (Q);
4) Arginine (R), Lysine (K);
5) Isoleucine (I), Leucine (L), Methionine (M), Alanine (A), Valine (V), and
6) Phenylalanine (F), Tyrosine (Y), Tryptophan (W).

Alternatively, a conservative replacement is any change having a positive value in the PAM250 log-likelihood matrix disclosed in Gonnet *et al.*, *Science* 256: 1443-45 (1992). A "moderately conservative" replacement is any change having a nonnegative value in the PAM250 log-likelihood matrix.

Sequence similarity for polypeptides, which is also referred to as sequence identity, is typically measured using sequence analysis software. Protein analysis software matches similar sequences using measures of similarity assigned to various substitutions, deletions and other modifications, including conservative amino acid substitutions. For instance, GCG contains programs such as "Gap" and "Bestfit" which can be used with default parameters to determine sequence homology or sequence identity between closely related polypeptides, such as homologous polypeptides from different species of organisms or between a wild type protein and a mutein thereof. *See, e.g.*, GCG Version 6.1. Other programs include FASTA, discussed *supra*.

A preferred algorithm when comparing a sequence of the invention to a database containing a large number of sequences from different organisms is the computer program BLAST, especially blastp or tblastn. *See, e.g.*, Altschul *et al.*, *J. Mol. Biol.* 215: 403-410

(1990); Altschul *et al.*, *Nucleic Acids Res.* 25:3389-402 (1997). Preferred parameters for blastp are:

Expectation value:	10 (default)
Filter:	seg (default)
Cost to open a gap:	11 (default)
Cost to extend a gap:	1 (default
Max. alignments:	100 (default)
Word size:	11 (default)
No. of descriptions:	100 (default)
Penalty Matrix:	BLOSUM62

The length of polypeptide sequences compared for homology will generally be at least about 16 amino acid residues, usually at least about 20 residues, more usually at least about 24 residues, typically at least about 28 residues, and preferably more than about 35 residues. When searching a database containing sequences from a large number of different organisms, it is preferable to compare amino acid sequences.

Algorithms other than blastp for database searching using amino acid sequences are known in the art. For instance, polypeptide sequences can be compared using FASTA, a program in GCG Version 6.1. FASTA (*e.g.*, FASTA2 and FASTA3) provides alignments and percent sequence identity of the regions of the best overlap between the query and search sequences (Pearson (1990), *supra*; Pearson (2000), *supra*. For example, percent sequence identity between amino acid sequences can be determined using FASTA with its default or recommended parameters (a word size of 2 and the PAM250 scoring matrix), as provided in GCG Version 6.1.

An "antibody" refers to an intact immunoglobulin, or to an antigen-binding portion thereof that competes with the intact antibody for specific binding to a molecular species, *e.g.*, a polypeptide of the instant invention. Antigen-binding portions may be produced by recombinant DNA techniques or by enzymatic or chemical cleavage of intact antibodies. Antigen-binding portions include, *inter alia*, Fab, Fab', $F(ab')_2$, Fv, dAb, and complementarity determining region (CDR) fragments, single-chain antibodies (scFv), chimeric antibodies, diabodies and polypeptides that contain at least a portion of an immunoglobulin that is sufficient to confer specific antigen binding to the polypeptide. A Fab fragment is a monovalent fragment consisting of the VL, VH, CL and CH1 domains; a $F(ab')_2$ fragment is a bivalent fragment comprising two Fab fragments linked by a

disulfide bridge at the hinge region; a Fd fragment consists of the VH and CH1 domains; a Fv fragment consists of the VL and VH domains of a single arm of an antibody; and a dAb fragment consists of a VH domain. *See, e.g.,* Ward *et al., Nature* 341: 544-546 (1989).

By "bind specifically" and "specific binding" as used herein it is meant the ability of the antibody to bind to a first molecular species in preference to binding to other molecular species with which the antibody and first molecular species are admixed. An antibody is said specifically to "recognize" a first molecular species when it can bind specifically to that first molecular species.

A single-chain antibody (scFv) is an antibody in which VL and VH regions are paired to form a monovalent molecule via a synthetic linker that enables them to be made as a single protein chain. *See, e.g.,* Bird *et al., Science* 242: 423-426 (1988); Huston *et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 85: 5879-5883 (1988). Diabodies are bivalent, bispecific antibodies in which VH and VL domains are expressed on a single polypeptide chain, but using a linker that is too short to allow for pairing between the two domains on the same chain, thereby forcing the domains to pair with complementary domains of another chain and creating two antigen binding sites. *See e.g.,* Holliger *et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 90: 6444-6448 (1993); Poljak *et al., Structure* 2: 1121-1123 (1994). One or more CDRs may be incorporated into a molecule either covalently or noncovalently to make it an immunoadhesin. An immunoadhesin may incorporate the CDR(s) as part of a larger polypeptide chain, may covalently link the CDR(s) to another polypeptide chain, or may incorporate the CDR(s) noncovalently. The CDRs permit the immunoadhesin to specifically bind to a particular antigen of interest. A chimeric antibody is an antibody that contains one or more regions from one antibody and one or more regions from one or more other antibodies.

An antibody may have one or more binding sites. If there is more than one binding site, the binding sites may be identical to one another or may be different. For instance, a naturally occurring immunoglobulin has two identical binding sites, a single-chain antibody or Fab fragment has one binding site, while a "bispecific" or "bifunctional" antibody has two different binding sites.

An "isolated antibody" is an antibody that (1) is not associated with naturally-associated components, including other naturally-associated antibodies, that accompany it in its native state, (2) is free of other proteins from the same species, (3) is expressed by a cell from a different species, or (4) does not occur in nature. It is known that purified

proteins, including purified antibodies, may be stabilized with non-naturally-associated components. The non-naturally-associated component may be a protein, such as albumin (*e.g.*, BSA) or a chemical such as polyethylene glycol (PEG).

A "neutralizing antibody" or "an inhibitory antibody" is an antibody that inhibits the activity of a polypeptide or blocks the binding of a polypeptide to a ligand that normally binds to it. An "activating antibody" is an antibody that increases the activity of a polypeptide.

The term "epitope" includes any protein determinant capable of specific binding to an immunoglobulin or T-cell receptor. Epitopic determinants usually consist of chemically active surface groupings of molecules such as amino acids or sugar side chains and usually have specific three-dimensional structural characteristics, as well as specific charge characteristics. An antibody is said to specifically bind an antigen when the dissociation constant is less than1 μM, preferably less than100 nM and most preferably less than 10 nM.

The term "patient" includes human and veterinary subjects.

Throughout this specification and claims, the word "comprise," or variations such as "comprises" or "comprising," will be understood to imply the inclusion of a stated integer or group of integers but not the exclusion of any other integer or group of integers.

The term "cancer specific" refers to a nucleic acid molecule or polypeptide that is expressed predominantly in the breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer as compared to other tissues in the body. In a preferred embodiment, a "cancer specific" nucleic acid molecule or polypeptide is detected at a level that is 1.5-fold higher than any other tissue in the body. In a more preferred embodiment, the "cancer specific" nucleic acid molecule or polypeptide is detected at a level that is 2-fold higher than any other tissue in the body, more preferably 5-fold higher, still more preferably at least 10-fold, 15-fold, 20-fold, 25-fold, 50-fold or 100-fold higher than any other tissue in the body. Nucleic acid molecule levels may be measured by nucleic acid hybridization, such as Northern blot hybridization, or quantitative PCR. Polypeptide levels may be measured by any method known to accurately quantitate protein levels, such as Western blot analysis.

<u>Nucleic Acid Molecules, Regulatory Sequences, Vectors, Host Cells and Recombinant Methods of Making Polypeptides</u>

Nucleic Acid Molecules

One aspect of the invention provides isolated nucleic acid molecules that are specific to cancer or to caner cells or tissue or that are derived from such nucleic acid molecules. These isolated cancer specific nucleic acids (CaSNAs) may comprise cDNA genomic DNA, RNA, or a combination thereof, a fragment of one of these nucleic acids, or may be a non-naturally occurring nucleic acid molecule. A CaSNA may be derived from an animal. In a preferred embodiment, the CaSNA is derived from a human or other mammal. In a more preferred embodiment, the CaSNA is derived from a human or other primate. In an even more preferred embodiment, the CaSNA is derived from a human.

In a preferred embodiment, the nucleic acid molecule encodes a polypeptide that is specific to cancer, a cancer-specific polypeptide (CaSP). In a more preferred embodiment, the nucleic acid molecule encodes a polypeptide that comprises an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 142-361. In another highly preferred embodiment, the nucleic acid molecule comprises a nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1-141. Nucleotide sequences of the instantly-described nucleic acid molecules were determined by assembling several DNA molecules from either public or proprietary databases. Some of the underlying DNA sequences are the result, directly or indirectly, of at least one enzymatic polymerization reaction (*e.g.*, reverse transcription and/or polymerase chain reaction) using an automated sequencer (such as the MegaBACE™ 1000, Amersham Biosciences, Sunnyvale, CA, USA).

Nucleic acid molecules of the present invention may also comprise sequences that selectively hybridizes to a nucleic acid molecule encoding a CaSNA or a complement or antisense thereof. The hybridizing nucleic acid molecule may or may not encode a polypeptide or may or may not encode a CaSP. However, in a preferred embodiment, the hybridizing nucleic acid molecule encodes a CaSP. In a more preferred embodiment, the invention provides a nucleic acid molecule that selectively hybridizes to a nucleic acid molecule or the antisense sequence of a nucleic acid molecule that encodes a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 142-361. In an even more preferred embodiment, the invention provides a nucleic acid molecule that selectively hybridizes to a nucleic acid molecule comprising the nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1-141 or the antisense sequence thereof. Preferably, the nucleic acid molecule selectively hybridizes to a nucleic acid molecule or the antisense sequence of a nucleic acid molecule encoding a CaSP under low stringency conditions. More preferably, the nucleic acid molecule selectively hybridizes to a nucleic acid molecule or the antisense sequence of a nucleic

acid molecule encoding a CaSP under moderate stringency conditions. Most preferably, the nucleic acid molecule selectively hybridizes to a nucleic acid molecule or the antisense sequence of a nucleic acid molecule encoding a CaSP under high stringency conditions. In a preferred embodiment, the nucleic acid molecule hybridizes under low, moderate or high stringency conditions to a nucleic acid molecule or the antisense sequence of a nucleic acid molecule encoding a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 142-361. In a more preferred embodiment, the nucleic acid molecule hybridizes under low, moderate or high stringency conditions to a nucleic acid molecule or the antisense sequence of a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleic acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NO: 1-141.

Nucleic acid molecules of the present invention may also comprise nucleic acid sequences that exhibit substantial sequence similarity to a nucleic acid encoding a CaSP or a complement of the encoding nucleic acid molecule. In this embodiment, it is preferred that the nucleic acid molecule exhibit substantial sequence similarity to a nucleic acid molecule encoding human CaSP. More preferred is a nucleic acid molecule exhibiting substantial sequence similarity to a nucleic acid molecule encoding a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 142-361. By substantial sequence similarity it is meant a nucleic acid molecule having at least 60% sequence identity with a nucleic acid molecule encoding a CaSP, such as a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 142-361, more preferably at least 70%, even more preferably at least 80% and even more preferably at least 85%. In a more preferred embodiment, the similar nucleic acid molecule is one that has at least 90% sequence identity with a nucleic acid molecule encoding a CaSP, more preferably at least 95%, more preferably at least 97%, even more preferably at least 98%, and still more preferably at least 99%. Most preferred in this embodiment is a nucleic acid molecule that has at least 99.5%, 99.6%, 99.7%, 99.8% or 99.9% sequence identity with a nucleic acid molecule encoding a CaSP.

The nucleic acid molecules of the present invention are also inclusive of those exhibiting substantial sequence similarity to a CaSNA or its complement. In this embodiment, it is preferred that the nucleic acid molecule exhibit substantial sequence similarity to a nucleic acid molecule having a nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1-141. By substantial sequence similarity it is meant a nucleic acid molecule that has at least 60% sequence identity with a CaSNA, such as one having a nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1-141, more preferably at least 70%, even more preferably at least 80% and

even more preferably at least 85%. More preferred is a nucleic acid molecule that has at least 90% sequence identity with a CaSNA, more preferably at least 95%, more preferably at least 97%, even more preferably at least 98%, and still more preferably at least 99%. Most preferred is a nucleic acid molecule that has at least 99.5%, 99.6%, 99.7%, 99.8% or 99.9% sequence identity with a CaSNA.

Nucleic acid molecules that exhibit substantial sequence similarity are inclusive of sequences that exhibit sequence identity over their entire length to a CaSNA or to a nucleic acid molecule encoding a CaSP, as well as sequences that are similar over only a part of its length. In this case, the part is at least 50 nucleotides of the CaSNA or the nucleic acid molecule encoding a CaSP, preferably at least 100 nucleotides, more preferably at least 150 or 200 nucleotides, even more preferably at least 250 or 300 nucleotides, still more preferably at least 400 or 500 nucleotides.

The substantially similar nucleic acid molecule may be a naturally occurring one that is derived from another species, especially one derived from another primate, wherein the similar nucleic acid molecule encodes an amino acid sequence that exhibits significant sequence identity to that of SEQ ID NO: 142-361 or demonstrates significant sequence identity to the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1-141. The similar nucleic acid molecule may also be a naturally occurring nucleic acid molecule from a human, when the CaSNA is a member of a gene family. The similar nucleic acid molecule may also be a naturally occurring nucleic acid molecule derived from a non-primate, mammalian species, including without limitation, domesticated species, *e.g.*, dog, cat, mouse, rat, rabbit, hamster, cow, horse and pig; and wild animals, *e.g.*, monkey, fox, lions, tigers, bears, giraffes, zebras, etc. The substantially similar nucleic acid molecule may also be a naturally occurring nucleic acid molecule derived from a non-mammalian species, such as birds or reptiles. The naturally occurring substantially similar nucleic acid molecule may be isolated directly from humans or other species. In another embodiment, the substantially similar nucleic acid molecule may be one that is experimentally produced by random mutation of a nucleic acid molecule. In another embodiment, the substantially similar nucleic acid molecule may be one that is experimentally produced by directed mutation of a CaSNA. In a preferred embodiment, the substantially similar nucleic acid molecule is an CaSNA.

The nucleic acid molecules of the present invention are also inclusive of allelic variants of a CaSNA or a nucleic acid encoding a CaSP. For example, single nucleotide

polymorphisms (SNPs) occur frequently in eukaryotic genomes and the sequence determined from one individual of a species may differ from other allelic forms present within the population. More than 1.4 million SNPs have already identified in the human genome, International Human Genome Sequencing Consortium, *Nature* 409: 860-921 (2001). Variants with small deletions and insertions of more than a single nucleotide are also found in the general population, and often do not alter the function of the protein. In addition, amino acid substitutions occur frequently among natural allelic variants, and often do not substantially change protein function.

In a preferred embodiment, the allelic variant is a variant of a gene, wherein the gene is transcribed into an mRNA that encodes a CaSP. In a more preferred embodiment, the gene is transcribed into an mRNA that encodes a CaSP comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 142-361. In another preferred embodiment, the allelic variant is a variant of a gene, wherein the gene is transcribed into an mRNA that is a CaSNA. In a more preferred embodiment, the gene is transcribed into an mRNA that comprises the nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1-141. Also preferred is that the allelic variant is a naturally occurring allelic variant in the species of interest, particularly human.

Nucleic acid molecules of the present invention are also inclusive of nucleic acid sequences comprising a part of a nucleic acid sequence of the instant invention. The part may or may not encode a polypeptide, and may or may not encode a polypeptide that is a CaSP. In a preferred embodiment, the part encodes a CaSP. In one embodiment, the nucleic acid molecule comprises a part of a CaSNA. In another embodiment, the nucleic acid molecule comprises a part of a nucleic acid molecule that hybridizes or exhibits substantial sequence similarity to a CaSNA. In another embodiment, the nucleic acid molecule comprises a part of a nucleic acid molecule that is an allelic variant of a CaSNA. In yet another embodiment, the nucleic acid molecule comprises a part of a nucleic acid molecule that encodes a CaSP. A part comprises at least 10 nucleotides, more preferably at least 15, 17, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300, 350, 400 or 500 nucleotides. The maximum size of a nucleic acid part is one nucleotide shorter than the sequence of the nucleic acid molecule encoding the full-length protein.

Nucleic acid molecules of the present invention are also inclusive of nucleic acid sequences that encode fusion proteins, homologous proteins, polypeptide fragments, muteins and polypeptide analogs, as described *infra*.

Nucleic acid molecules of the present invention are also inclusive of nucleic acid sequences containing modifications of the native nucleic acid molecule. Examples of such modifications include, but are not limited to, nonnative internucleoside bonds, post-synthetic modifications or altered nucleotide analogues. One having ordinary skill in the art would recognize that the type of modification that may be made will depend upon the intended use of the nucleic acid molecule. For instance, when the nucleic acid molecule is used as a hybridization probe, the range of such modifications will be limited to those that permit sequence-discriminating base pairing of the resulting nucleic acid. When used to direct expression of RNA or protein *in vitro* or *in vivo*, the range of such modifications will be limited to those that permit the nucleic acid to function properly as a polymerization substrate. When the isolated nucleic acid is used as a therapeutic agent, the modifications will be limited to those that do not confer toxicity upon the isolated nucleic acid.

Accordingly, in one embodiment, a nucleic acid molecule may include nucleotide analogues that incorporate labels that are directly detectable, such as radiolabels or fluorophores, or nucleotide analogues that incorporate labels that can be visualized in a subsequent reaction, such as biotin or various haptens. The labeled nucleic acid molecules are particularly useful as hybridization probes.

Common radiolabeled analogues include those labeled with ^{33}P, ^{32}P, and ^{35}S, such as α-^{32}P-dATP, α-^{32}P-dCTP, α-^{32}P-dGTP, α-^{32}P-dTTP, α-^{32}P-3'dATP, α-^{32}P-ATP, α-^{32}P-CTP, α-^{32}P-GTP, α-^{32}P-UTP, α-^{35}S-dATP, γ-^{35}S-GTP, γ-^{33}P-dATP, and the like.

Commercially available fluorescent nucleotide analogues readily incorporated into the nucleic acids of the present invention include Cy3-dCTP, Cy3-dUTP, Cy5-dCTP, Cy3-dUTP (Amersham Biosciences, Piscataway, New Jersey, USA), fluorescein-12-dUTP, tetramethylrhodamine-6-dUTP, Texas Red®-5-dUTP, Cascade Blue®-7-dUTP, BODIPY® FL-14-dUTP, BODIPY® TMR-14-dUTP, BODIPY® TR-14-dUTP, Rhodamine Green™-5-dUTP, Oregon Green® 488-5-dUTP, Texas Red®-12-dUTP, BODIPY® 630/650-14-dUTP, BODIPY® 650/665-14-dUTP, Alexa Fluor® 488-5-dUTP, Alexa Fluor® 532-5-dUTP, Alexa Fluor® 568-5-dUTP, Alexa Fluor® 594-5-dUTP, Alexa Fluor® 546-14-dUTP, fluorescein-12-UTP, tetramethylrhodamine-6-UTP, Texas Red®-5-UTP, Cascade Blue®-7-UTP, BODIPY® FL-14-UTP, BODIPY® TMR-14-UTP, BODIPY® TR-14-UTP, Rhodamine Green™-5-UTP, Alexa Fluor® 488-5-UTP, Alexa Fluor® 546-14-UTP (Molecular Probes, Inc. Eugene, OR, USA). One may also custom

synthesize nucleotides having other fluorophores. *See* Henegariu *et al.*, *Nature Biotechnol.* 18: 345-348 (2000).

Haptens that are commonly conjugated to nucleotides for subsequent labeling include biotin (biotin-11-dUTP, Molecular Probes, Inc., Eugene, OR, USA; biotin-21-UTP, biotin-21-dUTP, Clontech Laboratories, Inc., Palo Alto, CA, USA), digoxigenin (DIG-11-dUTP, alkali labile, DIG-11-UTP, Roche Diagnostics Corp., Indianapolis, IN, USA), and dinitrophenyl (dinitrophenyl-11-dUTP, Molecular Probes, Inc., Eugene, OR, USA).

Nucleic acid molecules of the present invention can be labeled by incorporation of labeled nucleotide analogues into the nucleic acid. Such analogues can be incorporated by enzymatic polymerization, such as by nick translation, random priming, polymerase chain reaction (PCR), terminal transferase tailing, and end-filling of overhangs, for DNA molecules, and *in vitro* transcription driven, *e.g.*, from phage promoters, such as T7, T3, and SP6, for RNA molecules. Commercial kits are readily available for each such labeling approach. Analogues can also be incorporated during automated solid phase chemical synthesis. Labels can also be incorporated after nucleic acid synthesis, with the 5' phosphate and 3' hydroxyl providing convenient sites for post-synthetic covalent attachment of detectable labels.

Other post-synthetic approaches also permit internal labeling of nucleic acids. For example, fluorophores can be attached using a cisplatin reagent that reacts with the N7 of guanine residues (and, to a lesser extent, adenine bases) in DNA, RNA, and Peptide Nucleic Acids (PNA) to provide a stable coordination complex between the nucleic acid and fluorophore label (Universal Linkage System) (available from Molecular Probes, Inc., Eugene, OR, USA and Amersham Pharmacia Biotech, Piscataway, NJ, USA); *see* Alers *et al.*, *Genes, Chromosomes & Cancer* 25: 301- 305 (1999); Jelsma *et al.*, *J. NIH Res.* 5: 82 (1994); Van Belkum *et al.*, *BioTechniques* 16: 148-153 (1994). Alternatively, nucleic acids can be labeled using a disulfide-containing linker (FastTag™ Reagent, Vector Laboratories, Inc., Burlingame, CA, USA) that is photo- or thermally coupled to the target nucleic acid using aryl azide chemistry; after reduction, a free thiol is available for coupling to a hapten, fluorophore, sugar, affinity ligand, or other marker.

One or more independent or interacting labels can be incorporated into the nucleic acid molecules of the present invention. For example, both a fluorophore and a moiety that in proximity thereto acts to quench fluorescence can be included to report specific

hybridization through release of fluorescence quenching or to report exonucleotidic excision. *See, e.g.*, Tyagi *et al.*, *Nature Biotechnol.* 14: 303-308 (1996); Tyagi *et al.*, *Nature Biotechnol.* 16: 49-53 (1998); Sokol *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95: 11538-11543 (1998); Kostrikis *et al.*, *Science* 279: 1228-1229 (1998); Marras *et al.*, *Genet. Anal.* 14: 151-156 (1999); Holland *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 88: 7276-7280 (1991); Heid *et al.*, *Genome Res.* 6(10): 986-94 (1996); Kuimelis *et al.*, *Nucleic Acids Symp. Ser.* (37): 255-6 (1997); and U.S. Patent Nos. 5,846,726, 5,925,517, 5,925,517, 5,723,591 and 5,538,848, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.

Nucleic acid molecules of the present invention may also be modified by altering one or more native phosphodiester internucleoside bonds to more nuclease-resistant, internucleoside bonds. *See* Hartmann *et al.* (eds.), Manual of Antisense Methodology: Perspectives in Antisense Science, Kluwer Law International (1999); Stein *et al.* (eds.), Applied Antisense Oligonucleotide Technology, Wiley-Liss (1998); Chadwick *et al.* (eds.), Oligonucleotides as Therapeutic Agents – Symposium No. 209, John Wiley & Son Ltd (1997). Such altered internucleoside bonds are often desired for techniques or for targeted gene correction, Gamper *et al.*, *Nucl. Acids Res.* 28(21): 4332-4339 (2000). For double stranded RNA inhibition which may utilize either natural ds RNA or ds RNA modified in its, sugar, phosphate or base, *see* Hannon, *Nature* 418(11): 244-251 (2002); Fire *et al.* in WO 99/32619; Tuschl *et al.* in US2002/0086356; Kruetzer *et al.* in WO 00/44895, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entirety;. For circular antisense, see Kool in U.S. Patent No. 5,426,180, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

Modified oligonucleotide backbones include, without limitation, phosphorothioates, chiral phosphorothioates, phosphorodithioates, phosphotriesters, aminoalkylphosphotriesters, methyl and other alkyl phosphonates including 3'-alkylene phosphonates and chiral phosphonates, phosphinates, phosphoramidates including 3'-amino phosphoramidate and aminoalkylphosphoramidates, thionophosphoramidates, thionoalkylphosphonates, thionoalkylphosphotriesters, and boranophosphates having normal 3'-5' linkages, 2'-5' linked analogs of these, and those having inverted polarity wherein the adjacent pairs of nucleoside units are linked 3'-5' to 5'-3' or 2'-5' to 5'-2'. Representative U.S. Patents that teach the preparation of the above phosphorus-containing linkages include, but are not limited to, U.S. Patent Nos. 3,687,808; 4,469,863; 4,476,301;

5,023,243; 5,177,196; 5,188,897; 5,264,423; 5,276,019; 5,278,302; 5,286,717; 5,321,131; 5,399,676; 5,405,939; 5,453,496; 5,455,233; 5,466,677; 5,476,925; 5,519,126; 5,536,821; 5,541,306; 5,550,111; 5,563,253; 5,571,799; 5,587,361; and 5,625,050, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties. In a preferred embodiment, the modified internucleoside linkages may be used for antisense techniques.

Other modified oligonucleotide backbones do not include a phosphorus atom, but have backbones that are formed by short chain alkyl or cycloalkyl internucleoside linkages, mixed heteroatom and alkyl or cycloalkyl internucleoside linkages, or one or more short chain heteroatomic or heterocyclic internucleoside linkages. These include those having morpholino linkages (formed in part from the sugar portion of a nucleoside); siloxane backbones; sulfide, sulfoxide and sulfone backbones; formacetyl and thioformacetyl backbones; methylene formacetyl and thioformacetyl backbones; alkene containing backbones; sulfamate backbones; methyleneimino and methylenehydrazino backbones; sulfonate and sulfonamide backbones; amide backbones; and others having mixed N, O, S and CH_2 component parts. Representative U.S. patents that teach the preparation of the above backbones include, but are not limited to, U.S. Patent Nos. 5,034,506; 5,166,315; 5,185,444; 5,214,134; 5,216,141; 5,235,033; 5,264,562; 5,264,564; 5,405,938; 5,434,257; 5,466,677; 5,470,967; 5,489,677; 5,541,307; 5,561,225; 5,596,086; 5,602,240; 5,610,289; 5,602,240; 5,608,046; 5,610,289; 5,618,704; 5,623,070; 5,663,312; 5,633,360; 5,677,437 and 5,677,439; the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.

In other preferred nucleic acid molecules, both the sugar and the internucleoside linkage are replaced with novel groups, such as peptide nucleic acids (PNA). In PNA compounds, the phosphodiester backbone of the nucleic acid is replaced with an amide-containing backbone, in particular by repeating N-(2-aminoethyl) glycine units linked by amide bonds. Nucleobases are bound directly or indirectly to aza nitrogen atoms of the amide portion of the backbone, typically by methylene carbonyl linkages. PNA can be synthesized using a modified peptide synthesis protocol. PNA oligomers can be synthesized by both Fmoc and tBoc methods. Representative U.S. patents that teach the preparation of PNA compounds include, but are not limited to, U.S. Patent Nos. 5,539,082; 5,714,331; and 5,719,262, each of which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety. Automated PNA synthesis is readily achievable on commercial synthesizers (*see, e.g.*, "PNA User's Guide," Rev. 2, February 1998, Perseptive Biosystems Part No.

60138, Applied Biosystems, Inc., Foster City, CA). PNA molecules are advantageous for a number of reasons. First, because the PNA backbone is uncharged, PNA/DNA and PNA/RNA duplexes have a higher thermal stability than is found in DNA/DNA and DNA/RNA duplexes. The Tm of a PNA/DNA or PNA/RNA duplex is generally 1°C higher per base pair than the Tm of the corresponding DNA/DNA or DNA/RNA duplex (in 100 mM NaCl). Second, PNA molecules can also form stable PNA/DNA complexes at low ionic strength, under conditions in which DNA/DNA duplex formation does not occur. Third, PNA also demonstrates greater specificity in binding to complementary DNA because a PNA/DNA mismatch is more destabilizing than DNA/DNA mismatch. A single mismatch in mixed a PNA/DNA 15-mer lowers the Tm by 8–20°C (15°C on average). In the corresponding DNA/DNA duplexes, a single mismatch lowers the Tm by 4–16°C (11°C on average). Because PNA probes can be significantly shorter than DNA probes, their specificity is greater. Fourth, PNA oligomers are resistant to degradation by enzymes, and the lifetime of these compounds is extended both *in vivo* and *in vitro* because nucleases and proteases do not recognize the PNA polyamide backbone with nucleobase sidechains. *See, e.g.*, Ray *et al.*, *FASEB J.* 14(9): 1041-60 (2000); Nielsen *et al.*, *Pharmacol Toxicol.* 86(1): 3-7 (2000); Larsen *et al.*, *Biochim Biophys Acta.* 1489(1): 159-66 (1999); Nielsen, *Curr. Opin. Struct. Biol.* 9(3): 353-7 (1999), and Nielsen, *Curr. Opin. Biotechnol.* 10(1): 71-5 (1999).

Nucleic acid molecules may be modified compared to their native structure throughout the length of the nucleic acid molecule or can be localized to discrete portions thereof. As an example of the latter, chimeric nucleic acids can be synthesized that have discrete DNA and RNA domains and that can be used for targeted gene repair and modified PCR reactions, as further described in, Misra *et al.*, *Biochem.* 37: 1917-1925 (1998); and Finn *et al.*, *Nucl. Acids Res.* 24: 3357-3363 (1996), and U.S. Patent Nos. 5,760,012 and 5,731,181, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.

Unless otherwise specified, nucleic acid molecules of the present invention can include any topological conformation appropriate to the desired use; the term thus explicitly comprehends, among others, single-stranded, double-stranded, triplexed, quadruplexed, partially double-stranded, partially-triplexed, partially-quadruplexed, branched, hairpinned, circular, and padlocked conformations. Padlock conformations and their utilities are further described in Banér *et al.*, *Curr. Opin. Biotechnol.* 12: 11-15

(2001); Escude *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 14: 96(19):10603-7 (1999); and Nilsson *et al.*, *Science* 265(5181): 2085-8 (1994). Triplex and quadruplex conformations, and their utilities, are reviewed in Praseuth *et al.*, *Biochim. Biophys. Acta.* 1489(1): 181-206 (1999); Fox, *Curr. Med. Chem.* 7(1): 17-37 (2000); Kochetkova *et al.*, *Methods Mol. Biol.* 130: 189-201 (2000); Chan *et al.*, *J. Mol. Med.* 75(4): 267-82 (1997); Rowley *et al.*, *Mol Med* 5(10): 693-700 (1999); Kool, *Annu Rev Biophys Biomol Struct.* 25: 1-28 (1996).

SNP Polymprphisms

Commonly, sequence differences between individuals involve differences in single ucleotide positions. SNPs may account for 90% of human DNA polymorphism. Collins *et al.*, 8 *Genome Res.* 1229-31 (1998). SNPs include single base pair positions in genomic DNA at which different sequence alternatives (alleles) exist in a population. In addition, the least frequent allele generally must occur at a frequency of 1% or greater. DNA sequence variants with a reasonably high population frequency are observed approximately every 1,000 nucleotide across the genome, with estimates as high as 1 SNP per 350 base pairs. Wang *et al.*, 280 *Science* 1077-82 (1998); Harding *et al.*, 60 Am. J. Human Genet. 772-89 (1997); Taillon-Miller *et al.*, 8 *Genome Res.* 748-54 (1998); Cargill *et al.*, 22 *Nat. Genet.* 231-38 (1999); and Semple *et al.*, 16 *Bioinform. Disc. Note* 735-38 (2000). The frequency of SNPs varies with the type and location of the change. In base substitutions, two-thirds of the substitutions involve the C-T and G-A type. This variation in frequency can be related to 5-methylcytosine deamination reactions that occur frequently, particularly at CpG dinucleotides. Regarding location, SNPs occur at a much higher frequency in non-coding regions than in coding regions. Information on over one million variable sequences is already publicly available via the Internet and more such markers are available from commercial providers of genetic information. Kwok and Gu, 5 *Med. Today* 538-53 (1999).

Several definitions of SNPs exist. See, e.g., Brooks, 235 *Gene* 177-86 (1999). As used herein, the term "single nucleotide polymorphism" or "SNP" includes all single base variants, thus including nucleotide insertions and deletions in addition to single nucleotide substitutions. There are two types of nucleotide substitutions. A transition is the replacement of one purine by another purine or one pyrimidine by another pyrimidine. A transversion is the replacement of a purine for a pyrimidine, or vice versa.

Numerous methods exist for detecting SNPs within a nucleotide sequence. A review of many of these methods can be found in Landegren *et al.*, 8 *Genome Res.* 769-76 (1998). For example, a SNP in a genomic sample can be detected by preparing a Reduced Complexity Genome (RCG) from the genomic sample, then analyzing the RCG for the presence or absence of a SNP. See, e.g., WO 00/18960. Multiple SNPs in a population of target polynucleotides in parallel can be detected using, for example, the methods of WO 00/50869. Other SNP detection methods include the methods of U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,297,018 and 6,322,980. Furthermore, SNPs can be detected by restriction fragment length polymorphism (RFLP) analysis. See, e.g., U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,324,631; 5,645,995. RFLP analysis of SNPs, however, is limited to cases where the SNP either creates or destroys a restriction enzyme cleavage site. SNPs can also be detected by direct sequencing of the nucleotide sequence of interest. In addition, numerous assays based on hybridization have also been developed to detect SNPs and mismatch distinction by polymerases and ligases. Several web sites provide information about SNPs including Ensembl (www.ensembl.org), Sanger Institute (http://www.sanger.ac.uk/genetics/exon/), National Center for Biotechnology Information (NCBI) (http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/SNP/), The SNP Consortium Ltd. (http://snp.cshl.org/). The chromosomal locations for the compositions disclosed herein are provided below. In addition, one of ordinary skill in the art could perform a search against the genome or any of the databases cited above using BLAST to find the chromosomal location or locations of SNPs. Another a preferred method to find the genomic coordinates and associated SNPs would be to use the BLAT tool (genome.ucsc.edu, Kent et al. 2001, The Human Genome Browser at UCSC, Genome Research 996-1006 or Kent 2002 BLAT, The BLAST -Like Alignment Tool Genome Reseach, 1-9). All web sites above were accessed December 3, 2003.

RNA interference

RNA interference refers to the process of sequence-specific post transcriptional gene silencing in animals mediated by short interfering RNAs (siRNA). Fire *et al.*, 1998, *Nature*, 391, 806. The corresponding process in plants is commonly referred to as post transcriptional gene silencing or RNA silencing and is also referred to as quelling in fungi. The process of post transcriptional gene silencing is thought to be an evolutionarily conserved cellular defense mechanism used to prevent the expression of foreign genes which is commonly shared by diverse flora and phyla. Fire *et al.*, 1999, *Trends Genet.*,

15, 358. Such protection from foreign gene expression may have evolved in response to the production of double stranded RNAs (dsRNA) derived from viral infection or the random integration of transposon elements into a host genome via a cellular response that specifically destroys homologous single stranded RNA or viral genomic RNA. The presence of dsRNA in cells triggers the RNAi response though a mechanism that has yet to be fully characterized. This mechanism appears to be different from the interferon response that results from dsRNA mediated activation of protein kinase PKR and 2',5'-oligoadenylate synthetase resulting in non-specific cleavage of mRNA by ribonuclease L.

The presence of long dsRNAs in cells stimulates the activity of a ribonuclease III enzyme referred to as dicer. Dicer is involved in the processing of the dsRNA into short pieces of dsRNA known as short interfering RNAs (siRNA). Berstein *et al.*, 2001, *Nature*, 409, 363. Short interfering RNAs derived from dicer activity are typically about 21-23 nucleotides in length and comprise about 19 base pair duplexes. Dicer has also been implicated in the excision of 21 and 22 nucleotide small temporal RNAs (stRNA) from precursor RNA of conserved structure that are implicated in translational control. Hutvagner *et al.*, 2001, *Science*, 293, 834. The RNAi response also features an endonuclease complex containing a siRNA, commonly referred to as an RNA-induced silencing complex (RISC), which mediates cleavage of single stranded RNA having sequence complementary to the antisense strand of the siRNA duplex. Cleavage of the target RNA takes place in the middle of the region complementary to the antisense strand of the siRNA duplex. Elbashir *et al.*, 2001, *Genes Dev.*, 15, 188.

Short interfering RNA mediated RNAi has been studied in a variety of systems. Fire *et al.*, 1998, *Nature*, 391, 806, were the first to observe RNAi in C. Elegans. Wianny and Goetz, 1999, *Nature Cell Biol.*, 2, 70, describe RNAi mediated by dsRNA in mouse embryos. Hammond *et al.*, 2000, *Nature*, 404, 293, describe RNAi in Drosophila cells transfected with dsRNA. Elbashir *et al.*, 2001, *Nature*, 411, 494, describe RNAi induced by introduction of duplexes of synthetic 21-nucleotide RNAs in cultured mammalian cells including human embryonic kidney and HeLa cells. Recent work in Drosophila embryonic lysates (Elbashir *et al.*, 2001, *EMBO J.*, 20, 6877) has revealed certain requirements for siRNA length, structure, chemical composition, and sequence that are essential to mediate efficient RNAi activity. These studies have shown that 21 nucleotide siRNA duplexes are most active when containing two nucleotide 3'-overhangs. Furthermore, complete

substitution of one or both siRNA strands with 2'-deoxy (2'-H) or 2'-O-methyl nucleotides abolishes RNAi activity, whereas substitution of the 3'-terminal siRNA overhang nucleotides with deoxy nucleotides (2'-H) was shown to be tolerated. Single mismatch sequences in the center of the siRNA duplex were also shown to abolish RNAi activity. In addition, these studies also indicate that the position of the cleavage site in the target RNA is defined by the 5'-end of the siRNA guide sequence rather than the 3'-end. Elbashir et al., 2001, *EMBO J.*, 20, 6877. Other studies have indicated that a 5'-phosphate on the target-complementary strand of a siRNA duplex is required for siRNA activity and that ATP is utilized to maintain the 5'-phosphate moiety on the siRNA. Nykanen et al., 2001, *Cell*, 107, 309.

Studies have shown that replacing the 3'-overhanging segments of a 21-mer siRNA duplex having 2 nucleotide 3' overhangs with deoxyribonucleotides does not have an adverse effect on RNAi activity. Replacing up to 4 nucleotides on each end of the siRNA with deoxyribonucleotides has been reported to be well tolerated whereas complete substitution with deoxyribonucleotides results in no RNAi activity. Elbashir *et al.*, 2001, *EMBO J.*, 20, 6877. In addition, Elbashir et al., supra, also report that substitution of siRNA with 2'-O-methyl nucleotides completely abolishes RNAi activity. Li et al., WO 00/44914, and Beach et al., WO 01/68836 both suggest that siRNA "may include modifications to either the phosphate-sugar back bone or the nucleoside to include at least one of a nitrogen or sulfur heteroatom", however neither application teaches to what extent these modifications are tolerated in siRNA molecules nor provide any examples of such modified siRNA. Kreutzer and Limmer, Canadian Patent Application No. 2,359,180, also describe certain chemical modifications for use in dsRNA constructs in order to counteract activation of double stranded-RNA-dependent protein kinase PKR, specifically 2'-amino or 2'-O-methyl nucleotides, and nucleotides containing a 2'-O or 4'-C methylene bridge. However, Kreutzer and Limmer similarly fail to show to what extent these modifications are tolerated in siRNA molecules nor do they provide any examples of such modified siRNA.

Parrish *et al.*, 2000, *Molecular Cell*, 6, 1977-1087, tested certain chemical modifications targeting the unc-22 gene in C. elegans using long (>25 nt) siRNA transcripts. The authors describe the introduction of thiophosphate residues into these siRNA transcripts by incorporating thiophosphate nucleotide analogs with T7 and T3

RNA polymerase and observed that "RNAs with two [phosphorothioate] modified bases also had substantial decreases in effectiveness as RNAi triggers; [phosphorothioate] modification of more than two residues greatly destabilized the RNAs in vitro and we were not able to assay interference activities." Id. at 1081. The authors also tested certain modifications at the 2'-position of the nucleotide sugar in the long siRNA transcripts and observed that substituting deoxynucleotides for ribonucleotides "produced a substantial decrease in interference activity", especially in the case of Uridine to Thymidine and/or Cytidine to deoxy-Cytidine substitutions. Id. In addition, the authors tested certain base modifications, including substituting 4-thiouracil, 5-bromouracil, 5-iodouracil, 3-(aminoallyl)uracil for uracil, and inosine for guanosine in sense and antisense strands of the siRNA, and found that whereas 4-thiouracil and 5-bromouracil were all well tolerated, inosine "produced a substantial decrease in interference activity" when incorporated in either strand. Incorporation of 5-iodouracil and 3-(aminoallyl)uracil in the antisense strand resulted in substantial decrease in RNAi activity as well.

Beach et al., WO 01/68836, describes specific methods for attenuating gene expression using endogenously derived dsRNA. Tuschl et al., WO 01/75164, describes a Drosophila in vitro RNAi system and the use of specific siRNA molecules for certain functional genomic and certain therapeutic applications; although Tuschl, 2001, *Chem. Biochem.*, 2, 239-245, doubts that RNAi can be used to cure genetic diseases or viral infection due "to the danger of activating interferon response". Li et al., WO 00/44914, describes the use of specific dsRNAs for use in attenuating the expression of certain target genes. Zernicka-Goetz et al., WO 01/36646, describes certain methods for inhibiting the expression of particular genes in mammalian cells using certain dsRNA molecules. Fire et al., WO 99/32619, U.S. Patent No. 6,506,559, the contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference, describes particular methods for introducing certain dsRNA molecules into cells for use in inhibiting gene expression. Plaetinck et al., WO 00/01846, describes certain methods for identifying specific genes responsible for conferring a particular phenotype in a cell using specific dsRNA molecules. Mello et al., WO 01/29058, describes the identification of specific genes involved in dsRNA mediated RNAi. Deschamps Depaillette et al., International PCT Publication No. WO 99/07409, describes specific compositions consisting of particular dsRNA molecules combined with certain anti-viral agents. Driscoll et al., International PCT Publication No. WO 01/49844, describes specific DNA constructs for use in facilitating gene silencing in targeted

organisms. Parrish et al., 2000, Molecular Cell, 6, 1977-1087, describes specific chemically modified siRNA constructs targeting the unc-22 gene of C. elegans. Tuschl et al., International PCT Publication No. WO 02/44321, describe certain synthetic siRNA constructs.

Methods for Using Nucleic Acid Molecules as Probes and Primers

The isolated nucleic acid molecules of the present invention can be used as hybridization probes to detect, characterize, and quantify hybridizing nucleic acids in, and isolate hybridizing nucleic acids from, both genomic and transcript-derived nucleic acid samples. When free in solution, such probes are typically, but not invariably, detectably labeled; bound to a substrate, as in a microarray, such probes are typically, but not invariably unlabeled.

In one embodiment, the isolated nucleic acid molecules of the present invention can be used as probes to detect and characterize gross alterations in the gene of a CaSNA, such as deletions, insertions, translocations, and duplications of the CaSNA genomic locus through fluorescence *in situ* hybridization (FISH) to chromosome spreads. *See, e.g.*, Andreeff *et al.* (eds.), Introduction to Fluorescence *In Situ* Hybridization: Principles and Clinical Applications, John Wiley & Sons (1999). The isolated nucleic acid molecules of the present invention can be used as probes to assess smaller genomic alterations using, *e.g.*, Southern blot detection of restriction fragment length polymorphisms. The isolated nucleic acid molecules of the present invention can be used as probes to isolate genomic clones that include a nucleic acid molecule of the present invention, which thereafter can be restriction mapped and sequenced to identify deletions, insertions, translocations, and substitutions (single nucleotide polymorphisms, SNPs) at the sequence level. Alternatively, detection techniques such as molecular beacons may be used, see Kostrikis *et al. Science* 279:1228-1229 (1998).

The isolated nucleic acid molecules of the present invention can be also be used as probes to detect, characterize, and quantify CaSNA in, and isolate CaSNA from, transcript-derived nucleic acid samples. In one embodiment, the isolated nucleic acid molecules of the present invention can be used as hybridization probes to detect, characterize by length, and quantify mRNA by Northern blot of total or poly-A^+- selected RNA samples. In another embodiment, the isolated nucleic acid molecules of the present invention can be used as hybridization probes to detect, characterize by location, and

quantify mRNA by *in situ* hybridization to tissue sections. *See*, *e.g.*, Schwarchzacher *et al.*, In Situ Hybridization, Springer-Verlag New York (2000). In another preferred embodiment, the isolated nucleic acid molecules of the present invention can be used as hybridization probes to measure the representation of clones in a cDNA library or to isolate hybridizing nucleic acid molecules acids from cDNA libraries, permitting sequence level characterization of mRNAs that hybridize to CaSNAs, including, without limitations, identification of deletions, insertions, substitutions, truncations, alternatively spliced forms and single nucleotide polymorphisms. In yet another preferred embodiment, the nucleic acid molecules of the instant invention may be used in microarrays.

All of the aforementioned probe techniques are well within the skill in the art, and are described at greater length in standard texts such as Sambrook (2001), *supra*; Ausubel (1999), *supra*; and Walker *et al.* (eds.), The Nucleic Acids Protocols Handbook, Humana Press (2000).

In another embodiment, a nucleic acid molecule of the invention may be used as a probe or primer to identify and/or amplify a second nucleic acid molecule that selectively hybridizes to the nucleic acid molecule of the invention. In this embodiment, it is preferred that the probe or primer be derived from a nucleic acid molecule encoding a CaSP. More preferably, the probe or primer is derived from a nucleic acid molecule encoding a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 142-361. Also preferred are probes or primers derived from a CaSNA. More preferred are probes or primers derived from a nucleic acid molecule having a nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1-141.

In general, a probe or primer is at least 10 nucleotides in length, more preferably at least 12, more preferably at least 14 and even more preferably at least 16 or 17 nucleotides in length. In an even more preferred embodiment, the probe or primer is at least 18 nucleotides in length, even more preferably at least 20 nucleotides and even more preferably at least 22 nucleotides in length. Primers and probes may also be longer in length. For instance, a probe or primer may be 25 nucleotides in length, or may be 30, 40 or 50 nucleotides in length. Methods of performing nucleic acid hybridization using oligonucleotide probes are well known in the art. *See*, *e.g.*, Sambrook *et al.*, 1989, *supra*, Chapter 11 and pp. 11.31-11.32 and 11.40-11.44, which describes radiolabeling of short probes, and pp. 11.45-11.53, which describe hybridization conditions for oligonucleotide probes, including specific conditions for probe hybridization (pp. 11.50-11.51).

Methods of performing primer-directed amplification are also well known in the art. Methods for performing the polymerase chain reaction (PCR) are compiled, *inter alia*, in McPherson, PCR Basics: From Background to Bench, Springer Verlag (2000); Innis *et al.* (eds.), PCR Applications: Protocols for Functional Genomics, Academic Press (1999); Gelfand *et al.* (eds.), PCR Strategies, Academic Press (1998); Newton *et al.*, PCR, Springer-Verlag New York (1997); Burke (ed.), PCR: Essential Techniques, John Wiley & Son Ltd (1996); White (ed.), PCR Cloning Protocols: From Molecular Cloning to Genetic Engineering, Vol. 67, Humana Press (1996); and McPherson *et al.* (eds.), PCR 2: A Practical Approach, Oxford University Press, Inc. (1995). Methods for performing RT-PCR are collected, *e.g.*, in Siebert *et al.* (eds.), Gene Cloning and Analysis by RT-PCR, Eaton Publishing Company/Bio Techniques Books Division, 1998; and Siebert (ed.), PCR Technique:RT-PCR, Eaton Publishing Company/ BioTechniques Books (1995).

PCR and hybridization methods may be used to identify and/or isolate nucleic acid molecules of the present invention including allelic variants, homologous nucleic acid molecules and fragments. PCR and hybridization methods may also be used to identify, amplify and/or isolate nucleic acid molecules of the present invention that encode homologous proteins, analogs, fusion protein or muteins of the invention. Nucleic acid primers as described herein can be used to prime amplification of nucleic acid molecules of the invention, using transcript-derived or genomic DNA as template.

These nucleic acid primers can also be used, for example, to prime single base extension (SBE) for SNP detection (*See, e.g.*, U.S. Pat. No. 6,004,744, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety).

Isothermal amplification approaches, such as rolling circle amplification, are also now well-described. *See, e.g.*, Schweitzer *et al.*, *Curr. Opin. Biotechnol.* 12(1): 21-7 (2001); international patent publications WO 97/19193 and WO 00/15779, and U.S. Patent Nos. 5,854,033 and 5,714,320, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties. Rolling circle amplification can be combined with other techniques to facilitate SNP detection. *See, e.g.*, Lizardi *et al.*, *Nature Genet.* 19(3): 225-32 (1998).

Nucleic acid molecules of the present invention may be bound to a substrate either covalently or noncovalently. The substrate can be porous or solid, planar or non-planar, unitary or distributed. The bound nucleic acid molecules may be used as hybridization

probes, and may be labeled or unlabeled. In a preferred embodiment, the bound nucleic acid molecules are unlabeled.

In one embodiment, the nucleic acid molecule of the present invention is bound to a porous substrate, *e.g.*, a membrane, typically comprising nitrocellulose, nylon, or positively charged derivatized nylon. The nucleic acid molecule of the present invention can be used to detect a hybridizing nucleic acid molecule that is present within a labeled nucleic acid sample, *e.g.*, a sample of transcript-derived nucleic acids. In another embodiment, the nucleic acid molecule is bound to a solid substrate, including, without limitation, glass, amorphous silicon, crystalline silicon or plastics. Examples of plastics include, without limitation, polymethylacrylic, polyethylene, polypropylene, polyacrylate, polymethylmethacrylate, polyvinylchloride, polytetrafluoroethylene, polystyrene, polycarbonate, polyacetal, polysulfone, celluloseacetate, cellulosenitrate, nitrocellulose, or mixtures thereof. The solid substrate may be any shape, including rectangular, disk-like and spherical. In a preferred embodiment, the solid substrate is a microscope slide or slide-shaped substrate.

The nucleic acid molecule of the present invention can be attached covalently to a surface of the support substrate or applied to a derivatized surface in a chaotropic agent that facilitates denaturation and adherence by presumed noncovalent interactions, or some combination thereof. The nucleic acid molecule of the present invention can be bound to a substrate to which a plurality of other nucleic acids are concurrently bound, hybridization to each of the plurality of bound nucleic acids being separately detectable. At low density, *e.g.* on a porous membrane, these substrate-bound collections are typically denominated macroarrays; at higher density, typically on a solid support, such as glass, these substrate bound collections of plural nucleic acids are colloquially termed microarrays. As used herein, the term microarray includes arrays of all densities. It is, therefore, another aspect of the invention to provide microarrays that comprise one or more of the nucleic acid molecules of the present invention.

In yet another embodiment, the invention is directed to single exon probes based on the CaSNAs disclosed herein.

Expression Vectors, Host Cells and Recombinant Methods of Producing Polypeptides

Another aspect of the present invention provides vectors that comprise one or more of the isolated nucleic acid molecules of the present invention, and host cells in which such vectors have been introduced.

The vectors can be used, *inter alia*, for propagating the nucleic acid molecules of the present invention in host cells (cloning vectors), for shuttling the nucleic acid molecules of the present invention between host cells derived from disparate organisms (shuttle vectors), for inserting the nucleic acid molecules of the present invention into host cell chromosomes (insertion vectors), for expressing sense or antisense RNA transcripts of the nucleic acid molecules of the present invention *in vitro* or within a host cell, and for expressing polypeptides encoded by the nucleic acid molecules of the present invention, alone or as fusion proteins with heterologous polypeptides (expression vectors). Vectors are by now well known in the art, and are described, *inter alia*, in Jones *et al.* (eds.), <u>Vectors: Cloning Applications: Essential Techniques</u> (Essential Techniques Series), John Wiley & Son Ltd. (1998); Jones *et al.* (eds.), <u>Vectors: Expression Systems: Essential Techniques</u> (Essential Techniques Series), John Wiley & Son Ltd. (1998); Gacesa *et al.*, <u>Vectors: Essential Data</u>, John Wiley & Sons Ltd. (1995); Cid-Arregui (eds.), <u>Viral Vectors: Basic Science and Gene Therapy</u>, Eaton Publishing Co. (2000); Sambrook (2001), *supra*; Ausubel (1999), *supra*. Furthermore, a variety of vectors are available commercially. Use of existing vectors and modifications thereof are well within the skill in the art. Thus, only basic features need be described here.

Nucleic acid sequences may be expressed by operatively linking them to an expression control sequence in an appropriate expression vector and employing that expression vector to transform an appropriate unicellular host. Expression control sequences are sequences that control the transcription, post-transcriptional events and translation of nucleic acid sequences. Such operative linking of a nucleic sequence of this invention to an expression control sequence, of course, includes, if not already part of the nucleic acid sequence, the provision of a translation initiation codon, ATG or GTG, in the correct reading frame upstream of the nucleic acid sequence.

A wide variety of host/expression vector combinations may be employed in expressing the nucleic acid sequences of this invention. Useful expression vectors, for example, may consist of segments of chromosomal, non-chromosomal and synthetic nucleic acid sequences.

In one embodiment, prokaryotic cells may be used with an appropriate vector. Prokaryotic host cells are often used for cloning and expression. In a preferred embodiment, prokaryotic host cells include *E. coli*, *Pseudomonas*, *Bacillus* and *Streptomyces*. In a preferred embodiment, bacterial host cells are used to express the nucleic acid molecules of the instant invention. Useful expression vectors for bacterial hosts include bacterial plasmids, such as those from *E. coli*, *Bacillus* or *Streptomyces*, including pBluescript, pGEX-2T, pUC vectors, col E1, pCR1, pBR322, pMB9 and their derivatives, wider host range plasmids, such as RP4, phage DNAs, *e.g.*, the numerous derivatives of phage lambda, *e.g.*, NM989, λGT10 and λGT11, and other phages, *e.g.*, M13 and filamentous single stranded phage DNA. Where *E. coli* is used as host, selectable markers are, analogously, chosen for selectivity in gram negative bacteria: *e.g.*, typical markers confer resistance to antibiotics, such as ampicillin, tetracycline, chloramphenicol, kanamycin, streptomycin and zeocin; auxotrophic markers can also be used.

In other embodiments, eukaryotic host cells, such as yeast, insect, mammalian or plant cells, may be used. Yeast cells, typically *S. cerevisiae*, are useful for eukaryotic genetic studies, due to the ease of targeting genetic changes by homologous recombination and the ability to easily complement genetic defects using recombinantly expressed proteins. Yeast cells are useful for identifying interacting protein components, *e.g.* through use of a two-hybrid system. In a preferred embodiment, yeast cells are useful for protein expression. Vectors of the present invention for use in yeast will typically, but not invariably, contain an origin of replication suitable for use in yeast and a selectable marker that is functional in yeast. Yeast vectors include Yeast Integrating plasmids (*e.g.*, YIp5) and Yeast Replicating plasmids (the YRp and YEp series plasmids), Yeast Centromere plasmids (the YCp series plasmids), Yeast Artificial Chromosomes (YACs) which are based on yeast linear plasmids, denoted YLp, pGPD-2, 2μ plasmids and derivatives thereof, and improved shuttle vectors such as those described in Gietz *et al.*, *Gene*, 74: 527-34 (1988) (YIplac, YEplac and YCplac). Selectable markers in yeast vectors include a variety of auxotrophic markers, the most common of which are (in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*) URA3, HIS3, LEU2, TRP1 and LYS2, which complement specific auxotrophic mutations, such as ura3-52, his3-D1, leu2-D1, trp1-D1 and lys2-201.

Insect cells may be chosen for high efficiency protein expression. Where the host cells are from *Spodoptera frugiperda*, *e.g.*, Sf9 and Sf21 cell lines, and expresSF™ cells

(Protein Sciences Corp., Meriden, CT, USA), the vector replicative strategy is typically based upon the baculovirus life cycle. Typically, baculovirus transfer vectors are used to replace the wild-type AcMNPV polyhedrin gene with a heterologous gene of interest. Sequences that flank the polyhedrin gene in the wild-type genome are positioned 5' and 3' of the expression cassette on the transfer vectors. Following co-transfection with AcMNPV DNA, a homologous recombination event occurs between these sequences resulting in a recombinant virus carrying the gene of interest and the polyhedrin or p10 promoter. Selection can be based upon visual screening for lacZ fusion activity.

The host cells may also be mammalian cells, which are particularly useful for expression of proteins intended as pharmaceutical agents, and for screening of potential agonists and antagonists of a protein or a physiological pathway. Mammalian vectors intended for autonomous extrachromosomal replication will typically include a viral origin, such as the SV40 origin (for replication in cell lines expressing the large T-antigen, such as COS1 and COS7 cells), the papillomavirus origin, or the EBV origin for long term episomal replication (for use, *e.g.*, in 293-EBNA cells, which constitutively express the EBV EBNA-1 gene product and adenovirus E1A). Vectors intended for integration, and thus replication as part of the mammalian chromosome, can, but need not, include an origin of replication functional in mammalian cells, such as the SV40 origin. Vectors based upon viruses, such as adenovirus, adeno-associated virus, vaccinia virus, and various mammalian retroviruses, will typically replicate according to the viral replicative strategy. Selectable markers for use in mammalian cells include, include but are not limited to, resistance to neomycin (G418), blasticidin, hygromycin and zeocin, and selection based upon the purine salvage pathway using HAT medium.

Expression in mammalian cells can be achieved using a variety of plasmids, including pSV2, pBC12BI, and p91023, as well as lytic virus vectors (*e.g.*, vaccinia virus, adeno virus, and baculovirus), episomal virus vectors (*e.g.*, bovine papillomavirus), and retroviral vectors (*e.g.*, murine retroviruses). Useful vectors for insect cells include baculoviral vectors and pVL 941.

Plant cells can also be used for expression, with the vector replicon typically derived from a plant virus (*e.g.*, cauliflower mosaic virus, CaMV; tobacco mosaic virus, TMV) and selectable markers chosen for suitability in plants.

It is known that codon usage of different host cells may be different. For example, a plant cell and a human cell may exhibit a difference in codon preference for encoding a

particular amino acid. As a result, human mRNA may not be efficiently translated in a plant, bacteria or insect host cell. Therefore, another embodiment of this invention is directed to codon optimization. The codons of the nucleic acid molecules of the invention may be modified to resemble, as much as possible, genes naturally contained within the host cell without altering the amino acid sequence encoded by the nucleic acid molecule.

Any of a wide variety of expression control sequences may be used in these vectors to express the nucleic acid molecules of this invention. Such useful expression control sequences include the expression control sequences associated with structural genes of the foregoing expression vectors. Expression control sequences that control transcription include, *e.g.*, promoters, enhancers and transcription termination sites. Expression control sequences in eukaryotic cells that control post-transcriptional events include splice donor and acceptor sites and sequences that modify the half-life of the transcribed RNA, *e.g.*, sequences that direct poly(A) addition or binding sites for RNA-binding proteins. Expression control sequences that control translation include ribosome binding sites, sequences which direct targeted expression of the polypeptide to or within particular cellular compartments, and sequences in the 5' and 3' untranslated regions that modify the rate or efficiency of translation.

Examples of useful expression control sequences for a prokaryote, *e.g.*, *E. coli*, will include a promoter, often a phage promoter, such as phage lambda pL promoter, the trc promoter, a hybrid derived from the trp and lac promoters, the bacteriophage T7 promoter (in *E. coli* cells engineered to express the T7 polymerase), the <u>TAC</u> or <u>TRC</u> system, the major operator and promoter regions of phage lambda, the control regions of fd coat protein, and the araBAD operon. Prokaryotic expression vectors may further include transcription terminators, such as the aspA terminator, and elements that facilitate translation, such as a consensus ribosome binding site and translation termination codon, Schomer *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 83: 8506-8510 (1986).

Expression control sequences for yeast cells, typically *S. cerevisiae*, will include a yeast promoter, such as the CYC1 promoter, the GAL1 promoter, the GAL10 promoter, ADH1 promoter, the promoters of the yeast $\underline{\alpha}$-mating system, or the GPD promoter, and will typically have elements that facilitate transcription termination, such as the transcription termination signals from the CYC1 or ADH1 gene.

Expression vectors useful for expressing proteins in mammalian cells will include a promoter active in mammalian cells. These promoters include, but are not limited to,

those derived from mammalian viruses, such as the enhancer-promoter sequences from the immediate early gene of the human cytomegalovirus (CMV), the enhancer-promoter sequences from the Rous sarcoma virus long terminal repeat (RSV LTR), the enhancer-promoter from SV40 and the early and late promoters of adenovirus. Other expression control sequences include the promoter for 3-phosphoglycerate kinase or other glycolytic enzymes, the promoters of acid phosphatase. Other expression control sequences include those from the gene comprising the CaSNA of interest. Often, expression is enhanced by incorporation of polyadenylation sites, such as the late SV40 polyadenylation site and the polyadenylation signal and transcription termination sequences from the bovine growth hormone (BGH) gene, and ribosome binding sites. Furthermore, vectors can include introns, such as intron II of rabbit β-globin gene and the SV40 splice elements.

Preferred nucleic acid vectors also include a selectable or amplifiable marker gene and means for amplifying the copy number of the gene of interest. Such marker genes are well known in the art. Nucleic acid vectors may also comprise stabilizing sequences (*e.g.*, ori- or ARS-like sequences and telomere-like sequences), or may alternatively be designed to favor directed or non-directed integration into the host cell genome. In a preferred embodiment, nucleic acid sequences of this invention are inserted in frame into an expression vector that allows a high level expression of an RNA which encodes a protein comprising the encoded nucleic acid sequence of interest. Nucleic acid cloning and sequencing methods are well known to those of skill in the art and are described in an assortment of laboratory manuals, including Sambrook (1989), *supra*, Sambrook (2000), *supra*; and Ausubel (1992), *supra*, Ausubel (1999), *supra*. Product information from manufacturers of biological, chemical and immunological reagents also provide useful information.

Expression vectors may be either constitutive or inducible. Inducible vectors include either naturally inducible promoters, such as the trc promoter, which is regulated by the lac operon, and the pL promoter, which is regulated by tryptophan, the MMTV-LTR promoter, which is inducible by dexamethasone, or can contain synthetic promoters and/or additional elements that confer inducible control on adjacent promoters. Examples of inducible synthetic promoters are the hybrid Plac/ara-1 promoter and the PLtetO-1 promoter. The PLtetO-1 promoter takes advantage of the high expression levels from the PL promoter of phage lambda, but replaces the lambda repressor sites with two copies of operator 2 of the Tn10 tetracycline resistance operon, causing this promoter to

be tightly repressed by the Tet repressor protein and induced in response to tetracycline (Tc) and Tc derivatives such as anhydrotetracycline. Vectors may also be inducible because they contain hormone response elements, such as the glucocorticoid response element (GRE) and the estrogen response element (ERE), which can confer hormone inducibility where vectors are used for expression in cells having the respective hormone receptors. To reduce background levels of expression, elements responsive to ecdysone, an insect hormone, can be used instead, with coexpression of the ecdysone receptor.

In one embodiment of the invention, expression vectors can be designed to fuse the expressed polypeptide to small protein tags that facilitate purification and/or visualization. Such tags include a polyhistidine tag that facilitates purification of the fusion protein by immobilized metal affinity chromatography, for example using NiNTA resin (Qiagen Inc., Valencia, CA, USA) or TALON™ resin (cobalt immobilized affinity chromatography medium, Clontech Labs, Palo Alto, CA, USA). The fusion protein can include a chitin-binding tag and self-excising intein, permitting chitin-based purification with self-removal of the fused tag (IMPACT™ system, New England Biolabs, Inc., Beverley, MA, USA). Alternatively, the fusion protein can include a calmodulin-binding peptide tag, permitting purification by calmodulin affinity resin (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA, USA), or a specifically excisable fragment of the biotin carboxylase carrier protein, permitting purification of *in vivo* biotinylated protein using an avidin resin and subsequent tag removal (Promega, Madison, WI, USA). As another useful alternative, the polypeptides of the present invention can be expressed as a fusion to glutathione-S-transferase, the affinity and specificity of binding to glutathione permitting purification using glutathione affinity resins, such as Glutathione-Superflow Resin (Clontech Laboratories, Palo Alto, CA, USA), with subsequent elution with free glutathione. Other tags include, for example, the Xpress epitope, detectable by anti-Xpress antibody (Invitrogen, Carlsbad, CA, USA), a myc tag, detectable by anti-myc tag antibody, the V5 epitope, detectable by anti-V5 antibody (Invitrogen, Carlsbad, CA, USA), FLAG® epitope, detectable by anti-FLAG® antibody (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA, USA), and the HA epitope, detectable by anti-HA antibody.

For secretion of expressed polypeptides, vectors can include appropriate sequences that encode secretion signals, such as leader peptides. For example, the pSecTag2 vectors (Invitrogen, Carlsbad, CA, USA) are 5.2 kb mammalian expression vectors that carry the

secretion signal from the V-J2-C region of the mouse Ig kappa-chain for efficient secretion of recombinant proteins from a variety of mammalian cell lines.

Expression vectors can also be designed to fuse proteins encoded by the heterologous nucleic acid insert to polypeptides that are larger than purification and/or identification tags. Useful protein fusions include those that permit display of the encoded protein on the surface of a phage or cell, fusions to intrinsically fluorescent proteins, such as those that have a green fluorescent protein (GFP)-like chromophore, fusions to the IgG Fc region, and fusions for use in two hybrid systems.

Vectors for phage display fuse the encoded polypeptide to, *e.g.*, the gene III protein (pIII) or gene VIII protein (pVIII) for display on the surface of filamentous phage, such as M13. *See* Barbas *et al.*, Phage Display: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press (2001); Kay *et al.* (eds.), Phage Display of Peptides and Proteins: A Laboratory Manual, Academic Press, Inc., (1996); Abelson *et al.* (eds.), Combinatorial Chemistry (Methods in Enzymology, Vol. 267) Academic Press (1996). Vectors for yeast display, *e.g.* the pYD1 yeast display vector (Invitrogen, Carlsbad, CA, USA), use the α-agglutinin yeast adhesion receptor to display recombinant protein on the surface of *S. cerevisiae*. Vectors for mammalian display, *e.g.*, the pDisplay™ vector (Invitrogen, Carlsbad, CA, USA), target recombinant proteins using an N-terminal cell surface targeting signal and a C-terminal transmembrane anchoring domain of platelet derived growth factor receptor.

A wide variety of vectors now exist that fuse proteins encoded by heterologous nucleic acids to the chromophore of the substrate-independent, intrinsically fluorescent green fluorescent protein from *Aequorea victoria* ("GFP") and its variants. The GFP-like chromophore can be selected from GFP-like chromophores found in naturally occurring proteins, such as *A. victoria* GFP (GenBank accession number AAA27721), *Renilla reniformis* GFP, FP583 (GenBank accession no. AF168419) (DsRed), FP593 (AF272711), FP483 (AF168420), FP484 (AF168424), FP595 (AF246709), FP486 (AF168421), FP538 (AF168423), and FP506 (AF168422), and need include only so much of the native protein as is needed to retain the chromophore's intrinsic fluorescence. Methods for determining the minimal domain required for fluorescence are known in the art. *See* Li *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.* 272: 28545-28549 (1997). Alternatively, the GFP-like chromophore can be selected from GFP-like chromophores modified from those found in nature. The methods for engineering such modified GFP-like chromophores and testing them for fluorescence

activity, both alone and as part of protein fusions, are well known in the art. *See* Heim *et al.*, *Curr. Biol.* 6: 178-182 (1996) and Palm *et al.*, *Methods Enzymol.* 302: 378-394 (1999). A variety of such modified chromophores are now commercially available and can readily be used in the fusion proteins of the present invention. These include EGFP ("enhanced GFP"), EBFP ("enhanced blue fluorescent protein"), BFP2, EYFP ("enhanced yellow fluorescent protein"), ECFP ("enhanced cyan fluorescent protein") or Citrine. EGFP (*see, e.g,* Cormack *et al.*, *Gene* 173: 33–38 (1996); U.S. Patent Nos. 6,090,919 and 5,804,387, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties) is found on a variety of vectors, both plasmid and viral, which are available commercially (Clontech Labs, Palo Alto, CA, USA); EBFP is optimized for expression in mammalian cells whereas BFP2, which retains the original jellyfish codons, can be expressed in bacteria (*see, e.g,*. Heim *et al.*, *Curr. Biol.* 6: 178-182 (1996) and Cormack *et al.*, *Gene* 173: 33-38 (1996)). Vectors containing these blue-shifted variants are available from Clontech Labs (Palo Alto, CA, USA). Vectors containing EYFP, ECFP (*see, e.g.*, Heim *et al.*, *Curr. Biol.* 6: 178-182 (1996); Miyawaki *et al.*, *Nature* 388: 882-887 (1997)) and Citrine (*see, e.g.*, Heikal *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 97: 11996-12001 (2000)) are also available from Clontech Labs. The GFP-like chromophore can also be drawn from other modified GFPs, including those described in U.S. Patent Nos. 6,124,128; 6,096,865; 6,090,919; 6,066,476; 6,054,321; 6,027,881; 5,968,750; 5,874,304; 5,804,387; 5,777,079; 5,741,668; and 5,625,048, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties. *See* also Conn (ed.), Green Fluorescent Protein (Methods in Enzymology, Vol. 302), Academic Press, Inc. (1999); Yang, *et al.*, *J Biol Chem*, 273: 8212-6 (1998); Bevis *et al.*, *Nature Biotechnology*, 20:83-7 (2002). The GFP-like chromophore of each of these GFP variants can usefully be included in the fusion proteins of the present invention.

Fusions to the IgG Fc region increase serum half-life of protein pharmaceutical products through interaction with the FcRn receptor (also denominated the FcRp receptor and the Brambell receptor, FcRb), further described in International Patent Application nos. WO 97/43316, WO 97/34631, WO 96/32478, WO 96/18412, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.

For long-term, high-yield recombinant production of the polypeptides of the present invention, stable expression is preferred. Stable expression is readily achieved by integration into the host cell genome of vectors having selectable markers, followed by

selection of these integrants. Vectors such as pUB6/V5-His A, B, and C (Invitrogen, Carlsbad, CA, USA) are designed for high-level stable expression of heterologous proteins in a wide range of mammalian tissue types and cell lines. pUB6/V5-His uses the promoter/enhancer sequence from the human ubiquitin C gene to drive expression of recombinant proteins: expression levels in 293, CHO, and NIH3T3 cells are comparable to levels from the CMV and human EF-1a promoters. The bsd gene permits rapid selection of stably transfected mammalian cells with the potent antibiotic blasticidin.

Replication incompetent retroviral vectors, typically derived from Moloney murine leukemia virus, also are useful for creating stable transfectants having integrated provirus. The highly efficient transduction machinery of retroviruses, coupled with the availability of a variety of packaging cell lines such as RetroPack™ PT 67, EcoPack2™-293, AmphoPack-293, and GP2-293 cell lines (all available from Clontech Laboratories, Palo Alto, CA, USA) allow a wide host range to be infected with high efficiency; varying the multiplicity of infection readily adjusts the copy number of the integrated provirus.

Of course, not all vectors and expression control sequences will function equally well to express the nucleic acid molecules of this invention. Neither will all hosts function equally well with the same expression system. However, one of skill in the art may make a selection among these vectors, expression control sequences and hosts without undue experimentation and without departing from the scope of this invention. For example, in selecting a vector, the host must be considered because the vector must be replicated in it. The vector's copy number, the ability to control that copy number, the ability to control integration, if any, and the expression of any other proteins encoded by the vector, such as antibiotic or other selection markers, should also be considered. The present invention further includes host cells comprising the vectors of the present invention, either present episomally within the cell or integrated, in whole or in part, into the host cell chromosome. Among other considerations, some of which are described above, a host cell strain may be chosen for its ability to process the expressed polypeptide in the desired fashion. Such post-translational modifications of the polypeptide include, but are not limited to, acetylation, carboxylation, glycosylation, phosphorylation, lipidation, and acylation, and it is an aspect of the present invention to provide CaSPs with such post-translational modifications.

In selecting an expression control sequence, a variety of factors should also be considered. These include, for example, the relative strength of the sequence, its

controllability, and its compatibility with the nucleic acid molecules of this invention, particularly with regard to potential secondary structures. Unicellular hosts should be selected by consideration of their compatibility with the chosen vector, the toxicity of the product coded for by the nucleic acid sequences of this invention, their secretion characteristics, their ability to fold the polypeptide correctly, their fermentation or culture requirements, and the ease of purification from them of the products coded for by the nucleic acid molecules of this invention.

The recombinant nucleic acid molecules and more particularly, the expression vectors of this invention may be used to express the polypeptides of this invention as recombinant polypeptides in a heterologous host cell. The polypeptides of this invention may be full-length or less than full-length polypeptide fragments recombinantly expressed from the nucleic acid molecules according to this invention. Such polypeptides include analogs, derivatives and muteins that may or may not have biological activity.

Vectors of the present invention will also often include elements that permit *in vitro* transcription of RNA from the inserted heterologous nucleic acid. Such vectors typically include a phage promoter, such as that from T7, T3, or SP6, flanking the nucleic acid insert. Often two different such promoters flank the inserted nucleic acid, permitting separate *in vitro* production of both sense and antisense strands.

Transformation and other methods of introducing nucleic acids into a host cell (*e.g.*, conjugation, protoplast transformation or fusion, transfection, electroporation, liposome delivery, membrane fusion techniques, high velocity DNA-coated pellets, viral infection and protoplast fusion) can be accomplished by a variety of methods which are well known in the art (*See*, for instance, Ausubel, *supra*, and Sambrook *et al.*, *supra*). Bacterial, yeast, plant or mammalian cells are transformed or transfected with an expression vector, such as a plasmid, a cosmid, or the like, wherein the expression vector comprises the nucleic acid of interest. Alternatively, the cells may be infected by a viral expression vector comprising the nucleic acid of interest. Depending upon the host cell, vector, and method of transformation used, transient or stable expression of the polypeptide will be constitutive or inducible. One having ordinary skill in the art will be able to decide whether to express a polypeptide transiently or stably, and whether to express the protein constitutively or inducibly.

A wide variety of unicellular host cells are useful in expressing the DNA sequences of this invention. These hosts may include well known eukaryotic and

prokaryotic hosts, such as strains of, fungi, yeast, insect cells such as *Spodoptera frugiperda* (SF9), animal cells such as CHO, as well as plant cells in tissue culture. Representative examples of appropriate host cells include, but are not limited to, bacterial cells, such as *E. coli*, *Caulobacter crescentus*, *Streptomyces* species, and *Salmonella typhimurium*; yeast cells, such as *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*, *Schizosaccharomyces pombe*, *Pichia pastoris*, *Pichia methanolica*; insect cell lines, such as those from *Spodoptera frugiperda* — *e.g.*, Sf9 and Sf21 cell lines, and expresSF™ cells (Protein Sciences Corp., Meriden, CT, USA) — *Drosophila* S2 cells, and *Trichoplusia ni* High Five® Cells (Invitrogen, Carlsbad, CA, USA); and mammalian cells. Typical mammalian cells include BHK cells, BSC 1 cells, BSC 40 cells, BMT 10 cells, VERO cells, COS1 cells, COS7 cells, Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells, 3T3 cells, NIH 3T3 cells, 293 cells, HEPG2 cells, HeLa cells, L cells, MDCK cells, HEK293 cells, WI38 cells, murine ES cell lines (*e.g.*, from strains 129/SV, C57/BL6, DBA-1, 129/SVJ), K562 cells, Jurkat cells, and BW5147 cells. Other mammalian cell lines are well known and readily available from the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC) (Manassas, VA, USA) and the National Institute of General Medical Sciences (NIGMS) Human Genetic Cell Repository at the Coriell Cell Repositories (Camden, NJ, USA). Cells or cell lines derived from breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue are particularly preferred because they may provide a more native post-translational processing. Particularly preferred are human breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cells or human breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer cells.

Particular details of the transfection, expression and purification of recombinant proteins are well documented and are understood by those of skill in the art. Further details on the various technical aspects of each of the steps used in recombinant production of foreign genes in bacterial cell expression systems can be found in a number of texts and laboratory manuals in the art. *See*, *e.g.*, Ausubel (1992), *supra*, Ausubel (1999), *supra*, Sambrook (1989), *supra*, and Sambrook (2001), *supra*.

Methods for introducing the vectors and nucleic acid molecules of the present invention into the host cells are well known in the art; the choice of technique will depend primarily upon the specific vector to be introduced and the host cell chosen.

Nucleic acid molecules and vectors may be introduced into prokaryotes, such as *E. coli*, in a number of ways. For instance, phage lambda vectors will typically be packaged

using a packaging extract (*e.g.*, Gigapack® packaging extract, Stratagene, La Jolla, CA, USA), and the packaged virus used to infect *E. coli*.

Plasmid vectors will typically be introduced into chemically competent or electrocompetent bacterial cells. *E. coli* cells can be rendered chemically competent by treatment, *e.g.*, with $CaCl_2$, or a solution of Mg^{2+}, Mn^{2+}, Ca^{2+}, Rb^{+} or K^{+}, dimethyl sulfoxide, dithiothreitol, and hexamine cobalt (III), Hanahan, *J. Mol. Biol.* 166(4):557-80 (1983), and vectors introduced by heat shock. A wide variety of chemically competent strains are also available commercially (*e.g.*, Epicurian Coli® XL10-Gold® Ultracompetent Cells (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA, USA); DH5α competent cells (Clontech Laboratories, Palo Alto, CA, USA); and TOP10 Chemically Competent E. coli Kit (Invitrogen, Carlsbad, CA, USA)). Bacterial cells can be rendered electrocompetent to take up exogenous DNA by electroporation by various pre-pulse treatments; vectors are introduced by electroporation followed by subsequent outgrowth in selected media. An extensive series of protocols is provided by BioRad (Richmond, CA, USA).

Vectors can be introduced into yeast cells by spheroplasting, treatment with lithium salts, electroporation, or protoplast fusion. Spheroplasts are prepared by the action of hydrolytic enzymes such as a snail-gut extract, usually denoted Glusulase or Zymolyase, or an enzyme from *Arthrobacter luteus* to remove portions of the cell wall in the presence of osmotic stabilizers, typically 1 M sorbitol. DNA is added to the spheroplasts, and the mixture is co-precipitated with a solution of polyethylene glycol (PEG) and Ca^{2+}. Subsequently, the cells are resuspended in a solution of sorbitol, mixed with molten agar and then layered on the surface of a selective plate containing sorbitol.

For lithium-mediated transformation, yeast cells are treated with lithium acetate to permeabilize the cell wall, DNA is added and the cells are co-precipitated with PEG. The cells are exposed to a brief heat shock, washed free of PEG and lithium acetate, and subsequently spread on plates containing ordinary selective medium. Increased frequencies of transformation are obtained by using specially-prepared single-stranded carrier DNA and certain organic solvents. Schiestl *et al.*, *Curr. Genet.* 16(5-6): 339-46 (1989).

For electroporation, freshly-grown yeast cultures are typically washed, suspended in an osmotic protectant, such as sorbitol, mixed with DNA, and the cell suspension pulsed in an electroporation device. Subsequently, the cells are spread on the surface of plates containing selective media. Becker *et al.*, *Methods Enzymol.* 194: 182-187 (1991).

The efficiency of transformation by electroporation can be increased over 100-fold by using PEG, single-stranded carrier DNA and cells that are in late log-phase of growth. Larger constructs, such as YACs, can be introduced by protoplast fusion.

Mammalian and insect cells can be directly infected by packaged viral vectors, or transfected by chemical or electrical means. For chemical transfection, DNA can be coprecipitated with $CaPO_4$ or introduced using liposomal and nonliposomal lipid-based agents. Commercial kits are available for $CaPO_4$ transfection (CalPhos™ Mammalian Transfection Kit, Clontech Laboratories, Palo Alto, CA, USA), and lipid-mediated transfection can be practiced using commercial reagents, such as LIPOFECTAMINE™ 2000, LIPOFECTAMINE™ Reagent, CELLFECTIN® Reagent, and LIPOFECTIN® Reagent (Invitrogen, Carlsbad, CA, USA), DOTAP Liposomal Transfection Reagent, FuGENE 6, X-tremeGENE Q2, DOSPER, (Roche Molecular Biochemicals, Indianapolis, IN USA), Effectene™, PolyFect®, Superfect® (Qiagen, Inc., Valencia, CA, USA). Protocols for electroporating mammalian cells can be found in, for example, ; Norton *et al.* (eds.), Gene Transfer Methods: Introducing DNA into Living Cells and Organisms, BioTechniques Books, Eaton Publishing Co. (2000). Other transfection techniques include transfection by particle bombardment and microinjection. *See, e.g.*, Cheng *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 90(10): 4455-9 (1993); Yang *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 87(24): 9568-72 (1990).

Production of the recombinantly produced proteins of the present invention can optionally be followed by purification.

Purification of recombinantly expressed proteins is now well within the skill in the art and thus need not be detailed here. *See, e.g.*, Thorner *et al.* (eds.), Applications of Chimeric Genes and Hybrid Proteins, Part A: Gene Expression and Protein Purification (Methods in Enzymology, Vol. 326), Academic Press (2000); Harbin (ed.), Cloning, Gene Expression and Protein Purification : Experimental Procedures and Process Rationale, Oxford Univ. Press (2001); Marshak *et al.*, Strategies for Protein Purification and Characterization: A Laboratory Course Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press (1996); and Roe (ed.), Protein Purification Applications, Oxford University Press (2001).

Briefly, however, if purification tags have been fused through use of an expression vector that appends such tag, purification can be effected, at least in part, by means appropriate to the tag, such as use of immobilized metal affinity chromatography for polyhistidine tags. Other techniques common in the art include ammonium sulfate

fractionation, immunoprecipitation, fast protein liquid chromatography (FPLC), high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC), and preparative gel electrophoresis.

Polypeptides, including Fragments Muteins, Homologous Proteins, Allelic Variants, Analogs and Derivatives

Another aspect of the invention relates to polypeptides encoded by the nucleic acid molecules described herein. In a preferred embodiment, the polypeptide is a cancer specific polypeptide (CaSP). In an even more preferred embodiment, the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:142-361 or is derived from a polypeptide having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 142-361. A polypeptide as defined herein may be produced recombinantly, as discussed *supra,* may be isolated from a cell that naturally expresses the protein, or may be chemically synthesized following the teachings of the specification and using methods well known to those having ordinary skill in the art.

Polypeptides of the present invention may also comprise a part or fragment of a CaSP. In a preferred embodiment, the fragment is derived from a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 142-361. Polypeptides of the present invention comprising a part or fragment of an entire CaSP may or may not be CaSPs. For example, a full-length polypeptide may be cancer-specific, while a fragment thereof may be found in normal breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissues as well as in breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer. A polypeptide that is not a CaSP, whether it is a fragment, analog, mutein, homologous protein or derivative, is nevertheless useful, especially for immunizing animals to prepare anti-CaSP antibodies. In a preferred embodiment, the part or fragment is a CaSP. Methods of determining whether a polypeptide of the present invention is a CaSP are described *infra.*

Polypeptides of the present invention comprising fragments of at least 6 contiguous amino acids are also useful in mapping B cell and T cell epitopes of the reference protein. *See, e.g.*, Geysen *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 81: 3998-4002 (1984) and U.S. Patent Nos. 4,708,871 and 5,595,915, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties. Because the fragment need not itself be immunogenic, part of an immunodominant epitope, nor even recognized by native antibody, to be useful in such epitope mapping, all fragments of at least 6 amino acids of a polypeptide of the present invention have utility in such a study.

Polypeptides of the present invention comprising fragments of at least 8 contiguous amino acids, often at least 15 contiguous amino acids, are useful as immunogens for raising antibodies that recognize polypeptides of the present invention. *See, e.g.*, Lerner, Nature 299: 592-596 (1982); Shinnick *et al.*, *Annu. Rev. Microbiol.* 37: 425-46 (1983); Sutcliffe *et al.*, *Science* 219: 660-6 (1983). As further described in the above-cited references, virtually all 8-mers, conjugated to a carrier, such as a protein, prove immunogenic and are capable of eliciting antibody for the conjugated peptide; accordingly, all fragments of at least 8 amino acids of the polypeptides of the present invention have utility as immunogens.

Polypeptides comprising fragments of at least 8, 9, 10 or 12 contiguous amino acids are also useful as competitive inhibitors of binding of the entire polypeptide, or a portion thereof, to antibodies (as in epitope mapping), and to natural binding partners, such as subunits in a multimeric complex or to receptors or ligands of the subject protein; this competitive inhibition permits identification and separation of molecules that bind specifically to the polypeptide of interest. See U.S. Patent Nos. 5,539,084 and 5,783,674, incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.

The polypeptide of the present invention thus preferably is at least 6 amino acids in length, typically at least 8, 9, 10 or 12 amino acids in length, and often at least 15 amino acids in length. Often, the polypeptide of the present invention is at least 20 amino acids in length, even 25 amino acids, 30 amino acids, 35 amino acids, or 50 amino acids or more in length. Of course, larger polypeptides having at least 75 amino acids, 100 amino acids, or even 150 amino acids are also useful, and at times preferred.

One having ordinary skill in the art can produce fragments by truncating the nucleic acid molecule, *e.g.*, a CaSNA, encoding the polypeptide and then expressing it recombinantly. Alternatively, one can produce a fragment by chemically synthesizing a portion of the full-length polypeptide. One may also produce a fragment by enzymatically cleaving either a recombinant polypeptide or an isolated naturally occurring polypeptide. Methods of producing polypeptide fragments are well known in the art. *See, e.g.*, Sambrook (1989), *supra;* Sambrook (2001), *supra*; Ausubel (1992), *supra*; and Ausubel (1999), *supra*. In one embodiment, a polypeptide comprising only a fragment, preferably a fragment of a CaSP, may be produced by chemical or enzymatic cleavage of a CaSP polypeptide. In a preferred embodiment, a polypeptide fragment is produced by

expressing a nucleic acid molecule of the present invention encoding a fragment, preferably of a CaSP, in a host cell.

Polypeptides of the present invention are also inclusive of mutants, fusion proteins, homologous proteins and allelic variants.

A mutant protein, or mutein, may have the same or different properties compared to a naturally occurring polypeptide and comprises at least one amino acid insertion, duplication, deletion, rearrangement or substitution compared to the amino acid sequence of a native polypeptide. Small deletions and insertions can often be found that do not alter the function of a protein. Muteins may or may not be cancer-specific. Preferably, the mutein is cancer-specific. More preferably the mutein is specific for breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer. Even more preferably the mutein is a polypeptide that comprises at least one amino acid insertion, duplication, deletion, rearrangement or substitution compared to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 142-361. Accordingly, in a preferred embodiment, the mutein is one that exhibits at least 50% sequence identity, more preferably at least 60% sequence identity, even more preferably at least 70%, yet more preferably at least 80% sequence identity to a CaSP comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 142-361. In a yet more preferred embodiment, the mutein exhibits at least 85%, more preferably 90%, even more preferably 95% or 96%, and yet more preferably at least 97%, 98%, 99% or 99.5% sequence identity to a CaSP comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 142-361.

A mutein may be produced by isolation from a naturally occurring mutant cell, tissue or organism. A mutein may be produced by isolation from a cell, tissue or organism that has been experimentally mutagenized. Alternatively, a mutein may be produced by chemical manipulation of a polypeptide, such as by altering the amino acid residue to another amino acid residue using synthetic or semi-synthetic chemical techniques. In a preferred embodiment, a mutein is produced from a host cell comprising a mutated nucleic acid molecule compared to the naturally occurring nucleic acid molecule. For instance, one may produce a mutein of a polypeptide by introducing one or more mutations into a nucleic acid molecule of the invention and then expressing it recombinantly. These mutations may be targeted, in which particular encoded amino acids are altered, or may be untargeted, in which random encoded amino acids within the polypeptide are altered. Muteins with random amino acid alterations can be screened for a particular biological activity or property, particularly whether the polypeptide is cancer-specific, as described

below. Multiple random mutations can be introduced into the gene by methods well known to the art, *e.g.*, by error-prone PCR, shuffling, oligonucleotide-directed mutagenesis, assembly PCR, sexual PCR mutagenesis, *in vivo* mutagenesis, cassette mutagenesis, recursive ensemble mutagenesis, exponential ensemble mutagenesis and site-specific mutagenesis. Methods of producing muteins with targeted or random amino acid alterations are well known in the art. *See, e.g.*, Sambrook (1989), *supra;* Sambrook (2001), *supra*; Ausubel (1992), *supra*; and Ausubel (1999), as well as U.S. Patent No. 5,223,408, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety.

The invention also contemplates polypeptides that are homologous to a polypeptide of the invention. In a preferred embodiment, the polypeptide is homologous to a CaSP. In an even more preferred embodiment, the polypeptide is homologous to a CaSP selected from the group having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 142-361. By homologous polypeptide it is means one that exhibits significant sequence identity to a CaSP, preferably a CaSP having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 142-361. By significant sequence identity it is meant that the homologous polypeptide exhibits at least 50% sequence identity, more preferably at least 60% sequence identity, even more preferably at least 70%, yet more preferably at least 80% sequence identity to a CaSP comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 142-361. More preferred are homologous polypeptides exhibiting at least 85%, more preferably 90%, even more preferably 95% or 96%, and yet more preferably at least 97% or 98% sequence identity to a CaSP comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 142-361. Most preferably, the homologous polypeptide exhibits at least 99%, more preferably 99.5%, even more preferably 99.6%, 99.7%, 99.8% or 99.9% sequence identity to a CaSP comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 142-361. In a preferred embodiment, the amino acid substitutions of the homologous polypeptide are conservative amino acid substitutions as discussed above.

Homologous polypeptides of the present invention also comprise polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid molecule that selectively hybridizes to a CaSNA or an antisense sequence thereof. In this embodiment, it is preferred that the homologous polypeptide be encoded by a nucleic acid molecule that hybridizes to a CaSNA under low stringency, moderate stringency or high stringency conditions, as defined herein. More preferred is a homologous polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid sequence which hybridizes to a CaSNA selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 1-141 or a homologous

polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid molecule that hybridizes to a nucleic acid molecule that encodes a CaSP, preferably an CaSP of SEQ ID NO:142-361 under low stringency, moderate stringency or high stringency conditions, as defined herein.

Homologous polypeptides of the present invention may be naturally occurring and derived from another species, especially one derived from another primate, such as chimpanzee, gorilla, rhesus macaque, or baboon, wherein the homologous polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence that exhibits significant sequence identity to that of SEQ ID NO: 142-361. The homologous polypeptide may also be a naturally occurring polypeptide from a human, when the CaSP is a member of a family of polypeptides. The homologous polypeptide may also be a naturally occurring polypeptide derived from a non-primate, mammalian species, including without limitation, domesticated species, *e.g.*, dog, cat, mouse, rat, rabbit, guinea pig, hamster, cow, horse, goat or pig. The homologous polypeptide may also be a naturally occurring polypeptide derived from a non-mammalian species, such as birds or reptiles. The naturally occurring homologous protein may be isolated directly from humans or other species. Alternatively, the nucleic acid molecule encoding the naturally occurring homologous polypeptide may be isolated and used to express the homologous polypeptide recombinantly. The homologous polypeptide may also be one that is experimentally produced by random mutation of a nucleic acid molecule and subsequent expression of the nucleic acid molecule. Alternatively, the homologous polypeptide may be one that is experimentally produced by directed mutation of one or more codons to alter the encoded amino acid of a CaSP. In a preferred embodiment, the homologous polypeptide encodes a polypeptide that is a CaSP.

Relatedness of proteins can also be characterized using a second functional test, the ability of a first protein competitively to inhibit the binding of a second protein to an antibody. It is, therefore, another aspect of the present invention to provide isolated polpeptide not only identical in sequence to those described with particularity herein, but also to provide isolated polypeptide ("cross-reactive proteins") that competitively inhibit the binding of antibodies to all or to a portion of various of the isolated polypeptides of the present invention. Such competitive inhibition can readily be determined using immunoassays well known in the art.

As discussed above, single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) occur frequently in eukaryotic genomes, and the sequence determined from one individual of a species may differ from other allelic forms present within the population. Thus, polypeptides of the

present invention are also inclusive of those encoded by an allelic variant of a nucleic acid molecule encoding a CaSP. In this embodiment, it is preferred that the polypeptide be encoded by an allelic variant of a gene that encodes a polypeptide having the amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 142-361. More preferred is that the polypeptide be encoded by an allelic variant of a gene that has the nucleic acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 1-141.

Polypeptides of the present invention are also inclusive of derivative polypeptides encoded by a nucleic acid molecule according to the instant invention. In this embodiment, it is preferred that the polypeptide be a CaSP. Also preferred are derivative polypeptides having an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 142-361 and which has been acetylated, carboxylated, phosphorylated, glycosylated, ubiquitinated or other PTMs. In another preferred embodiment, the derivative has been labeled with, *e.g.*, radioactive isotopes such as ^{125}I, ^{32}P, ^{35}S, and ^{3}H. In another preferred embodiment, the derivative has been labeled with fluorophores, chemiluminescent agents, enzymes, and antiligands that can serve as specific binding pair members for a labeled ligand.

Polypeptide modifications are well known to those of skill and have been described in great detail in the scientific literature. Several particularly common modifications, glycosylation, lipid attachment, sulfation, gamma-carboxylation of glutamic acid residues, hydroxylation and ADP-ribosylation, for instance, are described in most basic texts, such as, for instance Creighton, Protein Structure and Molecular Properties, 2nd ed., W. H. Freeman and Company (1993). Many detailed reviews are available on this subject, such as, for example, those provided by Wold, in Johnson (ed.), Posttranslational Covalent Modification of Proteins, pgs. 1-12, Academic Press (1983); Seifter *et al.*, *Meth. Enzymol.* 182: 626-646 (1990) and Rattan *et al.*, *Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci.* 663: 48-62 (1992).

One may determine whether a polypeptide of the invention is likely to be post-translationally modified by analyzing the sequence of the polypeptide to determine if there are peptide motifs indicative of sites for post-translational modification. There are a number of computer programs that permit prediction of post-translational modifications. See, e.g., www.expasy.org (accessed November 11, 2002), which includes PSORT, for prediction of protein sorting signals and localization sites, SignalP, for prediction of signal peptide cleavage sites, MITOPROT and Predotar, for prediction of mitochondrial targeting

sequences, NetOGlyc, for prediction of type O-glycosylation sites in mammalian proteins, big-PI Predictor and DGPI, for prediction of prenylation-anchor and cleavage sites, and NetPhos, for prediction of Ser, Thr and Tyr phosphorylation sites in eukaryotic proteins. Other computer programs, such as those included in GCG, also may be used to determine post-translational modification peptide motifs.

General examples of types of post-translational modifications include, but are not limited to: (Z)-dehydrobutyrine; 1-chondroitin sulfate-L-aspartic acid ester; 1'-glycosyl-L-tryptophan; 1'-phospho-L-histidine; 1-thioglycine; 2'-(S-L-cysteinyl)-L-histidine; 2'-[3-carboxamido (trimethylammonio)propyl]-L-histidine; 2'-alpha-mannosyl-L-tryptophan; 2-methyl-L-glutamine; 2-oxobutanoic acid; 2-pyrrolidone carboxylic acid; 3'-(1'-L-histidyl)-L-tyrosine; 3'-(8alpha-FAD)-L-histidine; 3'-(S-L-cysteinyl)-L-tyrosine; 3', 3",5'-triiodo-L-thyronine; 3'-4'-phospho-L-tyrosine; 3-hydroxy-L-proline; 3'-methyl-L-histidine; 3-methyl-L-lanthionine; 3'-phospho-L-histidine; 4'-(L-tryptophan)-L-tryptophyl quinone; 42 N-cysteinyl-glycosylphosphatidylinositolethanolamine; 43 -(T-L-histidyl)-L-tyrosine; 4-hydroxy-L-arginine; 4-hydroxy-L-lysine; 4-hydroxy-L-proline; 5'-(N6-L-lysine)-L-topaquinone; 5-hydroxy-L-lysine; 5-methyl-L-arginine; alpha-1-microglobulin-Ig alpha complex chromophore; bis-L-cysteinyl bis-L-histidino diiron disulfide; bis-L--cysteinyl-L-N3'-histidino-L-serinyl tetrairon' tetrasulfide; chondroitin sulfate D-glucuronyl-D-galactosyl-D-galactosyl-D-xylosyl-L-serine; D-alanine; D-allo-isoleucine; D-asparagine; dehydroalanine; dehydrotyrosine; dermatan 4-sulfate D-glucuronyl-D-galactosyl-D-galactosyl-D-xylosyl-L-serine; D-glucuronyl-N-glycine; dipyrrolylmethanemethyl-L-cysteine; D-leucine; D-methionine; D-phenylalanine; D-serine; D-tryptophan; glycine amide; glycine oxazolecarboxylic acid; glycine thiazolecarboxylic acid; heme P450-bis-L-cysteine-L-tyrosine; heme-bis-L-cysteine; hemediol-L-aspartyl ester-L-glutamyl ester; hemediol-L-aspartyl ester-L-glutamyl ester-L-methionine sulfonium; heme-L-cysteine; heme-L-histidine; heparan sulfate D-glucuronyl-D-galactosyl-D-galactosyl-D-xylosyl-L-serine; heme P450-bis-L-cysteine-L-lysine; hexakis-L-cysteinyl hexairon hexasulfide; keratan sulfate D-glucuronyl-D-galactosyl-D-galactosyl-D-xylosyl-L-threonine; L oxoalanine- lactic acid; L phenyllactic acid; l'-(8alpha-FAD)-L-histidine; L-2'.4',5'-topaquinone; L-3',4'-dihydroxyphenylalanine; L-3'.4'.5'-trihydroxyphenylalanine; L-4'-bromophenylalanine; L-6'-bromotryptophan; L-alanine amide; L-alanyl imidazolinone glycine; L-allysine; L-arginine amide; L-asparagine amide; L-aspartic 4-phosphoric anhydride; L-aspartic acid 1-amide; L-beta-methylthioaspartic acid; L-bromohistidine; L-

citrulline; L-cysteine amide; L-cysteine glutathione disulfide; L-cysteine methyl disulfide; L-cysteine methyl ester; L-cysteine oxazolecarboxylic acid; L-cysteine oxazolinecarboxylic acid; L-cysteine persulfide; L-cysteine sulfenic acid; L-cysteine sulfinic acid; L-cysteine thiazolecarboxylic acid; L-cysteinyl homocitryl molybdenum-heptairon-nonasulfide; L-cysteinyl imidazolinone glycine; L-cysteinyl molybdopterin; L-cysteinyl molybdopterin guanine dinucleotide; L-cystine; L-erythro-beta-hydroxyasparagine; L-erythro-beta-hydroxyaspartic acid; L-gamma-carboxyglutamic acid; L-glutamic acid 1-amide; L-glutamic acid 5-methyl ester; L-glutamine amide; L-glutamyl 5-glycerylphosphorylethanolamine; L-histidine amide; L-isoglutamyl-polyglutamic acid; L-isoglutamyl-polyglycine; L-isoleucine amide; L-lanthionine; L-leucine amide; L-lysine amide; L-lysine thiazolecarboxylic acid; L-lysinoalanine; L-methionine amide; L-methionine sulfone; L-phenyalanine thiazolecarboxylic acid; L-phenylalanine amide; L-proline amide; L-selenocysteine; L-selenocysteinyl molybdopterin guanine dinucleotide; L-serine amide; L-serine thiazolecarboxylic acid; L-seryl imidazolinone glycine; L-T-bromophenylalanine; L-T-bromophenylalanine; L-threonine amide; L-thyroxine; L-tryptophan amide; L-tryptophyl quinone; L-tyrosine amide; L-valine amide; meso-lanthionine; N-(L-glutamyl)-L-tyrosine; N-(L-isoaspartyl)-glycine; N-(L-isoaspartyl)-L-cysteine; N,N,N-trimethyl-L-alanine; N,N-dimethyl-L-proline; N2-acetyl-L-lysine; N2-succinyl-L-tryptophan; N4-(ADP-ribosyl)-L-asparagine; N4-glycosyl-L-asparagine; N4-hydroxymethyl-L-asparagine; N4-methyl-L-asparagine; N5-methyl-L-glutamine; N6- 1 - carboxyethyl-L-lysine; N6-(4-amino hydroxybutyl)-L-lysine; N6-(L-isoglutamyl)-L-lysine; N6-(phospho-5'-adenosine)-L-lysine; N6-(phospho-5'-guanosine)-L-tysine; N6,N6,N6-trimethyl-L-lysine; N6,N6-dimethyl-L-lysine; N6-acetyl-L-lysine; N6-biotinyl-L-lysine; N6-carboxy-L-lysine; N6-formyl-L-lysine; N6-glycyl-L-lysine; N6-lipoyl-L-lysine; N6-methyl-L-lysine; N6-methyl-N6-poly(N-methyl-propylamine)-L-lysine; N6-mureinyl-L-lysine; N6-myristoyl-L-lysine; N6-palmitoyl-L-lysine; N6-pyridoxal phosphate-L-lysine; N6-pyruvic acid 2-iminyl-L-lysine; N6-retinal-L-lysine; N-acetylglycine; N-acetyl-L-glutamine; N-acetyl-L-alanine; N-acetyl-L-aspartic acid; N-acetyl-L-cysteine; N-acetyl-L-glutamic acid; N-acetyl-L-isoleucine; N-acetyl-L-methionine; N-acetyl-L-proline; N-acetyl-L-serine; N-acetyl-L-threonine; N-acetyl-L-tyrosine; N-acetyl-L-valine; N-alanyl-glycosylphosphatidylinositolethanolamine; N-asparaginyl-glycosylphosphatidylinositolethanolarnine; N-aspartyl-glycosylphosphatidylinositolethanolamine; N-formylglycine; N-formyl-L-methionine; N-

glycyl-glycosylphosphatidylinositolethanolamine; N-L-glutamyl-poly-L-glutamic acid; N-methylglycine; N-methyl-L-alanine; N-methyl-L-methionine; N-methyl-L-phenylalanine; N-myristoyl-glycine; N-palmitoyl-L-cysteine; N-pyruvic acid 2-iminyl-L-cysteine; N-pyruvic acid 2-iminyl-L-valine; N-seryl-glycosylphosphatidylinositolethanolamine; N-seryl-glycosyCaSPhingolipidinositolethanolamine; O-(ADP-ribosyl)-L-serine; O-(phospho-5'-adenosine)-L-threonine; O-(phospho-5'-DNA)-L-serine; O-(phospho-5'-DNA)-L-threonine; O-(phospho-5'rRNA)-L-serine; O-(phosphoribosyl dephospho-coenzyme A)-L-serine; O-(sn-l-glycerophosphoryl)-L-serine; O4'-(8alpha-FAD)-L-tyrosine; O4'-(phospho-5'-adenosine)-L-tyrosine; O4'-(phospho-5'-DNA)-L-tyrosine; O4'-(phospho-5'-RNA)-L-tyrosine; O4'-(phospho-5'-uridine)-L-tyrosine; O4-glycosyl-L-hydroxyproline; O4'-glycosyl-L-tyrosine; O4'-sulfo-L-tyrosine; O5-glycosyl-L-hydroxylysine; O-glycosyl-L-serine; O-glycosyl-L-threonine; omega-N-(ADP-ribosyl)-L-arginine; omega-N-omega-N'-dimethyl-L-arginine; omega-N-methyl-L-arginine; omega-N-omega-N-dimethyl-L-arginine; omega-N-phospho-L-arginine; O'octanoyl-L-serine; O-palmitoyl-L-serine; O-palmitoyl-L-threonine; O-phospho-L-serine; O-phospho-L-threonine; O-phosphopantetheine-L-serine; phycoerythrobilin-bis-L-cysteine; phycourobilin-bis-L-cysteine; pyrroloquinoline quinone; pyruvic acid; S hydroxycinnamyl-L-cysteine; S-(2-aminovinyl) methyl-D-eysteine; S-(2-aminovinyl)-D-cysteine; S-(6-FW-L-cysteine; S-(8alpha-FAD)-L-cysteine; S-(ADP-ribosyl)-L-cysteine; S-(L-isoglutamyl)-L-cysteine; S-12-hydroxyfarnesyl-L-cysteine; S-acetyl-L-cysteine; S-diacylglycerol-L-cysteine; S-diphytanylglycerot diether-L-cysteine; S-farnesyl-L-cysteine; S-geranylgeranyl-L-cysteine; S-glycosyl-L-cysteine; S-glycyl-L-cysteine; S-methyl-L-cysteine; S-nitrosyl-L-cysteine; S-palmitoyl-L-cysteine; S-phospho-L-cysteine; S-phycobiliviolin-L-cysteine; S-phycocyanobilin-L-cysteine; S-phycoerythrobilin-L-cysteine; S-phytochromobilin-L-cysteine; S-selenyl-L-cysteine; S-sulfo-L-cysteine; tetrakis-L-cysteinyl diiron disulfide; tetrakis-L-cysteinyl iron; tetrakis-L-cysteinyl tetrairon tetrasulfide; trans-2,3-cis 4-dihydroxy-L-proline; tris-L-cysteinyl triiron tetrasulfide; tris-L-cysteinyl triiron trisulfide; tris-L-cysteinyl-L-aspartato tetrairon tetrasulfide; tris-L-cysteinyl-L-cysteine persulfido-bis-L-glutamato-L-histidino tetrairon disulfide trioxide; tris-L-cysteinyl-L-N3'-histidino tetrairon tetrasulfide; tris-L-cysteinyl-L-Nl'-histidino tetrairon tetrasulfide; and tris-L-cysteinyl-L-serinyl tetrairon tetrasulfide.

Additional examples of PTMs may be found in web sites such as the Delta Mass database based on Krishna, R. G. and F. Wold (1998). Posttranslational Modifications.

Proteins - Analysis and Design. R. H. Angeletti. San Diego, Academic Press. 1: 121-206. ; Methods in Enzymology, 193, J.A. McClosky (ed) (1990), pages 647-660; Methods in Protein Sequence Analysis edited by Kazutomo Imahori and Fumio Sakiyama, Plenum Press, (1993) "Post-translational modifications of proteins" R.G. Krishna and F. Wold pages 167-172; "GlycoSuiteDB: a new curated relational database of glycoprotein glycan structures and their biological sources" Cooper et al. Nucleic Acids Res. 29; 332-335 (2001) "O-GLYCBASE version 4.0: a revised database of O-glycosylated proteins" Gupta et al. Nucleic Acids Research, 27: 370-372 (1999); and "PhosphoBase, a database of phosphorylation sites: release 2.0.", Kreegipuu et al.Nucleic Acids Res 27(1):237-239 (1999) see also,WO 02/21139A2, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

Tumorigenesis is often accompanied by alterations in the post-translational modifications of proteins. Thus, in another embodiment, the invention provides polypeptides from cancerous cells or tissues that have altered post-translational modifications compared to the post-translational modifications of polypeptides from normal cells or tissues. A number of altered post-translational modifications are known. One common alteration is a change in phosphorylation state, wherein the polypeptide from the cancerous cell or tissue is hyperphosphorylated or hypophosphorylated compared to the polypeptide from a normal tissue, or wherein the polypeptide is phosphorylated on different residues than the polypeptide from a normal cell. Another common alteration is a change in glycosylation state, wherein the polypeptide from the cancerous cell or tissue has more or less glycosylation than the polypeptide from a normal tissue, and/or wherein the polypeptide from the cancerous cell or tissue has a different type of glycosylation than the polypeptide from a noncancerous cell or tissue. Changes in glycosylation may be critical because carbohydrate-protein and carbohydrate-carbohydrate interactions are important in cancer cell progression, dissemination and invasion. See, e.g., Barchi, *Curr. Pharm. Des.* 6: 485-501 (2000), Verma, *Cancer Biochem. Biophys.* 14: 151-162 (1994) and Dennis et al., *Bioessays* 5: 412-421 (1999).

Another post-translational modification that may be altered in cancer cells is prenylation. Prenylation is the covalent attachment of a hydrophobic prenyl group (either farnesyl or geranylgeranyl) to a polypeptide. Prenylation is required for localizing a protein to a cell membrane and is often required for polypeptide function. For instance, the Ras superfamily of GTPase signalling proteins must be prenylated for function in a

cell. See, e.g., Prendergast et al., *Semin. Cancer Biol.* 10: 443-452 (2000) and Khwaja et al., *Lancet* 355: 741-744 (2000).

Other post-translation modifications that may be altered in cancer cells include, without limitation, polypeptide methylation, acetylation, arginylation or racemization of amino acid residues. In these cases, the polypeptide from the cancerous cell may exhibit either increased or decreased amounts of the post-translational modification compared to the corresponding polypeptides from noncancerous cells.

Other polypeptide alterations in cancer cells include abnormal polypeptide cleavage of proteins and aberrant protein-protein interactions. Abnormal polypeptide cleavage may be cleavage of a polypeptide in a cancerous cell that does not usually occur in a normal cell, or a lack of cleavage in a cancerous cell, wherein the polypeptide is cleaved in a normal cell. Aberrant protein-protein interactions may be either covalent cross-linking or non-covalent binding between proteins that do not normally bind to each other. Alternatively, in a cancerous cell, a protein may fail to bind to another protein to which it is bound in a noncancerous cell. Alterations in cleavage or in protein-protein interactions may be due to over- or underproduction of a polypeptide in a cancerous cell compared to that in a normal cell, or may be due to alterations in post-translational modifications (see above) of one or more proteins in the cancerous cell. See, e.g., Henschen-Edman, *Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci.* 936: 580-593 (2001).

Alterations in polypeptide post-translational modifications, as well as changes in polypeptide cleavage and protein-protein interactions, may be determined by any method known in the art. For instance, alterations in phosphorylation may be determined by using anti-phosphoserine, anti-phosphothreonine or anti-phosphotyrosine antibodies or by amino acid analysis. Glycosylation alterations may be determined using antibodies specific for different sugar residues, by carbohydrate sequencing, or by alterations in the size of the glycoprotein, which can be determined by, e.g., SDS polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (PAGE). Other alterations of post-translational modifications, such as prenylation, racemization, methylation, acetylation and arginylation, may be determined by chemical analysis, protein sequencing, amino acid analysis, or by using antibodies specific for the particular post-translational modifications. Changes in protein-protein interactions and in polypeptide cleavage may be analyzed by any method known in the art including, without limitation, non-denaturing PAGE (for non-covalent protein-protein interactions), SDS

PAGE (for covalent protein-protein interactions and protein cleavage), chemical cleavage, protein sequencing or immunoassays.

In another embodiment, the invention provides polypeptides that have been post-translationally modified. In one embodiment, polypeptides may be modified enzymatically or chemically, by addition or removal of a post-translational modification. For example, a polypeptide may be glycosylated or deglycosylated enzymatically. Similarly, polypeptides may be phosphorylated using a purified kinase, such as a MAP kinase (e.g, p38, ERK, or JNK) or a tyrosine kinase (e.g., Src or erbB2). A polypeptide may also be modified through synthetic chemistry. Alternatively, one may isolate the polypeptide of interest from a cell or tissue that expresses the polypeptide with the desired post-translational modification. In another embodiment, a nucleic acid molecule encoding the polypeptide of interest is introduced into a host cell that is capable of post-translationally modifying the encoded polypeptide in the desired fashion. If the polypeptide does not contain a motif for a desired post-translational modification, one may alter the post-translational modification by mutating the nucleic acid sequence of a nucleic acid molecule encoding the polypeptide so that it contains a site for the desired post-translational modification. Amino acid sequences that may be post-translationally modified are known in the art. See, e.g., the programs described above on the website www.expasy.org. The nucleic acid molecule may also be introduced into a host cell that is capable of post-translationally modifying the encoded polypeptide. Similarly, one may delete sites that are post-translationally modified by either mutating the nucleic acid sequence so that the encoded polypeptide does not contain the post-translational modification motif, or by introducing the native nucleic acid molecule into a host cell that is not capable of post-translationally modifying the encoded polypeptide.

It will be appreciated, as is well known and as noted above, that polypeptides are not always entirely linear. For instance, polypeptides may be branched as a result of ubiquitination, and they may be circular, with or without branching, generally as a result of posttranslation events, including natural processing event and events brought about by human manipulation which do not occur naturally. Circular, branched and branched circular polypeptides may be synthesized by non-translation natural process and by entirely synthetic methods, as well. Modifications can occur anywhere in a polypeptide, including the peptide backbone, the amino acid side-chains and the amino or carboxyl termini. In fact, blockage of the amino or carboxyl group in a polypeptide, or both, by a

covalent modification, is common in naturally occurring and synthetic polypeptides and such modifications may be present in polypeptides of the present invention, as well. For instance, the amino terminal residue of polypeptides made in *E. coli*, prior to proteolytic processing, almost invariably will be N-formylmethionine.

Useful post-synthetic (and post-translational) modifications include conjugation to detectable labels, such as fluorophores. A wide variety of amine-reactive and thiol-reactive fluorophore derivatives have been synthesized that react under nondenaturing conditions with N-terminal amino groups and epsilon amino groups of lysine residues, on the one hand, and with free thiol groups of cysteine residues, on the other.

Kits are available commercially that permit conjugation of proteins to a variety of amine-reactive or thiol-reactive fluorophores: Molecular Probes, Inc. (Eugene, OR, USA), *e.g.*, offers kits for conjugating proteins to Alexa Fluor 350, Alexa Fluor 430, Fluorescein-EX, Alexa Fluor 488, Oregon Green 488, Alexa Fluor 532, Alexa Fluor 546, Alexa Fluor 546, Alexa Fluor 568, Alexa Fluor 594, and Texas Red-X.

A wide variety of other amine-reactive and thiol-reactive fluorophores are available commercially (Molecular Probes, Inc., Eugene, OR, USA), including Alexa Fluor® 350, Alexa Fluor® 488, Alexa Fluor® 532, Alexa Fluor® 546, Alexa Fluor® 568, Alexa Fluor® 594, Alexa Fluor® 647 (monoclonal antibody labeling kits available from Molecular Probes, Inc., Eugene, OR, USA), BODIPY dyes, such as BODIPY 493/503, BODIPY FL, BODIPY R6G, BODIPY 530/550, BODIPY TMR, BODIPY 558/568, BODIPY 558/568, BODIPY 564/570, BODIPY 576/589, BODIPY 581/591, BODIPY TR, BODIPY 630/650, BODIPY 650/665, Cascade Blue, Cascade Yellow, Dansyl, lissamine rhodamine B, Marina Blue, Oregon Green 488, Oregon Green 514, Pacific Blue, rhodamine 6G, rhodamine green, rhodamine red, tetramethylrhodamine, Texas Red (available from Molecular Probes, Inc., Eugene, OR, USA).

The polypeptides of the present invention can also be conjugated to fluorophores, other proteins, and other macromolecules, using bifunctional linking reagents. Common homobifunctional reagents include, *e.g.*, APG, AEDP, BASED, BMB, BMDB, BMH, BMOE, BM[PEO]3, BM[PEO]4, BS3, BSOCOES, DFDNB, DMA, DMP, DMS, DPDPB, DSG, DSP (Lomant's Reagent), DSS, DST, DTBP, DTME, DTSSP, EGS, HBVS, Sulfo-BSOCOES, Sulfo-DST, Sulfo-EGS (all available from Pierce, Rockford, IL, USA); common heterobifunctional cross-linkers include ABH, AMAS, ANB-NOS, APDP, ASBA, BMPA, BMPH, BMPS, EDC, EMCA, EMCH, EMCS, KMUA, KMUH, GMBS,

LC-SMCC, LC-SPDP, MBS, M2C2H, MPBH, MSA, NHS-ASA, PDPH, PMPI, SADP, SAED, SAND, SANPAH, SASD, SATP, SBAP, SFAD, SIA, SIAB, SMCC, SMPB, SMPH, SMPT, SPDP, Sulfo-EMCS, Sulfo-GMBS, Sulfo-HSAB, Sulfo-KMUS, Sulfo-LC-SPDP, Sulfo-MBS, Sulfo-NHS-LC-ASA, Sulfo-SADP, Sulfo-SANPAH, Sulfo-SIAB, Sulfo-SMCC, Sulfo-SMPB, Sulfo-LC-SMPT, SVSB, TFCS (all available Pierce, Rockford, IL, USA).

Polypeptides of the present invention, including full length polypeptides, fragments and fusion proteins, can be conjugated, using such cross-linking reagents, to fluorophores that are not amine- or thiol-reactive. Other labels that usefully can be conjugated to polypeptides of the present invention include radioactive labels, echosonographic contrast reagents, and MRI contrast agents.

Polypeptides of the present invention, including full length polypeptide, fragments and fusion proteins, can also usefully be conjugated using cross-linking agents to carrier proteins, such as KLH, bovine thyroglobulin, and even bovine serum albumin (BSA), to increase immunogenicity for raising anti-CaSP antibodies.

Polypeptides of the present invention, including full length polypeptide, fragments and fusion proteins, can also usefully be conjugated to polyethylene glycol (PEG); PEGylation increases the serum half life of proteins administered intravenously for replacement therapy. Delgado *et al.*, *Crit. Rev. Ther. Drug Carrier Syst.* 9(3-4): 249-304 (1992); Scott *et al.*, *Curr. Pharm. Des.* 4(6): 423-38 (1998); DeSantis *et al.*, *Curr. Opin. Biotechnol.* 10(4): 324-30 (1999). PEG monomers can be attached to the protein directly or through a linker, with PEGylation using PEG monomers activated with tresyl chloride (2,2,2-trifluoroethanesulphonyl chloride) permitting direct attachment under mild conditions.

Polypeptides of the present invention are also inclusive of analogs of a polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid molecule according to the instant invention. In a preferred embodiment, this polypeptide is a CaSP. In a more preferred embodiment, this polypeptide is derived from a polypeptide having part or all of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 142-361. Also preferred is an analog polypeptide comprising one or more substitutions of non-natural amino acids or non-native inter-residue bonds compared to the naturally occurring polypeptide. In one embodiment, the analog is structurally similar to a CaSP, but one or more peptide linkages is replaced by a linkage selected from the group consisting of --CH_2NH--, --CH_2S--, --CH_2-CH_2--, --CH=CH--(cis and trans), --$COCH_2$--,

--$CH(OH)CH_2$-- and –CH_2SO--. In another embodiment, the analog comprises substitution of one or more amino acids of a CaSP with a D-amino acid of the same type or other non-natural amino acid in order to generate more stable peptides. D-amino acids can readily be incorporated during chemical peptide synthesis: peptides assembled from D-amino acids are more resistant to proteolytic attack; incorporation of D-amino acids can also be used to confer specific three-dimensional conformations on the peptide. Other amino acid analogues commonly added during chemical synthesis include ornithine, norleucine, phosphorylated amino acids (typically phosphoserine, phosphothreonine, phosphotyrosine), L-malonyltyrosine, a non-hydrolyzable analog of phosphotyrosine (*see, e.g.,* Kole *et al.*, *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Com.* 209: 817-821 (1995)), and various halogenated phenylalanine derivatives.

Non-natural amino acids can be incorporated during solid phase chemical synthesis or by recombinant techniques, although the former is typically more common. Solid phase chemical synthesis of peptides is well established in the art. Procedures are described, *inter alia*, in Chan *et al.* (eds.), Fmoc Solid Phase Peptide Synthesis: A Practical Approach (Practical Approach Series), Oxford Univ. Press (March 2000); Jones, Amino Acid and Peptide Synthesis (Oxford Chemistry Primers, No 7), Oxford Univ. Press (1992); and Bodanszky, Principles of Peptide Synthesis (Springer Laboratory), Springer Verlag (1993).

Amino acid analogues having detectable labels are also usefully incorporated during synthesis to provide derivatives and analogs. Biotin, for example can be added using biotinoyl--(9-fluorenylmethoxycarbonyl)-L-lysine (FMOC biocytin) (Molecular Probes, Eugene, OR, USA). Biotin can also be added enzymatically by incorporation into a fusion protein of a *E. coli* BirA substrate peptide. The FMOC and *t*BOC derivatives of dabcyl-L-lysine (Molecular Probes, Inc., Eugene, OR, USA) can be used to incorporate the dabcyl chromophore at selected sites in the peptide sequence during synthesis. The aminonaphthalene derivative EDANS, the most common fluorophore for pairing with the dabcyl quencher in fluorescence resonance energy transfer (FRET) systems, can be introduced during automated synthesis of peptides by using EDANS--FMOC-L-glutamic acid or the corresponding *t*BOC derivative (both from Molecular Probes, Inc., Eugene, OR, USA). Tetramethylrhodamine fluorophores can be incorporated during automated FMOC synthesis of peptides using (FMOC)--TMR-L-lysine (Molecular Probes, Inc. Eugene, OR, USA).

Other useful amino acid analogues that can be incorporated during chemical synthesis include aspartic acid, glutamic acid, lysine, and tyrosine analogues having allyl side-chain protection (Applied Biosystems, Inc., Foster City, CA, USA); the allyl side chain permits synthesis of cyclic, branched-chain, sulfonated, glycosylated, and phosphorylated peptides.

A large number of other FMOC-protected non-natural amino acid analogues capable of incorporation during chemical synthesis are available commercially, including, *e.g.*, Fmoc-2-aminobicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylic acid, Fmoc-3-endo-aminobicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-endo-carboxylic acid, Fmoc-3-exo-aminobicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-exo-carboxylic acid, Fmoc-3-endo-amino-bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-endo-carboxylic acid, Fmoc-3-exo-amino-bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2-exo-carboxylic acid, Fmoc-cis-2-amino-1-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid, Fmoc-trans-2-amino-1-cyclohexanecarboxylic acid, Fmoc-1-amino-1-cyclopentanecarboxylic acid, Fmoc-cis-2-amino-1-cyclopentanecarboxylic acid, Fmoc-1-amino-1-cyclopropanecarboxylic acid, Fmoc-D-2-amino-4-(ethylthio)butyric acid, Fmoc-L-2-amino-4-(ethylthio)butyric acid, Fmoc-L-buthionine, Fmoc-S-methyl-L-Cysteine, Fmoc-2-aminobenzoic acid (anthranillic acid), Fmoc-3-aminobenzoic acid, Fmoc-4-aminobenzoic acid, Fmoc-2-aminobenzophenone-2'-carboxylic acid, Fmoc-N-(4-aminobenzoyl)-β-alanine, Fmoc-2-amino-4,5-dimethoxybenzoic acid, Fmoc-4-aminohippuric acid, Fmoc-2-amino-3-hydroxybenzoic acid, Fmoc-2-amino-5-hydroxybenzoic acid, Fmoc-3-amino-4-hydroxybenzoic acid, Fmoc-4-amino-3-hydroxybenzoic acid, Fmoc-4-amino-2-hydroxybenzoic acid, Fmoc-5-amino-2-hydroxybenzoic acid, Fmoc-2-amino-3-methoxybenzoic acid, Fmoc-4-amino-3-methoxybenzoic acid, Fmoc-2-amino-3-methylbenzoic acid, Fmoc-2-amino-5-methylbenzoic acid, Fmoc-2-amino-6-methylbenzoic acid, Fmoc-3-amino-2-methylbenzoic acid, Fmoc-3-amino-4-methylbenzoic acid, Fmoc-4-amino-3-methylbenzoic acid, Fmoc-3-amino-2-naphtoic acid, Fmoc-D,L-3-amino-3-phenylpropionic acid, Fmoc-L-Methyldopa, Fmoc-2-amino-4,6-dimethyl-3-pyridinecarboxylic acid, Fmoc-D,L-amino-2-thiophenacetic acid, Fmoc-4-(carboxymethyl)piperazine, Fmoc-4-carboxypiperazine, Fmoc-4-(carboxymethyl)homopiperazine, Fmoc-4-phenyl-4-piperidinecarboxylic acid, Fmoc-L-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronorharman-3-carboxylic acid, Fmoc-L-thiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid, all available from The Peptide Laboratory (Richmond, CA, USA).

Non-natural residues can also be added biosynthetically by engineering a suppressor tRNA, typically one that recognizes the UAG stop codon, by chemical aminoacylation with the desired unnatural amino acid. Conventional site-directed mutagenesis is used to introduce the chosen stop codon UAG at the site of interest in the protein gene. When the acylated suppressor tRNA and the mutant gene are combined in an *in vitro* transcription/translation system, the unnatural amino acid is incorporated in response to the UAG codon to give a protein containing that amino acid at the specified position. Liu *et al.*, *Proc. Natl Acad. Sci. USA* 96(9): 4780-5 (1999); Wang *et al.*, *Science* 292(5516): 498-500 (2001).

Fusion Proteins

Another aspect of the present invention relates to the fusion of a polypeptide of the present invention to heterologous polypeptides. In a preferred embodiment, the polypeptide of the present invention is a CaSP. In a more preferred embodiment, the polypeptide of the present invention that is fused to a heterologous polypeptide comprises part or all of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 142-361, or is a mutein, homologous polypeptide, analog or derivative thereof. In an even more preferred embodiment, the fusion protein is encoded by a nucleic acid molecule comprising all or part of the nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1-141, or comprises all or part of a nucleic acid sequence that selectively hybridizes or is homologous to a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1-141.

The fusion proteins of the present invention will include at least one fragment of a polypeptide of the present invention, which fragment is at least 6, typically at least 8, often at least 15, and usefully at least 16, 17, 18, 19, or 20 amino acids long. The fragment of the polypeptide of the present to be included in the fusion can usefully be at least 25 amino acids long, at least 50 amino acids long, and can be at least 75, 100, or even 150 amino acids long. Fusions that include the entirety of a polypeptide of the present invention have particular utility.

The heterologous polypeptide included within the fusion protein of the present invention is at least 6 amino acids in length, often at least 8 amino acids in length, and preferably at least 15, 20, or 25 amino acids in length. Fusions that include larger polypeptides, such as the IgG Fc region, and even entire proteins (such as GFP chromophore-containing proteins) are particularly useful.

As described above in the description of vectors and expression vectors of the present invention, which discussion is incorporated here by reference in its entirety, heterologous polypeptides to be included in the fusion proteins of the present invention can usefully include those designed to facilitate purification and/or visualization of recombinantly-expressed proteins. *See, e.g.*, Ausubel, Chapter 16, (1992), *supra*. Although purification tags can also be incorporated into fusions that are chemically synthesized, chemical synthesis typically provides sufficient purity that further purification by HPLC suffices; however, visualization tags as above described retain their utility even when the protein is produced by chemical synthesis, and when so included render the fusion proteins of the present invention useful as directly detectable markers of the presence of a polypeptide of the invention.

As also discussed above, heterologous polypeptides to be included in the fusion proteins of the present invention can usefully include those that facilitate secretion of recombinantly expressed proteins into the periplasmic space or extracellular milieu for prokaryotic hosts or into the culture medium for eukaryotic cells through incorporation of secretion signals and/or leader sequences. For example, a His^6 tagged protein can be purified on a Ni affinity column and a GST fusion protein can be purified on a glutathione affinity column. Similarly, a fusion protein comprising the Fc domain of IgG can be purified on a Protein A or Protein G column and a fusion protein comprising an epitope tag such as myc can be purified using an immunoaffinity column containing an anti-c-myc antibody. It is preferable that the epitope tag be separated from the protein encoded by the essential gene by an enzymatic cleavage site that can be cleaved after purification. See also the discussion of nucleic acid molecules encoding fusion proteins that may be expressed on the surface of a cell.

Other useful fusion proteins of the present invention include those that permit use of the polypeptide of the present invention as bait in a yeast two-hybrid system. *See* Bartel *et al.* (eds.), The Yeast Two-Hybrid System, Oxford University Press (1997); Zhu *et al.*, Yeast Hybrid Technologies, Eaton Publishing (2000); Fields *et al.*, *Trends Genet.* 10(8): 286-92 (1994); Mendelsohn *et al.*, *Curr. Opin. Biotechnol.* 5(5): 482-6 (1994); Luban *et al.*, *Curr. Opin. Biotechnol.* 6(1): 59-64 (1995); Allen *et al.*, *Trends Biochem. Sci.* 20(12): 511-6 (1995); Drees, *Curr. Opin. Chem. Biol.* 3(1): 64-70 (1999); Topcu *et al.*, *Pharm. Res.* 17(9): 1049-55 (2000); Fashena *et al.*, *Gene* 250(1-2): 1-14 (2000); Colas *et al.*, *Nature* 380, 548-550 (1996); Norman, T. *et al.*, *Science* 285, 591-595 (1999);

Fabbrizio *et al.*, *Oncogene* 18, 4357-4363 (1999); Xu *et al.*, *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A.* 94, 12473-12478 (1997); Yang, *et al.*, *Nuc. Acids Res.* 23, 1152-1156 (1995); Kolonin *et al.*, *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A* 95, 14266-14271 (1998); Cohen *et al.*, *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A* 95, 14272-14277 (1998); Uetz, *et al. Nature* 403, 623-627(2000); Ito, *et al.*, *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A* 98, 4569-4574 (2001). Typically, such fusion is to either *E. coli* LexA or yeast GAL4 DNA binding domains. Related bait plasmids are available that express the bait fused to a nuclear localization signal.

Other useful fusion proteins include those that permit display of the encoded polypeptide on the surface of a phage or cell, fusions to intrinsically fluorescent proteins, such as green fluorescent protein (GFP), and fusions to the IgG Fc region, as described above.

The polypeptides of the present invention can also usefully be fused to protein toxins, such as Pseudomonas exotoxin A, diphtheria toxin, shiga toxin A, anthrax toxin lethal factor, ricin, in order to effect ablation of cells that bind or take up the proteins of the present invention.

Fusion partners include, *inter alia*, *myc*, hemagglutinin (HA), GST, immunoglobulins, β-galactosidase, biotin trpE, protein A, β-lactamase, α-amylase, maltose binding protein, alcohol dehydrogenase, polyhistidine (for example, six histidine at the amino and/or carboxyl terminus of the polypeptide), lacZ, green fluorescent protein (GFP), yeast α mating factor, GAL4 transcription activation or DNA binding domain, luciferase, and serum proteins such as ovalbumin, albumin and the constant domain of IgG. *See, e.g.*, Ausubel (1992), *supra* and Ausubel (1999), *supra*. Fusion proteins may also contain sites for specific enzymatic cleavage, such as a site that is recognized by enzymes such as Factor XIII, trypsin, pepsin, or any other enzyme known in the art. Fusion proteins will typically be made by either recombinant nucleic acid methods, as described above, chemically synthesized using techniques well known in the art (*e.g.*, a Merrifield synthesis), or produced by chemical cross-linking.

Another advantage of fusion proteins is that the epitope tag can be used to bind the fusion protein to a plate or column through an affinity linkage for screening binding proteins or other molecules that bind to the CaSP.

As further described below, the polypeptides of the present invention can readily be used as specific immunogens to raise antibodies that specifically recognize polypeptides of the present invention including CaSPs and their allelic variants and

homologues. The antibodies, in turn, can be used, *inter alia*, specifically to assay for the polypeptides of the present invention, particularly CaSPs, *e.g.* by ELISA for detection of protein fluid samples, such as serum, by immunohistochemistry or laser scanning cytometry, for detection of protein in tissue samples, or by flow cytometry, for detection of intracellular protein in cell suspensions, for specific antibody-mediated isolation and/or purification of CaSPs, as for example by immunoprecipitation, and for use as specific agonists or antagonists of CaSPs.

One may determine whether polypeptides of the present invention including CaSPs, muteins, homologous proteins or allelic variants or fusion proteins of the present invention are functional by methods known in the art. For instance, residues that are tolerant of change while retaining function can be identified by altering the polypeptide at known residues using methods known in the art, such as alanine scanning mutagenesis, Cunningham *et al.*, *Science* 244(4908): 1081-5 (1989); transposon linker scanning mutagenesis, Chen *et al.*, *Gene* 263(1-2): 39-48 (2001); combinations of homolog- and alanine-scanning mutagenesis, Jin *et al.*, *J. Mol. Biol.* 226(3): 851-65 (1992); combinatorial alanine scanning, Weiss *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci USA* 97(16): 8950-4 (2000), followed by functional assay. Transposon linker scanning kits are available commercially (New England Biolabs, Beverly, MA, USA, catalog. no. E7-102S; EZ::TN™ In-Frame Linker Insertion Kit, catalogue no. EZI04KN, (Epicentre Technologies Corporation, Madison, WI, USA).

Purification of the polypeptides or fusion proteins of the present invention is well known and within the skill of one having ordinary skill in the art. *See, e.g.*, Scopes, Protein Purification, 2d ed. (1987). Purification of recombinantly expressed polypeptides is described above. Purification of chemically-synthesized peptides can readily be effected, *e.g.*, by HPLC.

Accordingly, it is an aspect of the present invention to provide the isolated polypeptides or fusion proteins of the present invention in pure or substantially pure form in the presence of absence of a stabilizing agent. Stabilizing agents include both proteinaceous and non-proteinaceous material and are well known in the art. Stabilizing agents, such as albumin and polyethylene glycol (PEG) are known and are commercially available.

Although high levels of purity are preferred when the isolated polypeptide or fusion protein of the present invention are used as therapeutic agents, such as in vaccines

and replacement therapy, the isolated polypeptides of the present invention are also useful at lower purity. For example, partially purified polypeptides of the present invention can be used as immunogens to raise antibodies in laboratory animals.

In a preferred embodiment, the purified and substantially purified polypeptides of the present invention are in compositions that lack detectable ampholytes, acrylamide monomers, bis-acrylamide monomers, and polyacrylamide.

The polypeptides or fusion proteins of the present invention can usefully be attached to a substrate. The substrate can be porous or solid, planar or non-planar; the bond can be covalent or noncovalent. For example, the peptides of the invention may be stabilized by covalent linkage to albumin. See, U.S. Patent No. 5,876,969, the contents of which are hereby incorporated in its entirety.

For example, the polypeptides or fusion proteins of the present invention can usefully be bound to a porous substrate, commonly a membrane, typically comprising nitrocellulose, polyvinylidene fluoride (PVDF), or cationically derivatized, hydrophilic PVDF; so bound, the polypeptides or fusion proteins of the present invention can be used to detect and quantify antibodies, *e.g.* in serum, that bind specifically to the immobilized polypeptide or fusion protein of the present invention.

As another example, the polypeptides or fusion proteins of the present invention can usefully be bound to a substantially nonporous substrate, such as plastic, to detect and quantify antibodies, *e.g.* in serum, that bind specifically to the immobilized protein of the present invention. Such plastics include polymethylacrylic, polyethylene, polypropylene, polyacrylate, polymethylmethacrylate, polyvinylchloride, polytetrafluoroethylene, polystyrene, polycarbonate, polyacetal, polysulfone, celluloseacetate, cellulosenitrate, nitrocellulose, or mixtures thereof; when the assay is performed in a standard microtiter dish, the plastic is typically polystyrene.

The polypeptides and fusion proteins of the present invention can also be attached to a substrate suitable for use as a surface enhanced laser desorption ionization source; so attached, the polypeptide or fusion protein of the present invention is useful for binding and then detecting secondary proteins that bind with sufficient affinity or avidity to the surface-bound polypeptide or fusion protein to indicate biologic interaction there between. The polypeptides or fusion proteins of the present invention can also be attached to a substrate suitable for use in surface plasmon resonance detection; so attached, the polypeptide or fusion protein of the present invention is useful for binding and then

detecting secondary proteins that bind with sufficient affinity or avidity to the surface-bound polypeptide or fusion protein to indicate biological interaction there between.

Alternative Transcripts

In antother aspect, the present invention provides splice variants of genes and proteins encoded thereby. The identification of a novel splice varaint which encodes an amino acid sequence with a novel region can be targeted for the generation of reagents for use in detection and/or treatment of cancer. The novel amino acid sequence may lead to a unique protein structure, protein subcellular localization, biochemical processing or function of the splice varaint. This information can be used to directly or indirectly facilitate the generation of additional or novel therapeutics or diagnostics. The nucleotide sequence in this novel splice variant can be used as a nucleic acid probe for the diagnosis and/or treatment of cancer.

Specifically, the newly identified sequences may enable the production of new antibodies or compounds directed against the novel region for use as a therapeutic or diagnostic. Alternatively, the newly identified sequences may alter the biochemical or biological properties of the encoded protein in such a way as to enable the generation of improved or different therapeutics targeting this protein.

Antibodies

In another aspect, the invention provides antibodies, including fragments and derivatives thereof, that bind specifically to polypeptides encoded by the nucleic acid molecules of the invention. In a preferred embodiment, the antibodies are specific for a polypeptide that is a CaSP, or a fragment, mutein, derivative, analog or fusion protein thereof. In a more preferred embodiment, the antibodies are specific for a polypeptide that comprises SEQ ID NO: 142-361, or a fragment, mutein, derivative, analog or fusion protein thereof.

The antibodies of the present invention can be specific for linear epitopes, discontinuous epitopes, or conformational epitopes of such proteins or protein fragments, either as present on the protein in its native conformation or, in some cases, as present on the proteins as denatured, as, *e.g.*, by solubilization in SDS. New epitopes may be also due to a difference in post translational modifications (PTMs) in disease versus normal tissue. For example, a particular site on a CaSP may be glycosylated in cancerous cells, but not glycosylated in normal cells or vis versa. In addition, alternative splice forms of a

CaSP may be indicative of cancer. Differential degradation of the C or N-terminus of a CaSP may also be a marker or target for anticancer therapy. For example, an CaSP may be N-terminal degraded in cancer cells exposing new epitopes to which antibodies may selectively bind for diagnostic or therapeutic uses.

As is well known in the art, the degree to which an antibody can discriminate as among molecular species in a mixture will depend, in part, upon the conformational relatedness of the species in the mixture; typically, the antibodies of the present invention will discriminate over adventitious binding to non-CaSP polypeptides by at least two-fold, more typically by at least 5-fold, typically by more than 10-fold, 25-fold, 50-fold, 75-fold, and often by more than 100-fold, and on occasion by more than 500-fold or 1000-fold. When used to detect the proteins or protein fragments of the present invention, the antibody of the present invention is sufficiently specific when it can be used to determine the presence of the polypeptide of the present invention in samples derived from normal or cancerous human breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue.

Typically, the affinity or avidity of an antibody (or antibody multimer, as in the case of an IgM pentamer) of the present invention for a protein or protein fragment of the present invention will be at least about 1×10^{-6} molar (M), typically at least about 5×10^{-7} M, 1×10^{-7} M, with affinities and avidities of at least 1×10^{-8} M, 5×10^{-9} M, 1×10^{-10} M and up to $1 \text{ X } 10^{-13}$ M proving especially useful.

The antibodies of the present invention can be naturally occurring forms, such as IgG, IgM, IgD, IgE, IgY, and IgA, from any avian, reptilian, or mammalian species.

Human antibodies can, but will infrequently, be drawn directly from human donors or human cells. In such case, antibodies to the polypeptides of the present invention will typically have resulted from fortuitous immunization, such as autoimmune immunization, with the polypeptide of the present invention. Such antibodies will typically, but will not invariably, be polyclonal. In addition, individual polyclonal antibodies may be isolated and cloned to generate monoclonals.

Human antibodies are more frequently obtained using transgenic animals that express human immunoglobulin genes, which transgenic animals can be affirmatively immunized with the protein immunogen of the present invention. Human Ig-transgenic mice capable of producing human antibodies and methods of producing human antibodies therefrom upon specific immunization are described, *inter alia*, in U.S. Patent Nos. 6,162,963; 6,150,584; 6,114,598; 6,075,181; 5,939,598; 5,877,397; 5,874,299; 5,814,318;

5,789,650; 5,770,429; 5,661,016; 5,633,425; 5,625,126; 5,569,825; 5,545,807; 5,545,806, and 5,591,669, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties. Such antibodies are typically monoclonal, and are typically produced using techniques developed for production of murine antibodies.

Human antibodies are particularly useful, and often preferred, when the antibodies of the present invention are to be administered to human beings as *in vivo* diagnostic or therapeutic agents, since recipient immune response to the administered antibody will often be substantially less than that occasioned by administration of an antibody derived from another species, such as mouse.

IgG, IgM, IgD, IgE, IgY, and IgA antibodies of the present invention are also usefully obtained from other species, including mammals such as rodents (typically mouse, but also rat, guinea pig, and hamster), lagomorphs (typically rabbits), and also larger mammals, such as sheep, goats, cows, and horses; or egg laying birds or reptiles such as chickens or alligators. In such cases, as with the transgenic human-antibody-producing non-human mammals, fortuitous immunization is not required, and the non-human mammal is typically affirmatively immunized, according to standard immunization protocols, with the polypeptide of the present invention. One form of avian antibodies may be generated using techniques described in WO 00/29444, published 25 May 2000.

As discussed above, virtually all fragments of 8 or more contiguous amino acids of a polypeptide of the present invention can be used effectively as immunogens when conjugated to a carrier, typically a protein such as bovine thyroglobulin, keyhole limpet hemocyanin, or bovine serum albumin, conveniently using a bifunctional linker such as those described elsewhere above, which discussion is incorporated by reference here.

Immunogenicity can also be conferred by fusion of the polypeptide of the present invention to other moieties. For example, polypeptides of the present invention can be produced by solid phase synthesis on a branched polylysine core matrix; these multiple antigenic peptides (MAPs) provide high purity, increased avidity, accurate chemical definition and improved safety in vaccine development. Tam *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 85: 5409-5413 (1988); Posnett *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.* 263: 1719-1725 (1988).

Protocols for immunizing non-human mammals or avian species are well-established in the art. *See* Harlow *et al.* (eds.), Using Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory (1998); Coligan *et al.* (eds.), Current Protocols in Immunology, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. (2001); Zola, Monoclonal Antibodies: Preparation

and Use of Monoclonal Antibodies and Engineered Antibody Derivatives (Basics: From Background to Bench), Springer Verlag (2000); Gross M, Speck *J.Dtsch. Tierarztl. Wochenschr.* 103: 417-422 (1996). Immunization protocols often include multiple immunizations, either with or without adjuvants such as Freund's complete adjuvant and Freund's incomplete adjuvant, and may include naked DNA immunization (Moss, *Semin. Immunol.* 2: 317-327 (1990).

Antibodies from non-human mammals and avian species can be polyclonal or monoclonal, with polyclonal antibodies having certain advantages in immunohistochemical detection of the polypeptides of the present invention and monoclonal antibodies having advantages in identifying and distinguishing particular epitopes of the polypeptides of the present invention. Antibodies from avian species may have particular advantage in detection of the polypeptides of the present invention, in human serum or tissues (Vikinge et al., *Biosens. Bioelectron.* 13: 1257-1262 (1998). Following immunization, the antibodies of the present invention can be obtained using any art-accepted technique. Such techniques are well known in the art and are described in detail in references such as Coligan, *supra*; Zola, *supra*; Howard *et al.* (eds.), Basic Methods in Antibody Production and Characterization, CRC Press (2000); Harlow, *supra*; Davis (ed.), Monoclonal Antibody Protocols, Vol. 45, Humana Press (1995); Delves (ed.), Antibody Production: Essential Techniques, John Wiley & Son Ltd (1997); and Kenney, Antibody Solution: An Antibody Methods Manual, Chapman & Hall (1997).

Briefly, such techniques include, *inter alia*, production of monoclonal antibodies by hybridomas and expression of antibodies or fragments or derivatives thereof from host cells engineered to express immunoglobulin genes or fragments thereof. These two methods of production are not mutually exclusive: genes encoding antibodies specific for the polypeptides of the present invention can be cloned from hybridomas and thereafter expressed in other host cells. Nor need the two necessarily be performed together: *e.g.*, genes encoding antibodies specific for the polypeptides of the present invention can be cloned directly from B cells known to be specific for the desired protein, as further described in U.S. Patent No. 5,627,052, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety, or from antibody-displaying phage.

Recombinant expression in host cells is particularly useful when fragments or derivatives of the antibodies of the present invention are desired.

Host cells for recombinant antibody production of whole antibodies, antibody fragments, or antibody derivatives can be prokaryotic or eukaryotic.

Prokaryotic hosts are particularly useful for producing phage displayed antibodies of the present invention.

The technology of phage-displayed antibodies, in which antibody variable region fragments are fused, for example, to the gene III protein (pIII) or gene VIII protein (pVIII) for display on the surface of filamentous phage, such as M13, is by now well-established. *See, e.g.*, Sidhu, *Curr. Opin. Biotechnol.* 11(6): 610-6 (2000); Griffiths *et al.*, *Curr. Opin. Biotechnol.* 9(1): 102-8 (1998); Hoogenboom *et al.*, *Immunotechnology*, 4(1): 1-20 (1998); Rader *et al.*, *Current Opinion in Biotechnology* 8: 503-508 (1997); Aujame *et al.*, *Human Antibodies* 8: 155-168 (1997); Hoogenboom, *Trends in Biotechnol.* 15: 62-70 (1997); de Kruif *et al.*, 17: 453-455 (1996); Barbas *et al.*, *Trends in Biotechnol.* 14: 230-234 (1996); Winter *et al.*, *Ann. Rev. Immunol.* 433-455 (1994). Techniques and protocols required to generate, propagate, screen (pan), and use the antibody fragments from such libraries have recently been compiled. *See, e.g.*, Barbas (2001), *supra*; Kay, *supra*; and Abelson, *supra*.

Typically, phage-displayed antibody fragments are scFv fragments or Fab fragments; when desired, full length antibodies can be produced by cloning the variable regions from the displaying phage into a complete antibody and expressing the full length antibody in a further prokaryotic or a eukaryotic host cell. Eukaryotic cells are also useful for expression of the antibodies, antibody fragments, and antibody derivatives of the present invention. For example, antibody fragments of the present invention can be produced in *Pichia pastoris* and in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*. *See, e.g.*, Takahashi *et al.*, *Biosci. Biotechnol. Biochem.* 64(10): 2138-44 (2000); Freyre *et al.*, J. Biotechnol. 76(2-3):1 57-63 (2000); Fischer *et al.*, *Biotechnol. Appl. Biochem.* 30 (Pt 2): 117-20 (1999); Pennell *et al.*, *Res. Immunol.* 149(6): 599-603 (1998); Eldin *et al.*, *J. Immunol. Methods.* 201(1): 67-75 (1997);, Frenken *et al.*, *Res. Immunol.* 149(6): 589-99 (1998); and Shusta *et al.*, *Nature Biotechnol.* 16(8): 773-7 (1998).

Antibodies, including antibody fragments and derivatives, of the present invention can also be produced in insect cells. *See, e.g.*, Li *et al.*, *Protein Expr. Purif.* 21(1): 121-8 (2001); Ailor *et al.*, *Biotechnol. Bioeng.* 58(2-3): 196-203 (1998); Hsu *et al.*, *Biotechnol. Prog.* 13(1): 96-104 (1997); Edelman *et al.*, *Immunology* 91(1): 13-9 (1997); and Nesbit *et al.*, *J. Immunol. Methods* 151(1-2): 201-8 (1992).

Antibodies and fragments and derivatives thereof of the present invention can also be produced in plant cells, particularly maize or tobacco, Giddings *et al.*, *Nature Biotechnol.* 18(11): 1151-5 (2000); Gavilondo *et al.*, *Biotechniques* 29(1): 128-38 (2000); Fischer *et al.*, *J. Biol. Regul. Homeost. Agents* 14(2): 83-92 (2000); Fischer *et al.*, *Biotechnol. Appl. Biochem.* 30 (Pt 2): 113-6 (1999); Fischer *et al.*, *Biol. Chem.* 380(7-8): 825-39 (1999); Russell, *Curr. Top. Microbiol. Immunol.* 240: 119-38 (1999); and Ma *et al.*, *Plant Physiol.* 109(2): 341-6 (1995).

Antibodies, including antibody fragments and derivatives, of the present invention can also be produced in transgenic, non-human, mammalian milk. *See, e.g.* Pollock et al., *J. Immunol Methods.* 231: 147-57 (1999); Young et al., *Res. Immunol.* 149: 609-10 (1998); and Limonta et al., *Immunotechnology* 1: 107-13 (1995).

Mammalian cells useful for recombinant expression of antibodies, antibody fragments, and antibody derivatives of the present invention include CHO cells, COS cells, 293 cells, and myeloma cells. Verma *et al.*, *J. Immunol. Methods* 216(1-2):165-81 (1998) review and compare bacterial, yeast, insect and mammalian expression systems for expression of antibodies. Antibodies of the present invention can also be prepared by cell free translation, as further described in Merk *et al.*, *J. Biochem.* (Tokyo) 125(2): 328-33 (1999) and Ryabova *et al.*, *Nature Biotechnol.* 15(1): 79-84 (1997), and in the milk of transgenic animals, as further described in Pollock *et al.*, *J. Immunol. Methods* 231(1-2): 147-57 (1999).

The invention further provides antibody fragments that bind specifically to one or more of the polypeptides of the present invention, to one or more of the polypeptides encoded by the isolated nucleic acid molecules of the present invention, or the binding of which can be competitively inhibited by one or more of the polypeptides of the present invention or one or more of the polypeptides encoded by the isolated nucleic acid molecules of the present invention. Among such useful fragments are Fab, Fab', Fv, $F(ab)'_2$, and single chain Fv (scFv) fragments. Other useful fragments are described in Hudson, *Curr. Opin. Biotechnol.* 9(4): 395-402 (1998).

The present invention also relates to antibody derivatives that bind specifically to one or more of the polypeptides of the present invention, to one or more of the polypeptides encoded by the isolated nucleic acid molecules of the present invention, or the binding of which can be competitively inhibited by one or more of the polypeptides of

the present invention or one or more of the polypeptides encoded by the isolated nucleic acid molecules of the present invention.

Among such useful derivatives are chimeric, primatized, and humanized antibodies; such derivatives are less immunogenic in human beings, and thus are more suitable for *in vivo* administration, than are unmodified antibodies from non-human mammalian species. Another useful method is PEGylation to increase the serum half life of the antibodies.

Chimeric antibodies typically include heavy and/or light chain variable regions (including both CDR and framework residues) of immunoglobulins of one species, typically mouse, fused to constant regions of another species, typically human. *See, e.g.*, Morrison *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci USA*.81(21): 6851-5 (1984); Sharon *et al.*, *Nature* 309(5966): 364-7 (1984); Takeda *et al.*, *Nature* 314(6010): 452-4 (1985); and U.S. Patent No. 5,807,715 the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. Primatized and humanized antibodies typically include heavy and/or light chain CDRs from a murine antibody grafted into a non-human primate or human antibody V region framework, usually further comprising a human constant region, Riechmann *et al.*, *Nature* 332(6162): 323-7 (1988); Co *et al.*, *Nature* 351(6326): 501-2 (1991); and U.S. Patent Nos. 6,054,297; 5,821,337; 5,770,196; 5,766,886; 5,821,123; 5,869,619; 6,180,377; 6,013,256; 5,693,761; and 6,180,370, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties. Other useful antibody derivatives of the invention include heteromeric antibody complexes and antibody fusions, such as diabodies (bispecific antibodies), single-chain diabodies, and intrabodies.

It is contemplated that the nucleic acids encoding the antibodies of the present invention can be operably joined to other nucleic acids forming a recombinant vector for cloning or for expression of the antibodies of the invention. Accordingly, the present invention includes any recombinant vector containing the coding sequences, or part thereof, whether for eukaryotic transduction, transfection or gene therapy. Such vectors may be prepared using conventional molecular biology techniques, known to those with skill in the art, and would comprise DNA encoding sequences for the immunoglobulin V-regions including framework and CDRs or parts thereof, and a suitable promoter either with or without a signal sequence for intracellular transport. Such vectors may be transduced or transfected into eukaryotic cells or used for gene therapy (Marasco et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (USA) 90: 7889-7893 (1993); Duan et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.

(USA) 91: 5075-5079 (1994), by conventional techniques, known to those with skill in the art.

The antibodies of the present invention, including fragments and derivatives thereof, can usefully be labeled. It is, therefore, another aspect of the present invention to provide labeled antibodies that bind specifically to one or more of the polypeptides of the present invention, to one or more of the polypeptides encoded by the isolated nucleic acid molecules of the present invention, or the binding of which can be competitively inhibited by one or more of the polypeptides of the present invention or one or more of the polypeptides encoded by the isolated nucleic acid molecules of the present invention. The choice of label depends, in part, upon the desired use.

For example, when the antibodies of the present invention are used for immunohistochemical staining of tissue samples, the label can usefully be an enzyme that catalyzes production and local deposition of a detectable product. Enzymes typically conjugated to antibodies to permit their immunohistochemical visualization are well known, and include alkaline phosphatase, β-galactosidase, glucose oxidase, horseradish peroxidase (HRP), and urease. Typical substrates for production and deposition of visually detectable products include o-nitrophenyl-beta-D-galactopyranoside (ONPG); o-phenylenediamine dihydrochloride (OPD); p-nitrophenyl phosphate (PNPP); p-nitrophenyl-beta-D-galactopryanoside (PNPG); 3',3'-diaminobenzidine (DAB); 3-amino-9-ethylcarbazole (AEC); 4-chloro-1-naphthol (CN); 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl-phosphate (BCIP); ABTS®; BluoGal; iodonitrotetrazolium (INT); nitroblue tetrazolium chloride (NBT); phenazine methosulfate (PMS); phenolphthalein monophosphate (PMP); tetramethyl benzidine (TMB); tetranitroblue tetrazolium (TNBT); X-Gal; X-Gluc; and X-Glucoside.

Other substrates can be used to produce products for local deposition that are luminescent. For example, in the presence of hydrogen peroxide (H_2O_2), horseradish peroxidase (HRP) can catalyze the oxidation of cyclic diacylhydrazides, such as luminol. Immediately following the oxidation, the luminol is in an excited state (intermediate reaction product), which decays to the ground state by emitting light. Strong enhancement of the light emission is produced by enhancers, such as phenolic compounds. Advantages include high sensitivity, high resolution, and rapid detection without radioactivity and requiring only small amounts of antibody. *See, e.g.*, Thorpe *et al.*, *Methods Enzymol.* 133: 331-53 (1986); Kricka *et al.*, *J. Immunoassay* 17(1): 67-83 (1996); and Lundqvist *et al.*, *J.*

Biolumin. Chemilumin. 10(6): 353-9 (1995). Kits for such enhanced chemiluminescent detection (ECL) are available commercially. The antibodies can also be labeled using colloidal gold.

As another example, when the antibodies of the present invention are used, *e.g.*, for flow cytometric detection, for scanning laser cytometric detection, or for fluorescent immunoassay, they can usefully be labeled with fluorophores. There are a wide variety of fluorophore labels that can usefully be attached to the antibodies of the present invention. For flow cytometric applications, both for extracellular detection and for intracellular detection, common useful fluorophores can be fluorescein isothiocyanate (FITC), allophycocyanin (APC), R-phycoerythrin (PE), peridinin chlorophyll protein (PerCP), Texas Red, Cy3, Cy5, fluorescence resonance energy tandem fluorophores such as PerCP-Cy5.5, PE-Cy5, PE-Cy5.5, PE-Cy7, PE-Texas Red, and APC-Cy7.

Other fluorophores include, *inter alia*, Alexa Fluor® 350, Alexa Fluor® 488, Alexa Fluor® 532, Alexa Fluor® 546, Alexa Fluor® 568, Alexa Fluor® 594, Alexa Fluor® 647 (monoclonal antibody labeling kits available from Molecular Probes, Inc., Eugene, OR, USA), BODIPY dyes, such as BODIPY 493/503, BODIPY FL, BODIPY R6G, BODIPY 530/550, BODIPY TMR, BODIPY 558/568, BODIPY 558/568, BODIPY 564/570, BODIPY 576/589, BODIPY 581/591, BODIPY TR, BODIPY 630/650, BODIPY 650/665, Cascade Blue, Cascade Yellow, Dansyl, lissamine rhodamine B, Marina Blue, Oregon Green 488, Oregon Green 514, Pacific Blue, rhodamine 6G, rhodamine green, rhodamine red, tetramethylrhodamine, Texas Red (available from Molecular Probes, Inc., Eugene, OR, USA), and Cy2, Cy3, Cy3.5, Cy5, Cy5.5, Cy7, all of which are also useful for fluorescently labeling the antibodies of the present invention. For secondary detection using labeled avidin, streptavidin, captavidin or neutravidin, the antibodies of the present invention can usefully be labeled with biotin.

When the antibodies of the present invention are used, *e.g.*, for western blotting applications, they can usefully be labeled with radioisotopes, such as ^{33}P, ^{32}P, ^{35}S, ^{3}H, and ^{125}I. As another example, when the antibodies of the present invention are used for radioimmunotherapy, the label can usefully be ^{228}Th, ^{227}Ac, ^{225}Ac, ^{223}Ra, ^{213}Bi, ^{212}Pb, ^{212}Bi, ^{211}At, ^{203}Pb, ^{194}Os, ^{188}Re, ^{186}Re, ^{153}Sm, ^{149}Tb, ^{131}I, ^{125}I, ^{111}In, ^{105}Rh, ^{99m}Tc, ^{97}Ru, ^{90}Y, ^{90}Sr, ^{88}Y, ^{72}Se, ^{67}Cu, or ^{47}Sc.

As another example, when the antibodies of the present invention are to be used for *in vivo* diagnostic use, they can be rendered detectable by conjugation to MRI contrast

agents, such as gadolinium diethylenetriaminepentaacetic acid (DTPA), Lauffer *et al.*, *Radiology* 207(2): 529-38 (1998), or by radioisotopic labeling.

As would be understood, use of the labels described above is not restricted to the application as for which they were mentioned.

The antibodies of the present invention, including fragments and derivatives thereof, can also be conjugated to toxins, in order to target the toxin's ablative action to cells that display and/or express the polypeptides of the present invention. Commonly, the antibody in such immunotoxins is conjugated to Pseudomonas exotoxin A, diphtheria toxin, shiga toxin A, anthrax toxin lethal factor, or ricin. *See* Hall (ed.), Immunotoxin Methods and Protocols (Methods in Molecular Biology, vol. 166), Humana Press (2000); and Frankel *et al.* (eds.), Clinical Applications of Immunotoxins, Springer-Verlag (1998).

The antibodies of the present invention can usefully be attached to a substrate, and it is, therefore, another aspect of the invention to provide antibodies that bind specifically to one or more of the polypeptides of the present invention, to one or more of the polypeptides encoded by the isolated nucleic acid molecules of the present invention, or the binding of which can be competitively inhibited by one or more of the polypeptides of the present invention or one or more of the polypeptides encoded by the isolated nucleic acid molecules of the present invention, attached to a substrate. Substrates can be porous or nonporous, planar or nonplanar. For example, the antibodies of the present invention can usefully be conjugated to filtration media, such as NHS-activated Sepharose or CNBr-activated Sepharose for purposes of immunoaffinity chromatography. For example, the antibodies of the present invention can usefully be attached to paramagnetic microspheres, typically by biotin-streptavidin interaction, which microsphere can then be used for isolation of cells that express or display the polypeptides of the present invention. As another example, the antibodies of the present invention can usefully be attached to the surface of a microtiter plate for ELISA.

As noted above, the antibodies of the present invention can be produced in prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells. It is, therefore, another aspect of the present invention to provide cells that express the antibodies of the present invention, including hybridoma cells, B cells, plasma cells, and host cells recombinantly modified to express the antibodies of the present invention.

In yet a further aspect, the present invention provides aptamers evolved to bind specifically to one or more of the CaSPs of the present invention or to polypeptides encoded by the CaSNAs of the invention.

In sum, one of skill in the art, provided with the teachings of this invention, has available a variety of methods which may be used to alter the biological properties of the antibodies of this invention including methods which would increase or decrease the stability or half-life, immunogenicity, toxicity, affinity or yield of a given antibody molecule, or to alter it in any other way that may render it more suitable for a particular application.

Transgenic Animals and Cells

In another aspect, the invention provides transgenic cells and non-human organisms comprising nucleic acid molecules of the invention. In a preferred embodiment, the transgenic cells and non-human organisms comprise a nucleic acid molecule encoding a CaSP. In a preferred embodiment, the CaSP comprises an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NO: 142-361, or a fragment, mutein, homologous protein or allelic variant thereof. In another preferred embodiment, the transgenic cells and non-human organism comprise a CaSNA of the invention, preferably a CaSNA comprising a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 1-141, or a part, substantially similar nucleic acid molecule, allelic variant or hybridizing nucleic acid molecule thereof.

In another embodiment, the transgenic cells and non-human organisms have a targeted disruption or replacement of the endogenous orthologue of the human CaSG. The transgenic cells can be embryonic stem cells or somatic cells. The transgenic non-human organisms can be chimeric, nonchimeric heterozygotes, and nonchimeric homozygotes. Methods of producing transgenic animals are well known in the art. *See, e.g.*, Hogan *et al.*, Manipulating the Mouse Embryo: A Laboratory Manual, 2d ed., Cold Spring Harbor Press (1999); Jackson *et al.*, Mouse Genetics and Transgenics: A Practical Approach, Oxford University Press (2000); and Pinkert, Transgenic Animal Technology: A Laboratory Handbook, Academic Press (1999).

Any technique known in the art may be used to introduce a nucleic acid molecule of the invention into an animal to produce the founder lines of transgenic animals. Such techniques include, but are not limited to, pronuclear microinjection. (*see, e.g.*, Paterson

et al., *Appl. Microbiol. Biotechnol.* 40: 691-698 (1994); Carver *et al.*, *Biotechnology* 11: 1263-1270 (1993); Wright *et al.*, *Biotechnology* 9: 830-834 (1991); and U.S. Patent No. 4,873,191, herein incorporated by reference in its entirety); retrovirus-mediated gene transfer into germ lines, blastocysts or embryos (*see, e.g.*, Van der Putten *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., USA* 82: 6148-6152 (1985)); gene targeting in embryonic stem cells (*see, e.g.*, Thompson *et al.*, *Cell* 56: 313-321 (1989)); electroporation of cells or embryos (*see, e.g.*, Lo, 1983, *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 3: 1803-1814 (1983)); introduction using a gene gun (*see, e.g.*, Ulmer *et al.*, *Science* 259: 1745-49 (1993); introducing nucleic acid constructs into embryonic pleuripotent stem cells and transferring the stem cells back into the blastocyst; and sperm-mediated gene transfer (*see, e.g.*, Lavitrano *et al.*, *Cell* 57: 717-723 (1989)).

Other techniques include, for example, nuclear transfer into enucleated oocytes of nuclei from cultured embryonic, fetal, or adult cells induced to quiescence (*see, e.g.*, Campell *et al.*, *Nature* 380: 64-66 (1996); Wilmut *et al.*, *Nature* 385: 810-813 (1997)). The present invention provides for transgenic animals that carry the transgene (*i.e.*, a nucleic acid molecule of the invention) in all their cells, as well as animals which carry the transgene in some, but not all their cells, i.e. e., mosaic animals or chimeric animals.

The transgene may be integrated as a single transgene or as multiple copies, such as in concatamers, e. g., head-to-head tandems or head-to-tail tandems. The transgene may also be selectively introduced into and activated in a particular cell type by following, *e.g.*, the teaching of Lasko *et al. et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 89: 6232- 6236 (1992). The regulatory sequences required for such a cell-type specific activation will depend upon the particular cell type of interest, and will be apparent to those of skill in the art.

Once transgenic animals have been generated, the expression of the recombinant gene may be assayed utilizing standard techniques. Initial screening may be accomplished by Southern blot analysis or PCR techniques to analyze animal tissues to verify that integration of the transgene has taken place. The level of mRNA expression of the transgene in the tissues of the transgenic animals may also be assessed using techniques which include, but are not limited to, Northern blot analysis of tissue samples obtained from the animal, in situ hybridization analysis, and reverse transcriptase-PCR (RT-PCR). Samples of transgenic gene-expressing tissue may also be evaluated immunocytochemically or immunohistochemically using antibodies specific for the transgene product.

Once the founder animals are produced, they may be bred, inbred, outbred, or crossbred to produce colonies of the particular animal. Examples of such breeding strategies include, but are not limited to: outbreeding of founder animals with more than one integration site in order to establish separate lines; inbreeding of separate lines in order to produce compound transgenics that express the transgene at higher levels because of the effects of additive expression of each transgene; crossing of heterozygous transgenic animals to produce animals homozygous for a given integration site in order to both augment expression and eliminate the need for screening of animals by DNA analysis; crossing of separate homozygous lines to produce compound heterozygous or homozygous lines; and breeding to place the transgene on a distinct background that is appropriate for an experimental model of interest.

Transgenic animals of the invention have uses which include, but are not limited to, animal model systems useful in elaborating the biological function of polypeptides of the present invention, studying conditions and/or disorders associated with aberrant expression, and in screening for compounds effective in ameliorating such conditions and/or disorders.

Methods for creating a transgenic animal with a disruption of a targeted gene are also well known in the art. In general, a vector is designed to comprise some nucleotide sequences homologous to the endogenous targeted gene. The vector is introduced into a cell so that it may integrate, via homologous recombination with chromosomal sequences, into the endogenous gene, thereby disrupting the function of the endogenous gene. The transgene may also be selectively introduced into a particular cell type, thus inactivating the endogenous gene in only that cell type. *See, e.g.*, Gu *et al.*, *Science* 265: 103-106 (1994). The regulatory sequences required for such a cell-type specific inactivation will depend upon the particular cell type of interest, and will be apparent to those of skill in the art. *See, e.g.*, Smithies *et al.*, *Nature* 317: 230-234 (1985); Thomas *et al.*, *Cell* 51: 503-512 (1987); Thompson *et al.*, *Cell* 5: 313-321 (1989).

In one embodiment, a mutant, non-functional nucleic acid molecule of the invention (or a completely unrelated DNA sequence) flanked by DNA homologous to the endogenous nucleic acid sequence (either the coding regions or regulatory regions of the gene) can be used, with or without a selectable marker and/or a negative selectable marker, to transfect cells that express polypeptides of the invention in vivo. In another embodiment, techniques known in the art are used to generate knockouts in cells that

contain, but do not express the gene of interest. Insertion of the DNA construct, via targeted homologous recombination, results in inactivation of the targeted gene. Such approaches are particularly suited in research and agricultural fields where modifications to embryonic stem cells can be used to generate animal offspring with an inactive targeted gene. *See, e.g.,* Thomas, *supra* and Thompson, *supra*. However this approach can be routinely adapted for use in humans provided the recombinant DNA constructs are directly administered or targeted to the required site in vivo using appropriate viral vectors that will be apparent to those of skill in the art.

In further embodiments of the invention, cells that are genetically engineered to express the polypeptides of the invention, or alternatively, that are genetically engineered not to express the polypeptides of the invention (*e.g.*, knockouts) are administered to a patient in vivo. Such cells may be obtained from an animal or patient or an MHC compatible donor and can include, but are not limited to fibroblasts, bone marrow cells, blood cells (*e.g.*, lymphocytes), adipocytes, muscle cells, endothelial cells etc. The cells are genetically engineered in vitro using recombinant DNA techniques to introduce the coding sequence of polypeptides of the invention into the cells, or alternatively, to disrupt the coding sequence and/or endogenous regulatory sequence associated with the polypeptides of the invention, *e.g.*, by transduction (using viral vectors, and preferably vectors that integrate the transgene into the cell genome) or transfection procedures, including, but not limited to, the use of plasmids, cosmids, YACs, naked DNA, electroporation, liposomes, etc.

The coding sequence of the polypeptides of the invention can be placed under the control of a strong constitutive or inducible promoter or promoter/enhancer to achieve expression, and preferably secretion, of the polypeptides of the invention. The engineered cells which express and preferably secrete the polypeptides of the invention can be introduced into the patient systemically, *e.g.*, in the circulation, or intraperitoneally.

Alternatively, the cells can be incorporated into a matrix and implanted in the body, *e.g.*, genetically engineered fibroblasts can be implanted as part of a skin graft; genetically engineered endothelial cells can be implanted as part of a lymphatic or vascular graft. *See, e.g.,* U.S. Patent Nos. 5,399,349 and 5,460,959, each of which is incorporated by reference herein in its entirety.

When the cells to be administered are non-autologous or non-MHC compatible cells, they can be administered using well known techniques which prevent the

development of a host immune response against the introduced cells. For example, the cells may be introduced in an encapsulated form which, while allowing for an exchange of components with the immediate extracellular environment, does not allow the introduced cells to be recognized by the host immune system.

Transgenic and "knock-out" animals of the invention have uses which include, but are not limited to, animal model systems useful in elaborating the biological function of polypeptides of the present invention, studying conditions and/or disorders associated with aberrant expression, and in screening for compounds effective in ameliorating such conditions and/or disorders.

Computer Readable Means

A further aspect of the invention is a computer readable means for storing the nucleic acid and amino acid sequences of the instant invention. In a preferred embodiment, the invention provides a computer readable means for storing SEQ ID NO: 142-361 and SEQ ID NO: 1-141 as described herein, as the complete set of sequences or in any combination. The records of the computer readable means can be accessed for reading and display and for interface with a computer system for the application of programs allowing for the location of data upon a query for data meeting certain criteria, the comparison of sequences, the alignment or ordering of sequences meeting a set of criteria, and the like.

The nucleic acid and amino acid sequences of the invention are particularly useful as components in databases useful for search analyses as well as in sequence analysis algorithms. As used herein, the terms "nucleic acid sequences of the invention" and "amino acid sequences of the invention" mean any detectable chemical or physical characteristic of a polynucleotide or polypeptide of the invention that is or may be reduced to or stored in a computer readable form. These include, without limitation, chromatographic scan data or peak data, photographic data or scan data therefrom, and mass spectrographic data.

This invention provides computer readable media having stored thereon sequences of the invention. A computer readable medium may comprise one or more of the following: a nucleic acid sequence comprising a sequence of a nucleic acid sequence of the invention; an amino acid sequence comprising an amino acid sequence of the invention; a set of nucleic acid sequences wherein at least one of said sequences comprises

the sequence of a nucleic acid sequence of the invention; a set of amino acid sequences wherein at least one of said sequences comprises the sequence of an amino acid sequence of the invention; a data set representing a nucleic acid sequence comprising the sequence of one or more nucleic acid sequences of the invention; a data set representing a nucleic acid sequence encoding an amino acid sequence comprising the sequence of an amino acid sequence of the invention; a set of nucleic acid sequences wherein at least one of said sequences comprises the sequence of a nucleic acid sequence of the invention; a set of amino acid sequences wherein at least one of said sequences comprises the sequence of an amino acid sequence of the invention; a data set representing a nucleic acid sequence comprising the sequence of a nucleic acid sequence of the invention; a data set representing a nucleic acid sequence encoding an amino acid sequence comprising the sequence of an amino acid sequence of the invention. The computer readable medium can be any composition of matter used to store information or data, including, for example, commercially available floppy disks, tapes, hard drives, compact disks, and video disks.

Also provided by the invention are methods for the analysis of character sequences, particularly genetic sequences. Preferred methods of sequence analysis include, for example, methods of sequence homology analysis, such as identity and similarity analysis, RNA structure analysis, sequence assembly, cladistic analysis, sequence motif analysis, open reading frame determination, nucleic acid base calling, and sequencing chromatogram peak analysis.

A computer-based method is provided for performing nucleic acid sequence identity or similarity identification. This method comprises the steps of providing a nucleic acid sequence comprising the sequence of a nucleic acid of the invention in a computer readable medium; and comparing said nucleic acid sequence to at least one nucleic acid or amino acid sequence to identify sequence identity or similarity.

A computer-based method is also provided for performing amino acid homology identification, said method comprising the steps of: providing an amino acid sequence comprising the sequence of an amino acid of the invention in a computer readable medium; and comparing said amino acid sequence to at least one nucleic acid or an amino acid sequence to identify homology.

A computer-based method is still further provided for assembly of overlapping nucleic acid sequences into a single nucleic acid sequence, said method comprising the steps of: providing a first nucleic acid sequence comprising the sequence of a nucleic acid

of the invention in a computer readable medium; and screening for at least one overlapping region between said first nucleic acid sequence and a second nucleic acid sequence. In addition, the invention includes a method of using patterns of expression associated with either the nucleic acids or proteins in a computer-based method to diagnose disease.

Diagnostic Methods for breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate Cancer

The present invention also relates to quantitative and qualitative diagnostic assays and methods for detecting, diagnosing, monitoring, staging and predicting cancers by comparing expression of a CaSNA or a CaSP in a human patient that has or may have breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer, or who is at risk of developing breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer, with the expression of a CaSNA or a CaSP in a normal human control. For purposes of the present invention, "expression of a CaSNA" or "CaSNA expression" means the quantity of CaSNA mRNA that can be measured by any method known in the art or the level of transcription that can be measured by any method known in the art in a cell, tissue, organ or whole patient. Similarly, the term "expression of a CaSP" or "CaSP expression" means the amount of CaSP that can be measured by any method known in the art or the level of translation of a CaSNA that can be measured by any method known in the art.

The present invention provides methods for diagnosing breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer in a patient, by analyzing for changes in levels of CaSNA or CaSP in cells, tissues, organs or bodily fluids compared with levels of CaSNA or CaSP in cells, tissues, organs or bodily fluids of preferably the same type from a normal human control, wherein an increase, or decrease in certain cases, in levels of a CaSNA or CaSP in the patient versus the normal human control is associated with the presence of breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer or with a predilection to the disease. In another preferred embodiment, the present invention provides methods for diagnosing breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer in a patient by analyzing changes in the structure of the mRNA of a CaSG compared to the mRNA from a normal control. These changes include, without limitation, aberrant splicing, alterations in polyadenylation and/or alterations in 5' nucleotide capping. In yet another preferred embodiment, the present invention provides methods for diagnosing breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer in a patient by analyzing changes in a CaSP compared to a CaSP from a normal patient. These changes

include, *e.g.*, alterations, including post translational modifications such as glycosylation and/or phosphorylation of the CaSP or changes in the subcellular CaSP localization.

The present invention provides methods for diagnosing colon cancer in a patient, in particular adenocarcinoma, by analyzing for changes in levels of CaSNA or CaSP in cells, tissues, organs or bodily fluids compared with levels of CaSNA or CaSP in cells, tissues, organs or bodily fluids of preferably the same type from a normal human control, wherein an increase, or decrease in certain cases, in levels of a CaSNA or CaSP in the patient versus the normal human control is associated with the presence of colon cancer or with a predilection to the disease. In another preferred embodiment, the present invention provides methods for diagnosing colon cancer in a patient by analyzing changes in the structure of the mRNA of a CaSG compared to the mRNA from a normal control. These changes include, without limitation, aberrant splicing, alterations in polyadenylation and/or alterations in 5' nucleotide capping. In yet another preferred embodiment, the present invention provides methods for diagnosing colon cancer in a patient by analyzing changes in a CaSP compared to a CaSP from a normal patient. These changes include, *e.g.*, alterations, including post translational modifications such as glycosylation and/or phosphorylation of the CaSP or changes in the subcellular CaSP localization.

The present invention provides methods for diagnosing lung cancer in a patient, in particular adeno- or squamous cell carcinoma, by analyzing for changes in levels of CaSNA or CaSP in cells, tissues, organs or bodily fluids compared with levels of CaSNA or CaSP in cells, tissues, organs or bodily fluids of preferably the same type from a normal human control, wherein an increase, or decrease in certain cases, in levels of a CaSNA or CaSP in the patient versus the normal human control is associated with the presence of lung cancer or with a predilection to the disease. In another preferred embodiment, the present invention provides methods for diagnosing lung cancer in a patient by analyzing changes in the structure of the mRNA of an CaSG compared to the mRNA from a normal control. These changes include, without limitation, aberrant splicing, alterations in polyadenylation and/or alterations in 5' nucleotide capping. In yet another preferred embodiment, the present invention provides methods for diagnosing lung cancer in a patient by analyzing changes in a CaSP compared to a CaSP from a normal patient. These changes include, *e.g.*, alterations, including posttranslational modifications such as glycosylation and/or phosphorylation of the CaSP or changes in the subcellular CaSP localization.

For purposes of the present invention, diagnosing means that CaSNA or CaSP levels are used to determine the presence or absence of disease in a patient. As will be understood by those of skill in the art, measurement of other diagnostic parameters may be required for definitive diagnosis or determination of the appropriate treatment for the disease. The determination may be made by a clinician, a doctor, a testing laboratory, or a patient using an over the counter test. The patient may have symptoms of disease or may be asymptomatic. In addition, the CaSNA or CaSP levels of the present invention may be used as screening marker to determine whether further tests or biopsies are warranted. In addition, the CaSNA or CaSP levels may be used to determine the vulnerability or susceptibility to disease.

In a preferred embodiment, the expression of a CaSNA is measured by determining the amount of a mRNA that encodes an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NO: 142-361, a homolog, an allelic variant, or a fragment thereof. In a more preferred embodiment, the CaSNA expression that is measured is the level of expression of a CaSNA mRNA selected from SEQ ID NO: 1-141, or a hybridizing nucleic acid, homologous nucleic acid or allelic variant thereof, or a part of any of these nucleic acid molecules. CaSNA expression may be measured by any method known in the art, such as those described *supra*, including measuring mRNA expression by Northern blot, quantitative or qualitative reverse transcriptase PCR (RT-PCR), microarray, dot or slot blots or *in situ* hybridization. *See, e.g.*, Ausubel (1992), *supra*; Ausubel (1999), *supra*; Sambrook (1989), *supra*; and Sambrook (2001), *supra*. CaSNA transcription may be measured by any method known in the art including using a reporter gene hooked up to the promoter of a CaSG of interest or doing nuclear run-off assays. Alterations in mRNA structure, *e.g.*, aberrant splicing variants, may be determined by any method known in the art, including, RT-PCR followed by sequencing or restriction analysis. As necessary, CaSNA expression may be compared to a known control, such as a normal breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate nucleic acid, to detect a change in expression.

In another preferred embodiment, the expression of a CaSP is measured by determining the level of a CaSP having an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 142-361, a homolog, an allelic variant, or a fragment thereof. Such levels are preferably determined in at least one of cells, tissues, organs and/or bodily fluids, including determination of normal and abnormal levels. Thus, for instance, a diagnostic assay in accordance with the invention for diagnosing over- or underexpression

of a CaSNA or CaSP compared to normal control bodily fluids, cells, or tissue samples may be used to diagnose the presence of breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer. The expression level of a CaSP may be determined by any method known in the art, such as those described *supra*. In a preferred embodiment, the CaSP expression level may be determined by radioimmunoassays, competitive-binding assays, ELISA, Western blot, FACS, immunohistochemistry, immunoprecipitation, proteomic approaches: two-dimensional gel electrophoresis (2D electrophoresis) and non-gel-based approaches such as mass spectrometry or protein interaction profiling. *See*, e.g, Harlow (1999), *supra*; Ausubel (1992), *supra*; and Ausubel (1999), *supra*. Alterations in the CaSP structure may be determined by any method known in the art, including, *e.g.*, using antibodies that specifically recognize phosphoserine, phosphothreonine or phosphotyrosine residues, two-dimensional polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (2D PAGE) and/or chemical analysis of amino acid residues of the protein. *Id.*

In a preferred embodiment, a radioimmunoassay (RIA) or an ELISA is used. An antibody specific to a CaSP is prepared if one is not already available. In a preferred embodiment, the antibody is a monoclonal antibody. The anti-CaSP antibody is bound to a solid support and any free protein binding sites on the solid support are blocked with a protein such as bovine serum albumin. A sample of interest is incubated with the antibody on the solid support under conditions in which the CaSP will bind to the anti-CaSP antibody. The sample is removed, the solid support is washed to remove unbound material, and an anti-CaSP antibody that is linked to a detectable reagent (a radioactive substance for RIA and an enzyme for ELISA) is added to the solid support and incubated under conditions in which binding of the CaSP to the labeled antibody will occur. After binding, the unbound labeled antibody is removed by washing. For an ELISA, one or more substrates are added to produce a colored reaction product that is based upon the amount of an CaSP in the sample. For an RIA, the solid support is counted for radioactive decay signals by any method known in the art. Quantitative results for both RIA and ELISA typically are obtained by reference to a standard curve.

Other methods to measure CaSP levels are known in the art. For instance, a competition assay may be employed wherein an anti-CaSP antibody is attached to a solid support and an allocated amount of a labeled CaSP and a sample of interest are incubated with the solid support. The amount of labeled CaSP attached to the solid support can be correlated to the quantity of a CaSP in the sample.

Of the proteomic approaches, 2D PAGE is a well known technique. Isolation of individual proteins from a sample such as serum is accomplished using sequential separation of proteins by isoelectric point and molecular weight. Typically, polypeptides are first separated by isoelectric point (the first dimension) and then separated by size using an electric current (the second dimension). In general, the second dimension is perpendicular to the first dimension. Because no two proteins with different sequences are identical on the basis of both size and charge, the result of 2D PAGE is a roughly square gel in which each protein occupies a unique spot. Analysis of the spots with chemical or antibody probes, or subsequent protein microsequencing can reveal the relative abundance of a given protein and the identity of the proteins in the sample.

Expression levels of a CaSNA can be determined by any method known in the art, including PCR and other nucleic acid methods, such as ligase chain reaction (LCR) and nucleic acid sequence based amplification (NASBA), can be used to detect malignant cells for diagnosis and monitoring of various malignancies. For example, reverse-transcriptase PCR (RT-PCR) is a powerful technique which can be used to detect the presence of a specific mRNA population in a complex mixture of thousands of other mRNA species. In RT-PCR, an mRNA species is first reverse transcribed to complementary DNA (cDNA) with use of the enzyme reverse transcriptase; the cDNA is then amplified as in a standard PCR reaction.

Hybridization to specific DNA molecules (*e.g.*, oligonucleotides) arrayed on a solid support can be used to both detect the expression of and quantitate the level of expression of one or more CaSNAs of interest. In this approach, all or a portion of one or more CaSNAs is fixed to a substrate. A sample of interest, which may comprise RNA, *e.g.*, total RNA or polyA-selected mRNA, or a complementary DNA (cDNA) copy of the RNA is incubated with the solid support under conditions in which hybridization will occur between the DNA on the solid support and the nucleic acid molecules in the sample of interest. Hybridization between the substrate-bound DNA and the nucleic acid molecules in the sample can be detected and quantitated by several means, including, without limitation, radioactive labeling or fluorescent labeling of the nucleic acid molecule or a secondary molecule designed to detect the hybrid.

The above tests can be carried out on samples derived from a variety of cells, bodily fluids and/or tissue extracts such as homogenates or solubilized tissue obtained from a patient. Tissue extracts are obtained routinely from tissue biopsy and autopsy

material. Bodily fluids useful in the present invention include blood, urine, saliva or any other bodily secretion or derivative thereof. As used herein "blood" includes whole blood, plasma, serum, circulating epithelial cells, constituents, or any derivative of blood.

In addition to detection in bodily fluids, the proteins and nucleic acids of the invention are suitable to detection by cell capture technology. Whole cells may be captured by a variety methods for example magnetic separation, U.S. Patent. Nos. 5,200,084; 5,186,827; 5,108,933; 4,925,788, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties. Epithelial cells may be captured using such products as Dynabeads® or CELLection™ (Dynal Biotech, Oslo, Norway). Alternatively, fractions of blood may be captured, e.g., the buffy coat fraction (50mm cells isolated from 5ml of blood) containing epithelial cells. In addition, cancer cells may be captured using the techniques described in WO 00/47998, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. Once the cells are captured or concentrated, the proteins or nucleic acids are detected by the means described in the subject application. Alternatively, nucleic acids may be captured directly from blood samples, see U.S. Patent Nos. 6,156,504, 5,501,963; or WO 01/42504 , the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.

In a preferred embodiment, the specimen tested for expression of CaSNA or CaSP includes without limitation normal or cancerous breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue, normal or cancerous breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cells grown in cell culture, blood, serum, lymph node tissue, and lymphatic fluid. In another preferred embodiment, especially when metastasis of a primary breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer is known or suspected, specimens include, without limitation, tissues from brain, bone, bone marrow, liver, lungs, colon, and adrenal glands. In general, the tissues may be sampled by biopsy, including, without limitation, needle biopsy, *e.g.*, transthoracic needle aspiration, cervical mediatinoscopy, endoscopic lymph node biopsy, video-assisted thoracoscopy, exploratory thoracotomy, bone marrow biopsy and bone marrow aspiration.

All the methods of the present invention may optionally include determining the expression levels of one or more other cancer markers in addition to determining the expression level of a CaSNA or CaSP. In many cases, the use of another cancer marker will decrease the likelihood of false positives or false negatives. In one embodiment, the one or more other cancer markers include other CaSNA or CaSPs as disclosed herein. Other cancer markers useful in the present invention will depend on the cancer being

tested and are known to those of skill in the art. In a preferred embodiment, at least one other cancer marker in addition to a particular CaSNA or CaSP is measured. In a more preferred embodiment, at least two other additional cancer markers are used. In an even more preferred embodiment, at least three, more preferably at least five, even more preferably at least ten additional cancer markers are used.

In a preferred embodiment, the specimen tested for expression of CaSNA or CaSP includes without limitation colon tissue, fecal samples, colonocytes, colon cells grown in cell culture, blood, serum, lymph node tissue, and lymphatic fluid. In another preferred embodiment, especially when metastasis of a primary colon cancer is known or suspected, specimens include, without limitation, tissues from brain, bone, bone marrow, liver, lungs, and adrenal glands. In general, the tissues may be sampled by biopsy, including, without limitation, needle biopsy, *e.g.*, transthoracic needle aspiration, cervical mediatinoscopy, endoscopic lymph node biopsy, video-assisted thoracoscopy, exploratory thoracotomy, bone marrow biopsy and bone marrow aspiration.

Colonocytes represent an important source of the CaSP or CaSNAs because they provide a picture of the immediate past metabolic history of the GI tract of a subject. In addition, such cells are representative of the cell population from a statistically large sampling frame reflecting the state of the colonic mucosa along the entire length of the colon in a non-invasive manner, in contrast to a limited sampling by colonic biopsy using an invasive procedure involving endoscopy. Specific examples of patents describing the isolatation colonocytes include U.S. Patent Nos. 6,335,193; 6,020,137 5,741,650; 6,258,541; US 2001 0026925 A1; WO 00/63358 A1, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.

All the methods of the present invention may optionally include determining the expression levels of one or more other cancer markers in addition to determining the expression level of a CaSNA or CaSP. In many cases, the use of another cancer marker will decrease the likelihood of false positives or false negatives. In one embodiment, the one or more other cancer markers include other CaSNA or CaSPs as disclosed herein. Other cancer markers useful in the present invention will depend on the cancer being tested and are known to those of skill in the art. In a preferred embodiment, at least one other cancer marker in addition to a particular CaSNA or CaSP is measured. In a more preferred embodiment, at least two other additional cancer markers are used. In an even

more preferred embodiment, at least three, more preferably at least five, even more preferably at least ten additional cancer markers are used.

In a preferred embodiment, the specimen tested for expression of CaSNA or CaSP includes, without limitation, Lung tissue, fluid obtained by bronchial alveolar lavage (BAL), sputum, Lung cells grown in cell culture, blood, serum, lymph node tissue and lymphatic fluid. In another preferred embodiment, especially when metastasis of a primary Lung cancer is known or suspected, specimens include, without limitation, tissues from brain, bone, bone marrow, liver, adrenal glands and colon. In general, the tissues may be sampled by biopsy, including, without limitation, needle biopsy, *e.g.*, transthoracic needle aspiration, cervical mediatinoscopy, endoscopic lymph node biopsy, video-assisted thoracoscopy, exploratory thoracotomy, bone marrow biopsy and bone marrow aspiration. *See* Scott, *supra* and Franklin, pp. 529-570, in Kane, *supra*. For early and inexpensive detection, assaying for changes in CaSNAs or CaSPs in cells in sputum samples may be particularly useful. Methods of obtaining and analyzing sputum samples are disclosed in Franklin, *supra*.

All the methods of the present invention may optionally include determining the expression levels of one or more other cancer markers in addition to determining the expression level of a CaSNA or CaSP. In many cases, the use of another cancer marker will decrease the likelihood of false positives or false negatives. In one embodiment, the one or more other cancer markers include other CaSNA or CaSPs as disclosed herein. Other cancer markers useful in the present invention will depend on the cancer being tested and are known to those of skill in the art. In a preferred embodiment, at least one other cancer marker in addition to a particular CaSNA or CaSP is measured. In a more preferred embodiment, at least two other additional cancer markers are used. In an even more preferred embodiment, at least three, more preferably at least five, even more preferably at least ten additional cancer markers are used.

For prostate cancer, the progress of therapy can be assessed by routine methods, usually by measuring serum PSA (prostate specific antigen) levels; the higher the level of PSA in the blood, the more extensive the cancer.

Commercial assays for detecting PSA are available, e.g, Hybitech Tandem-E and Tandem-R PSA assay kits, the Yang ProsCheck polyclonal assay (Yang Labs, Bellevue, WA), Abbott Imx (Abbott Labs, Abbott Park, IL), etc. Metastasis can be determined by staging tests and by bone scan and tests for calcium level and other enzymes to determine

spread to the bone, CT scans can also be done to look for spread to the pelvis and lymph nodes in the area. Chest X-rays and measurement of liver enzyme levels by known methods are used to look for metastasis to the lungs and liver, respectively. Other routine methods for monitoring the disease include transrectal ultrasonography (TRUS) and transrectal needle biopsy (TRNB).

For bladder cancer, which is a more localized cancer, methods to determine progress of disease include urinary cytologic evaluation by cystoscopy, monitoring for presence of blood in the urine, visualization of the urothelial tract by sonography or an intravenous pyelogram, computed tomography (CT) and magnetic resonance imaging (MRI). The presence of distant metastases can be assessed by CT of the abdomen, chest x-rays, or radionuclide imaging of the skeleton.

Diagnosing

In one aspect, the invention provides a method for determining the expression levels and/or structural alterations of one or more CaSNA and/or CaSP in a sample from a patient suspected of having breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer. In general, the method comprises the steps of obtaining the sample from the patient, determining the expression level or structural alterations of a CaSNA and/or CaSP and then ascertaining whether the patient has breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer from the expression level of the CaSNA or CaSP. In general, if high expression relative to a control of a CaSNA or CaSP is indicative of breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer, a diagnostic assay is considered positive if the level of expression of the CaSNA or CaSP is at least one and a half times higher, and more preferably are at least two times higher, still more preferably five times higher, even more preferably at least ten times higher, than in preferably the same cells, tissues or bodily fluid of a normal human control. In contrast, if low expression relative to a control of a CaSNA or CaSP is indicative of breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer, a diagnostic assay is considered positive if the level of expression of the CaSNA or CaSP is at least one and a half times lower, and more preferably are at least two times lower, still more preferably five times lower, even more preferably at least ten times lower than in preferably the same cells, tissues or bodily fluid of a normal human control. The normal human control may be from a different patient or from uninvolved tissue of the same patient.

The present invention also provides a method of determining whether breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer has metastasized in a patient. One may identify whether the breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer has metastasized by measuring the expression levels and/or structural alterations of one or more CaSNAs and/or CaSPs in a variety of tissues. The presence of a CaSNA or CaSP in a certain tissue at levels higher than that of corresponding noncancerous tissue (*e.g.*, the same tissue from another individual) is indicative of metastasis if high level expression of a CaSNA or CaSP is associated with breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer. Similarly, the presence of a CaSNA or CaSP in a tissue at levels lower than that of corresponding noncancerous tissue is indicative of metastasis if low level expression of a CaSNA or CaSP is associated with breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer. Further, the presence of a structurally altered CaSNA or CaSP that is associated with breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer is also indicative of metastasis.

In general, if high expression relative to a control of a CaSNA or CaSP is indicative of metastasis, an assay for metastasis is considered positive if the level of expression of the CaSNA or CaSP is at least one and a half times higher, and more preferably are at least two times higher, still more preferably five times higher, even more preferably at least ten times higher, than in preferably the same cells, tissues or bodily fluid of a normal human control. In contrast, if low expression relative to a control of a CaSNA or CaSP is indicative of metastasis, an assay for metastasis is considered positive if the level of expression of the CaSNA or CaSP is at least one and a half times lower, and more preferably are at least two times lower, still more preferably five times lower, even more preferably at least ten times lower than in preferably the same cells, tissues or bodily fluid of a normal human control.

Staging

The invention also provides a method of staging breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer in a human patient. The method comprises identifying a human patient having breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer and analyzing cells, tissues or bodily fluids from such human patient for expression levels and/or structural alterations of one or more CaSNAs or CaSPs. First, one or more tumors from a variety of patients are staged according to procedures well known in the art, and the expression levels of one or more CaSNAs or CaSPs is determined for each stage to obtain a standard expression level

for each CaSNA and CaSP. Then, the CaSNA or CaSP expression levels of the CaSNA or CaSP are determined in a biological sample from a patient whose stage of cancer is not known. The CaSNA or CaSP expression levels from the patient are then compared to the standard expression level. By comparing the expression level of the CaSNAs and CaSPs from the patient to the standard expression levels, one may determine the stage of the tumor. The same procedure may be followed using structural alterations of a CaSNA or CaSP to determine the stage of a breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer.

Monitoring

Further provided is a method of monitoring breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer in a human patient. One may monitor a human patient to determine whether there has been metastasis and, if there has been, when metastasis began to occur. One may also monitor a human patient to determine whether a preneoplastic lesion has become cancerous. One may also monitor a human patient to determine whether a therapy, *e.g.*, chemotherapy, radiotherapy or surgery, has decreased or eliminated the breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer. The monitoring may determine if there has been a reoccurrence and, if so, determine its nature. The method comprises identifying a human patient that one wants to monitor for breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer, periodically analyzing cells, tissues or bodily fluids from such human patient for expression levels of one or more CaSNAs or CaSPs, and comparing the CaSNA or CaSP levels over time to those CaSNA or CaSP expression levels obtained previously. Patients may also be monitored by measuring one or more structural alterations in a CaSNA or CaSP that are associated with breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer.

If increased expression of a CaSNA or CaSP is associated with metastasis, treatment failure, or conversion of a preneoplastic lesion to a cancerous lesion, then detecting an increase in the expression level of a CaSNA or CaSP indicates that the tumor is metastasizing, that treatment has failed or that the lesion is cancerous, respectively. One having ordinary skill in the art would recognize that if this were the case, then a decreased expression level would be indicative of no metastasis, effective therapy or failure to progress to a neoplastic lesion. If decreased expression of a CaSNA or CaSP is associated with metastasis, treatment failure, or conversion of a preneoplastic lesion to a cancerous lesion, then detecting a decrease in the expression level of a CaSNA or CaSP indicates that the tumor is metastasizing, that treatment has failed or that the lesion is cancerous,

respectively. In a preferred embodiment, the levels of CaSNAs or CaSPs are determined from the same cell type, tissue or bodily fluid as prior patient samples. Monitoring a patient for onset of breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer metastasis is periodic and preferably is done on a quarterly basis, but may be done more or less frequently.

The methods described herein can further be utilized as prognostic assays to identify subjects having or at risk of developing a disease or disorder associated with increased or decreased expression levels of a CaSNA and/or CaSP. The present invention provides a method in which a test sample is obtained from a human patient and one or more CaSNAs and/or CaSPs are detected. The presence of higher (or lower) CaSNA or CaSP levels as compared to normal human controls is diagnostic for the human patient being at risk for developing cancer, particularly breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer. The effectiveness of therapeutic agents to decrease (or increase) expression or activity of one or more CaSNAs and/or CaSPs of the invention can also be monitored by analyzing levels of expression of the CaSNAs and/or CaSPs in a human patient in clinical trials or in *in vitro* screening assays such as in human cells. In this way, the gene expression pattern can serve as a marker, indicative of the physiological response of the human patient or cells, as the case may be, to the agent being tested.

Detection of Genetic Lesions or Mutations

The methods of the present invention can also be used to detect genetic lesions or mutations in a CaSG, thereby determining if a human with the genetic lesion is susceptible to developing breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer or to determine what genetic lesions are responsible, or are partly responsible, for a person's existing breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer. Genetic lesions can be detected, for example, by ascertaining the existence of a deletion, insertion and/or substitution of one or more nucleotides from the CaSGs of this invention, a chromosomal rearrangement of a CaSG, an aberrant modification of a CaSG (such as of the methylation pattern of the genomic DNA), or allelic loss of a CaSG. Methods to detect such lesions in the CaSG of this invention are known to those having ordinary skill in the art following the teachings of the specification.

<u>Methods of Detecting Noncancerous breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate Diseases</u>

The present invention also provides methods for determining the expression levels and/or structural alterations of one or more CaSNAs and/or CaSPs in a sample from a

patient suspected of having or known to have a noncancerous breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate disease. In general, the method comprises the steps of obtaining a sample from the patient, determining the expression level or structural alterations of a CaSNA and/or CaSP, comparing the expression level or structural alteration of the CaSNA or CaSP to a normal breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate control, and then ascertaining whether the patient has a noncancerous breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate disease. In general, if high expression relative to a control of a CaSNA or CaSP is indicative of a particular noncancerous breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate disease, a diagnostic assay is considered positive if the level of expression of the CaSNA or CaSP is at least two times higher, and more preferably are at least five times higher, even more preferably at least ten times higher, than in preferably the same cells, tissues or bodily fluid of a normal human control. In contrast, if low expression relative to a control of a CaSNA or CaSP is indicative of a noncancerous breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate disease, a diagnostic assay is considered positive if the level of expression of the CaSNA or CaSP is at least two times lower, more preferably are at least five times lower, even more preferably at least ten times lower than in preferably the same cells, tissues or bodily fluid of a normal human control. The normal human control may be from a different patient or from uninvolved tissue of the same patient.

One having ordinary skill in the art may determine whether a CaSNA and/or CaSP is associated with a particular noncancerous breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate disease by obtaining breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue from a patient having a noncancerous breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate disease of interest and determining which CaSNAs and/or CaSPs are expressed in the tissue at either a higher or a lower level than in normal breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue. In another embodiment, one may determine whether a CaSNA or CaSP exhibits structural alterations in a particular noncancerous breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate disease state by obtaining breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue from a patient having a noncancerous breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate disease of interest and determining the structural alterations in one or more CaSNAs and/or CaSPs relative to normal breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue.

Methods for Identifying breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate Tissue

In another aspect, the invention provides methods for identifying breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue. These methods are particularly useful in, *e.g.*, forensic science, breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cell differentiation and development, and in tissue engineering.

In one embodiment, the invention provides a method for determining whether a sample is breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue or has breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue-like characteristics. The method comprises the steps of providing a sample suspected of comprising breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue or having breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue-like characteristics, determining whether the sample expresses one or more CaSNAs and/or CaSPs, and, if the sample expresses one or more CaSNAs and/or CaSPs, concluding that the sample comprises breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue. In a preferred embodiment, the CaSNA encodes a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NO: 142-361, or a homolog, allelic variant or fragment thereof. In a more preferred embodiment, the CaSNA has a nucleotide sequence selected from SEQ ID NO: 1-141, or a hybridizing nucleic acid, an allelic variant or a part thereof. Determining whether a sample expresses a CaSNA can be accomplished by any method known in the art. Preferred methods include hybridization to microarrays, Northern blot hybridization, and quantitative or qualitative RT-PCR. In another preferred embodiment, the method can be practiced by determining whether a CaSP is expressed. Determining whether a sample expresses a CaSP can be accomplished by any method known in the art. Preferred methods include Western blot, ELISA, RIA and 2D PAGE. In one embodiment, the CaSP has an amino acid sequence selected from SEQ ID NO: 142-361, or a homolog, allelic variant or fragment thereof. In another preferred embodiment, the expression of at least two CaSNAs and/or CaSPs is determined. In a more preferred embodiment, the expression of at least three, more preferably four and even more preferably five CaSNAs and/or CaSPs are determined.

In one embodiment, the method can be used to determine whether an unknown tissue is breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue. This is particularly useful in forensic science, in which small, damaged pieces of tissues that are not identifiable by microscopic or other means are recovered from a crime or accident scene. In another embodiment, the method can be used to determine whether a tissue is differentiating or developing into breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue. This is important in

monitoring the effects of the addition of various agents to cell or tissue culture, *e.g.*, in producing new breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue by tissue engineering. These agents include, *e.g.*, growth and differentiation factors, extracellular matrix proteins and culture medium. Other factors that may be measured for effects on tissue development and differentiation include gene transfer into the cells or tissues, alterations in pH, aqueous:air interface and various other culture conditions.

Methods for Producing and Modifying breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate Tissue

In another aspect, the invention provides methods for producing engineered breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue or cells. In one embodiment, the method comprises the steps of providing cells, introducing a CaSNA or a CaSG into the cells, and growing the cells under conditions in which they exhibit one or more properties of breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue cells. In a preferred embodiment, the cells are pleuripotent. As is well known in the art, normal breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue comprises a large number of different cell types. Thus, in one embodiment, the engineered breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue or cells comprises one of these cell types. In another embodiment, the engineered breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue or cells comprises more than one breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cell type. Further, the culture conditions of the cells or tissue may require manipulation in order to achieve full differentiation and development of the breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cell tissue. Methods for manipulating culture conditions are well known in the art.

Nucleic acid molecules encoding one or more CaSPs are introduced into cells, preferably pleuripotent cells. In a preferred embodiment, the nucleic acid molecules encode CaSPs having amino acid sequences selected from SEQ ID NO: 142-361, or homologous proteins, analogs, allelic variants or fragments thereof. In a more preferred embodiment, the nucleic acid molecules have a nucleotide sequence selected from SEQ ID NO: 1-141, or hybridizing nucleic acids, allelic variants or parts thereof. In another highly preferred embodiment, a CaSG is introduced into the cells. Expression vectors and methods of introducing nucleic acid molecules into cells are well known in the art and are described in detail, *supra*.

Artificial breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue may be used to treat patients who have lost some or all of their breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate function.

Pharmaceutical Compositions

In another aspect, the invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising the nucleic acid molecules, polypeptides, fusion proteins, antibodies, antibody derivatives, antibody fragments, agonists, antagonists, or inhibitors of the present invention. In a preferred embodiment, the pharmaceutical composition comprises a CaSNA or part thereof. In a more preferred embodiment, the CaSNA has a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 1-141, a nucleic acid that hybridizes thereto, an allelic variant thereof, or a nucleic acid that has substantial sequence identity thereto. In another preferred embodiment, the pharmaceutical composition comprises a CaSP or fragment thereof. In a more preferred embodiment, the pharmaceutical composition comprises a CaSP having an amino acid sequence that is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 142-361, a polypeptide that is homologous thereto, a fusion protein comprising all or a portion of the polypeptide, or an analog or derivative thereof. In another preferred embodiment, the pharmaceutical composition comprises an anti-CaSP antibody, preferably an antibody that specifically binds to a CaSP having an amino acid that is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 142-361, or an antibody that binds to a polypeptide that is homologous thereto, a fusion protein comprising all or a portion of the polypeptide, or an analog or derivative thereof.

Due to the association of angiogenesis with cancer vascularization there is great need of new markers and methods for diagnosing angiogenesis activity to identify developing tumors and angiogenesis related diseases. Furthermore, great need is also present for new molecular targets useful in the treatment of angiogenesis and angiogenesis related diseases such as cancer. In addition known modulators of angiogenesis such as endostatin or vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF). Use of the methods and compositions disclosed herein in combination with anti-angiogenesis drugs, drugs that block the matrix breakdown (such as BMS-275291, Dalteparin (Fragmin®), Suramin), drugs that inhibit endothelial cells (2-methoxyestradiol (2-ME), CC-5013 (Thalidomide Analog), Combretastatin A4 Phosphate, LY317615 (Protein Kinase C Beta Inhibitor), Soy Isoflavone (Genistein; Soy Protein Isolate), Thalidomide), drugs that block activators of angiogenesis (AE-941 (Neovastat™; GW786034), Anti-VEGF Antibody (Bevacizumab; Avastin™), Interferon-alpha, PTK787/ZK 222584, VEGF-Trap, ZD6474), Drugs that inhibit endothelial-specific integrin/survival signaling (EMD 121974, Anti-Anb3 Integrin Antibody (Medi-522; Vitaxin™)).

Such a composition typically contains from about 0.1 to 90% by weight of a therapeutic agent of the invention formulated in and/or with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

Pharmaceutical formulation is a well-established art that is further described in Gennaro (ed.), Remington: The Science and Practice of Pharmacy, 20th ed., Lippincott, Williams & Wilkins (2000); Ansel *et al.*, Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms and Drug Delivery Systems, 7th ed., Lippincott Williams & Wilkins (1999); and Kibbe (ed.), Handbook of Pharmaceutical Excipients American Pharmaceutical Association, 3rd ed. (2000) and thus need not be described in detail herein.

Briefly, formulation of the pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention will depend upon the route chosen for administration. The pharmaceutical compositions utilized in this invention can be administered by various routes including both enteral and parenteral routes, including oral, intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous, inhalation, topical, sublingual, rectal, intra-arterial, intramedullary, intrathecal, intraventricular, transmucosal, transdermal, intranasal, intraperitoneal, intrapulmonary, and intrauterine.

Oral dosage forms can be formulated as tablets, pills, dragees, capsules, liquids, gels, syrups, slurries, suspensions, and the like, for ingestion by the patient.

Solid formulations of the compositions for oral administration can contain suitable carriers or excipients, such as carbohydrate or protein fillers, such as sugars, including lactose, sucrose, mannitol, or sorbitol; starch from corn, wheat, rice, potato, or other plants; cellulose, such as methyl cellulose, hydroxypropylmethyl-cellulose, sodium carboxymethylcellulose, or microcrystalline cellulose; gums including arabic and tragacanth; proteins such as gelatin and collagen; inorganics, such as kaolin, calcium carbonate, dicalcium phosphate, sodium chloride; and other agents such as acacia and alginic acid.

Agents that facilitate disintegration and/or solubilization can be added, such as the cross-linked polyvinyl pyrrolidone, agar, alginic acid, or a salt thereof, such as sodium alginate, microcrystalline cellulose, cornstarch, sodium starch glycolate, and alginic acid.

Tablet binders that can be used include acacia, methylcellulose, sodium carboxymethylcellulose, polyvinylpyrrolidone (Povidone™), hydroxypropyl methylcellulose, sucrose, starch and ethylcellulose.

Lubricants that can be used include magnesium stearates, stearic acid, silicone fluid, talc, waxes, oils, and colloidal silica.

Fillers, agents that facilitate disintegration and/or solubilization, tablet binders and lubricants, including the aforementioned, can be used singly or in combination.

Solid oral dosage forms need not be uniform throughout. For example, dragee cores can be used in conjunction with suitable coatings, such as concentrated sugar solutions, which can also contain gum arabic, talc, polyvinylpyrrolidone, carbopol gel, polyethylene glycol, and/or titanium dioxide, lacquer solutions, and suitable organic solvents or solvent mixtures.

Oral dosage forms of the present invention include push-fit capsules made of gelatin, as well as soft, sealed capsules made of gelatin and a coating, such as glycerol or sorbitol. Push-fit capsules can contain active ingredients mixed with a filler or binders, such as lactose or starches, lubricants, such as talc or magnesium stearate, and, optionally, stabilizers. In soft capsules, the active compounds can be dissolved or suspended in suitable liquids, such as fatty oils, liquid, or liquid polyethylene glycol with or without stabilizers.

Additionally, dyestuffs or pigments can be added to the tablets or dragee coatings for product identification or to characterize the quantity of active compound, *i.e.*, dosage.

Liquid formulations of the pharmaceutical compositions for oral (enteral) administration are prepared in water or other aqueous vehicles and can contain various suspending agents such as methylcellulose, alginates, tragacanth, pectin, kelgin, carrageenan, acacia, polyvinylpyrrolidone, and polyvinyl alcohol. The liquid formulations can also include solutions, emulsions, syrups and elixirs containing, together with the active compound(s), wetting agents, sweeteners, and coloring and flavoring agents.

The pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention can also be formulated for parenteral administration. Formulations for parenteral administration can be in the form of aqueous or non-aqueous isotonic sterile injection solutions or suspensions.

For intravenous injection, water soluble versions of the compounds of the present invention are formulated in, or if provided as a lyophilate, mixed with, a physiologically acceptable fluid vehicle, such as 5% dextrose ("D5"), physiologically buffered saline, 0.9% saline, Hanks' solution, or Ringer's solution. Intravenous formulations may include carriers, excipients or stabilizers including, without limitation, calcium, human serum albumin, citrate, acetate, calcium chloride, carbonate, and other salts.

Intramuscular preparations, *e.g.* a sterile formulation of a suitable soluble salt form of the compounds of the present invention, can be dissolved and administered in a

pharmaceutical excipient such as Water-for-Injection, 0.9% saline, or 5% glucose solution. Alternatively, a suitable insoluble form of the compound can be prepared and administered as a suspension in an aqueous base or a pharmaceutically acceptable oil base, such as an ester of a long chain fatty acid (*e.g.*, ethyl oleate), fatty oils such as sesame oil, triglycerides, or liposomes.

Parenteral formulations of the compositions can contain various carriers such as vegetable oils, dimethylacetamide, dimethylformamide, ethyl lactate, ethyl carbonate, isopropyl myristate, ethanol, polyols (glycerol, propylene glycol, liquid polyethylene glycol, and the like).

Aqueous injection suspensions can also contain substances that increase the viscosity of the suspension, such as sodium carboxymethyl cellulose, sorbitol, or dextran. Non-lipid polycationic amino polymers can also be used for delivery. Optionally, the suspension can also contain suitable stabilizers or agents that increase the solubility of the compounds to allow for the preparation of highly concentrated solutions.

Pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention can also be formulated to permit injectable, long-term, deposition. Injectable depot forms may be made by forming microencapsulated matrices of the compound in biodegradable polymers such as polylactide-polyglycolide. Depending upon the ratio of drug to polymer and the nature of the particular polymer employed, the rate of drug release can be controlled. Examples of other biodegradable polymers include poly(orthoesters) and poly(anhydrides). Depot injectable formulations are also prepared by entrapping the drug in microemulsions that are compatible with body tissues.

The pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention can be administered topically. For topical use the compounds of the present invention can also be prepared in suitable forms to be applied to the skin, or mucus membranes of the nose and throat, and can take the form of lotions, creams, ointments, liquid sprays or inhalants, drops, tinctures, lozenges, or throat paints. Such topical formulations further can include chemical compounds such as dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO) to facilitate surface penetration of the active ingredient. In other transdermal formulations, typically in patch-delivered formulations, the pharmaceutically active compound is formulated with one or more skin penetrants, such as 2-N-methyl-pyrrolidone (NMP) or Azone. A topical semi-solid ointment formulation typically contains a concentration of the active ingredient from about 1 to 20%, *e.g.*, 5 to 10%, in a carrier such as a pharmaceutical cream base.

For application to the eyes or ears, the compounds of the present invention can be presented in liquid or semi-liquid form formulated in hydrophobic or hydrophilic bases as ointments, creams, lotions, paints or powders.

For rectal administration the compounds of the present invention can be administered in the form of suppositories admixed with conventional carriers such as cocoa butter, wax or other glyceride.

Inhalation formulations can also readily be formulated. For inhalation, various powder and liquid formulations can be prepared. For aerosol preparations, a sterile formulation of the compound or salt form of the compound may be used in inhalers, such as metered dose inhalers, and nebulizers. Aerosolized forms may be especially useful for treating respiratory disorders.

Alternatively, the compounds of the present invention can be in powder form for reconstitution in the appropriate pharmaceutically acceptable carrier at the time of delivery.

The pharmaceutically active compound in the pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention can be provided as the salt of a variety of acids, including but not limited to hydrochloric, sulfuric, acetic, lactic, tartaric, malic, and succinic acid. Salts tend to be more soluble in aqueous or other protonic solvents than are the corresponding free base forms.

After pharmaceutical compositions have been prepared, they are packaged in an appropriate container and labeled for treatment of an indicated condition.

The active compound will be present in an amount effective to achieve the intended purpose. The determination of an effective dose is well within the capability of those skilled in the art.

A "therapeutically effective dose" refers to that amount of active ingredient, for example CaSP polypeptide, fusion protein, or fragments thereof, antibodies specific for CaSP, agonists, antagonists or inhibitors of CaSP, which ameliorates the signs or symptoms of the disease or prevent progression thereof; as would be understood in the medical arts, cure, although desired, is not required.

The therapeutically effective dose of the pharmaceutical agents of the present invention can be estimated initially by *in vitro* tests, such as cell culture assays, followed by assay in model animals, usually mice, rats, rabbits, dogs, or pigs. The animal model

can also be used to determine an initial preferred concentration range and route of administration.

For example, the ED50 (the dose therapeutically effective in 50% of the population) and LD50 (the dose lethal to 50% of the population) can be determined in one or more cell culture of animal model systems. The dose ratio of toxic to therapeutic effects is the therapeutic index, which can be expressed as LD50/ED50. Pharmaceutical compositions that exhibit large therapeutic indices are preferred.

The data obtained from cell culture assays and animal studies are used in formulating an initial dosage range for human use, and preferably provide a range of circulating concentrations that includes the ED50 with little or no toxicity. After administration, or between successive administrations, the circulating concentration of active agent varies within this range depending upon pharmacokinetic factors well known in the art, such as the dosage form employed, sensitivity of the patient, and the route of administration.

The exact dosage will be determined by the practitioner, in light of factors specific to the subject requiring treatment. Factors that can be taken into account by the practitioner include the severity of the disease state, general health of the subject, age, weight, gender of the subject, diet, time and frequency of administration, drug combination(s), reaction sensitivities, and tolerance/response to therapy. Long-acting pharmaceutical compositions can be administered every 3 to 4 days, every week, or once every two weeks depending on half-life and clearance rate of the particular formulation.

Normal dosage amounts may vary from 0.1 to 100,000 micrograms, up to a total dose of about 1 g, depending upon the route of administration. Where the therapeutic agent is a protein or antibody of the present invention, the therapeutic protein or antibody agent typically is administered at a daily dosage of 0.01 mg to 30 mg/kg of body weight of the patient (*e.g.*, 1mg/kg to 5 mg/kg). The pharmaceutical formulation can be administered in multiple doses per day, if desired, to achieve the total desired daily dose.

Guidance as to particular dosages and methods of delivery is provided in the literature and generally available to practitioners in the art. Those skilled in the art will employ different formulations for nucleotides than for proteins or their inhibitors. Similarly, delivery of polynucleotides or polypeptides will be specific to particular cells, conditions, locations, etc.

Conventional methods, known to those of ordinary skill in the art of medicine, can be used to administer the pharmaceutical formulation(s) of the present invention to the patient. The pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention can be administered alone, or in combination with other therapeutic agents or interventions.

Therapeutic Methods

The present invention further provides methods of treating subjects having defects in a gene of the invention, *e.g.*, in expression, activity, distribution, localization, and/or solubility, which can manifest as a disorder of breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate function. As used herein, "treating" includes all medically-acceptable types of therapeutic intervention, including palliation and prophylaxis (prevention) of disease. The term "treating" encompasses any improvement of a disease, including minor improvements. These methods are discussed below.

Gene Therapy and Vaccines

The isolated nucleic acids of the present invention can also be used to drive *in vivo* expression of the polypeptides of the present invention. *In vivo* expression can be driven from a vector, typically a viral vector, often a vector based upon a replication incompetent retrovirus, an adenovirus, or an adeno-associated virus (AAV), for the purpose of gene therapy. *In vivo* expression can also be driven from signals endogenous to the nucleic acid or from a vector, often a plasmid vector, such as pVAX1 (Invitrogen, Carlsbad, CA, USA), for purpose of "naked" nucleic acid vaccination, as further described in U.S. Patent Nos. 5,589,466; 5,679,647; 5,804,566; 5,830,877; 5,843,913; 5,880,104; 5,958,891; 5,985,847; 6,017,897; 6,110,898; 6,204,250, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties. For cancer therapy, it is preferred that the vector also be tumor-selective. *See, e.g.*, Doronin *et al.*, *J. Virol.* 75: 3314-24 (2001).

In another embodiment of the therapeutic methods of the present invention, a therapeutically effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition comprising a nucleic acid molecule of the present invention is administered. The nucleic acid molecule can be delivered in a vector that drives expression of a CaSP, fusion protein, or fragment thereof, or without such vector. Nucleic acid compositions that can drive expression of a CaSP are administered, for example, to complement a deficiency in the native CaSP, or as DNA vaccines. Expression vectors derived from virus, replication deficient retroviruses, adenovirus, adeno-associated (AAV) virus, herpes virus, or vaccinia virus can be used as

can plasmids. *See, e.g.*, Cid-Arregui, *supra*. In a preferred embodiment, the nucleic acid molecule encodes a CaSP having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 142-361, or a fragment, fusion protein, allelic variant or homolog thereof.

In still other therapeutic methods of the present invention, pharmaceutical compositions comprising host cells that express a CaSP, fusions, or fragments thereof can be administered. In such cases, the cells are typically autologous, so as to circumvent xenogeneic or allotypic rejection, and are administered to complement defects in CaSP production or activity. In a preferred embodiment, the nucleic acid molecules in the cells encode a CaSP having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 142-361, or a fragment, fusion protein, allelic variant or homolog thereof.

Antisense Administration

Antisense nucleic acid compositions, or vectors that drive expression of a CaSG antisense nucleic acid, are administered to downregulate transcription and/or translation of a CaSG in circumstances in which excessive production, or production of aberrant protein, is the pathophysiologic basis of disease.

Antisense compositions useful in therapy can have a sequence that is complementary to coding or to noncoding regions of a CaSG. For example, oligonucleotides derived from the transcription initiation site, *e.g.*, between positions -10 and +10 from the start site, are preferred.

Catalytic antisense compositions, such as ribozymes, that are capable of sequence-specific hybridization to CaSG transcripts, are also useful in therapy. *See, e.g.*, Phylactou, *Adv. Drug Deliv. Rev.* 44(2-3): 97-108 (2000); Phylactou *et al.*, *Hum. Mol. Genet.* 7(10): 1649-53 (1998); Rossi, *Ciba Found. Symp.* 209: 195-204 (1997); and Sigurdsson *et al.*, *Trends Biotechnol.* 13(8): 286-9 (1995).

Other nucleic acids useful in the therapeutic methods of the present invention are those that are capable of triplex helix formation in or near the CaSG genomic locus. Such triplexing oligonucleotides are able to inhibit transcription. *See, e.g.*, Intody *et al.*, *Nucleic Acids Res.* 28(21): 4283-90 (2000); and McGuffie *et al.*, *Cancer Res.* 60(14): 3790-9 (2000). Pharmaceutical compositions comprising such triplex forming oligos (TFOs) are administered in circumstances in which excessive production, or production of aberrant protein, is a pathophysiologic basis of disease.

In a preferred embodiment, the antisense molecule is derived from a nucleic acid molecule encoding a CaSP, preferably a CaSP comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 142-361, or a fragment, allelic variant or homolog thereof. In a more preferred embodiment, the antisense molecule is derived from a nucleic acid molecule having a nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1-141, or a part, allelic variant, substantially similar or hybridizing nucleic acid thereof.

Polypeptide Administration

In one embodiment of the therapeutic methods of the present invention, a therapeutically effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition comprising a CaSP, a fusion protein, fragment, analog or derivative thereof is administered to a subject with a clinically-significant CaSP defect.

Protein compositions are administered, for example, to complement a deficiency in native CaSP. In other embodiments, protein compositions are administered as a vaccine to elicit a humoral and/or cellular immune response to CaSP. The immune response can be used to modulate activity of CaSP or, depending on the immunogen, to immunize against aberrant or aberrantly expressed forms, such as mutant or inappropriately expressed isoforms. In yet other embodiments, protein fusions having a toxic moiety are administered to ablate cells that aberrantly accumulate CaSP.

In a preferred embodiment, the polypeptide administered is a CaSP comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 142-361, or a fusion protein, allelic variant, homolog, analog or derivative thereof. In a more preferred embodiment, the polypeptide is encoded by a nucleic acid molecule having a nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1-141, or a part, allelic variant, substantially similar or hybridizing nucleic acid thereof.

Antibody, Agonist and Antagonist Administration

In another embodiment of the therapeutic methods of the present invention, a therapeutically effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition comprising an antibody (including fragment or derivative thereof) of the present invention is administered. As is well known, antibody compositions are administered, for example, to antagonize activity of CaSP, or to target therapeutic agents to sites of CaSP presence and/or accumulation. In a preferred embodiment, the antibody specifically binds to a CaSP comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 142-361, or a fusion protein, allelic variant, homolog, analog or derivative thereof. In a more preferred embodiment, the antibody specifically

binds to a CaSP encoded by a nucleic acid molecule having a nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1-141, or a part, allelic variant, substantially similar or hybridizing nucleic acid thereof.

The present invention also provides methods for identifying modulators which bind to a CaSP or have a modulatory effect on the expression or activity of a CaSP. Modulators which decrease the expression or activity of CaSP (antagonists) are believed to be useful in treating breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer. Such screening assays are known to those of skill in the art and include, without limitation, cell-based assays and cell-free assays. Small molecules predicted via computer imaging to specifically bind to regions of a CaSP can also be designed, synthesized and tested for use in the imaging and treatment of breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer. Further, libraries of molecules can be screened for potential anticancer agents by assessing the ability of the molecule to bind to the CaSPs identified herein. Molecules identified in the library as being capable of binding to a CaSP are key candidates for further evaluation for use in the treatment of breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer. In a preferred embodiment, these molecules will downregulate expression and/or activity of a CaSP in cells.

In another embodiment of the therapeutic methods of the present invention, a pharmaceutical composition comprising a non-antibody antagonist of CaSP is administered. Antagonists of CaSP can be produced using methods generally known in the art. In particular, purified CaSP can be used to screen libraries of pharmaceutical agents, often combinatorial libraries of small molecules, to identify those that specifically bind and antagonize at least one activity of a CaSP.

In other embodiments a pharmaceutical composition comprising an agonist of a CaSP is administered. Agonists can be identified using methods analogous to those used to identify antagonists.

In a preferred embodiment, the antagonist or agonist specifically binds to and antagonizes or agonizes, respectively, a CaSP comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 142-361, or a fusion protein, allelic variant, homolog, analog or derivative thereof. In a more preferred embodiment, the antagonist or agonist specifically binds to and antagonizes or agonizes, respectively, a CaSP encoded by a nucleic acid molecule having a nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1-141, or a part, allelic variant, substantially similar or hybridizing nucleic acid thereof.

Targeting breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate Tissue

The invention also provides a method in which a polypeptide of the invention, or an antibody thereto, is linked to a therapeutic agent such that it can be delivered to the breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate or to specific cells in the breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate. In a preferred embodiment, an anti-CaSP antibody is linked to a therapeutic agent and is administered to a patient in need of such therapeutic agent. The therapeutic agent may be a toxin, if breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate tissue needs to be selectively destroyed. This would be useful for targeting and killing breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer cells. In another embodiment, the therapeutic agent may be a growth or differentiation factor, which would be useful for promoting breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cell function.

In another embodiment, an anti-CaSP antibody may be linked to an imaging agent that can be detected using, *e.g.*, magnetic resonance imaging, CT or PET. This would be useful for determining and monitoring breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate function, identifying breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate cancer tumors, and identifying noncancerous breast, colon, lung, ovarian or prostate diseases.

EXAMPLES

Example 1a: Alternative Splice Variants

We identified gene transcripts using the Gencarta™ tools from Compugen Ltd. (Tel Aviv, Israel). Gencarta™ was used to identify splice variant transcripts based on sequences from a variety of public and proprietary databases. These splice variants are either sequences which differ from a previously defined sequence or comprise new uses of known sequences. In general related variants are annotated as DEX0477_XXX.nt.1, DEX0477_XXX.nt.2, DEX0477_XXX.nt.3, etc. The variant DNA sequences encode proteins which differ from a previously defined protein sequence. In relation to the nucleotide sequence naming convention, protein variants are annotated as DEX0477_XXX.aa.1, DEX0477_XXX.aa.2, etc., wherein transcript DEX0477_XXX.nt.1 encodes protein DEX0477_XXX.aa.1. A single transcript may encode a protein from an alternate Open Reading Frame (ORF) which is designated DEX0477_XXX.orf.1. Additionally, multiple transcripts may encode for a single protein. In this case, DEX0477_XXX.nt.1 and DEX0477_XXX.nt.2 will both be associated with

DEX0477_XXX.aa.1. The table below is organized to demonstrate associations between transcripts and proteins, specifically that nucleotide transcripts on the left (DEX0477_XXX.nt.1) encode for amino acid sequences on the right (DEX0477_XXX.aa.1).

The mapping of the nucleic acid ("NT") SEQ ID NO; DEX ID; chromosomal location (if known); open reading frame (ORF) location; amino acid ("AA") SEQ ID NO; AA DEX ID; are shown in the table below.

SEQ ID NO	DEX ID	Chromo Map	ORF Loc	SEQ ID NO	DEX ID
1	DEX0477_001.nt.1	4p16.3	276-1268	142	DEX0477_001.aa.1
2	DEX0477_001.nt.2	4p16.3	1297-2850	143	DEX0477_001.aa.2
2	DEX0477_001.nt.2	4p16.3	1-894	144	DEX0477_001.aa.3
3	DEX0477_001.nt.4	4p16.3	1-1512	145	DEX0477_001.aa.4
3	DEX0477_001.nt.4	4p16.3	1-894	144	DEX0477_001.aa.3
4	DEX0477_001.nt.5	4p16.3	1-1512	145	DEX0477_001.aa.4
4	DEX0477_001.nt.5	4p16.3	1-894	144	DEX0477_001.aa.3
5	DEX0477_001.nt.6	4p16.3	1297-2808	145	DEX0477_001.aa.4
5	DEX0477_001.nt.6	4p16.3	1-894	144	DEX0477_001.aa.3
6	DEX0477_001.nt.7	4p16.3	1-2487	146	DEX0477_001.aa.7
6	DEX0477_001.nt.7	4p16.3	1-894	144	DEX0477_001.aa.3
6	DEX0477_001.nt.7	4p16.3	1297-2808	147	DEX0477_001.orf.7
7	DEX0477_001.nt.8	4p16.3	1-2805	148	DEX0477_001.aa.8
7	DEX0477_001.nt.8	4p16.3	1-894	144	DEX0477_001.aa.3
7	DEX0477_001.nt.8	4p16.3	1297-2808	149	DEX0477_001.orf.8
8	DEX0477_002.nt.1	4p16.3	319-2809	146	DEX0477_001.aa.7
8	DEX0477_002.nt.1	4p16.3	1297-2808	150	DEX0477_002.orf.1
9	DEX0477_002.nt.2	4p16.3	2-871	151	DEX0477_002.aa.2
10	DEX0477_001.nt.9	4p16.3	1-2487	146	DEX0477_001.aa.7
10	DEX0477_001.nt.9	4p16.3	1-894	144	DEX0477_001.aa.3
10	DEX0477_001.nt.9	4p16.3	1297-2808	152	DEX0477_001.orf.9
11	DEX0477_003.nt.1	11q12.3	121-996	153	DEX0477_003.aa.1
12	DEX0477_003.nt.2	11q12.3	823-1140	154	DEX0477_003.aa.2
13	DEX0477_004.nt.1	14q32.33	3-560	155	DEX0477_004.aa.1
14	DEX0477_005.nt.1	2p25.1	326-686	156	DEX0477_005.aa.1
14	DEX0477_005.nt.1	2p25.1	87-683	157	DEX0477_005.orf.1
15	DEX0477_006.nt.1	8q22.3	1-706	158	DEX0477_006.aa.1
15	DEX0477_006.nt.1	8q22.3	102-704	159	DEX0477_006.orf.1
16	DEX0477_007.nt.1	9q34.11	6-486	160	DEX0477_007.aa.1
16	DEX0477_007.nt.1	9q34.11	8-481	161	DEX0477_007.orf.1
17	DEX0477_008.nt.1	8q22.3	146-832	162	DEX0477_008.aa.1
18	DEX0477_009.nt.1	16q22.1	363-1005	163	DEX0477_009.aa.1
18	DEX0477_009.nt.1	16q22.1	25-540	164	DEX0477_009.orf.1
19	DEX0477_010.nt.1	2p25.1	103-1425	165	DEX0477_010.aa.1
19	DEX0477_010.nt.1	2p25.1	41-1423	166	DEX0477_010.orf.1
20	DEX0477_011.nt.1	8q24.3	2-292	167	DEX0477_011.aa.1
21	DEX0477_012.nt.1	3229131-3229414; 1p36.33	1-246	168	DEX0477_012.aa.1
21	DEX0477_012.nt.1	3229131-3229414; 1p36.33	3-308	169	DEX0477_012.orf.1
22	DEX0477_013.nt.1	7q11.23	2087-4217	170	DEX0477_013.aa.1

22	DEX0477_013.nt.1	7q11.23	2016-3254	171	DEX0477_013.orf.1
23	DEX0477_014.nt.1	19q13.2	1-388	172	DEX0477_014.aa.1
23	DEX0477_014.nt.1	19q13.2	91-372	173	DEX0477_014.orf.1
24	DEX0477_014.nt.2	19q13.2	1-358	174	DEX0477_014.aa.2
24	DEX0477_014.nt.2	19q13.2	43-342	175	DEX0477_014.orf.2
25	DEX0477_014.nt.3	19q13.2	1-93	176	DEX0477_014.aa.3
25	DEX0477_014.nt.3	19q13.2	26-277	177	DEX0477_014.orf.3
26	DEX0477_015.nt.1	21q22.3	110-544	178	DEX0477_015.aa.1
27	DEX0477_015.nt.2	21q22.3	110-382	179	DEX0477_015.aa.2
28	DEX0477_016.nt.1	17q12	292-3942	180	DEX0477_016.aa.1
29	DEX0477_016.nt.2	17q12	151-4278	181	DEX0477_016.aa.2
29	DEX0477_016.nt.2	17q12	1-1725	182	DEX0477_016.aa.3
29	DEX0477_016.nt.2	17q12	1832-4276	183	DEX0477_016.orf.2
30	DEX0477_016.nt.4	17q12	1-495	184	DEX0477_016.aa.4
30	DEX0477_016.nt.4	17q12	6-491	185	DEX0477_016.orf.4
31	DEX0477_016.nt.5	17q12	1-228	186	DEX0477_016.aa.5
31	DEX0477_016.nt.5	17q12	200-499	187	DEX0477_016.orf.5
32	DEX0477_017.nt.1	17q12	151-2184	188	DEX0477_017.aa.1
33	DEX0477_018.nt.1	14q24.3	73-662	189	DEX0477_018.aa.1
33	DEX0477_018.nt.1	14q24.3	315-656	190	DEX0477_018.orf.1
34	DEX0477_019.nt.1	19q13.2	2-197	191	DEX0477_019.aa.1
34	DEX0477_019.nt.1	19q13.2	35-1009	192	DEX0477_019.orf.1
35	DEX0477_020.nt.1	19q13.2	123-2228	193	DEX0477_020.aa.1
36	DEX0477_020.nt.2	19q13.2	123-2300	194	DEX0477_020.aa.2
37	DEX0477_021.nt.1	7p21.1	22-603	195	DEX0477_021.aa.1
37	DEX0477_021.nt.1	7p21.1	3-599	196	DEX0477_021.orf.1
38	DEX0477_021.nt.2	7p21.1	22-587	197	DEX0477_021.aa.2
38	DEX0477_021.nt.2	7p21.1	25-582	198	DEX0477_021.orf.2
39	DEX0477_022.nt.1	19q13.2	1-412	199	DEX0477_022.aa.1
39	DEX0477_022.nt.1	19q13.2	311-586	200	DEX0477_022.orf.1
40	DEX0477_023.nt.1	7p21.1	46-295	201	DEX0477_023.aa.1
40	DEX0477_023.nt.1	7p21.1	164-400	202	DEX0477_023.orf.1
41	DEX0477_024.nt.1	7p21.1	70-220	203	DEX0477_024.aa.1
41	DEX0477_024.nt.1	7p21.1	54-473	204	DEX0477_024.orf.1
42	DEX0477_024.nt.2	7p21.1	16-242	205	DEX0477_024.aa.2
42	DEX0477_024.nt.2	7p21.1	75-494	206	DEX0477_024.orf.2
43	DEX0477_024.nt.3	7p21.1	7-232	207	DEX0477_024.aa.3
43	DEX0477_024.nt.3	7p21.1	67-486	208	DEX0477_024.orf.3
44	DEX0477_024.nt.4	7p21.1	7-376	209	DEX0477_024.aa.4
44	DEX0477_024.nt.4	7p21.1	2-253	210	DEX0477_024.orf.4
45	DEX0477_025.nt.1	4q22.1	13-371	211	DEX0477_025.aa.1
45	DEX0477_025.nt.1	4q22.1	16-366	212	DEX0477_025.orf.1
46	DEX0477_026.nt.1	17q23.2	88-317	213	DEX0477_026.aa.1
46	DEX0477_026.nt.1	17q23.2	2-430	214	DEX0477_026.orf.1
47	DEX0477_027.nt.1	1q23.3	1-339	215	DEX0477_027.aa.1
48	DEX0477_027.nt.2	1q23.3	31-664	216	DEX0477_027.aa.2
48	DEX0477_027.nt.2	1q23.3	144-662	217	DEX0477_027.orf.2
49	DEX0477_027.nt.3	1q23.3	31-601	218	DEX0477_027.aa.3
49	DEX0477_027.nt.3	1q23.3	144-599	219	DEX0477_027.orf.3
50	DEX0477_027.nt.4	1q23.3	2-320	220	DEX0477_027.aa.4
50	DEX0477_027.nt.4	1q23.3	1-336	221	DEX0477_027.orf.4
51	DEX0477_027.nt.5	1q23.3	454-846	222	DEX0477_027.aa.5
52	DEX0477_027.nt.6	1q23.3	998-1325	223	DEX0477_027.aa.6
52	DEX0477_027.nt.6	1q23.3	2-397	224	DEX0477_027.orf.6
53	DEX0477_027.nt.7	1q23.3	31-520	225	DEX0477_027.aa.7
53	DEX0477_027.nt.7	1q23.3	144-518	226	DEX0477_027.orf.7
54	DEX0477_028.nt.1	3q21.1	1-5445	227	DEX0477_028.aa.1

55	DEX0477_028.nt.2	3q21.1	1-5232	228	DEX0477_028.aa.2
55	DEX0477_028.nt.2	3q21.1	5-2908	229	DEX0477_028.orf.2
56	DEX0477_028.nt.3	3q21.1	1-5232	228	DEX0477_028.aa.2
56	DEX0477_028.nt.3	3q21.1	5-2908	230	DEX0477_028.orf.3
57	DEX0477_028.nt.4	3q21.1	1-5232	228	DEX0477_028.aa.2
57	DEX0477_028.nt.4	3q21.1	5-2908	231	DEX0477_028.orf.4
58	DEX0477_029.nt.1	3q21.1	2-5237	232	DEX0477_029.aa.1
58	DEX0477_029.nt.1	3q21.1	5-2908	233	DEX0477_029.orf.1
59	DEX0477_030.nt.1	19q13.41	97-942	234	DEX0477_030.aa.1
60	DEX0477_030.nt.2	19q13.41	1-663	235	DEX0477_030.aa.2
61	DEX0477_030.nt.3	19q13.41	1-106	236	DEX0477_030.aa.3
61	DEX0477_030.nt.3	19q13.41	1-174	237	DEX0477_030.orf.3
62	DEX0477_031.nt.1	17q25.3	1-425	238	DEX0477_031.aa.1
62	DEX0477_031.nt.1	17q25.3	97-549	239	DEX0477_031.orf.1
63	DEX0477_032.nt.1	21q22.3	278-1483	240	DEX0477_032.aa.1
64	DEX0477_033.nt.1	14q23.3	1-468	241	DEX0477_033.aa.1
64	DEX0477_033.nt.1	14q23.3	66-464	242	DEX0477_033.orf.1
65	DEX0477_033.nt.2	14q23.3	206-583	243	DEX0477_033.aa.2
66	DEX0477_033.nt.3	14q23.3	134-587	244	DEX0477_033.aa.3
67	DEX0477_034.nt.1	10p13	467-1024	245	DEX0477_034.aa.1
68	DEX0477_035.nt.1	11q13.2	69-641	246	DEX0477_035.aa.1
69	DEX0477_035.nt.2	11q13.2	100-539	247	DEX0477_035.aa.2
69	DEX0477_035.nt.2	11q13.2	2-538	248	DEX0477_035.orf.2
70	DEX0477_035.nt.3	11q13.2	241-818	249	DEX0477_035.aa.3
70	DEX0477_035.nt.3	11q13.2	107-814	250	DEX0477_035.orf.3
71	DEX0477_035.nt.4	11q13.2	34-911	251	DEX0477_035.aa.4
71	DEX0477_035.nt.4	11q13.2	3-908	252	DEX0477_035.orf.4
72	DEX0477_035.nt.5	11q13.2	34-716	253	DEX0477_035.aa.5
72	DEX0477_035.nt.5	11q13.2	3-713	254	DEX0477_035.orf.5
73	DEX0477_036.nt.1	1p34.2	1-389	255	DEX0477_036.aa.1
73	DEX0477_036.nt.1	1p34.2	3-404	256	DEX0477_036.orf.1
74	DEX0477_037.nt.1	6p12.2	1-386	257	DEX0477_037.aa.1
74	DEX0477_037.nt.1	6p12.2	59-418	258	DEX0477_037.orf.1
75	DEX0477_038.nt.1	4q22.1	150-912	259	DEX0477_038.aa.1
75	DEX0477_038.nt.1	4q22.1	13-648	260	DEX0477_038.orf.1
76	DEX0477_038.nt.2	4q22.1	150-870	261	DEX0477_038.aa.2
76	DEX0477_038.nt.2	4q22.1	13-606	262	DEX0477_038.orf.2
77	DEX0477_038.nt.3	4q22.1	349-859	263	DEX0477_038.aa.3
77	DEX0477_038.nt.3	4q22.1	185-595	264	DEX0477_038.orf.3
78	DEX0477_039.nt.1	17q25.3	34-505	265	DEX0477_039.aa.1
78	DEX0477_039.nt.1	17q25.3	88-672	266	DEX0477_039.orf.1
79	DEX0477_040.nt.1	1p36.23	152-1279	267	DEX0477_040.aa.1
80	DEX0477_040.nt.2	1p36.23	152-1363	268	DEX0477_040.aa.2
81	DEX0477_041.nt.1	11q13.1	477-815	269	DEX0477_041.aa.1
82	DEX0477_042.nt.1	16q13	1-95	270	DEX0477_042.aa.1
82	DEX0477_042.nt.1	16q13	52-249	271	DEX0477_042.orf.1
83	DEX0477_043.nt.1	17q21.2	70-814	272	DEX0477_043.aa.1
83	DEX0477_043.nt.1	17q21.2	1-741	273	DEX0477_043.orf.1
84	DEX0477_044.nt.1	1p34.1	382-849	274	DEX0477_044.aa.1
85	DEX0477_044.nt.2	1p34.1	459-1347	275	DEX0477_044.aa.2
85	DEX0477_044.nt.2	1p34.1	352-972	276	DEX0477_044.orf.2
86	DEX0477_044.nt.3	1p34.1	1-334	277	DEX0477_044.aa.3
86	DEX0477_044.nt.3	1p34.1	2-331	278	DEX0477_044.orf.3
87	DEX0477_045.nt.1	1p34.1	382-849	279	DEX0477_045.aa.1
88	DEX0477_046.nt.1	4q12	1-513	280	DEX0477_046.aa.1
89	DEX0477_047.nt.1	1q32.2	1292-1596	281	DEX0477_047.aa.1
89	DEX0477_047.nt.1	1q32.2	71-430	282	DEX0477_047.orf.1

90	DEX0477_048.nt.1	21q22.3	1-1158	283	DEX0477_048.aa.1
91	DEX0477_048.nt.2	21q22.3	1-1161	283	DEX0477_048.aa.1
92	DEX0477_048.nt.3	21q22.3	1-888	284	DEX0477_048.aa.3
93	DEX0477_048.nt.4	21q22.3	1-1014	285	DEX0477_048.aa.4
94	DEX0477_049.nt.1	21q22.3	454-972	286	DEX0477_049.aa.1
95	DEX0477_049.nt.2	11p15.5	37-435	287	DEX0477_049.aa.2
96	DEX0477_050.nt.1	17q21.2	13-1008	288	DEX0477_050.aa.1
96	DEX0477_050.nt.1	17q21.2	23-808	289	DEX0477_050.orf.1
97	DEX0477_051.nt.1	1p36.11	499-1072	290	DEX0477_051.aa.1
97	DEX0477_051.nt.1	1p36.11	548-1069	291	DEX0477_051.orf.1
98	DEX0477_052.nt.1	11q23.3	1-728	292	DEX0477_052.aa.1
98	DEX0477_052.nt.1	11q23.3	61-726	293	DEX0477_052.orf.1
99	DEX0477_053.nt.1	17q21.2	271-924	294	DEX0477_053.aa.1
99	DEX0477_053.nt.1	17q21.2	14-922	295	DEX0477_053.orf.1
100	DEX0477_054.nt.1	19q13.32	1-314	296	DEX0477_054.aa.1
100	DEX0477_054.nt.1	19q13.32	192-464	297	DEX0477_054.orf.1
101	DEX0477_054.nt.2	12p13.31	249-1020	298	DEX0477_054.aa.2
101	DEX0477_054.nt.2	12p13.31	3-1055	299	DEX0477_054.orf.2
102	DEX0477_055.nt.1	17q21.2	80-1379	300	DEX0477_055.aa.1
102	DEX0477_055.nt.1	17q21.2	487-1566	301	DEX0477_055.orf.1
103	DEX0477_055.nt.2	17q21.2	80-1262	302	DEX0477_055.aa.2
103	DEX0477_055.nt.2	17q21.2	54-1550	303	DEX0477_055.orf.2
104	DEX0477_055.nt.3	17q21.2	80-1262	302	DEX0477_055.aa.2
104	DEX0477_055.nt.3	17q21.2	54-1427	304	DEX0477_055.orf.3
105	DEX0477_055.nt.4	17q21.2	81-923	305	DEX0477_055.aa.4
106	DEX0477_056.nt.1	12q13.13	1-152	306	DEX0477_056.aa.1
106	DEX0477_056.nt.1	12q13.13	153-446	307	DEX0477_056.orf.1
107	DEX0477_057.nt.1	8q24.22	291-968	308	DEX0477_057.aa.1
108	DEX0477_058.nt.1	1q32.1	111-734	309	DEX0477_058.aa.1
109	DEX0477_058.nt.2	1q32.1	438-947	310	DEX0477_058.aa.2
110	DEX0477_059.nt.1	17q21.2	3-203	311	DEX0477_059.aa.1
111	DEX0477_059.nt.2	17q21.2	1-101	312	DEX0477_059.aa.2
111	DEX0477_059.nt.2	17q21.2	2-223	313	DEX0477_059.orf.2
112	DEX0477_060.nt.1	16q21	34-235	314	DEX0477_060.aa.1
112	DEX0477_060.nt.1	16q21	3662-3943	315	DEX0477_060.orf.1
113	DEX0477_060.nt.2	16q21	1-94	316	DEX0477_060.aa.2
113	DEX0477_060.nt.2	16q21	3569-3850	317	DEX0477_060.orf.2
114	DEX0477_061.nt.1	13q33.3	268-708	318	DEX0477_061.aa.1
115	DEX0477_061.nt.2	13q33.3	267-711	318	DEX0477_061.aa.1
116	DEX0477_062.nt.1	11q24.1	19-1075	319	DEX0477_062.aa.1
116	DEX0477_062.nt.1	11q24.1	414-1028	320	DEX0477_062.orf.1
117	DEX0477_063.nt.1	11p15.5	22-378	321	DEX0477_063.aa.1
117	DEX0477_063.nt.1	11p15.5	1-549	322	DEX0477_063.orf.1
118	DEX0477_063.nt.2	11p15.5	565-829	323	DEX0477_063.aa.2
118	DEX0477_063.nt.2	11p15.5	534-1001	324	DEX0477_063.orf.2
119	DEX0477_064.nt.1	6p21.33	22-252	325	DEX0477_064.aa.1
119	DEX0477_064.nt.1	6p21.33	264-578	326	DEX0477_064.orf.1
120	DEX0477_065.nt.1	4q25	91-421	327	DEX0477_065.aa.1
120	DEX0477_065.nt.1	4q25	2-460	328	DEX0477_065.orf.1
121	DEX0477_065.nt.2	4q25	1-188	329	DEX0477_065.aa.2
121	DEX0477_065.nt.2	4q25	178-483	330	DEX0477_065.orf.2
122	DEX0477_065.nt.3	4q25	78-326	331	DEX0477_065.aa.3
123	DEX0477_066.nt.1	4q25	92-460	332	DEX0477_066.aa.1
124	DEX0477_066.nt.2	4q25	78-326	333	DEX0477_066.aa.2
125	DEX0477_067.nt.1	4p16.1	1-285	334	DEX0477_067.aa.1
125	DEX0477_067.nt.1	4p16.1	80-631	335	DEX0477_067.orf.1

126	DEX0477_068.nt.1	X: 1366569-1366868; Xp22.33	1-195	336	DEX0477_068.aa.1
126	DEX0477_068.nt.1	X: 1366569-1366868; Xp22.33	329-481	337	DEX0477_068.orf.1
127	DEX0477_069.nt.1	20p12.3	1-420	338	DEX0477_069.aa.1
128	DEX0477_070.nt.1	8q22.3	130-557	339	DEX0477_070.aa.1
128	DEX0477_070.nt.1	8q22.3	3-368	340	DEX0477_070.orf.1
129	DEX0477_071.nt.1	7q21.3	1-158	341	DEX0477_071.aa.1
129	DEX0477_071.nt.1	7q21.3	3-272	342	DEX0477_071.orf.1
130	DEX0477_071.nt.2	7q21.3	1-136	343	DEX0477_071.aa.2
130	DEX0477_071.nt.2	7q21.3	482-745	344	DEX0477_071.orf.2
131	DEX0477_072.nt.1	1p22.2	547-2590	345	DEX0477_072.aa.1
131	DEX0477_072.nt.1	1p22.2	434-2065	346	DEX0477_072.orf.1
132	DEX0477_072.nt.2	1p22.2	2-1466	347	DEX0477_072.aa.2
132	DEX0477_072.nt.2	1p22.2	49-1464	348	DEX0477_072.orf.2
133	DEX0477_073.nt.1	19q13.31	652-1854	349	DEX0477_073.aa.1
134	DEX0477_073.nt.2	19q13.31	512-917	350	DEX0477_073.aa.2
134	DEX0477_073.nt.2	19q13.31	432-914	351	DEX0477_073.orf.2
135	DEX0477_074.nt.1	19q13.31	652-1932	352	DEX0477_074.aa.1
136	DEX0477_075.nt.1	6p22.1	40-241	353	DEX0477_075.aa.1
136	DEX0477_075.nt.1	6p22.1	127-348	354	DEX0477_075.orf.1
137	DEX0477_076.nt.1	20p12.2	269-1873	355	DEX0477_076.aa.1
138	DEX0477_077.nt.1	11q22.2	124-750	356	DEX0477_077.aa.1
139	DEX0477_078.nt.1	2q32.2	187-2110	357	DEX0477_078.aa.1
139	DEX0477_078.nt.1	2q32.2	1-1701	358	DEX0477_078.orf.1
140	DEX0477_079.nt.1	1p36.23	1-471	359	DEX0477_079.aa.1
141	DEX0477_080.nt.1	1p36.23	392-719	360	DEX0477_080.aa.1
141	DEX0477_080.nt.1	1p36.23	2-376	361	DEX0477_080.orf.1

The polypeptides of the present invention were analyzed and the following attributes were identified; specifically, epitopes, post translational modifications, signal peptides and transmembrane domains. Antigenicity (Epitope) prediction was performed through the antigenic module in the EMBOSS package. Rice, P., EMBOSS: The European Molecular Biology Open Software Suite, *Trends in Genetics* 16(6): 276-277 (2000). The antigenic module predicts potentially antigenic regions of a protein sequence, using the method of Kolaskar and Tongaonkar. Kolaskar, AS and Tongaonkar, PC., A semi-empirical method for prediction of antigenic determinants on protein antigens, *FEBS Letters* 276: 172-174 (1990). Examples of post-translational modifications (PTMs) and other motifs of the CaSPs of this invention are listed below. In addition, antibodies that specifically bind such post-translational modifications may be useful as a diagnostic or as therapeutic. The PTMs and other motifs were predicted by using the ProSite Dictionary of Proteins Sites and Patterns (Bairoch *et al.*, *Nucleic Acids Res.* 25(1):217-221 (1997)), the following motifs, including PTMs, were predicted for the CaSPs of the invention. The signal peptides were detected by using the SignalP 2.0, *see* Nielsen *et al.*, *Protein*

Engineering 12, 3-9 (1999). Prediction of transmembrane helices in proteins was performed by the application TMHMM 2.0, "currently the best performing transmembrane prediction program", according to authors (Krogh *et al.*, *Journal of Molecular Biology*, 305(3):567-580, (2001); Moller *et al.*, *Bioinformatics*, 17(7):646-653, (2001); Sonnhammer, *et al.*, *A hidden Markov model for predicting transmembrane helices in protein sequences* in Glasgow, *et al.* Ed. Proceedings of the Sixth International Conference on Intelligent Systems for Molecular Biology, pages 175-182, Menlo Park, CA, 1998. AAAI Press. The PSORT II program may also be used to predict cellular localizations. Horton et al., *Intelligent Systems for Molecular Biology* 5: 147-152 (1997).

The table below includes the following sequence annotations: Signal peptide presence; TM (number of membrane domain, topology in orientation and position); Amino acid location and antigenic index (location, AI score); PTM and other motifs (type, amino acid residue locations); and functional domains (type, amino acid residue locations).

DEX ID	Sig P	TMHMM	Antigenicity	PTM	Domains
DEX0477_001.aa.1	Y	0 - o1-331;	322-328,1.185; 181-188,1.117; 249-260,1.149; 302-308,1.135; 266-283,1.146; 215-245,1.145; 285-296,1.114; 54-66,1.082; 114-132,1.173; 68-76,1.088; 31-46,1.092; 6-28,1.22; 139-173,1.216;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 48-50; MYRISTYL 287-292; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 274-277; MYRISTYL 132-137; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 36-38; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 144-147; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 270-273; MYRISTYL 26-31; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 247-249; MYRISTYL 74-79; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 209-212; MYRISTYL 290-295; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 136-139; MYRISTYL 134-139; MYRISTYL 190-195;	TSP1 277-331; TSP1 280-331; tsp_1 281-330;
DEX0477_001.aa.2	N	0 - o1-518;	359-375,1.201; 244-254,1.038; 211-229,1.203; 197-205,1.105; 322-337,1.166; 145-171,1.13; 472-	MYRISTYL 72-77; MYRISTYL 106-111; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 461-464; LEUCINE_ZIPPER 271-292; MYRISTYL 114-119; AMIDATION 315-318; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 172-175; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE	tsp_1 468-517; TSP1 464-518; TSP1 467-518;

			483,1.114; 55-66,1.137; 68-74,1.05; 389-413,1.177; 76-88,1.104; 28-52,1.195; 121-141,1.098; 231-239,1.074; 4-17,1.16; 419-427,1.123; 435-442,1.156; 509-515,1.185; 342-354,1.119; 261-312,1.174; 448-470,1.146; 489-495,1.135; 93-107,1.16;	317-320; MYRISTYL 477-482; MYRISTYL 111-116; MYRISTYL 69-74; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 405-407; MYRISTYL 291-296; MYRISTYL 398-403; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 321-323; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 18-21; MYRISTYL 394-399; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 50-52; MYRISTYL 355-360; MYRISTYL 401-406; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 408-411; MYRISTYL 203-208; MYRISTYL 181-186; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 315-317; MYRISTYL 474-479; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 440-442;	
DEX0477_001.aa.3	Y	0 - o1-298;	215-245,1.126; 6-28,1.22; 68-76,1.088; 249-260,1.149; 114-132,1.152; 181-188,1.117; 31-46,1.092; 54-66,1.082; 139-173,1.216;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 209-212; MYRISTYL 190-195; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 144-147; MYRISTYL 26-31; MYRISTYL 271-276; MYRISTYL 74-79; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 136-139; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 36-38; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 288-290; MYRISTYL 134-139; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 247-249; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 48-50; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 119-122; MYRISTYL 132-137;	
DEX0477_001.aa.4	N	0 - o1-504;	261-312,1.174; 55-66,1.137; 68-74,1.05; 370-383,1.084; 451-474,1.106; 211-229,1.203; 427-436,1.098;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 315-317; MYRISTYL 181-186; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 172-175; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 50-52; MYRISTYL 203-208; LEUCINE_ZIPPER 271-292; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 18-21; MYRISTYL	

			28-52,1.195; 244-254,1.038; 76-88,1.104; 121-141,1.098; 197-205,1.105; 481-487,1.037; 93-107,1.16; 4-17,1.16; 359-365,1.039; 231-239,1.074; 342-354,1.119; 407-413,1.057; 145-171,1.13; 322-337,1.166;	291-296; MYRISTYL 114-119; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 392-395; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 317-320; AMIDATION 315-318; MYRISTYL 368-373; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 321-323; MYRISTYL 106-111; MYRISTYL 72-77; MYRISTYL 402-407; MYRISTYL 69-74; AMIDATION 402-405; MYRISTYL 499-504; MYRISTYL 355-360; MYRISTYL 111-116;	
DEX0477_001.aa.7	Y	0 - o1-829;	536-554,1.203; 776-799,1.106; 68-76,1.088; 569-579,1.038; 6-28,1.22; 300-314,1.12; 139-173,1.216; 695-708,1.084; 752-761,1.098; 684-690,1.039; 380-391,1.137; 586-637,1.174; 249-260,1.149; 732-738,1.057; 647-662,1.166; 556-564,1.074; 316-325,1.153; 54-66,1.082; 327-342,1.16; 353-377,1.195; 393-399,1.05; 418-432,1.16;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 36-38; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 48-50; MYRISTYL 394-399; MYRISTYL 693-698; MYRISTYL 528-533; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 209-212; MYRISTYL 74-79; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 497-500; MYRISTYL 824-829; MYRISTYL 397-402; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 375-377; MYRISTYL 727-732; MYRISTYL 134-139; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 298-300; MYRISTYL 304-309; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 247-249; MYRISTYL 190-195; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 642-645; MYRISTYL 271-276; MYRISTYL 132-137; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 119-122; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 717-720; MYRISTYL 436-441; LEUCINE_ZIPPER 596-617; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 144-147; MYRISTYL	

			114-132,1.152; 806-812,1.037; 446-466,1.098; 401-413,1.104; 31-46,1.092; 470-496,1.13; 215-245,1.126; 522-530,1.105; 667-679,1.119; 181-188,1.117;	26-31; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 646-648; MYRISTYL 431-436; AMIDATION 640-643; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 288-290; AMIDATION 727-730; MYRISTYL 506-511; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 324-326; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 343-346; MYRISTYL 680-685; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 640-642; MYRISTYL 616-621; MYRISTYL 439-444; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 136-139;	
DEX0477_001.orf.7	N	0 - o1-504;		AMIDATION 402-405; MYRISTYL 291-296; MYRISTYL 499-504; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 321-323; MYRISTYL 111-116; MYRISTYL 402-407; MYRISTYL 114-119; MYRISTYL 69-74; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 315-317; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 392-395; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 50-52; MYRISTYL 181-186; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 172-175; MYRISTYL 368-373; MYRISTYL 72-77; MYRISTYL 203-208; MYRISTYL 355-360; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 317-320; LEUCINE_ZIPPER 271-292; MYRISTYL 106-111; AMIDATION 315-318; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 18-21;	
DEX0477_001.aa.8	N	0 - o1-935;	507-519,1.104; 422-431,1.153; 858-867,1.098;	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 69-72; MYRISTYL 542-547; MYRISTYL 180-185; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 481-483;	

			882-905,1.106; 433-448,1.16; 137-152,1.092; 773-785,1.119; 88-96,1.033; 220-238,1.152; 552-572,1.098; 628-636,1.105; 912-918,1.037; 642-660,1.203; 576-602,1.13; 662-670,1.074; 486-497,1.137; 160-172,1.082; 499-505,1.05; 459-483,1.195; 838-844,1.057; 44-65,1.152; 801-814,1.084; 692-743,1.174; 406-420,1.12; 245-279,1.216; 355-366,1.149; 524-538,1.16; 790-796,1.039; 287-294,1.117; 753-768,1.166; 99-107,1.14; 321-351,1.126; 112-134,1.22; 174-182,1.088; 675-685,1.038;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 63-66; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 449-452; MYRISTYL 833-838; MYRISTYL 296-301; MYRISTYL 77-82; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 752-754; LEUCINE_ZIPPER 702-723; MYRISTYL 799-804; MYRISTYL 500-505; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 746-748; MYRISTYL 722-727; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 225-228; MYRISTYL 545-550; MYRISTYL 2-7; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 430-432; MYRISTYL 786-791; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 603-606; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 404-406; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 242-245; MYRISTYL 612-617; MYRISTYL 634-639; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 154-156; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 84-87; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 315-318; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 37-39; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 823-826; MYRISTYL 930-935; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 103-105; MYRISTYL 503-508; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 142-144; MYRISTYL 82-87; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 748-751; MYRISTYL 537-542; MYRISTYL 410-415; AMIDATION 746-749; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 353-355; MYRISTYL 377-382; RGD 5-7; MYRISTYL 132-137; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 394-396;	

				CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 250-253; AMIDATION 833-836; MYRISTYL 240-245; MYRISTYL 238-243;	
DEX0477_001.orf.8	N	0 - o1-504;		CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 18-21; MYRISTYL 106-111; MYRISTYL 181-186; MYRISTYL 368-373; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 50-52; MYRISTYL 72-77; MYRISTYL 499-504; MYRISTYL 203-208; AMIDATION 315-318; MYRISTYL 402-407; LEUCINE_ZIPPER 271-292; MYRISTYL 69-74; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 315-317; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 321-323; MYRISTYL 291-296; MYRISTYL 111-116; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 172-175; AMIDATION 402-405; MYRISTYL 114-119; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 392-395; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 317-320; MYRISTYL 355-360;	
DEX0477_002.orf.1	N	0 - o1-504;	145-171,1.13; 211-229,1.203; 197-205,1.105; 28-52,1.195; 370-383,1.084; 121-141,1.098; 231-239,1.074; 4-17,1.16; 481-487,1.037; 322-337,1.166; 427-436,1.098; 55-66,1.137; 93-107,1.16; 68-74,1.05; 76-88,1.104;	MYRISTYL 114-119; MYRISTYL 72-77; MYRISTYL 203-208; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 172-175; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 317-320; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 392-395; AMIDATION 402-405; MYRISTYL 69-74; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 50-52; MYRISTYL 291-296; AMIDATION 315-318; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 18-21; MYRISTYL 402-407; MYRISTYL 181-186; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	

			359-365,1.039; 451-474,1.106; 261-312,1.174; 244-254,1.038; 342-354,1.119; 407-413,1.057;	321-323; MYRISTYL 499-504; MYRISTYL 368-373; MYRISTYL 106-111; LEUCINE_ZIPPER 271-292; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 315-317; MYRISTYL 111-116; MYRISTYL 355-360;	
DEX0477_002.aa.2	N	0 - o1-290;	88-96,1.033; 240-256,1.125; 137-152,1.092; 44-65,1.152; 220-238,1.152; 112-134,1.22; 99-107,1.14; 174-182,1.088; 160-172,1.082;	RGD 5-7; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 63-66; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 154-156; MYRISTYL 259-264; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 265-268; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 69-72; MYRISTYL 277-282; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 103-105; MYRISTYL 77-82; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 84-87; MYRISTYL 2-7; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 37-39; MYRISTYL 180-185; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 281-284; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 142-144; MYRISTYL 252-257; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 225-228; MYRISTYL 82-87; MYRISTYL 132-137;	
DEX0477_001.orf.9	N	0 - o1-504;		CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 317-320; MYRISTYL 355-360; MYRISTYL 368-373; MYRISTYL 69-74; MYRISTYL 114-119; MYRISTYL 291-296; AMIDATION 315-318; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 321-323; MYRISTYL 72-77; MYRISTYL 499-504; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 18-21; AMIDATION 402-405; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 172-175; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	

				315-317; MYRISTYL 203-208; MYRISTYL 106-111; LEUCINE_ZIPPER 271-292; MYRISTYL 402-407; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 50-52; MYRISTYL 181-186; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 392-395; MYRISTYL 111-116;	
DEX0477_003.aa.1	N	0 - o1-292;	128-134,1.052; 44-56,1.143; 252-259,1.124; 191-197,1.046; 223-249,1.165; 214-219,1.043; 88-120,1.203; 4-10,1.192; 168-183,1.138; 264-289,1.19; 199-206,1.123; 30-38,1.086;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 43-46; MYRISTYL 187-192; MYRISTYL 167-172; MYRISTYL 26-31; MYRISTYL 214-219; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 80-83; MYRISTYL 268-273; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 71-74; MYRISTYL 156-161; MYRISTYL 269-274; MYRISTYL 50-55; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 141-143; MYRISTYL 66-71; MYRISTYL 90-95; MYRISTYL 253-258;	Asparaginase_2 1-275;
DEX0477_003.aa.2	N	0 - o1-106;	66-83,1.17; 56-62,1.125; 14-19,1.061;	AMIDATION 22-25; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 79-81;	
DEX0477_004.aa.1	Y	0 - o1-186;	173-183,1.14; 35-46,1.168; 6-27,1.253; 75-92,1.216; 49-61,1.087; 151-169,1.121; 97-148,1.235;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 167-169; MYRISTYL 69-74; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 144-147; MYRISTYL 57-62; AMIDATION 3-6; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 99-101;	HIS_RICH 116-142;
DEX0477_005.aa.1	N	0 - o1-119;	56-116,1.2; 13-50,1.189;	LEUCINE_ZIPPER 89-110; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 99-102; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 52-54; MYRISTYL 51-56; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 84-86; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 98-101; MYRISTYL 58-63; MYRISTYL 49-54;	
DEX0477_005.orf.1	N	0 - o1-199;	16-24,1.121; 82-88,1.095; 4-9,1.149; 136-196,1.2;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 179-182; MYRISTYL 52-57; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	

			72-80,1.153; 54-67,1.094; 93-130,1.189;	68-70; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 132-134; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 35-37; LEUCINE_ZIPPER 169-190; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 35-38; MYRISTYL 138-143; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 8-11; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 164-166; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 41-44; MYRISTYL 131-136; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 13-16; MYRISTYL 129-134; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 178-181;	
DEX0477 _006.aa .1	Y	0 - o1- 234;	98-109,1.098; 167- 173,1.033; 13-33,1.145; 46-84,1.134; 196- 203,1.107; 211- 222,1.207; 148- 156,1.062; 5- 11,1.082;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 36-38; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 104-107; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 181-183; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 169-172; MYRISTYL 165-170; MYRISTYL 228-233; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 34-37; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 76-78; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 124-127; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 207-209; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 135-137; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 9-12; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 119-122; MYRISTYL 87-92; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 201-204; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 173-175; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 124-126; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 113-116; MYRISTYL 91-96; MYRISTYL 190-195; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 22-25;	
DEX0477	N	0 - o1-	115-	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	

_006.orf.1		201;	123,1.062; 163-170,1.107; 13-51,1.134; 178-189,1.207; 65-76,1.098; 134-140,1.033;	174-176; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 4-7; MYRISTYL 132-137; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 148-150; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 71-74; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 168-171; MYRISTYL 58-63; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 43-45; MYRISTYL 54-59; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 102-104; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 136-139; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 91-93; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 80-83; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 140-142; MYRISTYL 195-200; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 86-89; MYRISTYL 157-162; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 91-94;	
DEX0477_007.aa.1	N	0 - o1-159;	62-72,1.129; 99-107,1.117; 4-10,1.074; 81-95,1.206; 54-60,1.056; 136-156,1.184; 39-52,1.093; 23-35,1.144;	MYRISTYL 76-81; MYRISTYL 67-72; MYRISTYL 14-19; MYRISTYL 141-146; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 105-108; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 20-22; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 21-24;	MAJORURINARY 140-157; A1MCGLOBULIN 82-101; PGNDSYNTHASE 80-103; A1MCGLOBULIN 113-134; A1MCGLOBULIN 141-159; lipocalin 13-156; PGNDSYNTHASE 132-150; LIPOCALIN 91-103; PGNDSYNTHASE 115-129; LIPOCALIN 118-133; MAJORURINARY 112-133; MAJORURINARY 91-106;
DEX0477_007.orf.1	N	0 - o1-158;	98-106,1.117; 38-51,1.093; 53-59,1.056; 135-155,1.184; 80-94,1.206; 61-71,1.129; 22-34,1.144;	MYRISTYL 66-71; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 20-23; MYRISTYL 13-18; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 104-107; MYRISTYL 1-6; MYRISTYL 75-80; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 2-4; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 19-21; MYRISTYL 140-145;	MAJORURINARY 139-156; PGNDSYNTHASE 131-149; MAJORURINARY 111-132; lipocalin 12-155; A1MCGLOBULIN 112-133; LIPOCALIN 117-132; PGNDSYNTHASE 114-128; LIPOCALIN 90-102; A1MCGLOBULIN 140-158; A1MCGLOBULIN 81-

					100; MAJORURINARY 90-105; PGNDSYNTHASE 79-102;
DEX0477_008.aa.1	N	0 - o1-229;	92-99,1.087; 219-226,1.105; 192-207,1.161; 7-15,1.073; 152-166,1.118; 29-36,1.123; 77-82,1.049; 122-144,1.138; 39-48,1.079; 183-190,1.113;	MYRISTYL 149-154; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 18-20; MYRISTYL 103-108; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 9-11; MYRISTYL 31-36; MYRISTYL 189-194; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 83-86; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 181-184; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 203-206; MYRISTYL 185-190; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 172-175; MYRISTYL 53-58; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 130-132;	COLLAGEN_REP 44-78;
DEX0477_009.aa.1	N	0 - o1-214;	148-181,1.13; 65-97,1.148; 100-114,1.073; 35-42,1.129; 137-143,1.081; 194-200,1.048; 202-211,1.14; 123-129,1.103; 26-31,1.071; 4-13,1.181;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 192-195; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 13-15; MYRISTYL 132-137; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 52-55; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 211-214; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 122-124; MYRISTYL 135-140; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 57-59; AMIDATION 2-5; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 52-54;	Flavodoxin_2 4-207;
DEX0477_009.orf.1	N	0 - o1-172;		PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 40-42; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 126-128; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 165-167; AMIDATION 115-118; AMIDATION 143-146; MYRISTYL 56-61; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 17-19; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 75-77; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 144-146; MYRISTYL 112-117; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 165-168;	

DEX0477_010.aa.1	Y	0 - o1-440;	275-281,1.087; 316-326,1.166; 214-232,1.143; 369-375,1.067; 395-401,1.032; 121-138,1.121; 159-165,1.052; 418-424,1.062; 259-269,1.1; 38-61,1.134; 180-196,1.118; 86-103,1.07; 403-409,1.077; 69-84,1.2; 201-207,1.072; 292-308,1.304; 427-433,1.068; 4-31,1.234; 172-178,1.087;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 23-26; MYRISTYL 7-12; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 248-251; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 158-161; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 375-378; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 148-150; MYRISTYL 401-406; MYRISTYL 105-110; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 22-25; MYRISTYL 19-24; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 257-260; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 158-160; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 157-159; MYRISTYL 140-145; MYRISTYL 79-84; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 100-102; MYRISTYL 90-95; MYRISTYL 116-121; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 315-318; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 106-108; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 405-408; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 290-293; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 343-346; MYRISTYL 144-149; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 239-241; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 428-431;	THIOREDOXIN 46-54; THIOREDOXIN 233-244; pdi_dom 165-269; thiored 24-132; THIOREDOXIN 182-200; THIOREDOXIN 189-198; ER_TARGET 437-440; THIOREDOXIN_2_1 26-137; THIOREDOXIN_2_2 161-284; THIOREDOXIN 47-65; pdi_dom 30-131; thiored 159-270;
DEX0477_010.orf.1	Y	1 - i1-20;tm21-43;o44-461;	439-445,1.062; 4-10,1.131; 23-52,1.223; 193-199,1.087; 416-422,1.032; 180-186,1.052; 313-329,1.304; 142-159,1.121; 201-217,1.118; 222-	MYRISTYL 111-116; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 336-339; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 43-46; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 44-47; MYRISTYL 100-105; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 364-367; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 179-182; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 311-314; MYRISTYL 126-131; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 278-281; MYRISTYL	THIOREDOXIN_2_2 182-305; ER_TARGET 458-461; THIOREDOXIN 210-219; THIOREDOXIN 67-75; THIOREDOXIN_2_1 47-158; pdi_dom 186-290; pdi_dom 51-152; thiored 180-291; THIOREDOXIN 68-86; THIOREDOXIN 203-221; THIOREDOXIN 254-265; thiored 45-153;

			228,1.072; 424-430,1.077; 280-290,1.1; 107-124,1.07; 296-302,1.087; 12-18,1.053; 90-105,1.2; 390-396,1.067; 448-454,1.068; 59-82,1.134; 337-347,1.166; 235-253,1.143;	137-142; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 269-272; MYRISTYL 161-166; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 179-181; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 260-262; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 426-429; MYRISTYL 28-33; MYRISTYL 40-45; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 396-399; MYRISTYL 165-170; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 178-180; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 449-452; MYRISTYL 422-427; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 121-123; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 127-129; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 169-171;	
DEX0477_011.aa.1	N	0 - o1-97;	4-23,1.167; 47-63,1.124; 84-94,1.122; 27-36,1.119;	MYRISTYL 47-52; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 71-73; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 14-17; MYRISTYL 44-49; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 23-26;	KRAB 13-62; KRAB 13-53; KRAB 13-97;
DEX0477_012.aa.1	N	0 - o1-81;	9-40,1.109; 48-67,1.114;	MYRISTYL 74-79; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 10-13; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 28-31; LEUCINE_ZIPPER 16-37;	UBIQUITIN_2 11-73; UBIQUITIN 50-71; UBIQUITIN 29-49; UBIQUITIN 8-28; UBQ 5-69; ubiquitin 3-71;
DEX0477_012.orf.1	N	0 - i1-102;	30-41,1.131; 6-14,1.086; 52-68,1.078;	MYRISTYL 13-18; MYRISTYL 94-99; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 26-28; MYRISTYL 30-35; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 86-88; AMIDATION 70-73; MYRISTYL 90-95;	
DEX0477_013.aa.1	N	0 - o1-709;	633-639,1.079; 248-256,1.082; 700-706,1.131; 404-412,1.107; 260-265,1.047;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 14-17; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 85-88; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 450-452; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 149-151; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 173-176;	

			461-477,1.161; 425-439,1.087; 274-286,1.112; 156-164,1.108; 393-399,1.113; 531-558,1.095; 665-670,1.032; 335-341,1.096; 575-581,1.125; 653-659,1.075; 177-183,1.118; 511-519,1.087; 220-227,1.052; 18-31,1.113; 55-63,1.166; 126-139,1.142; 43-49,1.053; 672-689,1.112; 304-310,1.073; 445-459,1.164; 584-590,1.07; 113-122,1.138; 623-628,1.07; 483-488,1.064; 199-205,1.166; 4-13,1.126; 377-383,1.073;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 389-392; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 73-75; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 16-19; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 475-477; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 18-20; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 363-366; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 503-505; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 325-328; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 295-298; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 582-584; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 325-327; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 571-573; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 503-506; MYRISTYL 655-660; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 607-610; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 266-268; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 539-541; AMIDATION 41-44; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 97-99; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 147-150; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 323-326; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 71-74; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 658-661; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 569-572; MYRISTYL 612-617; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 387-390;	
DEX0477_013.orf.1	N	0 - o1-413;	284-289,1.047; 359-365,1.096; 137-146,1.138; 28-37,1.126; 401-407,1.073; 328-334,1.073;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 349-352; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 408-411; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 290-292; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 319-322; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 347-350; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	

			67-73,1.053; 244-251,1.052; 272-280,1.082; 150-163,1.142; 180-188,1.108; 201-207,1.118; 223-229,1.166; 42-55,1.113; 79-87,1.166; 4-22,1.4; 298-310,1.112;	38-41; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 40-43; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 171-174; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 121-123; AMIDATION 65-68; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 97-99; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 387-390; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 42-44; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 95-98; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 109-112; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 173-175; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 349-351; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 197-200;	
DEX0477_014.aa.1	N	0 - o1-128;	74-91,1.138; 26-36,1.125; 109-125,1.138; 58-64,1.065; 7-16,1.101;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 48-50; MYRISTYL 36-41; MYRISTYL 55-60; MYRISTYL 4-9;	
DEX0477_014.orf.1	N	0 - i1-94;		MYRISTYL 21-26; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 14-16;	
DEX0477_014.aa.2	N	0 - o1-118;	64-81,1.138; 48-54,1.065; 7-16,1.101; 99-115,1.138;	MYRISTYL 26-31; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 38-40; MYRISTYL 45-50; MYRISTYL 4-9;	
DEX0477_014.orf.2	N	0 - i1-100;	30-36,1.065; 46-63,1.138; 7-12,1.007; 81-97,1.138;	MYRISTYL 27-32; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 20-22;	
DEX0477_014.aa.3	N	0 - i1-30;	4-11,1.129;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 25-27; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 23-26; MYRISTYL 16-21;	
DEX0477_014.orf.3	N	0 - o1-84;		AMIDATION 9-12;	
DEX0477_015.aa.1	N	0 - o1-145;	22-32,1.149; 72-115,1.137; 38-69,1.208; 128-142,1.12; 120-126,1.117;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 113-116; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 102-109; MYRISTYL 130-135; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 9-11; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 113-115; MYRISTYL 91-96;	trefoil 96-137; P_TREFOIL 104-124; PD 95-141; sp_Q07654_ITF_HUMAN 72-145; PTREFOIL 125-137; PTREFOIL 113-125; PTREFOIL 101-113;

				PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 36-38; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 11-14; MYRISTYL 6-11; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 70-73; MYRISTYL 60-65; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 69-72; MYRISTYL 87-92;	
DEX0477_015.aa.2	N	0 - i1-91;	72-83,1.125; 38-69,1.208; 22-32,1.149;	CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 11-14; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 69-72; MYRISTYL 6-11; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 36-38; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 70-73; MYRISTYL 60-65; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 9-11;	
DEX0477_016.aa.1	N	2 - o1-614;tm615-637;i638-733;tm734-756;o757-1217;	368-396,1.131; 781-791,1.074; 946-953,1.137; 1058-1074,1.086; 843-850,1.045; 864-877,1.088; 958-965,1.083; 100-110,1.122; 810-826,1.114; 693-700,1.078; 452-459,1.122; 140-146,1.127; 211-236,1.226; 499-516,1.166; 77-85,1.071; 312-321,1.098; 731-772,1.172; 152-161,1.162; 1117-1124,1.063;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 722-724; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 595-598; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 364-367; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 796-799; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1198-1200; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1084-1087; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 170-173; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 419-422; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 144-147; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 960-963; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 969-972; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 285-288; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 873-876; MYRISTYL 630-635; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 859-862; MYRISTYL 534-539; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 727-734; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1013-1015; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1113-1116; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	Furin-like 151-305; TYRKINASE 846-856; S_TKc 682-939; Recep_L_domain 328-458; TYRKINASE 865-887; TyrKc 682-938; TYRKINASE 909-931; CYS_RICH 154-230; TYRKINASE 797-815; YLP 982-990; PRO_RICH 1064-1196; TYRKINASE 760-773; FU 463-514; PROTEIN_KINASE_TYR 803-815; FU 194-237; FU 151-192; sp_P04626_ERB2_HUMAN 686-945; pkinase 682-939; YLP 1155-1163; EF_HAND 973-985; PROTEIN_KINASE_ATP 688-715; FU 519-568; PROTEIN_KINASE_DOM 682-949;

			543-577,1.229; 1166-1177,1.074; 798-808,1.122; 584-607,1.169; 708-717,1.175; 1034-1040,1.056; 254-283,1.24; 1003-1009,1.065; 41-54,1.174; 464-485,1.215; 979-998,1.109; 425-446,1.219; 293-307,1.196; 28-37,1.094; 487-497,1.157; 655-664,1.11; 326-342,1.09; 932-938,1.067; 610-639,1.293; 194-209,1.182; 1087-1112,1.178; 399-418,1.094; 518-541,1.202; 1077-1084,1.107; 904-924,1.148; 1140-1151,1.157; 4-14,1.119; 172-192,1.155; 351-364,1.107; 112-129,1.112; 61-69,1.099; 682-691,1.143; 828-834,1.101;	61-63; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 149-152; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 19-22; MYRISTYL 749-754; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 221-224; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1028-1031; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1113-1115; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 4-6; MYRISTYL 1055-1060; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 533-536; MYRISTYL 1018-1023; MYRISTYL 691-696; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 591-594; MYRISTYL 1024-1029; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 12-14; MYRISTYL 1053-1058; MYRISTYL 666-671; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 645-648; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 492-495; AMIDATION 84-87; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 419-421; MYRISTYL 185-190; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 148-150; MYRISTYL 424-429; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 290-292; MYRISTYL 409-414; MYRISTYL 1201-1206; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 380-383; MYRISTYL 289-294; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 648-650; MYRISTYL 1193-1198;	
DEX0477	Y	2 - o1-	350-	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	FU 677-726;

016.aa.2		772;tm773-795;i796-891;tm892-914;o915-1375;	359,1.098; 178-184,1.127; 1116-1123,1.083; 43-59,1.178; 249-274,1.226; 139-148,1.08; 1137-1156,1.109; 1192-1198,1.056; 109-119,1.148; 1062-1082,1.148; 956-966,1.122; 742-765,1.169; 1090-1096,1.067; 1275-1282,1.063; 210-230,1.155; 389-402,1.107; 657-674,1.166; 190-199,1.162; 1324-1335,1.074; 406-434,1.131; 939-949,1.074; 676-699,1.202; 645-655,1.157; 986-992,1.101; 768-797,1.293; 1104-1111,1.137; 463-484,1.219; 840-849,1.143; 490-497,1.122; 507-525,1.248; 364-380,1.09; 531-555,1.187;	1242-1245; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1118-1121; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1171-1173; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 182-185; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 186-188; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 457-460; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 1017-1020; MYRISTYL 1211-1216; MYRISTYL 327-332; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 208-211; MYRISTYL 223-228; MYRISTYL 131-136; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 691-694; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1271-1273; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1127-1130; MYRISTYL 508-513; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 187-190; MYRISTYL 1182-1187; MYRISTYL 692-697; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 328-330; MYRISTYL 1213-1218; MYRISTYL 907-912; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 880-882; MYRISTYL 824-829; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 542-545; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1356-1358; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 259-262; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 806-808; MYRISTYL 849-854; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1186-1189; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 144-147; MYRISTYL 10-15; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 457-459; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 650-653; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 418-421; MYRISTYL 462-467; MYRISTYL 1359-1364;	TYRKINASE 1023-1045; Furin-like 189-343; TYRKINASE 955-973; Recep_L_domain 366-496; FU 189-230; TYRKINASE 918-931; PROTEIN_KINASE_TYR 961-973; FU 625-672; YLP 1140-1148; PROTEIN_KINASE_ATP 846-873; PROTEIN_KINASE_DOM 840-1107; pkinase 840-1097; CYS_RICH 192-268; EF_HAND 1131-1143; YLP 1313-1321; FU 232-275; PRO_RICH 1222-1354; TyrKc 840-1096; S_TKc 840-1097; TYRKINASE 1067-1089; sp_P04626_ERB2_HUMAN 844-1103; Recep_L_domain 52-184; TYRKINASE 1004-1014;

			437-456,1.094; 813-822,1.11; 601-643,1.215; 1235-1242,1.107; 968-984,1.114; 4-28,1.197; 1216-1232,1.086; 701-735,1.229; 560-596,1.119; 331-345,1.196; 1001-1008,1.045; 1245-1270,1.178; 292-321,1.24; 851-858,1.078; 1298-1309,1.157; 150-167,1.112; 889-930,1.172; 61-105,1.174; 33-41,1.082; 866-875,1.175; 1022-1035,1.088; 1161-1167,1.065; 232-247,1.182;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 954-957; MYRISTYL 19-24; MYRISTYL 1351-1356; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 68-71; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 27-30; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1031-1034;, TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 885-892; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 41-44; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 753-756; MYRISTYL 1176-1181; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 803-806; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 402-405; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 124-127; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 533-536; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 749-752; MYRISTYL 788-793; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1271-1274; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 323-326; MYRISTYL 447-452;	
DEX0477_016.aa.3	Y	0 - o1-575;	507-525,1.248; 33-41,1.082; 350-359,1.098; 61-105,1.174; 364-380,1.09; 109-119,1.148; 437-456,1.094; 331-345,1.196; 139-148,1.08; 178-184,1.127; 43-59,1.178; 463-484,1.219;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 41-44; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 259-262; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 328-330; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 533-536; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 186-188; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 457-460; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 457-459; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 542-545; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 418-421; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	Furin-like 189-343; Recep_L_domain 52-184; CYS_RICH 192-268; Recep_L_domain 366-496;

			406-434,1.131; 389-402,1.107; 292-321,1.24; 150-167,1.112; 249-274,1.226; 210-230,1.155; 232-247,1.182; 190-199,1.162; 4-28,1.197; 490-497,1.122; 560-572,1.165; 531-555,1.187;	144-147; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 182-185; MYRISTYL 223-228; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 323-326; MYRISTYL 327-332; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 68-71; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 208-211; MYRISTYL 447-452; MYRISTYL 131-136; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 187-190; MYRISTYL 508-513; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 124-127; MYRISTYL 10-15; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 27-30; MYRISTYL 462-467; MYRISTYL 19-24; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 402-405;	
DEX0477_016.orf.2	N	2 - o1-212;tm213-235;i236-331;tm332-354;o355-815;	715-722,1.063; 141-175,1.229; 329-370,1.172; 291-298,1.078; 675-682,1.107; 280-289,1.143; 738-749,1.157; 764-775,1.074; 396-406,1.122; 306-315,1.175; 97-114,1.166; 556-563,1.083; 544-551,1.137; 253-262,1.11; 426-432,1.101; 379-389,1.074; 116-139,1.202; 41-83,1.215; 632-638,1.056;	MYRISTYL 791-796; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 13-16; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 246-248; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 325-332; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 320-322; MYRISTYL 622-627; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 626-629; MYRISTYL 289-294; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 567-570; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 796-798; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 558-561; MYRISTYL 616-621; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 394-397; MYRISTYL 651-656; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 131-134; MYRISTYL 799-804; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 90-93; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 193-196; MYRISTYL 228-233; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 711-714; MYRISTYL 653-658; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	PROTEIN_KINASE_ATP 286-313; EF_HAND 571-583; TYRKINASE 444-454; TYRKINASE 463-485; TyrKc 280-536; TYRKINASE 395-413; S_TKc 280-537; sp_P04626_ERB2_HUMAN 284-543; PROTEIN_KINASE_TYR 401-413; YLP 580-588; YLP 753-761; TYRKINASE 358-371; pkinase 280-537; FU 117-166; TYRKINASE 507-529; PRO_RICH 662-794; FU 65-112; PROTEIN_KINASE_DOM 280-547;

			502-522,1.148; 577-596,1.109; 208-237,1.293; 182-205,1.169; 530-536,1.067; 408-424,1.114; 85-95,1.157; 601-607,1.065; 4-36,1.145; 441-448,1.045; 462-475,1.088; 685-710,1.178; 656-672,1.086;	472-474; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 189-192; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 611-613; MYRISTYL 132-137; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 711-713; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 457-460; MYRISTYL 347-352; MYRISTYL 264-269; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 682-685; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 243-246;	
DEX0477_016.aa.4	N	0 - o1-164;	113-124,1.074; 5-21,1.107; 24-31,1.107; 87-98,1.157; 34-59,1.178; 64-71,1.063;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 31-34; MYRISTYL 140-145; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 145-147; MYRISTYL 148-153; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 60-62; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 60-63; MYRISTYL 3-8;	PRICHEXTENSN 143-164; PRO_RICH 15-143; PRICHEXTENSN 25-41; PRICHEXTENSN 56-68; PRICHEXTENSN 103-119;
DEX0477_016.orf.4	N	0 - o1-162;	4-19,1.167; 62-69,1.063; 85-96,1.157; 22-29,1.107; 111-122,1.074; 32-57,1.178;	MYRISTYL 138-143; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 58-61; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 29-32; MYRISTYL 146-151; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 58-60; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 143-145;	PRICHEXTENSN 54-66; PRO_RICH 13-141; PRICHEXTENSN 23-39; PRICHEXTENSN 101-117; PRICHEXTENSN 141-162;
DEX0477_016.aa.5	N	0 - o1-75;	34-39,1.026; 65-71,1.076; 4-25,1.145;	MICROBODIES_CTER 73-75; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 16-18; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 51-53; MYRISTYL 50-55;	
DEX0477_016.orf.5	N	0 - o1-100;	9-15,1.107; 76-97,1.112; 60-67,1.106; 26-45,1.148;	MYRISTYL 26-31; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 71-74; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 53-56; MYRISTYL 75-80;	
DEX0477_017.aa	Y	0 - o1-678;	622-645,1.169;	MYRISTYL 669-674; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	FU 189-230; Furin-like 189-343;

.1			389-402,1.107; 406-434,1.131; 653-666,1.166; 490-497,1.122; 502-523,1.215; 33-41,1.082; 525-535,1.157; 210-230,1.155; 232-247,1.182; 437-456,1.094; 331-345,1.196; 139-148,1.08; 463-484,1.219; 581-615,1.229; 364-380,1.09; 669-675,1.114; 249-274,1.226; 150-167,1.112; 178-184,1.127; 4-28,1.197; 350-359,1.098; 109-119,1.148; 43-59,1.178; 537-554,1.166; 190-199,1.162; 61-105,1.174; 556-579,1.202; 292-321,1.24;	208-211; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 457-459; MYRISTYL 447-452; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 27-30; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 68-71; MYRISTYL 19-24; MYRISTYL 223-228; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 259-262; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 457-460; MYRISTYL 327-332; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 182-185; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 629-632; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 328-330; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 571-574; MYRISTYL 572-577; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 124-127; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 418-421; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 530-533; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 186-188; MYRISTYL 10-15; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 633-636; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 144-147; MYRISTYL 131-136; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 187-190; MYRISTYL 462-467; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 41-44; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 402-405; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 323-326;	Recep_L_domain 366-496; CYS_RICH 192-268; FU 557-606; FU 232-275; FU 501-552; Recep_L_domain 52-184;
DEX0477_018.aa.1	N	1 - i1-161;tm162-184;o185-195;	67-80,1.124; 86-91,1.069; 114-128,1.094; 31-36,1.036; 135-141,1.075; 160-187,1.163; 93-106,1.125; 18-24,1.066;	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 155-158; MYRISTYL 28-33; MYRISTYL 49-54; MYRISTYL 59-64; MYRISTYL 4-9; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 15-18; AMIDATION 54-57; MYRISTYL 19-24; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE	EMP24_GP25L 5-194;

				6-9; MYRISTYL 45-50;	
DEX0477_018.orf.1	N	1 - i1-80;tm81-103;o104-114;		ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 74-77; MYRISTYL 15-20;	
DEX0477_019.aa.1	Y	0 - o1-64;	51-61,1.084; 27-47,1.163;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 26-28; MYRISTYL 8-13;	
DEX0477_019.orf.1	Y	0 - o1-325;	255-268,1.146; 179-184,1.081; 161-172,1.128; 190-200,1.152; 291-300,1.132; 114-127,1.097; 276-283,1.147; 138-149,1.113; 16-36,1.212; 207-249,1.172; 81-88,1.053; 43-73,1.158; 305-322,1.227;	MYRISTYL 313-318; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 235-238; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 203-206; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 22-25; MYRISTYL 305-310; MYRISTYL 309-314; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 249-251; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 152-155; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 167-169; MYRISTYL 317-322; MYRISTYL 274-279; MYRISTYL 96-101; MYRISTYL 301-306; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 131-134; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 176-179; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 89-92; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 185-188; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 103-106; MYRISTYL 53-58; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 183-186; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 273-276; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 113-115; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 285-287; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 91-93; MYRISTYL 195-200; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 55-58; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 222-225; MYRISTYL 231-236; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 288-291;	IGc2 137-201; IGc2 51-107; IG_LIKE_1 41-118; ig 231-280; IGc2 229-285; IG 223-300; ACTININ_1 151-160; ig 53-102; IG 131-213; IG_LIKE_2 216-298; ig 139-196; IG_LIKE_3 124-211; IG 45-117;
DEX0477_020.aa	Y	0 - o1-702;	567-577,1.152;	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 360-363;	IGc2 514-578; IGc2 606-662; IG 508-

.1			682-699,1.227; 420-450,1.158; 48-66,1.21; 281-289,1.075; 200-205,1.081; 556-561,1.081; 584-626,1.172; 296-302,1.097; 33-39,1.027; 174-179,1.079; 226-238,1.194; 119-129,1.15; 458-465,1.053; 378-386,1.138; 5-28,1.141; 632-645,1.146; 240-247,1.074; 340-348,1.135; 218-224,1.059; 313-326,1.115; 360-371,1.128; 538-549,1.128; 98-112,1.107; 79-86,1.127; 159-169,1.113; 668-677,1.132; 256-272,1.131; 515-526,1.113; 398-415,1.194; 653-660,1.147; 491-504,1.097; 137-148,1.1; 182-193,1.128;	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 152-155; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 248-250; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 330-333; MYRISTYL 686-691; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 197-200; MYRISTYL 85-90; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 490-492; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 384-387; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 553-556; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 366-368; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 665-668; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 115-118; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 599-602; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 33-35; MYRISTYL 295-300; MYRISTYL 678-683; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 309-312; MYRISTYL 651-656; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 204-207; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 580-583; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 351-354; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 560-563; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 104-107; MYRISTYL 694-699; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 375-378; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 208-211; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 508-511; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 274-277; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 480-483; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 288-291; MYRISTYL 690-695; MYRISTYL 682-687; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 466-469; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 96-99;	590; IG 40-141; IG_LIKE_3 418-495; ACTININ_1 172-181; IG 422-494; ACTININ_1 350-359; IG 244-319; IG 330-412; IG 152-234; ig 516-573; ACTININ_1 528-537; ig 430-479; IGc2 158-222; ig 252-301; IG_LIKE_5 593-675; IG_LIKE_6 501-588; ig 338-395; IG_LIKE_4 323-421; IG_LIKE_1 240-315; IGc2 336-400; IG 600-677; ig 608-657; IG_LIKE_2 145-232; ig 160-217; IGc2 428-484; IGc2 250-306;

				PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 662-664; MYRISTYL 572-577; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 256-259; MYRISTYL 473-478; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 292-295; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 432-435; MYRISTYL 430-435; MYRISTYL 608-613; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 222-224; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 650-653; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 246-249; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 626-628; MYRISTYL 307-312; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 529-532; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 206-209; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 212-214; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 612-615; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 182-185; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 468-470; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 188-190; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 562-565; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 544-546; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 96-98; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 280-283;	
DEX0477_020.aa.2	Y	0 - o1-726;	668-699,1.132; 48-66,1.21; 538-549,1.128; 515-526,1.113; 119-129,1.15; 296-302,1.097; 240-247,1.074; 5-28,1.141; 33-39,1.027; 281-289,1.075; 491-	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 580-583; MYRISTYL 572-577; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 288-291; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 490-492; MYRISTYL 608-613; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 480-483; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 212-214; MYRISTYL 651-656; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 384-387; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 612-615;	IG 508-590; ig 516-573; IG 600-677; IGc2 158-222; IG_LIKE_1 240-315; ig 608-657; IG 422-494; ACTININ_1 172-181; IG_LIKE_2 145-232; ACTININ_1 528-537; IGc2 250-306; ACTININ_1 350-359; IG_LIKE_6 501-588; ig 430-479; IG_LIKE_4 323-421; ig 252-301; ig 338-395; IG 40-141; IG_LIKE_3 418-495; IGc2 606-662; IG

			504,1.097; 200-205,1.081; 137-148,1.1; 98-112,1.107; 174-179,1.079; 398-415,1.194; 218-224,1.059; 313-326,1.115; 378-386,1.138; 458-465,1.053; 79-86,1.127; 159-169,1.113; 420-450,1.158; 182-193,1.128; 632-645,1.146; 360-371,1.128; 584-626,1.172; 340-348,1.135; 653-660,1.147; 256-272,1.131; 226-238,1.194; 718-723,1.096; 556-561,1.081; 567-577,1.152;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 366-368; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 206-209; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 104-107; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 701-703; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 188-190; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 204-207; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 544-546; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 466-469; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 553-556; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 33-35; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 115-118; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 248-250; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 222-224; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 560-563; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 360-363; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 626-628; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 96-98; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 650-653; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 662-664; MYRISTYL 295-300; MYRISTYL 85-90; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 256-259; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 665-668; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 208-211; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 351-354; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 468-470; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 152-155; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 375-378; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 274-277; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 599-602; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 529-532;	244-319; IG 330-412; ig 160-217; IGc2 428-484; IGc2 514-578; IG 152-234; IGc2 336-400; IG_LIKE_5 593-675;

				ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 197-200; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 292-295; MYRISTYL 430-435; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 182-185; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 508-511; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 682-684; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 673-676; MYRISTYL 307-312; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 330-333; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 96-99; MYRISTYL 473-478; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 562-565; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 432-435; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 246-249; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 280-283; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 309-312;	
DEX0477_021.aa.1	Y	0 - o1-193;	77-83,1.038; 174-180,1.093; 165-171,1.088; 89-110,1.132; 185-190,1.086; 56-61,1.069; 23-38,1.189; 14-21,1.062; 135-158,1.124; 116-131,1.208;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 160-162; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 5-7; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 48-51; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 21-24; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 132-134; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 164-166; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 86-88; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 154-156; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 75-78; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 42-44;	
DEX0477_021.orf.1	Y	0 - o1-199;	141-164,1.124; 4-18,1.227; 25-44,1.22; 191-196,1.086; 62-67,1.069; 180-186,1.093; 83-89,1.038; 171-177,1.088;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 160-162; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 54-57; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 170-172; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 16-19; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 138-140; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	

			95-116,1.132; 122-137,1.208;	92-94; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 81-84; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 166-168; MYRISTYL 8-13; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 48-50;	
DEX0477_021.aa.2	Y	0 - o1-187;	129-152,1.124; 159-165,1.088; 168-174,1.093; 17-32,1.189; 71-77,1.038; 110-125,1.208; 179-184,1.086; 83-104,1.132; 9-15,1.024; 50-55,1.069;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 148-150; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 42-45; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 158-160; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 15-18; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 126-128; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 69-72; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 80-82; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 36-38; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 154-156;	
DEX0477_021.orf.2	Y	0 - o1-186;	82-103,1.132; 178-183,1.086; 109-124,1.208; 49-54,1.069; 4-31,1.22; 158-164,1.088; 167-173,1.093; 70-76,1.038; 128-151,1.124;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 153-155; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 125-127; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 79-81; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 68-71; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 35-37; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 147-149; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 41-44; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 157-159;	
DEX0477_022.aa.1	N	0 - o1-136;		PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 16-18; MYRISTYL 41-46; MYRISTYL 81-86; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 128-134; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 31-39; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 128-131; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 78-81;	
DEX0477_022.orf.1	Y	0 - o1-92;		PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 51-53; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 48-51; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 53-60;	

				ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 46-49; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 29-32; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 20-22; MYRISTYL 4-9; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 34-40; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 8-10; MYRISTYL 16-21; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 76-79; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 71-73;	
DEX0477_023.aa.1	N	0 - o1-82;	4-12,1.236; 51-79,1.165; 17-44,1.126;		
DEX0477_023.orf.1	N	0 - o1-79;		ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 18-21; MYRISTYL 4-9; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 8-11; MYRISTYL 26-31; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 2-5; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 43-46; RGD 5-7; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 10-12; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 29-32; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 12-15; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 39-41;	
DEX0477_024.aa.1	Y	0 - o1-49;	4-20,1.22;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 24-26; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 40-43; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 30-33;	
DEX0477_024.orf.1	N	0 - o1-140;		TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 95-102; MYRISTYL 129-134; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 100-103; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 105-108; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 120-122; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 136-139; MICROBODIES_CTER 138-140; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 31-34; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 74-76;	

				PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 38-40; MYRISTYL 110-115; MYRISTYL 133-138; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 63-66;	
DEX0477_024.aa.2	Y	0 - o1-74;	26-45,1.22;	CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 55-58; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 65-68; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 10-12; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 9-11; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 49-51; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 11-14;	
DEX0477_024.orf.2	N	0 - o1-140;		MYRISTYL 129-134; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 38-40; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 63-66; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 31-34; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 105-108; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 136-139; MYRISTYL 133-138; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 120-122; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 95-102; MICROBODIES_CTER 138-140; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 100-103; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 74-76; MYRISTYL 110-115;	
DEX0477_024.aa.3	Y	0 - o1-74;	26-45,1.22;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 65-68; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 11-14; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 49-51; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 55-58; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 10-12;	
DEX0477_024.orf.3	N	0 - o1-140;		MYRISTYL 133-138; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 105-108; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 136-139; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 38-40; MYRISTYL 129-134; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	

				63-66; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 120-122; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 74-76; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 31-34; MYRISTYL 110-115; MICROBODIES_CTER 138-140; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 100-103; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 95-102;	
DEX0477 _024.aa .4	N	0 - o1-128;	90-116,1.215; 46-88,1.18; 19-38,1.132; 120-125,1.064; 4-13,1.197;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 16-18; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 88-91;	
DEX0477 _024.or f.4	N	0 - o1-84;		TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 39-46; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 64-66; MYRISTYL 73-78; MYRISTYL 77-82; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 80-83; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 49-52; MYRISTYL 54-59; MICROBODIES_CTER 82-84; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 44-47; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1-4; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 18-20;	
DEX0477 _025.aa .1	N	0 - o1-118;	109-115,1.127; 67-75,1.049; 93-100,1.065; 84-91,1.076; 28-39,1.117;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 42-45; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 66-68; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 55-58; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 12-15; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 107-110; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 18-21; MYRISTYL 27-32;	
DEX0477 _025.or f.1	N	0 - o1-117;	83-90,1.076; 66-74,1.049; 27-38,1.117; 92-99,1.065; 108-114,1.127;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 54-57; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 65-67; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 106-109; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 11-14; MYRISTYL	

				26-31; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 17-20; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 41-44;	
DEX0477_026.aa.1	N	0 - o1-75;	32-57,1.102; 60-65,1.05; 4-25,1.133;	MYRISTYL 25-30; MYRISTYL 42-47;	
DEX0477_026.orf.1	N	0 - o1-143;	5-21,1.145; 105-113,1.133; 65-84,1.128; 120-140,1.185;	MYRISTYL 85-90; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 13-16; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 87-90; MYRISTYL 82-87; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 101-103; MYRISTYL 47-52; MYRISTYL 57-62; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 112-114;	
DEX0477_027.aa.1	N	0 - o1-113;	83-96,1.112; 66-74,1.096; 35-59,1.135; 15-23,1.103;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 61-63; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 94-97; MYRISTYL 91-96; MYRISTYL 14-19; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 70-72; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 34-36; MYRISTYL 85-90; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 106-113; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 39-41;	
DEX0477_027.aa.2	N	0 - o1-210;	76-87,1.108; 93-116,1.107; 54-61,1.141; 153-162,1.101; 14-34,1.189; 182-190,1.081; 41-52,1.17; 167-176,1.192; 130-146,1.1;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 44-46; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 103-106; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 123-126; MYRISTYL 180-185; MYRISTYL 130-135; AMIDATION 176-179; MYRISTYL 18-23; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 51-54; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 8-10; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 141-144; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 113-115;	Rhodanese 103-208; RHOD 102-209; RHODANESE_3 112-210;
DEX0477_027.orf.2	Y	0 - o1-173;	56-79,1.107; 145-153,1.081; 39-50,1.108; 4-14,1.08; 16-23,1.146;	MYRISTYL 143-148; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 76-78; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 66-69; AMIDATION 139-142;	RHOD 65-172; RHODANESE_3 75-173; Rhodanese 66-171;

			116-125,1.101; 130-139,1.192; 93-109,1.1;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 3-5; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 86-89; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 104-107; MYRISTYL 93-98;	
DEX0477_027.aa.3	N	0 - o1-189;	146-155,1.192; 132-141,1.101; 76-87,1.108; 54-61,1.141; 109-125,1.1; 41-52,1.17; 161-169,1.081; 14-34,1.189;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 8-10; MYRISTYL 18-23; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 44-46; MYRISTYL 159-164; MYRISTYL 91-96; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 120-123; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 102-105; MYRISTYL 109-114; AMIDATION 155-158; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 51-54;	RHODANESE_3 91-189; RHOD 81-188; Rhodanese 82-187;
DEX0477_027.orf.3	Y	0 - o1-152;		PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 3-5; MYRISTYL 54-59; MYRISTYL 122-127; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 65-68; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 83-86; MYRISTYL 72-77; AMIDATION 118-121;	Rhodanese 45-150; RHODANESE_3 54-152; RHOD 44-151;
DEX0477_027.aa.4	N	0 - o1-105;	48-57,1.101; 62-71,1.192; 77-85,1.081; 25-41,1.1;	MYRISTYL 25-30; AMIDATION 71-74; MYRISTYL 75-80; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 18-21; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 36-39;	RHODANESE_3 7-105; Rhodanese 1-103; RHOD 2-104;
DEX0477_027.orf.4	N	0 - i1-112;	34-58,1.135; 82-95,1.112; 14-22,1.103; 65-73,1.096;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 38-40; MYRISTYL 90-95; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 105-112; MYRISTYL 13-18; MYRISTYL 84-89; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 60-62; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 69-71; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 33-35; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 93-96;	
DEX0477_027.aa.5	N	0 - o1-131;	88-97,1.192; 74-83,1.101; 51-67,1.1; 4-37,1.107; 103-	MYRISTYL 51-56; AMIDATION 97-100; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 34-36; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	Rhodanese 24-129; RHOD 23-130; RHODANESE_3 33-131;

			111,1.081;	44-47; MYRISTYL 101-106; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 62-65; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 5-7; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 24-27;	
DEX0477_027.aa.6	N	0 - o1-108;	80-88,1.081; 51-60,1.101; 4-10,1.234; 65-74,1.192; 12-44,1.117;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 39-42; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 21-24; MYRISTYL 78-83; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 23-25; MYRISTYL 8-13; AMIDATION 74-77;	RHODANESE_3 8-108;
DEX0477_027.orf.6	N	0 - o1-132;	93-102,1.088; 24-44,1.189; 51-62,1.17; 4-17,1.152; 64-71,1.141; 109-119,1.256;	MYRISTYL 28-33; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 54-56; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 18-20; MYRISTYL 80-85; MYRISTYL 106-111; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 61-64;	
DEX0477_027.aa.7	N	0 - o1-162;	76-87,1.108; 105-114,1.101; 54-61,1.141; 119-128,1.192; 134-142,1.081; 41-52,1.17; 92-98,1.06; 14-34,1.189;	AMIDATION 128-131; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 51-54; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 44-46; MYRISTYL 18-23; MYRISTYL 132-137; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 93-96; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 8-10;	RHODANESE_3 75-162;
DEX0477_027.orf.7	Y	0 - o1-125;	82-91,1.192; 4-14,1.08; 16-23,1.146; 97-105,1.081; 68-77,1.101; 55-61,1.06; 39-50,1.108;	MYRISTYL 95-100; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 56-59; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 3-5; AMIDATION 91-94;	RHODANESE_3 38-125;
DEX0477_028.aa.1	N	1 - o1-1398;tm1399-1421;i1422-1815;	174-186,1.175; 1651-1659,1.079; 1327-1345,1.085; 428-439,1.13; 1378-1422,1.174; 541-557,1.14; 1701-1706,1.126; 1015-1040,1.207; 659-	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1143-1145; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 133-136; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1651-1654; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 7-10; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 968-971; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1712-1715; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 988-991; MYRISTYL 771-776;	A1pp 807-925; A1pp 1215-1334; A1pp 1019-1136; WWE 1537-1615; A1pp 790-924; ATP_GTP_A 981-988; A1pp 1002-1135;

			673,1.168; 1466-1472,1.066; 937-968,1.172; 1279-1291,1.13; 377-393,1.088; 1728-1734,1.064; 39-49,1.162; 1442-1463,1.166; 1580-1595,1.085; 255-261,1.073; 281-308,1.16; 1614-1622,1.081; 1107-1119,1.096; 1605-1612,1.114; 228-236,1.112; 1311-1318,1.158; 417-424,1.095; 1718-1724,1.05; 798-809,1.245; 407-414,1.053; 833-841,1.108; 1629-1640,1.231; 701-706,1.057; 60-65,1.053; 1788-1812,1.15; 644-651,1.11; 684-693,1.149; 1347-1368,1.225; 900-928,1.157; 337-345,1.119; 1749-1761,1.228; 1501-1515,1.142; 776-	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1091-1093; MYRISTYL 603-608; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1150-1153; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1766-1769; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1110-1112; MYRISTYL 242-247; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1036-1039; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 158-161; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1557-1560; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 453-455; MYRISTYL 772-777; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1200-1203; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1738-1741; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 675-677; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1224-1227; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 146-149; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1556-1559; MYRISTYL 818-823; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1161-1164; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 69-71; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 732-734; MYRISTYL 1697-1702; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1451-1454; MYRISTYL 1726-1731; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 188-190; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 232-239; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 1479-1486; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1742-1745; MYRISTYL 1087-1092; MYRISTYL 1055-1060; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1786-1789; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1734-1737; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1598-1601;	

			796,1.226; 1051-1066,1.139; 1766-1774,1.147; 1295-1305,1.152; 1070-1082,1.247; 975-983,1.063; 312-321,1.104; 245-251,1.101; 188-214,1.102; 709-733,1.23; 1242-1255,1.103; 592-598,1.061; 580-585,1.063; 752-762,1.116; 1196-1205,1.063; 1212-1221,1.124; 522-536,1.123; 113-119,1.074; 1429-1436,1.1; 993-999,1.101; 1541-1548,1.077; 1258-1265,1.078; 5-22,1.131; 1529-1535,1.075; 1001-1009,1.132; 149-159,1.18; 1148-1161,1.178; 263-269,1.069; 133-142,1.138; 559-575,1.175; 630-641,1.181; 348-360,1.087;	MYRISTYL 977-982; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1639-1642; MYRISTYL 819-824; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1472-1475; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1736-1739; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1449-1452; MYRISTYL 701-706; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1473-1476; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1615-1618; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1233-1236; MYRISTYL 1345-1350; MYRISTYL 1179-1184; MYRISTYL 1244-1249; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1309-1312; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 79-82; MYRISTYL 1319-1324; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 642-645; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1499-1502; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1688-1691; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1086-1089; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 850-853; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1540-1543; MYRISTYL 1009-1014; MYRISTYL 1686-1691; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 207-209; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 200-202; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 808-811; MYRISTYL 1053-1058; MYRISTYL 1375-1380; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1442-1444; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 352-354; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 873-876; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 810-813; AMIDATION 597-	

			815-827,1.091; 71-79,1.134; 1228-1234,1.091; 877-897,1.225; 1643-1649,1.039; 745-750,1.03; 1131-1142,1.127; 462-518,1.189; 856-870,1.185;	600; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 348-350; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 628-631; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1812-1814; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 415-417; AMIDATION 1747-1750; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 644-646; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 444-446; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 707-710; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 380-382; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 395-398; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 1677-1680; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 273-276; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 216-218; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 1577-1580; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 230-232; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 950-952; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 415-418; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 98-101; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 399-401; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 163-166; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 472-475; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1183-1185; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 453-456; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1349-1351;	
DEX0477_028.aa.2	N	0 - o1-1744;	312-321,1.104; 245-251,1.101; 1235-1247,1.13; 1251-1261,1.152; 900-928,1.157; 709-733,1.23;	MYRISTYL 1615-1620; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 133-136; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1117-1120; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1156-1159; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 1606-1609; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	WWE 1466-1544; A1pp 975-1092; A1pp 1171-1290; A1pp 807-925; A1pp 790-924; A1pp 958-1091;

			5-22,1.131; 1334-1351,1.1; 644-651,1.11; 1558-1569,1.231; 630-641,1.181; 1678-1690,1.228; 1358-1365,1.1; 1104-1117,1.178; 833-841,1.108; 1572-1578,1.039; 281-308,1.16; 776-796,1.226; 337-345,1.119; 971-996,1.207; 1184-1190,1.091; 752-762,1.116; 701-706,1.057; 462-518,1.189; 1647-1653,1.05; 1063-1075,1.096; 559-575,1.175; 228-236,1.112; 417-424,1.095; 149-159,1.18; 1087-1098,1.127; 745-750,1.03; 1534-1541,1.114; 856-870,1.185; 428-439,1.13; 407-414,1.053; 877-897,1.225; 659-673,1.168; 937-965,1.172;	380-382; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 7-10; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 415-418; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 992-995; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 1506-1509; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1047-1049; MYRISTYL 1655-1660; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 352-354; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1485-1488; AMIDATION 597-600; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1099-1101; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1380-1383; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1428-1431; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 810-813; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1378-1381; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 399-401; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1486-1489; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 873-876; AMIDATION 1676-1679; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 69-71; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 415-417; MYRISTYL 1301-1306; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1180-1183; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 453-456; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1527-1530; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 188-190; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 395-398; MYRISTYL 1331-1336; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 230-232; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1544-1547; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1665-1668; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION	

			1470-1477,1.077; 1214-1221,1.078; 1458-1464,1.075; 1580-1588,1.079; 1303-1324,1.225; 255-261,1.073; 1509-1524,1.085; 377-393,1.088; 1630-1635,1.126; 1168-1177,1.124; 174-186,1.175; 113-119,1.074; 1543-1551,1.081; 1371-1392,1.166; 1395-1401,1.066; 60-65,1.053; 133-142,1.138; 684-693,1.149; 1152-1161,1.063; 522-536,1.123; 815-827,1.091; 39-49,1.162; 263-269,1.069; 1717-1741,1.15; 71-79,1.134; 1007-1022,1.139; 1267-1274,1.158; 798-809,1.245; 1695-1703,1.147; 1657-1663,1.064; 1026-1038,1.247; 1430-	146-149; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1265-1268; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1671-1674; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 348-350; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1042-1045; MYRISTYL 819-824; MYRISTYL 1626-1631; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 216-218; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 628-631; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 207-209; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 808-811; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1617-1620; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 472-475; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 158-161; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1106-1109; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 200-202; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1568-1571; MYRISTYL 701-706; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1667-1670; MYRISTYL 818-823; MYRISTYL 771-776; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 79-82; MYRISTYL 772-777; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 675-677; MYRISTYL 603-608; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 642-645; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 707-710; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 444-446; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 232-239; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 163-166; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 453-455; MYRISTYL 1009-1014; MYRISTYL 1011-1016; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 644-646;	

			1444,1.142; 580-585,1.063; 1198-1211,1.103; 1283-1301,1.085; 541-557,1.14; 188-214,1.102; 348-360,1.087; 592-598,1.061;	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 850-853; MYRISTYL 965-970; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1641-1644; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 732-734; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1715-1718; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1580-1583; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1371-1373; MYRISTYL 1135-1140; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1189-1192; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1305-1307; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 950-952; MYRISTYL 1275-1280; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1469-1472; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 273-276; MYRISTYL 1200-1205; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1066-1068; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1402-1405; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1695-1698; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1401-1404; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 98-101; MYRISTYL 1043-1048; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 1408-1415; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1663-1666; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1139-1141; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1741-1743; MYRISTYL 242-247;	
DEX0477_028.orf.2	N	0 - o1-968;		CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 872-875; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 641-644; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 199-201; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 78-81; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 809-812; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 452-454; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	A1pp 806-924; A1pp 789-923;

				351-353; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 706-709; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 379-381; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 231-238; MYRISTYL 818-823; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 731-733; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 807-810; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 398-400; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 394-397; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 849-852; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 206-208; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 443-445; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 414-416; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 471-474; MYRISTYL 817-822; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 627-630; MYRISTYL 771-776; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 97-100; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 187-189; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 452-455; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 68-70; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 6-9; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 674-676; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 272-275; MYRISTYL 770-775; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 643-645; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 132-135; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 347-349; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 414-417; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 157-160; MYRISTYL 241-246; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 949-951; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 145-148;	

				AMIDATION 596-599; MYRISTYL 602-607; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 162-165; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 215-217; MYRISTYL 700-705; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 229-231;	
DEX0477_028.orf.3	N	0 - o1-968;		CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 872-875; MYRISTYL 771-776; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 199-201; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 641-644; MYRISTYL 770-775; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 731-733; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 807-810; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 452-454; MYRISTYL 241-246; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 132-135; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 627-630; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 643-645; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 471-474; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 68-70; MYRISTYL 700-705; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 162-165; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 674-676; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 849-852; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 398-400; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 231-238; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 394-397; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 215-217; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 706-709; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 272-275; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 206-208; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 6-9; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 809-812;	A1pp 806-924; A1pp 789-923;

				CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 452-455; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 78-81; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 229-231; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 97-100; MYRISTYL 818-823; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 379-381; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 145-148; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 351-353; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 949-951; MYRISTYL 602-607; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 347-349; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 443-445; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 187-189; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 414-417; AMIDATION 596-599; MYRISTYL 817-822; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 414-416; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 157-160;	
DEX0477_028.orf.4	N	0 - o1-968;		PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 206-208; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 452-454; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 641-644; MYRISTYL 771-776; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 199-201; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 872-875; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 643-645; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 807-810; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 398-400; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 231-238; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 215-217; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 414-416; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 452-455; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 187-189; MYRISTYL	A1pp 789-923; A1pp 806-924;

				817-822; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 351-353; MYRISTYL 241-246; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 78-81; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 347-349; MYRISTYL 602-607; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 229-231; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 674-676; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 68-70; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 162-165; MYRISTYL 770-775; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 97-100; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 157-160; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 394-397; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 132-135; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 471-474; MYRISTYL 700-705; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 731-733; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 145-148; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 949-951; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 414-417; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 809-812; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 849-852; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 627-630; AMIDATION 596-599; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 272-275; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 6-9; MYRISTYL 818-823; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 379-381; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 706-709; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 443-445;	
DEX0477_029.aa.1	N	0 - o1-1744;	1395-1401,1.066; 1198-1211,1.103;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 230-232; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 808-811;	A1pp 807-925; A1pp 975-1092; WWE 1466-1544; A1pp 1171-1290; A1pp 958-

			1267-1274,1.158; 407-414,1.053; 971-996,1.207; 1630-1635,1.126; 580-585,1.063; 377-393,1.088; 1371-1392,1.166; 630-641,1.181; 1543-1551,1.081; 1430-1444,1.142; 877-897,1.225; 5-22,1.131; 312-321,1.104; 462-518,1.189; 428-439,1.13; 541-557,1.14; 255-261,1.073; 113-119,1.074; 709-733,1.23; 1104-1117,1.178; 937-965,1.172; 856-870,1.185; 149-159,1.18; 1695-1703,1.147; 745-750,1.03; 1152-1161,1.063; 833-841,1.108; 1572-1578,1.039; 1235-1247,1.13; 1283-1301,1.085; 1647-1653,1.05; 659-673,1.168; 71-79,1.134; 174-	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1741-1743; MYRISTYL 1043-1048; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 348-350; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 395-398; MYRISTYL 1135-1140; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 415-417; MYRISTYL 603-608; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 380-382; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 273-276; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 188-190; MYRISTYL 1275-1280; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 98-101; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 352-354; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 146-149; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 675-677; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 232-239; MYRISTYL 701-706; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1544-1547; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 163-166; MYRISTYL 1200-1205; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1568-1571; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 158-161; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1139-1141; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 453-455; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1671-1674; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 453-456; AMIDATION 1676-1679; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 200-202; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1617-1620; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1485-1488; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1665-1668; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 207-209; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	1091; A1pp 790-924;

			186,1.175; 348-360,1.087; 1063-1075,1.096; 417-424,1.095; 701-706,1.057; 1717-1741,1.15; 1184-1190,1.091; 1334-1351,1.1; 1509-1524,1.085; 776-796,1.226; 1303-1324,1.225; 559-575,1.175; 1358-1365,1.1; 1534-1541,1.114; 1678-1690,1.228; 245-251,1.101; 684-693,1.149; 133-142,1.138; 815-827,1.091; 644-651,1.11; 337-345,1.119; 1251-1261,1.152; 1007-1022,1.139; 1026-1038,1.247; 1087-1098,1.127; 188-214,1.102; 592-598,1.061; 1214-1221,1.078; 39-49,1.162; 522-536,1.123; 752-762,1.116; 1580-	216-218; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 873-876; AMIDATION 597-600; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 1408-1415; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1641-1644; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 415-418; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1715-1718; MYRISTYL 1655-1660; MYRISTYL 1615-1620; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 399-401; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1099-1101; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 992-995; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1663-1666; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 850-853; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1117-1120; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 642-645; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 444-446; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1106-1109; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1580-1583; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1180-1183; MYRISTYL 1626-1631; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1189-1192; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1486-1489; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1156-1159; MYRISTYL 819-824; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 732-734; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 810-813; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1378-1381; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 950-952; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1695-1698; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1047-1049; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	

			1588,1.079; 281-308,1.16; 60-65,1.053; 1657-1663,1.064; 1458-1464,1.075; 228-236,1.112; 900-928,1.157; 1168-1177,1.124; 1470-1477,1.077; 263-269,1.069; 798-809,1.245; 1558-1569,1.231;	1469-1472; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 1606-1609; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1667-1670; MYRISTYL 1301-1306; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 69-71; MYRISTYL 1331-1336; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1042-1045; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1380-1383; MYRISTYL 772-777; MYRISTYL 1011-1016; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1428-1431; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 644-646; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1066-1068; MYRISTYL 771-776; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 133-136; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1371-1373; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1527-1530; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 1265-1268; MYRISTYL 242-247; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1401-1404; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 7-10; MYRISTYL 1009-1014; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 1305-1307; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 1402-1405; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 79-82; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 707-710; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 472-475; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 1506-1509; MYRISTYL 965-970; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 628-631; MYRISTYL 818-823;	
DEX0477_029.orf.1	N	0 - o1-968;	643-650,1.11; 579-584,1.063; 540-556,1.14; 832-840,1.108;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 627-630; MYRISTYL 817-822; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 379-381; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	A1pp 789-923; A1pp 806-924;

			558- 574,1.175; 591- 597,1.061; 311- 320,1.104; 936- 959,1.172; 899- 927,1.157; 173- 185,1.175; 521- 535,1.123; 376- 392,1.088; 658- 672,1.168; 814- 826,1.091; 112- 118,1.074; 38-48,1.162; 683- 692,1.149; 70-78,1.134; 187- 213,1.102; 132- 141,1.138; 148-158,1.18; 461- 517,1.189; 262- 268,1.069; 775- 795,1.226; 416- 423,1.095; 876- 896,1.225; 254- 260,1.073; 227- 235,1.112; 347- 359,1.087; 708-732,1.23; 4-21,1.131; 59-64,1.053; 797- 808,1.245; 280-307,1.16; 336- 344,1.119; 855- 869,1.185; 406- 413,1.053; 629-	643-645; MYRISTYL 771-776; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 849-852; MYRISTYL 818-823; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 471-474; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 206-208; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 807-810; MYRISTYL 770-775; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 414-417; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 452-454; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 199-201; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 215-217; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 6-9; MYRISTYL 602-607; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 68-70; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 452-455; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 97-100; MYRISTYL 700-705; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 145-148; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 187-189; AMIDATION 596- 599; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 132-135; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 731-733; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 949-951; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 157-160; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 809-812; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 872-875; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 347-349; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 162-165; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 78-81; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 641-644; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 443-445; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 229-231;	

			640,1.181; 744-749,1.03; 427-438,1.13; 700-705,1.057; 244-250,1.101; 751-761,1.116;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 674-676; MYRISTYL 241-246; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 394-397; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 272-275; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 351-353; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 414-416; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 231-238; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 398-400; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 706-709;	
DEX0477_030.aa.1	Y	0 - o1-282;	217-224,1.16; 74-107,1.151; 184-204,1.123; 237-248,1.157; 57-72,1.086; 253-259,1.069; 261-275,1.158; 143-178,1.122; 27-50,1.188;	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 213-216; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 197-200; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 164-166; MYRISTYL 252-257; MYRISTYL 46-51; MYRISTYL 16-21; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 13-15; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 222-225; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 192-194; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 120-123; MYRISTYL 226-231; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 242-245; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 278-280; MYRISTYL 114-119; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 259-261; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 131-134; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 199-202;	Tryp_SPc 53-275; trypsin 54-275; CHYMOTRYPSIN 228-240; TRYPSIN_DOM 47-280; CHYMOTRYPSIN 80-95; TRYPSIN_SER 229-240; TRYPSIN_HIS 90-95; CHYMOTRYPSIN 138-152;
DEX0477_030.aa.2	N	0 - o1-221;	123-143,1.123; 200-214,1.158; 176-187,1.157; 156-163,1.16; 6-26,1.106; 192-198,1.069; 28-46,1.172; 82-117,1.122;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 59-62; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 103-105; MYRISTYL 165-170; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 152-155; MYRISTYL 191-196; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 70-73; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 217-219; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 131-133;	TRYPSIN_DOM 28-219; trypsin 7-214; TRYPSIN_SER 168-179; CHYMOTRYPSIN 77-91; CHYMOTRYPSIN 167-179; Tryp_SPc 7-214;

				PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 198-200; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 136-139; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 138-141; MYRISTYL 53-58; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 11-13; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 161-164; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 181-184;	
DEX0477_030.aa.3	N	0 - o1-34;	13-27,1.158;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 30-32; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 10-12;	
DEX0477_030.orf.3	N	0 - o1-58;		MYRISTYL 25-30; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 11-13;	PRENYLATION 55-58;
DEX0477_031.aa.1	Y	1 - o1-12;tm13-31;i32-140;	130-137,1.27; 97-110,1.043; 16-63,1.196; 84-91,1.086; 65-82,1.115; 115-124,1.212;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 91-93; MYRISTYL 131-136; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 33-35; MYRISTYL 76-81;	
DEX0477_031.orf.1	N	0 - o1-151;	77-90,1.196; 4-32,1.159; 95-108,1.331; 142-148,1.129; 63-69,1.048; 35-53,1.086; 111-137,1.191;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 107-110; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 75-77; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 109-112; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 126-129; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 44-46; MYRISTYL 54-59; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 59-61; MICROBODIES_CTER 149-151;	CYS_RICH 86-125;
DEX0477_032.aa.1	N	0 - o1-402;	186-192,1.086; 195-208,1.082; 366-372,1.058; 260-285,1.176; 331-362,1.127; 113-119,1.076; 99-105,1.068; 210-230,1.103; 318-327,1.075; 165-	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 13-16; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 241-243; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 10-13; AMIDATION 8-11; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 329-331; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 312-315; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 308-311; LEUCINE_ZIPPER 338-359; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 170-172; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE	dynamin_2 66-295; GED 309-400; GED 309-400;

			173,1.055; 19-34,1.159; 57-84,1.145; 384-391,1.061; 42-52,1.113;	330-333; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 135-138; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 228-230; MYRISTYL 302-307; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 313-316; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 244-247; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 295-298; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 156-159; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 215-218; MYRISTYL 55-60; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 92-100; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 377-379;	
DEX0477_033.aa.1	N	0 - o1-155;	4-26,1.281; 103-113,1.129; 48-57,1.109; 62-73,1.175; 77-95,1.16;	CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 132-135; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 50-52;	GSHPx 8-85; GLUTPROXDASE 26-42; GLUTPROXDASE 115-124;
DEX0477_033.orf.1	N	0 - o1-133;		PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 4-6; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 110-113; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 28-30;	GLUTPROXDASE 4-20; GSHPx 2-63; GLUTPROXDASE 93-102;
DEX0477_033.aa.2	N	0 - o1-126;	74-84,1.129; 19-28,1.109; 48-66,1.16; 33-44,1.175;	CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 103-106; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 21-23;	GSHPx 4-56;
DEX0477_033.aa.3	N	0 - o1-150;	98-108,1.129; 57-68,1.175; 5-35,1.222; 43-52,1.109; 72-90,1.16;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 45-47; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 127-130;	GSHPx 9-80;
DEX0477_034.aa.1	N	0 - o1-186;	123-134,1.171; 163-183,1.223; 136-147,1.146; 88-98,1.114; 15-21,1.061; 60-83,1.24;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 35-38; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 111-119; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 40-42; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 53-56; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 50-53; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 53-55; MYRISTYL 165-170; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 52-54; MYRISTYL 135-140; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 138-141;	NUDIX 97-118; NUDIXFAMILY 92-106; NUDIXFAMILY 106-121; NUDIX 58-182;

				PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 48-50;	
DEX0477 _035.aa .1	N	0 - o1-191;	67-73,1.119; 26-37,1.154; 80-92,1.153; 50-61,1.059; 123-184,1.185; 41-48,1.066; 12-18,1.102; 98-117,1.104;	MYRISTYL 23-28; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 166-168; MYRISTYL 150-155; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 9-12; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 131-134; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 91-94; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 24-26; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 19-22; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 9-11;	GSTRNSFRASEA 61-77; GST_C 107-168; GSTRNSFRASEP 81-102; GSTRNSFRASEA 169-186; GSTRNSFRASEP 172-191; GST_C 62-169; GSTRNSFRASEP 29-45; GST_N 1-69;
DEX0477 _035.aa .2	N	0 - o1-146;	50-61,1.059; 67-73,1.119; 98-117,1.104; 12-18,1.102; 26-37,1.154; 41-48,1.066; 80-92,1.153; 123-136,1.076;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 9-11; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 91-94; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 9-12; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 24-26; MICROBODIES_CTER 144-146; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 139-141; MYRISTYL 23-28; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 131-134; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 19-22;	GSTRNSFRASEP 29-45; GST_N 1-69; GSTRNSFRASEP 81-102; GST_C 107-146;
DEX0477 _035.or f.2	N	1 - i1-6;tm7-25;o26-179;		CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 52-55; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 42-44; MICROBODIES_CTER 177-179; AMIDATION 171-174; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 124-127; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 57-59; MYRISTYL 56-61; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 172-174; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 42-45; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 169-175; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 164-167; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 4-6;	GSTRNSFRASEP 62-78; GSTRNSFRASEA 94-110; GSTRNSFRASEP 114-135; GST_N 17-89; GSTRNSFRASEA 28-42; GST_C 140-179; GST_N 18-102;
DEX0477 _035.aa	N	0 - o1-191;	123-184,1.185;	MYRISTYL 23-28; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	GSTRNSFRASEA 61-77; GSTRNSFRASEP 81-

.3			41-48,1.066; 12-18,1.102; 80-92,1.153; 67-73,1.119; 50-61,1.059; 98-117,1.104; 26-37,1.154;	9-11; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 91-94; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 166-168; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 9-12; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 19-22; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 24-26; MYRISTYL 150-155; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 131-134;	102; GST_C 107-168; GST_C 62-169; GSTRNSFRASEP 172-191; GST_N 1-69; GSTRNSFRASEP 29-45; GSTRNSFRASEA 169-186;
DEX0477_035.orf.3	Y	1 - o1-14;tm15-37;i38-236;	71-82,1.154; 57-63,1.102; 112-118,1.119; 7-18,1.117; 143-162,1.104; 125-137,1.153; 95-106,1.059; 20-27,1.038; 29-51,1.196; 86-93,1.066; 168-229,1.185;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 64-67; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 69-71; MYRISTYL 1-6; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 211-213; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 20-23; MYRISTYL 195-200; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 54-56; MYRISTYL 68-73; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 54-57; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 176-179; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 136-139;	GSTRNSFRASEP 217-236; GST_C 107-214; GSTRNSFRASEP 126-147; GST_N 29-101; GSTRNSFRASEA 106-122; GSTRNSFRASEA 214-231; GST_N 30-114; GSTRNSFRASEP 74-90; GST_C 152-213; GSTRNSFRASEA 40-54;
DEX0477_035.aa.4	Y	0 - o1-291;	221-240,1.104; 50-88,1.159; 110-118,1.036; 203-215,1.153; 190-196,1.119; 123-129,1.048; 99-108,1.129; 90-96,1.033; 149-160,1.154; 135-141,1.102; 246-278,1.185; 164-171,1.066; 14-39,1.252; 173-184,1.059;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 142-145; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 11-13; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 147-149; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 214-217; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 132-134; MYRISTYL 146-151; MYRISTYL 87-92; MYRISTYL 6-11; MYRISTYL 90-95; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 113-116; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 254-257; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 281-283; MYRISTYL 273-278; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 132-135;	GST_N 107-179; GSTRNSFRASEP 152-168; GST_N 105-192; GST_C 230-291; GSTRNSFRASEP 204-225; GST_C 185-284;
DEX0477_035.orf.4	Y	0 - o1-302;	105-116,1.166; 184-	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 265-268; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	GST_C 241-302; GST_N 118-190; GST_N 119-203;

			195,1.059; 61-98,1.159; 160-171,1.154; 175-182,1.066; 201-207,1.119; 257-289,1.185; 232-251,1.104; 118-140,1.196; 146-152,1.102; 25-50,1.252; 214-226,1.153;	143-145; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 143-146; MYRISTYL 284-289; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 153-156; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 292-294; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 225-228; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 158-160; MYRISTYL 157-162; MYRISTYL 3-8; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 22-24; MYRISTYL 17-22; MYRISTYL 98-103;	GSTRNSFRASEA 129-143; GSTRNSFRASEP 215-236; GSTRNSFRASEP 163-179; GSTRNSFRASEA 195-211; GST_C 196-295;
DEX0477_035.aa.5	Y	0 - o1-226;	123-129,1.048; 164-171,1.066; 149-160,1.154; 14-39,1.252; 173-184,1.059; 50-88,1.159; 135-141,1.102; 99-108,1.129; 90-96,1.033; 203-217,1.153; 110-118,1.036; 190-196,1.119;	MYRISTYL 90-95; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 142-145; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 11-13; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 113-116; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 147-149; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 132-135; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 132-134; MYRISTYL 6-11; MYRISTYL 146-151; MYRISTYL 87-92;	GST_N 105-192; GSTRNSFRASEP 152-168; GSTRNSFRASEP 204-225; GST_N 107-179;
DEX0477_035.orf.5	Y	0 - o1-237;	61-98,1.159; 201-207,1.119; 160-171,1.154; 214-228,1.153; 146-152,1.102; 105-116,1.166; 184-195,1.059; 175-182,1.066; 25-50,1.252; 118-140,1.196;	MYRISTYL 98-103; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 22-24; MYRISTYL 3-8; MYRISTYL 17-22; MYRISTYL 157-162; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 153-156; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 143-145; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 158-160; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 143-146;	GSTRNSFRASEA 195-211; GSTRNSFRASEP 163-179; GST_N 119-203; GST_N 118-190; GSTRNSFRASEA 129-143; GSTRNSFRASEP 215-236;
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				63-68; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 119-122; MYRISTYL 60-65; MYRISTYL 27-32; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 31-34; MYRISTYL 7-12; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 14-17; MYRISTYL 58-63; MYRISTYL 26-31; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 64-67; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 16-18; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 69-72; MYRISTYL 55-60; MYRISTYL 89-94; MYRISTYL 79-84; AMIDATION 62-65;	
DEX0477_036.orf.1	N	0 - o1-134;		MYRISTYL 89-94; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 16-18; MYRISTYL 55-60; MYRISTYL 31-36; MYRISTYL 63-68; MYRISTYL 79-84; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 31-34; MYRISTYL 7-12; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 117-120; MYRISTYL 60-65; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 119-122; MYRISTYL 26-31; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 69-72; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 64-67; MYRISTYL 58-63; AMIDATION 62-65; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 14-17; MYRISTYL 27-32;	
DEX0477_037.aa.1	N	0 - o1-128;		CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 42-45; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 18-20; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 18-21; MYRISTYL 117-122; MYRISTYL 123-128; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 31-34; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 58-61; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	

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DEX0477_037.orf.1	N	0 - o1-120;		MYRISTYL 25-30; MYRISTYL 2-7; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 10-12; MYRISTYL 16-21; MYRISTYL 99-104; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 24-27; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 12-15; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 107-110; MYRISTYL 92-97; MYRISTYL 107-112; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 14-16; MYRISTYL 100-105; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 23-26; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 70-73; MYRISTYL 104-109; MYRISTYL 96-101; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 16-19; MYRISTYL 102-107; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 39-42; MYRISTYL 98-103; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 23-25; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 109-112;	
DEX0477_038.aa.1	Y	0 - o1-254;	4-22,1.279; 197-203,1.049; 142-154,1.182; 130-136,1.067;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 248-251; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 171-173; AMIDATION 192-195; MYRISTYL 207-212;	ASP_RICH 83-139; Osteopontin 1-253; OSTEOPONTIN 20-30; OSTEO 17-253;

			51-61,1.088; 161-167,1.085; 33-43,1.076; 179-185,1.06;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 223-226; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 245-247; MYRISTYL 12-17; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 106-109; RGD 159-161; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 26-29; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 79-82; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 62-65; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 49-51; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 235-238;	
DEX0477_038.orf.1	N	0 - o1-212;	176-182,1.067; 188-200,1.182; 79-89,1.076; 97-107,1.088; 48-68,1.279; 20-36,1.118;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 108-111; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 46-48; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 125-128; MYRISTYL 58-63; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 11-13; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 95-97; RGD 205-207; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 72-75; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 152-155;	ASP_RICH 129-185; OSTEOPONTIN 66-76; Osteopontin 47-212; OSTEO 63-212;
DEX0477_038.aa.2	Y	0 - o1-240;	4-22,1.279; 183-189,1.049; 51-61,1.115; 116-122,1.067; 33-43,1.076; 147-153,1.085; 165-171,1.06; 128-140,1.182;	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 92-95; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 234-237; MYRISTYL 193-198; RGD 145-147; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 209-212; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 65-68; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 26-29; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 49-51; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 221-224; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 157-159; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 231-233; AMIDATION 178-181; MYRISTYL 12-17;	OSTEOPONTIN 20-30; OSTEO 17-239; Osteopontin 1-239; ASP_RICH 69-125;
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			48-68,1.279; 174-186,1.182; 162-168,1.067;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 46-48; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 95-97; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 72-75; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 138-141; MYRISTYL 58-63; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 11-13;	OSTEOPONTIN 66-76;
DEX0477_038.aa.3	N	0 - o1-170;	113-119,1.049; 46-72,1.182; 77-83,1.085; 95-101,1.06;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 87-89; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 161-163; AMIDATION 108-111; MYRISTYL 123-128; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 151-154; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 22-25; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 164-167; RGD 75-77; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 139-142;	ASP_RICH 2-55;
DEX0477_038.orf.3	N	0 - o1-137;	22-32,1.088; 113-125,1.182; 101-107,1.067; 4-19,1.144;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 20-22; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 77-80; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 50-53; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 33-36; RGD 130-132;	Osteopontin 1-137; OSTEO 2-137; ASP_RICH 54-110;
DEX0477_039.aa.1	N	0 - o1-156;	26-51,1.152; 107-131,1.156; 4-16,1.087; 79-104,1.216; 136-149,1.116; 61-77,1.201;	MYRISTYL 77-82; MYRISTYL 16-21; MYRISTYL 137-142; MYRISTYL 151-156; MYRISTYL 19-24; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 154-156; RGD 22-24; MYRISTYL 40-45; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 61-63; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 20-22;	
DEX0477_039.orf.1	N	0 - o1-195;	120-137,1.115; 139-146,1.086; 4-30,1.204; 43-59,1.201; 185-192,1.27; 61-118,1.196; 170-179,1.212; 152-	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 146-148; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 88-90; MYRISTYL 59-64; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 29-31; MYRISTYL 131-136; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 43-45; MYRISTYL 186-191;	

			165,1.043;		
DEX0477_040.aa.1	N	0 - o1-376;	19-25,1.105; 62-69,1.104; 185-195,1.084; 310-320,1.126; 367-373,1.053; 269-293,1.146; 334-344,1.156; 224-230,1.072; 168-176,1.122; 140-152,1.194; 41-48,1.083; 30-38,1.113; 4-10,1.095; 109-137,1.205; 354-360,1.106; 74-85,1.141; 237-250,1.124;	MYRISTYL 29-34; MYRISTYL 155-160; MYRISTYL 113-118; MYRISTYL 362-367; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 26-28; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 254-256; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 262-270; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 263-266; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 102-105; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 70-73; MYRISTYL 243-248; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 83-86; MYRISTYL 160-165; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 50-57; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 291-294; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 237-239; MYRISTYL 42-47; MYRISTYL 61-66; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 344-347; MYRISTYL 156-161; MYRISTYL 38-43; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 79-81; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 85-88;	ENOLASE 164-177; enolase_N 2-134; sp_P06733_ENOA_HUMAN 3-331; ENOLASE 35-49; ENOLASE 107-123; ENOLASE 317-328; enolase 142-373;
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			168-176,1.122; 74-85,1.141; 372-401,1.17;	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 70-73; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 262-270; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 263-266; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 291-294; MYRISTYL 42-47; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 254-256; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 368-371; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 50-57;	
DEX0477_041.aa.1	N	1 - i1-90;tm91-110;o111-113;	89-99,1.193; 103-110,1.208; 56-61,1.06; 76-82,1.084; 8-13,1.045; 20-32,1.087; 43-53,1.238;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 4-6; MYRISTYL 21-26; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 99-102; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 109-112; AMIDATION 30-33; MYRISTYL 100-105; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 66-68;	BAF 1-69; sp_O75531_BAF_HUMAN 1-43;
DEX0477_042.aa.1	N	0 - i1-30;	6-12,1.075; 16-25,1.086;	MYRISTYL 3-8;	
DEX0477_042.orf.1	Y	0 - o1-66;		PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 41-43; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 50-52; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 37-39; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 44-46;	
DEX0477_043.aa.1	N	0 - o1-249;	178-186,1.098; 143-150,1.085; 152-167,1.094; 94-105,1.095; 53-63,1.123; 37-43,1.071; 26-34,1.078; 128-138,1.042; 73-83,1.08; 7-15,1.029; 111-117,1.047;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 39-41; MYRISTYL 82-87; MYRISTYL 47-52; MYRISTYL 33-38; MYRISTYL 70-75; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 97-100; MYRISTYL 189-194; MYRISTYL 21-26; MYRISTYL 54-59; MYRISTYL 67-72; MYRISTYL 223-228; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 212-215; MYRISTYL 74-79; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 227-229; MYRISTYL 231-236; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 24-26; MYRISTYL 178-183; MYRISTYL 36-41; MYRISTYL	TYPE1KERATIN 183-206; TYPE1KERATIN 162-175; GLY_RICH 16-83; filament 83-236; SER_RICH 10-72;

				43-48; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 28-30; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 110-113; MYRISTYL 19-24; MYRISTYL 23-28; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 13-15; MYRISTYL 78-83; MYRISTYL 232-237; MYRISTYL 49-54; MYRISTYL 64-69; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 4-6; MYRISTYL 66-71; MYRISTYL 46-51; MYRISTYL 34-39; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 171-174; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 137-140; MYRISTYL 242-247;	
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DEX0477_044.aa.2	Y	4 - o1-3;tm4-26;i27-64;tm65-87;o88-101;tm102-124;i125-268;tm269-291;o292-295;	50-56,1.068; 145-181,1.221; 62-69,1.075; 4-28,1.204; 224-231,1.171; 90-128,1.241; 264-276,1.124; 31-47,1.259; 200-207,1.125; 248-261,1.136; 71-78,1.109; 278-292,1.172;	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 238-241; MYRISTYL 270-275; MYRISTYL 24-29; MYRISTYL 71-76; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 197-199; MYRISTYL 86-91; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 232-235; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 210-213; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 166-169; MYRISTYL 82-87; MYRISTYL 200-205; MYRISTYL 80-85; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 186-189; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 195-198; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 208-211; MYRISTYL 271-276; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 236-239; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 38-41; MYRISTYL 278-283;	transmembrane4 1-280; TM4_2 104-295;
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DEX0477_045.aa.1	Y	3 - i1-11;tm12-34;o35-53;tm54-76;i77-88;tm89-111;o112-156;	81-113,1.241; 130-153,1.104; 13-78,1.204;	MYRISTYL 74-79; MYRISTYL 29-34; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 150-152;	TMFOUR 53-79; TMFOUR 9-32; transmembrane4 6-137; TM4_2 1-110; TMFOUR 80-108;
DEX0477_046.aa.1	N	3 - i1-15;tm16-35;o36-49;tm50-69;i70-112;tm113-135;o136-171;	129-168,1.168; 85-94,1.196; 101-126,1.14; 14-35,1.282; 65-79,1.199;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 44-46; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 127-130;	S5A_REDUCTASE 59-146; Steroid_dh 13-171;
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				PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 90-92; AMIDATION 83-86; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 78-81; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 93-96; AMIDATION 8-11;	
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055.orf.3		458;	135,1.095; 245-251,1.062; 184-190,1.096; 30-35.1.028; 53-64,1.071; 261-271,1.106; 157-167,1.103; 141-149,1.077; 73-79,1.055; 221-233,1.108; 399-405,1.062; 436-448,1.13; 342-350,1.078; 410-421,1.074; 4-10,1.067; 275-286,1.131; 361-388,1.098;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 417-420; MYRISTYL 378-383; MYRISTYL 354-359; MYRISTYL 66-71; MYRISTYL 430-435; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 319-322; MYRISTYL 277-282; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 57-59; MYRISTYL 48-53; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 308-311; MYRISTYL 64-69; MYRISTYL 108-113; MYRISTYL 450-455; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 407-415; MYRISTYL 375-380; MYRISTYL 72-77; MYRISTYL 46-51; MYRISTYL 104-109; MYRISTYL 83-88; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 327-330; MYRISTYL 88-93; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 406-409; LEUCINE_ZIPPER 228-249; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 358-361; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 26-28; MYRISTYL 107-112; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 452-455; MYRISTYL 87-92; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 337-340; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 350-352; MYRISTYL 23-28; MYRISTYL 95-100; MYRISTYL 96-101; MYRISTYL 41-46; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 179-182; MYRISTYL 99-104; MYRISTYL 42-47; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 233-236; MYRISTYL 93-98; LEUCINE_ZIPPER 221-242; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 168-171; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 326-328; MYRISTYL	IF 412-420; TYPE1KERATIN 214-237; TYPE1KERATIN 366-392; EGGSHELL 97-115; TYPE1KERATIN 340-355; TYPE1KERATIN 193-206; GLY_RICH 23-112; TYPE1KERATIN 268-288; EGGSHELL 60-70; EGGSHELL 34-49;

				37-42; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 414-416; MYRISTYL 103-108; MYRISTYL 25-30; MYRISTYL 80-85; MYRISTYL 91-96; MYRISTYL 30-35; MYRISTYL 100-105; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 111-114; MYRISTYL 92-97; MYRISTYL 79-84; MYRISTYL 36-41; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 127-130;	
DEX0477_055.aa.4	N	0 - o1-281;	247-271,1.13; 115-126,1.095; 175-181,1.096; 21-26,1.028; 237-245,1.084; 148-158,1.103; 212-224,1.108; 132-140,1.077; 64-70,1.055; 44-55,1.071;	MYRISTYL 83-88; MYRISTYL 79-84; MYRISTYL 14-19; MYRISTYL 57-62; MYRISTYL 27-32; MYRISTYL 98-103; MYRISTYL 78-83; MYRISTYL 71-76; MYRISTYL 99-104; MYRISTYL 70-75; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 118-121; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 17-19; MYRISTYL 87-92; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 102-105; MYRISTYL 63-68; MYRISTYL 37-42; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 170-173; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 48-50; MYRISTYL 55-60; MYRISTYL 94-99; MYRISTYL 82-87; MYRISTYL 84-89; MYRISTYL 21-26; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 224-227; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 275-278; MYRISTYL 58-63; MYRISTYL 32-37; MYRISTYL 90-95; MYRISTYL 39-44; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 159-162; MYRISTYL 33-38; MYRISTYL 273-278; MYRISTYL 86-91; MYRISTYL 28-33; MYRISTYL 91-96; MYRISTYL 95-100; MYRISTYL	TYPE1KERATIN 184-197; EGGSHELL 88-106; EGGSHELL 51-61; filament 104-260; GLY_RICH 14-103; EGGSHELL 25-40; TYPE1KERATIN 205-228;

				74-79; MYRISTYL 16-21;	
DEX0477_056.aa.1	N	0 - o1-49;	28-42,1.156; 12-25,1.232;		
DEX0477_056.orf.1	N	0 - o1-98;		PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 71-73; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 13-16;	
DEX0477_057.aa.1	N	0 - o1-226;	201-207,1.059; 163-169,1.065; 70-92,1.122; 34-41,1.163; 21-27,1.079; 109-116,1.069; 4-15,1.129; 132-150,1.227;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 26-29; MYRISTYL 23-28; MYRISTYL 45-50; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 65-68; MYRISTYL 32-37; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 53-56; MYRISTYL 70-75; MYRISTYL 129-134; MYRISTYL 163-168; MYRISTYL 126-131; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 90-93; MYRISTYL 86-91; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 167-170; MYRISTYL 211-216; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 95-97; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 138-140; MYRISTYL 108-113; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 74-77;	
DEX0477_058.aa.1	Y	1 - i1-114;tm115-137;o138-208;	23-44,1.2; 190-195,1.066; 75-104,1.25; 4-18,1.276; 51-62,1.207; 176-182,1.071; 112-144,1.246; 165-172,1.083;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 48-51; MYRISTYL 171-176; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 74-77; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 74-76; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 72-75; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 63-66; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 177-180; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 199-202; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 112-114;	
DEX0477_058.aa.2	N	0 - o1-170;	39-67,1.162; 7-14,1.056; 72-88,1.129; 105-112,1.109; 128-165,1.183; 16-34,1.096;	MYRISTYL 125-130; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 96-98; MYRISTYL 60-65; MYRISTYL 89-94; MYRISTYL 112-117; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 99-102;	

				PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 33-35;	
DEX0477_059.aa.1	N	0 - o1-67;	34-46,1.073; 53-63,1.224;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 40-42; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 34-36; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 27-30;	
DEX0477_059.aa.2	N	0 - o1-32;		MICROBODIES_CTER 30-32; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 29-31;	
DEX0477_059.orf.2	Y	0 - o1-74;		PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 57-59; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 30-33;	
DEX0477_060.aa.1	N	0 - i1-66;	19-30,1.087; 49-58,1.068;	MYRISTYL 57-62; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 33-36; MYRISTYL 23-28; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 11-13; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 35-38; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 61-64; MYRISTYL 19-24; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 26-29; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 7-10;	Cadherin_C_term 1-59;
DEX0477_060.orf.1	N	0 - o1-94;		CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 39-42; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 6-8;	
DEX0477_060.aa.2	N	0 - o1-30;	4-13,1.067; 15-27,1.22;	MYRISTYL 17-22;	
DEX0477_060.orf.2	N	0 - o1-94;		PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 6-8; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 39-42;	
DEX0477_061.aa.1	N	1 - i1-47;tm48-70;o71-147;	45-86,1.252; 24-34,1.164; 36-41,1.053; 103-141,1.159; 88-95,1.053; 12-18,1.103;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 5-7; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 41-44; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 78-80; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 5-8; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 41-43; MYRISTYL 111-116; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 33-36; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 38-40; MYRISTYL 96-101;	
DEX0477	N	0 - o1-	225-	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	HSP70_3 98-112;

_062.aa .1		353;	243,1.108; 337-343,1.063; 24-33,1.036; 200-209,1.174; 95-104,1.184; 78-84,1.059; 152-167,1.181; 324-330,1.052; 107-116,1.084; 40-55,1.063; 249-257,1.146; 173-179,1.119; 130-146,1.142;	104-106; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 275-278; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 12-14; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 316-319; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 259-261; MYRISTYL 166-171; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 253-256; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 50-53; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 301-303; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 179-182; MYRISTYL 171-176; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 194-197; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 29-32; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 124-127; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 326-328; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 259-262; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 281-289; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 181-184; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 251-254;	HEATSHOCK70 235-251; HEATSHOCK70 154-173; HEATSHOCK70 127-147; HEATSHOCK70 95-111; HSP70 2-346; sp_P08109_HS7C_MOUSE 1-323;
DEX0477_062.orf.1	Y	0 - o1-205;		ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 51-54; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 64-67; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 186-189; MYRISTYL 41-46; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 171-173; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 121-124; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 49-52; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 202-204; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 145-148; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 196-198; MICROBODIES_CTER 203-205; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 129-131; MYRISTYL 36-41; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	HEATSHOCK70 105-121; HEATSHOCK70 24-43; sp_P19378_HS7C_CRIGR 6-193; HSP70 1-201;

				129-132; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 151-159; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 123-126;	
DEX0477_063.aa.1	N	0 - o1-118;	82-96,1.171; 24-35,1.06; 99-115,1.224; 42-50,1.079; 57-79,1.155;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 11-14; MYRISTYL 64-69; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 84-87; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 36-39; MYRISTYL 20-25; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 50-52; MYRISTYL 19-24; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 113-115;	CD225 71-117;
DEX0477_063.orf.1	N	2 - i1-94;tm95-117;o118-144;tm145-167;i168-183;	63-85,1.155; 132-177,1.21; 4-19,1.109; 105-120,1.179; 48-56,1.079; 30-41,1.06; 88-103,1.171;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 56-58; MYRISTYL 26-31; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 139-141; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 42-45; MYRISTYL 70-75; MYRISTYL 151-156; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 4-7; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 118-120; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 90-93;	CD225 77-159;
DEX0477_063.aa.2	N	0 - o1-87;	68-84,1.224; 5-15,1.081; 26-48,1.155; 51-65,1.171;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 82-84; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 2-5; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 53-56; MYRISTYL 33-38; MYRISTYL 15-20;	CD225 40-86;
DEX0477_063.orf.2	N	2 - o1-67;tm68-90;i91-115;tm116-138;o139-156;	105-150,1.21; 15-25,1.081; 78-93,1.179; 61-76,1.171; 36-58,1.155;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 6-9; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 112-114; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 63-66; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 91-93; MYRISTYL 25-30; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 3-6; MYRISTYL 124-129; MYRISTYL 43-48; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 12-15;	CD225 50-132;
DEX0477_064.aa.1	N	0 - i1-76;	4-10,1.085; 48-73,1.224; 14-26,1.13;	MYRISTYL 39-44; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 72-75; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	

				16-19; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 28-30;	
DEX0477_064.orf.1	N	0 - o1-105;	29-37,1.168; 17-23,1.074; 4-12,1.107; 41-46,1.048; 54-83,1.159;	CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 100-103; MYRISTYL 22-27; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 24-27; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 91-93; AMIDATION 45-48; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 45-47; MYRISTYL 17-22; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 38-40; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 87-90;	
DEX0477_065.aa.1	Y	2 - i1-6;tm7-28;o29-55;tm56-78;i79-109;	63-68,1.11; 43-56,1.154; 74-79,1.092; 4-21,1.287; 23-34,1.178; 89-106,1.13;	MYRISTYL 61-66; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 35-38;	
DEX0477_065.orf.1	N	3 - i1-35;tm36-58;o59-85;tm86-108;i109-120;tm121-143;o144-153;	34-51,1.287; 73-86,1.154; 104-109,1.092; 8-32,1.186; 53-64,1.178; 93-98,1.11; 119-140,1.254;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 65-68; MYRISTYL 91-96;	
DEX0477_065.aa.2	Y	0 - o1-61;	4-10,1.062; 29-53,1.186;	MYRISTYL 6-11; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 24-27; MYRISTYL 10-15;	
DEX0477_065.orf.2	N	2 - o1-34;tm35-57;i58-69;tm70-92;o93-102;	22-35,1.154; 53-58,1.092; 68-89,1.254; 42-47,1.11; 4-13,1.178;	MYRISTYL 40-45; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 14-17;	
DEX0477_065.aa.3	N	1 - o1-31;tm32-54;i55-83;	69-80,1.154; 4-28,1.186; 49-60,1.178; 30-47,1.287;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 61-64;	
DEX0477_066.aa.1	Y	3 - i1-6;tm7-28;o29-55;tm56-78;i79-	63-68,1.11; 74-79,1.092; 89-110,1.254; 43-56,1.154; 23-34,1.178; 4-21,1.287;	MYRISTYL 61-66; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 35-38;	

		90;tm91-113;o114-123;			
DEX0477_066.aa.2	N	1 - o1-31;tm32-54;i55-83;	49-60,1.178; 30-47,1.287; 4-28,1.186; 69-80,1.154;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 61-64;	
DEX0477_067.aa.1	N	0 - o1-95;	42-47,1.079; 11-18,1.077; 32-39,1.067; 68-89,1.184; 54-61,1.096;	MYRISTYL 20-25; MYRISTYL 23-28; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 47-49; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 29-32; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 19-22; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 47-50; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 2-5;	efhand 53-81; sp_P25815_S10E_HUMAN 2-71; EFh 53-81; EF_HAND_2 11-78; S100_CABP 57-78; S_100 4-47;
DEX0477_067.orf.1	N	1 - i1-22;tm23-45;o46-184;		MYRISTYL 84-89; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 91-94; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 118-121; MYRISTYL 83-88; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 136-139; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 74-76; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 136-138; MYRISTYL 69-74; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 56-59; MYRISTYL 112-117; MYRISTYL 8-13; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 16-18; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 108-111; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 89-92; MYRISTYL 109-114;	sp_P25815_S10E_HUMAN 96-160; EF_HAND_2 100-167; EFh 142-170; efhand 142-170; S_100 93-136; S100_CABP 146-167;
DEX0477_068.aa.1	N	0 - i1-64;	30-39,1.114; 16-22,1.026;	CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 14-17; MYRISTYL 12-17; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 24-26;	
DEX0477_068.orf.1	N	0 - i1-51;		TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 12-19; MYRISTYL 17-22;	
DEX0477_069.aa.1	Y	0 - o1-140;	61-80,1.167; 33-54,1.1; 13-18,1.07; 4-9,1.09; 92-122,1.173;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 126-128; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 136-139; MYRISTYL 30-35; RGD 20-22; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 123-126;	CHROMOGRANIN 101-116; CHROMOGRANIN 86-101; GRANINS_2 95-116;

				PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 122-124;	
DEX0477_070.aa.1	N	0 - o1-141;	5-13,1.12; 71-77,1.046; 132-138,1.159; 46-65,1.15;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 77-80; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 107-110; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 88-91; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 115-118; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 39-42; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 93-96; MYRISTYL 52-57; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 93-95; MYRISTYL 125-130; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 56-59; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 39-41;	1433_2 94-113; 14_3_3 1-125; 14-3-3 1-119; sp_P29361_143Z_SHEEP 1-116;
DEX0477_070.orf.1	N	0 - o1-122;		MYRISTYL 117-122; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 82-84; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 117-119; MYRISTYL 95-100; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 31-34; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 33-36; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 82-85; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 77-83; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 99-102; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 117-120; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 43-51; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 23-25;	14_3_3 1-122; sp_P29312_143Z_HUMAN 7-122;
DEX0477_071.aa.1	N	0 - i1-51;		PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 11-13; AMIDATION 2-5; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 22-24; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 5-8;	
DEX0477_071.orf.1	N	0 - i1-90;		CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 5-8; AMIDATION 2-5; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 22-24; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 77-85; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 11-13;	DSS1_SEM1 23-83;

DEX0477_071.aa.2	N	0 - i1-44;	36-41,1.019; 25-31,1.088;	MYRISTYL 21-26; MYRISTYL 30-35; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 40-43; MYRISTYL 9-14; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 23-26; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 15-17; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 42-44; MYRISTYL 34-39;	
DEX0477_071.orf.2	Y	0 - i1-88;		MYRISTYL 44-49; MYRISTYL 74-79; MYRISTYL 49-54; MYRISTYL 67-72; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 17-19; MYRISTYL 48-53; MYRISTYL 58-63; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 77-80;	
DEX0477_072.aa.1	N	0 - o1-680;	431-436,1.046; 9-15,1.083; 65-74,1.122; 455-478,1.14; 138-146,1.112; 595-601,1.069; 304-318,1.156; 646-653,1.047; 512-519,1.057; 401-419,1.154; 523-543,1.172; 657-669,1.105; 382-388,1.063; 349-355,1.105; 571-589,1.105; 28-47,1.304; 79-86,1.153; 421-428,1.083; 114-131,1.174; 292-302,1.159; 169-188,1.126; 338-	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 203-205; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 303-306; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 481-484; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 347-350; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 195-198; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 49-51; MYRISTYL 555-560; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 179-181; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 384-387; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 499-502; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 179-182; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 144-147; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 370-373; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 657-660; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 90-93; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 250-253; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 358-361; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 370-372; MYRISTYL 45-50; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 358-360;	ATP_GTP_A 45-52; GLN_RICH 596-668; GBP 6-280; GBP_C 282-567; PRENYLATION 677-680;

			346,1.076; 230-251,1.132; 323-334,1.102; 190-197,1.069; 258-274,1.135; 148-154,1.074; 91-98,1.145; 219-228,1.145;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 483-485; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 287-290; MYRISTYL 283-288;	
DEX0477_072.orf.1	N	0 - o1-544;	361-372,1.102; 342-356,1.156; 129-136,1.145; 228-235,1.069; 117-124,1.153; 469-474,1.046; 186-192,1.074; 207-226,1.126; 152-169,1.174; 47-53,1.083; 330-340,1.159; 387-393,1.105; 268-289,1.132; 4-21,1.112; 420-426,1.063; 103-112,1.122; 257-266,1.145; 439-457,1.154; 176-184,1.112; 459-466,1.083; 493-516,1.14; 66-85,1.304; 376-384,1.076; 296-312,1.135; 38-44,1.037;	ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 182-185; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 396-399; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 325-328; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 217-219; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 422-425; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 385-388; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 408-410; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 217-220; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 288-291; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 11-13; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 27-30; MYRISTYL 321-326; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 396-398; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 537-540; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 241-243; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 408-411; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 233-236; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 128-131; MYRISTYL 83-88; MYRISTYL 24-29; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 3-5; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 521-523; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 341-344; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 87-89; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE	GBP_C 320-544; GBP 44-318; ATP_GTP_A 83-90;

				519-522;	
DEX0477_072.aa.2	N	0 - o1-487;	464-476,1.105; 91-98,1.069; 4-10,1.202; 402-408,1.069; 131-152,1.132; 453-460,1.047; 39-47,1.112; 302-320,1.154; 250-256,1.105; 159-175,1.135; 332-337,1.046; 283-289,1.063; 356-379,1.14; 390-396,1.053; 70-89,1.126; 205-219,1.156; 120-129,1.145; 49-55,1.074; 224-235,1.102; 193-203,1.159; 322-329,1.083; 239-247,1.076;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 259-262; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 271-274; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 464-467; MYRISTYL 184-189; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 188-191; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 382-385; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 80-82; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 248-251; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 104-106; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 384-386; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 80-83; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 45-48; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 96-99; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 204-207; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 14-17; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 285-288; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 271-273; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 259-261; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 151-154;	GBP 1-181; PRENYLATION 484-487; GBP_C 183-475; GLN_RICH 403-475;
DEX0477_072.orf.2	N	0 - o1-472;	341-364,1.14; 55-74,1.126; 34-40,1.074; 116-137,1.132; 76-83,1.069; 438-445,1.047; 449-461,1.105; 307-314,1.083; 268-274,1.063; 105-114,1.145; 317-322,1.046; 209-220,1.102; 178-	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 256-258; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 369-371; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 30-33; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 136-139; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 89-91; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 81-84; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 449-452; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 233-236; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 244-247; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 367-370; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE	PRENYLATION 469-472; GBP 2-166; GBP_C 168-460; GLN_RICH 388-460;

			188,1.159; 190-204,1.156; 224-232,1.076; 235-241,1.105; 375-381,1.053; 287-305,1.154; 144-160,1.135; 387-393,1.069; 24-32,1.112;	65-67; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 256-259; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 270-273; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 189-192; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 173-176; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 244-246; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 65-68; MYRISTYL 169-174;	
DEX0477_073.aa.1	Y	5 - i1-24;tm25-47;o48-56;tm57-79;i80-206;tm207-226;o227-240;tm241-263;i264-264;tm265-287;o288-401;	264-288,1.254; 315-321,1.094; 95-103,1.053; 105-139,1.273; 295-300,1.053; 342-382,1.308; 384-397,1.153; 26-34,1.113; 4-12,1.135; 238-259,1.124; 49-87,1.278; 38-46,1.12; 147-198,1.202; 205-234,1.15;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 329-331; MYRISTYL 146-151; MYRISTYL 274-279; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 178-180; LEUCINE_ZIPPER 18-39; MYRISTYL 34-39; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 224-227; MYRISTYL 371-376; MYRISTYL 172-177; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 331-334; MYRISTYL 51-56; MYRISTYL 259-264; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 232-235; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 398-400; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 176-179; MYRISTYL 214-219; MYRISTYL 132-137; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 101-103; MYRISTYL 210-215;	KCHANNEL 234-256; KCHANNEL 263-289; CaMBD 304-369; CHANNEL_PORE_K 232-289; SK_channel 11-129;
DEX0477_073.aa.2	Y	0 - o1-134;	32-79,1.266; 8-16,1.106; 82-122,1.247;	TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 122-130; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 26-29; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 21-23; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 123-126; MYRISTYL 17-22;	
DEX0477_073.orf.2	N	0 - o1-161;	35-43,1.106; 59-106,1.266; 16-21,1.051; 109-149,1.247;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 48-50; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 53-56; AMIDATION 5-8; CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 7-10;	

				CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 12-15; MYRISTYL 44-49; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 149-157; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 10-12; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 150-153;	
DEX0477_074.aa.1	Y	5 - i1-24;tm25-47;o48-56;tm57-79;i80-206;tm207-226;o227-240;tm241-263;i264-264;tm265-287;o288-427;	105-139,1.273; 26-34,1.113; 49-87,1.278; 374-394,1.101; 315-321,1.094; 264-288,1.254; 38-46,1.12; 397-417,1.087; 4-12,1.135; 295-300,1.053; 205-234,1.15; 147-198,1.202; 342-359,1.089; 238-259,1.124; 95-103,1.053;	CAMP_PHOSPHO_SITE 331-334; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 329-331; LEUCINE_ZIPPER 378-399; LEUCINE_ZIPPER 18-39; MYRISTYL 51-56; MYRISTYL 274-279; LEUCINE_ZIPPER 385-406; MYRISTYL 132-137; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 101-103; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 178-180; MYRISTYL 146-151; MYRISTYL 34-39; MYRISTYL 214-219; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 384-387; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 388-390; MYRISTYL 210-215; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 232-235; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 224-227; MYRISTYL 172-177; MYRISTYL 259-264; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 176-179; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 367-370;	CaMBD 304-377; KCHANNEL 263-289; SK_channel 11-129; KCHANNEL 234-256; CHANNEL_PORE_K 232-289;
DEX0477_075.aa.1	N	0 - i1-66;	4-11,1.101; 54-63,1.177; 28-37,1.09;	MYRISTYL 50-55; AMIDATION 36-39; MYRISTYL 10-15;	UBIQUITIN_2 15-66; UBIQUITIN 43-64; UBIQUITIN 22-42;
DEX0477_075.orf.1	N	0 - i1-74;		PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 11-13; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 62-65; MYRISTYL 44-49; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 61-64; LEUCINE_ZIPPER 20-41; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 63-66;	
DEX0477_076.aa	N	1 - o1-385;tm3	141-156,1.142;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 494-497;	EGF 140-173; EGF_CA_2_2 137-173;

.1		86-408;1409-535;	350-358,1.106; 122-129,1.12; 62-70,1.155; 293-300,1.094; 306-322,1.159; 93-98,1.062; 364-377,1.143; 5-11,1.077; 488-496,1.121; 131-136,1.044; 328-335,1.133; 103-117,1.176; 384-412,1.226; 83-89,1.164; 448-454,1.066; 169-189,1.11; 24-49,1.257; 72-80,1.099; 197-264,1.212; 158-167,1.196;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 151-154; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 349-351; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 62-65; MYRISTYL 9-14; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 277-280; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 381-384; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 512-515; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 362-365; MYRISTYL 50-55; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 264-271; MYRISTYL 54-59; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 357-359; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 427-430; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 514-516; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 176-178; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 422-425; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 357-360; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 334-337; ASN_GLYCOSYLATION 308-311; MYRISTYL 249-254; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 471-474; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 113-116;	EGF_CA 137-173; EGF 141-172; CYS_RICH 65-253; EGF 65-96; EGF_2_DOMAIN_3 141-172; EGFBLOOD 157-167; EGF 103-134; EGFBLOOD 149-156; EGF_2_DOMAIN_1 65-96; EGF_1 161-172; ASX_HYDROXYL 152-163; EGF_CA_2_1 99-135; EGF 64-97; EGF 102-135; EGFLAMININ 78-96; EGF_CA 99-135; ASX_HYDROXYL 114-125; EGFBLOOD 99-110; EGF_CA 65-97; EGF_2 85-96; EGF_1 85-96; EGF_CA 99-123; EGF_2_DOMAIN_2 103-134; EGF_1 123-134; VWC 180-247; EGF_CA 137-161; EGFLAMININ 154-172; EGFLAMININ 116-134; VWC_out 180-247; EGF_2 123-134;
DEX0477_077.aa.1	N	0 - o1-209;	18-26,1.117; 111-120,1.081; 49-63,1.109; 88-109,1.11; 175-180,1.072; 4-9,1.108; 28-41,1.191; 130-136,1.09; 152-172,1.117;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 12-14; MYRISTYL 67-72; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 126-128; TYR_PHOSPHO_SITE 144-151; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 191-193; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 113-115;	hemopexin 68-112; hemopexin 166-206; HX 166-206; HX 117-164; HX 68-112; HEMOPEXIN 57-72; hemopexin 117-164;
DEX0477_078.aa.1	N	0 - o1-640;	265-271,1.001; 543-555,1.081; 507-532,1.071; 473-478,1.017;	MYRISTYL 432-437; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 479-481; MYRISTYL 84-89; MYRISTYL 63-68; MYRISTYL 60-65; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 492-494; MYRISTYL	Collagen 213-272; GLY_RICH 3-474; Collagen 333-392; Collagen 153-212; Collagen 273-332; Collagen 393-452; COLFI 515-639; Collagen 33-92;

			424-434,1.063; 374-383,1.049; 482-492,1.11; 449-458,1.01; 193-199,1.068; 140-149,1.049; 630-637,1.106; 112-125,1.022; 313-319,1.025; 608-614,1.03; 89-97,1.048; 566-579,1.128; 71-77,1.01; 215-220,1.009; 620-627,1.023; 50-56,1.036; 584-598,1.144; 460-465,1.014;	54-59; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 299-301; MYRISTYL 408-413; MYRISTYL 51-56; MYRISTYL 147-152; MYRISTYL 282-287; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 538-540; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 545-548; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 616-619; MYRISTYL 195-200; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 521-523; MYRISTYL 496-501; MYRISTYL 129-134; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 492-495; MYRISTYL 386-391; MYRISTYL 165-170; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 545-547; MYRISTYL 57-62; MYRISTYL 381-386; MYRISTYL 96-101; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 208-211; MYRISTYL 444-449; MYRISTYL 365-370; MYRISTYL 216-221; MYRISTYL 474-479; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 295-298;	COLLAGEN_REP 2-476; Collagen 93-152; PRO_RICH 71-455; COLFI 532-640; sp_O76045_O76045_HUMAN 532-640;
DEX0477_078.orf.1	N		0 - o1-567;	535-554,1.11; 510-520,1.01; 202-211,1.049; 9-27,1.022; 45-60,1.049; 151-159,1.048; 436-445,1.049; 375-381,1.025; 327-333,1.001; 522-528,1.014; 253-261,1.068; 276-282,1.009; 141-148,1.006; 132-139,1.01; 174-187,1.022;	MYRISTYL 209-214; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 541-543; MYRISTYL 227-232; MYRISTYL 158-163; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 34-36; MYRISTYL 278-283; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 361-363; MYRISTYL 125-130; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 554-556; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 554-557; MYRISTYL 146-151; MYRISTYL 257-262; MYRISTYL 448-453; MYRISTYL 113-118; MYRISTYL 470-475; MYRISTYL 122-127; MYRISTYL 119-124; MYRISTYL 116-121; MYRISTYL 443-448; MYRISTYL 427-432; MYRISTYL	Collagen 395-454; Collagen 155-214; Collagen 335-394; Collagen 215-274; Collagen 2-61; Collagen 275-334; COLLAGEN_REP 2-538; Collagen 455-514; Collagen 95-154; GLY_RICH 2-536; PRO_RICH 3-517;

			112-118,1.036; 352-357,0.995; 486-496,1.063;	344-349; MYRISTYL 494-499; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 357-360; MYRISTYL 506-511; MYRISTYL 191-196; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 270-273; MYRISTYL 536-541;	
DEX0477_079.aa.1	N	0 - o1-156;	128-136,1.068; 4-15,1.133; 32-42,1.126; 56-82,1.195; 117-124,1.058; 88-94,1.085; 103-114,1.209;	CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 71-74; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 13-16; MYRISTYL 88-93; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 123-125; MYRISTYL 9-14; MYRISTYL 113-118; MYRISTYL 109-114; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 92-94;	sp_P06733_ENOA_HUMAN 11-153; enolase 1-154; ENOLASE 91-108; ENOLASE 62-76; ENOLASE 39-50; ENOLASE 62-75;
DEX0477_080.aa.1	Y	0 - o1-108;	17-44,1.198; 47-57,1.111; 7-15,1.078; 59-102,1.191;	PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 40-42; MYRISTYL 36-41; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 11-13; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 101-103; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 95-97; MYRISTYL 37-42;	
DEX0477_080.orf.1	N	0 - o1-125;	56-66,1.095; 24-33,1.111; 74-84,1.122; 40-46,1.088; 15-20,1.064; 90-122,1.285;	MYRISTYL 26-31; MYRISTYL 37-42; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 67-69; PKC_PHOSPHO_SITE 122-124; MYRISTYL 16-21; MYRISTYL 35-40; MYRISTYL 1-6; MYRISTYL 12-17; MYRISTYL 13-18; CK2_PHOSPHO_SITE 6-9;	

DEX0477_001.nt.1 (Pro108) Splice Variants

Pro108 was previously identified wholly or in part as Cancer specific gene Pro108 cDNA in WO200023108-A1; Human PRO866 nucleotide sequence in WO9946281-A2; Human bone remodelling gene #127 in US6426186-B1and Human polynucleotide SEQ ID NO 231 in WO200153312-A1 which are herein incorporated by reference.

Pro108 is related to Homo sapiens spondin 2, extracellular matrix protein (SPON2), mRNA (RefSeq ID: NM_012445.1). Manda,R. *et al.*, *Genomics* 61:5-14 (1999).

Splice variants have been identified for Pro108 using the methods described above. They include: DEX0477_001.nt.2, DEX0477_001.nt.4, DEX0477_001.nt.5, DEX0477_001.nt.6, DEX0477_001.nt.7, DEX0477_001.nt.8, DEX0477_002.nt.1, DEX0477_002.nt.2 and DEX0477_001.nt.9. These transcripts arise from alternative splicing events in the same genomic region as Pro108 and contain exons encoding amino acid sequences. These amino acid sequences provide proteins to be targeted for the generation of reagents that can be used in the detection and/or treatment of cancer. The nucleotide sequences in these exons can be used as a nucleic acid probe for the diagnosis and/or treatment of cancer.

DEX0477_001.nt.2 (Pro177) Splice Variant

Pro177, also known as Pro108v1, is a protein encoding sequence splice variant containing exons that distinguish it from Pro108. An alignment of the DNA sequences for DEX0477_001.nt.1 (Pro108) and DEX0477_001.nt.2 (Pro177) is provided in Figure 3.

Pro177 encodes an amino acid sequence DEX0477_001.aa.3 which comprises insertions and deletions that distinguish it from DEX0477_001.aa.1 (Pro108.aa). An alignment of the protein sequences for DEX0477_001.aa.1 (Pro108.aa) and DEX0477_001.aa.3 is provided in Figure 4.

Pro177 encodes an alternate amino acid sequence DEX0477_001.aa.2 which comprises insertions and deletions that distinguish it from DEX0477_001.aa.1 (Pro108.aa). An alignment of the protein sequences for DEX0477_001.aa.1 (Pro108.orf) and DEX0477_001.aa.2 is provided in Figure 5.

Example 1b: Sequence Alignment Support

Alignments between previously identified sequences and splice variant sequences are performed to confirm unique portions of splice variant nucleic acid and amino acid sequences. The alignments are done using the Needle program in the European Molecular Biology Open Software Suite (EMBOSS) version 2.2.0 available at www.emboss.org from EMBnet (http://www.embnet.org). Default settings are used unless otherwise noted. The Needle program in EMBOSS implements the Needleman-Wunsch algorithm. Needleman, S. B., Wunsch, C. D., *J. Mol. Biol.* 48:443-453 (1970).

It is well know to those skilled in the art that implication of alignment algorithms by various programs may result in minor changes in the generated output. These changes include but are not limited to: alignment scores (percent identity, similarity, and gap), display of nonaligned flanking sequence regions, and number assignment to residues. These minor changes in the output of an alignment do not alter the physical characteristics of the sequences or the differences between the sequences, e.g. regions of homology, insertions, or deletions.

Example 1c: RT-PCR Analysis

To detect the presence and tissue distribution of a particular splice variant Reverse Transcription-Polymerase Chain Reaction (RT-PCR) is performed using cDNA generated from a panel of tissue RNAs. *See, e.g.*, Sambrook *et al.*, Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, 2d ed., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press (1989) and; Kawasaki ES *et al.*, *PNAS* 85(15):5698 (1988). Total RNA is extracted from a variety of tissues and first strand cDNA is prepared with reverse transcriptase (RT). Each panel includes 23 cDNAs from five cancer types (lung, ovary, breast, colon, and prostate) and normal samples of testis, placenta and fetal brain. Each cancer set is composed of three cancer cDNAs from different donors and one normal pooled sample. Using a standard enzyme kit from BD Bioscience Clontech (Mountain View, CA), the target transcript is detected with sequence-specific primers designed to only amplify the particular splice variant. The PCR reaction is run on the GeneAmp PCR system 9700 (Applied Biosystem, Foster City, CA) thermocycler under optimal conditions. One of ordinary skill can design appropriate primers and determine optimal conditions. The amplified product is resolved on an agarose gel to detect a band of equivalent size to the predicted RT-PCR product. A band indicated the presence of the splice variant in a sample. The relation of the amplified product to the splice variant was subsequently confirmed by DNA sequencing.

After subcloning, all positively screened clones are sequence verified. The DNA sequence verification results show the splice variant contains the predicted sequence differences in comparison with the reference sequence.

Results for RT-PCR analysis in the table below include the sequence DEX ID, Lead Name, Cancer Tissue(s) the transcript was detected in, Normal Tissue(s) the transcript was detected in, the predicted length of the RT-PCR product, and the Confirmed Length of the RT-PCR product.

DEX ID	Lead Name	Cancer Tissue(s)	Normal Tissue(s)	Predicted Length	Confirmed Length
DEX0477_020.nt.1	Cln224	Lung, Ovary, Breast, Colon and Prostate	Colon	439 bp	439 bp
DEX0477_020.nt.2	Cln224v1	Lung, Ovary, Breast, Colon and Prostate	Colon	342 bp	342 bp

RT-PCR results confirm the presence SEQ ID NO: 1-141 in biologic samples and distinguish between related transcripts.

Example 1d: Secretion Assay

To determine if a protein encoded by a splice variant is secreted from cells a secretion assay is preformed. A pcDNA3.1 clone containing the gene transcript which encodes the variant protein is transfected into 293T cells using the Superfect transfection reagent (Qiagen, Valencia CA). Transfected cells are incubated for 28 hours before the media is collected and immediately spun down to remove any detached cells. The adherent cells are solubilized with lysis buffer (1% NP40, 10mM sodium phosphate pH7.0, and 0.15M NaCl). The lysed cells are collected and spun down and the supernatant extracted as cell lysate. Western immunoblot is carried out in the following manner: 15μl of the cell lysate and media are run on 4-12% NuPage Bis-Tris gel (Invitrogen, Carlsbad CA), and blotted onto a PVDF membrane (Invitrogen, Carlsbad CA). The blot is incubated with a polyclonal primary antibody which binds to the variant protein (Imgenex, San Diego CA) and polyclonal goat anti-rabbit-peroxidase secondary antibody (Sigma-Aldrich, St. Louis MO). The blot is developed with the ECL Plus chemiluminescent detection reagent (Amersham BioSciences, Piscataway NJ).

Secretion assay results are indicative of SEQ ID NO: 142-361 being a diagnostic marker and/or therapeutic target for cancer.

Example 2a: Gene Expression Analysis

Custom Microarray Experiment - Cancer

Custom oligonucleotide microarrays were provided by Agilent Technologies, Inc. (Palo Alto, CA). The microarrays were fabricated by Agilent using their technology for the *in-situ* synthesis of 60mer oligonucleotides (Hughes, et al. 2001, Nature Biotechnology 19:342-347). The 60mer microarray probes were designed by Agilent, from gene sequences provided by diaDexus, using Agilent proprietary algorithms. Whenever possible two different 60mers were designed for each gene of interest.

All microarray experiments were two-color experiments and were preformed using Agilent-recommended protocols and reagents. Briefly, each microarray was hybridized with cRNAs synthesized from polyA+ RNA, isolated from cancer and normal tissues or cell lines, and labeled with fluorescent dyes Cyanine3 (Cy3) or Cyanine5 (Cy5) (NEN Life Science Products, Inc., Boston, MA) using a linear amplification method (Agilent). In each experiment the experimental sample was RNA isolated from cancer tissue from a single individual or cell line and the reference sample was a pool of RNA isolated from normal tissues of the same organ as the cancerous tissue (*i.e.* normal breast tissue in experiments with breast cancer or cell line samples). Hybridizations were carried out at 60°C, overnight using Agilent *in-situ* hybridization buffer. Following washing, arrays were scanned with a GenePix 4000B Microarray Scanner (Axon Instruments, Inc., Union City, CA). Each array was scanned at two PMT voltages (600v and 550v). The resulting images were analyzed with GenePix Pro 3.0 Microarray Acquisition and Analysis Software (Axon). Unless otherwise noted, data reported is from images generated by scanning at PMT of 600v.

Data normalization and expression profiling were done with Expressionist software from GeneData Inc. (Daly City, CA/Basel, Switzerland). Gene expression analysis was performed using only experiments that met certain quality criteria. The quality criteria that experiments must meet are a combination of evaluations performed by the Expressionist software and evaluations performed manually using raw and normalized data. To evaluate raw data quality, detection limits (the mean signal for a replicated negative control + 2 Standard Deviations (SD)) for each channel were calculated. The detection limit is a measure of non-specific hybridization. Acceptable detection limits were defined for each dye (<80 for Cy5 and <150 for Cy3). Arrays with poor detection

limits in one or both channels were not analyzed and the experiments were repeated. To evaluate normalized data quality, positive control elements included in the array were utilized. These array features should have a mean ratio of 1 (no differential expression). If these features have a mean ratio of greater than 1.5-fold up or down, the experiments were not analyzed further and were repeated. In addition to traditional scatter plots demonstrating the distribution of signal in each experiment, the Expressionist software also has minimum thresholding criteria that employ user defined parameters to identify quality data. These thresholds include two distinct quality measurements: 1) minimum area percentage, which is a measure of the integrity of each spot and 2) signal to noise ratio, which ensures that the signal being measured is significantly above any background (nonspecific) signal present. Only those features that met the threshold criteria were included in the filtering and analyses carried out by Expressionist. The thresholding settings employed require a minimum area percentage of 60% [(% pixels > background + 2SD)-(% pixels saturated)], and a minimum signal to noise ratio of 2.0 in both channels. By these criteria, very low expressors, saturated features and spots with abnormally high local background were not included in analysis.

Relative expression data was collected from Expressionist based on filtering and clustering analyses. Up-regulated genes were identified using criteria for the percentage of experiments in which the gene is up-regulated by at least 2-fold. For cell lines, up-regulated genes were identified using criteria for the percentage of experiments in which the gene is up-regulated by at least 1.8-fold. In general, up-regulation in ~30% of samples tested was used as a cutoff for filtering.

Two microarray experiments were preformed for each normal and cancer tissue pair. The tissue specific Array Chip for each cancer tissue is a unique microarray specific to that tissue and cancer. The Multi-Cancer Array Chip is a universal microarray that was hybridized with samples from each of the cancers (ovarian, breast, colon, lung, and prostate). Unless otherwise noted, data reported is from images generated by scanning at PMT of 600v. See the description below for the experiments specific to the different cancers.

<u>Microarray Experiments and Data Tables</u>

BREAST CANCER CHIPS

For breast cancer two different chip designs were evaluated with overlapping sets of a total of 36 samples, comparing the expression patterns of breast cancer derived polyA+ RNA to polyA+ RNA isolated from a pool of 10 normal breast tissues. For the Breast Array Chip, all 36 samples (9 stage I cancers, 23 stage II cancers, 4 stage III cancers) were analyzed. These samples also represented 10 Grade1/2 and 26 Grade 3 cancers. The histopathologic grades for cancer are classified as follows: GX, cannot be assessed; G1, well differentiated; G2, moderately differentiated; G3, poorly differentiated; and G4, undifferentiated. AJCC Cancer Staging Handbook, pp. 9, (5th Ed, 1998). Samples were further grouped based on the expression patterns of the known breast cancer associated genes Her2 and ERα (10 HER2 up, 26 HER2 not up, 20 ER up and 16 ER not up). For the Multi-Cancer Array Chip, a subset of 20 of these samples (9 stage I cancers, 8 stage II cancers, 3 stage III cancers) were assessed. In addition to tissue samples, six lung cancer cell lines (DU4475, MCF7, MDAMB231, MDAMB361, MDAMB453, T47D) were analyzed on the Breast Array Chip.

The results for the statistically significant up-regulated genes on the Breast Array Chip are shown in Table(s) 1-4. The results for the statistically significant up-regulated genes on the Multi-Cancer Array Chip are shown in Table(s) 5-6. The first two columns of each table contain information about the sequence itself (Seq ID, Oligo Name), the next columns show the results obtained for all ("ALL") breast cancer samples, cancers corresponding to stageI ("ST1"), stages II and III ("ST2,3"), grades 1 and 2 ("GR1,2"), grade 3 ("GR3"), cancers exhibiting up-regulation of Her2 ("HER2up") or ERα ("ERup") or those not exhibiting up-regulation of Her2 ("NOT HER2up") or ERα ("NOT ERup"). '%up' indicates the percentage of all experiments in which up-regulation of at least 2-fold was observed (n=36 for Breast Array Chip, n=20 for the Multi-Cancer Array Chip), '%valid up' indicates the percentage of experiments with valid expression values in which up-regulation of at least 2-fold was observed. For the cell lines, '%up' indicates the percentage of all experiments in which up-regulation of at least 1.8-fold was observed (n=6 for Breast Array Chip), '%valid up' indicates the percentage of experiments with valid expression values in which up-regulation of at least 1.8-fold was observed. Additional experiments were performed, generally the results are only reported below if the data showed 30% or greater up-regulation in at least one of the experimental subsets.

Table 1.

DEX ID	Oligo Name	Mam ALL %up n=36	Mam ALL % valid up n=36	Mam ST1. %up n=9	Mam ST1 % valid up n=9	Mam ST2,3 %up n=27	Mam ST2,3 % valid up n=27	Mam GR1, 2 %up n=10	Mam GR1,2 % valid up n=10	Mam GR3 %up n=26	Mam GR3 % valid up n=26
DEX0477_005.nt.1	15805.0	13.9	13.9	11.1	11.1	14.8	14.8	0.0	0.0	19.2	19.2
DEX0477_005.nt.1	15806.0	25.0	25.0	22.2	22.2	25.9	25.9	0.0	0.0	34.6	34.6
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.0	13.9	20.8	22.2	40.0	11.1	15.8	0.0	0.0	19.2	29.4
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.2	13.9	20.0	22.2	33.3	11.1	15.8	0.0	0.0	19.2	27.8
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.0	13.9	22.7	22.2	50.0	11.1	16.7	0.0	0.0	19.2	31.2
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.2	13.9	20.8	22.2	40.0	11.1	15.8	0.0	0.0	19.2	29.4
DEX0477_010.nt.1	15805.0	13.9	13.9	11.1	11.1	14.8	14.8	0.0	0.0	19.2	19.2
DEX0477_010.nt.1	15806.0	25.0	25.0	22.2	22.2	25.9	25.9	0.0	0.0	34.6	34.6
DEX0477_012.nt.1	16992.0	50.0	50.0	55.6	55.6	48.1	48.1	20.0	20.0	61.5	61.5
DEX0477_012.nt.1	20235.0	50.0	50.0	55.6	55.6	48.1	48.1	30.0	30.0	57.7	57.7
DEX0477_014.nt.1	27949.0	13.9	33.3	11.1	25.0	14.8	36.4	0.0	0.0	19.2	55.6
DEX0477_014.nt.2	27949.0	13.9	33.3	11.1	25.0	14.8	36.4	0.0	0.0	19.2	55.6
DEX0477_014.nt.3	27949.0	13.9	33.3	11.1	25.0	14.8	36.4	0.0	0.0	19.2	55.6
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17244.0	16.7	17.1	22.2	22.2	14.8	15.4	40.0	44.4	7.7	7.7
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17292.0	19.4	19.4	22.2	22.2	18.5	18.5	50.0	50.0	7.7	7.7
DEX0477_015.nt.1	20399.0	19.4	20.0	22.2	25.0	18.5	18.5	50.0	50.0	7.7	8.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17244.0	16.7	17.1	22.2	22.2	14.8	15.4	40.0	44.4	7.7	7.7
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17292.0	19.4	19.4	22.2	22.2	18.5	18.5	50.0	50.0	7.7	7.7
DEX0477_015.nt.2	20399.0	19.4	20.0	22.2	25.0	18.5	18.5	50.0	50.0	7.7	8.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	15232.0	25.0	29.0	11.1	16.7	29.6	32.0	30.0	37.5	23.1	26.1
DEX0477_016.nt.1	15233.0	25.0	25.7	11.1	11.1	29.6	30.8	30.0	30.0	23.1	24.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	33428.0	27.8	27.8	11.1	11.1	33.3	33.3	30.0	30.0	26.9	26.9
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.0	27.8	27.8	11.1	11.1	33.3	33.3	30.0	30.0	26.9	26.9
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.2	27.8	27.8	11.1	11.1	33.3	33.3	30.0	30.0	26.9	26.9
DEX0477_016.nt.2	15232.0	25.0	29.0	11.1	16.7	29.6	32.0	30.0	37.5	23.1	26.1
DEX0477_016.nt.2	15233.0	25.0	25.7	11.1	11.1	29.6	30.8	30.0	30.0	23.1	24.0

DEX0477_016 .nt.2	33428.0	27.8	27.8	11.1	11.1	33.3	33.3	30.0	30.0	26.9	26.9
DEX0477_016 .nt.2	37143.0	27.8	27.8	11.1	11.1	33.3	33.3	30.0	30.0	26.9	26.9
DEX0477_016 .nt.2	37143.2	27.8	27.8	11.1	11.1	33.3	33.3	30.0	30.0	26.9	26.9
DEX0477_016 .nt.4	33428.0	27.8	27.8	11.1	11.1	33.3	33.3	30.0	30.0	26.9	26.9
DEX0477_016 .nt.4	37143.0	27.8	27.8	11.1	11.1	33.3	33.3	30.0	30.0	26.9	26.9
DEX0477_016 .nt.4	37143.2	27.8	27.8	11.1	11.1	33.3	33.3	30.0	30.0	26.9	26.9
DEX0477_016 .nt.5	33428.0	27.8	27.8	11.1	11.1	33.3	33.3	30.0	30.0	26.9	26.9
DEX0477_016 .nt.5	37143.0	27.8	27.8	11.1	11.1	33.3	33.3	30.0	30.0	26.9	26.9
DEX0477_016 .nt.5	37143.2	27.8	27.8	11.1	11.1	33.3	33.3	30.0	30.0	26.9	26.9
DEX0477_017 .nt.1	15232.0	25.0	29.0	11.1	16.7	29.6	32.0	30.0	37.5	23.1	26.1
DEX0477_017 .nt.1	15233.0	25.0	25.7	11.1	11.1	29.6	30.8	30.0	30.0	23.1	24.0
DEX0477_018 .nt.1	22280.0	13.9	13.9	33.3	33.3	7.4	7.4	20.0	20.0	11.5	11.5
DEX0477_019 .nt.1	41937.0	22.2	36.4	22.2	50.0	22.2	33.3	10.0	12.5	26.9	50.0
DEX0477_019 .nt.1	41937.2	22.2	36.4	22.2	40.0	22.2	35.3	10.0	11.1	26.9	53.8
DEX0477_019 .nt.1	41938.0	27.8	43.5	22.2	50.0	29.6	42.1	30.0	42.9	26.9	43.8
DEX0477_019 .nt.1	41938.2	22.2	33.3	22.2	40.0	22.2	31.6	20.0	22.2	23.1	40.0
DEX0477_020 .nt.1	41937.0	22.2	36.4	22.2	50.0	22.2	33.3	10.0	12.5	26.9	50.0
DEX0477_020 .nt.1	41937.2	22.2	36.4	22.2	40.0	22.2	35.3	10.0	11.1	26.9	53.8
DEX0477_020 .nt.1	41938.0	27.8	43.5	22.2	50.0	29.6	42.1	30.0	42.9	26.9	43.8
DEX0477_020 .nt.1	41938.2	22.2	33.3	22.2	40.0	22.2	31.6	20.0	22.2	23.1	40.0
DEX0477_020 .nt.2	41937.0	22.2	36.4	22.2	50.0	22.2	33.3	10.0	12.5	26.9	50.0
DEX0477_020 .nt.2	41937.2	22.2	36.4	22.2	40.0	22.2	35.3	10.0	11.1	26.9	53.8
DEX0477_020 .nt.2	41938.0	27.8	43.5	22.2	50.0	29.6	42.1	30.0	42.9	26.9	43.8
DEX0477_020 .nt.2	41938.2	22.2	33.3	22.2	40.0	22.2	31.6	20.0	22.2	23.1	40.0
DEX0477_021 .nt.1	26770.0	52.8	55.9	55.6	71.4	51.9	51.9	90.0	90.0	38.5	41.7
DEX0477_021 .nt.1	26771.0	52.8	55.9	55.6	55.6	51.9	56.0	90.0	90.0	38.5	41.7
DEX0477_021 .nt.1	27321.0	52.8	52.8	55.6	55.6	51.9	51.9	90.0	90.0	38.5	38.5
DEX0477_021 .nt.1	27322.0	52.8	52.8	55.6	55.6	51.9	51.9	90.0	90.0	38.5	38.5
DEX0477_021 .nt.1	33088.0	47.2	54.8	55.6	55.6	44.4	54.5	80.0	88.9	34.6	40.9

DEX0477_021 .nt.1	33088.2	50.0	51.4	55.6	55.6	48.1	50.0	90.0	90.0	34.6	36.0
DEX0477_021 .nt.1	33089.0	52.8	55.9	55.6	62.5	51.9	53.8	90.0	90.0	38.5	41.7
DEX0477_021 .nt.1	33089.2	52.8	55.9	55.6	62.5	51.9	53.8	90.0	90.0	38.5	41.7
DEX0477_021 .nt.2	26770.0	52.8	55.9	55.6	71.4	51.9	51.9	90.0	90.0	38.5	41.7
DEX0477_021 .nt.2	26771.0	52.8	55.9	55.6	55.6	51.9	56.0	90.0	90.0	38.5	41.7
DEX0477_021 .nt.2	27321.0	52.8	52.8	55.6	55.6	51.9	51.9	90.0	90.0	38.5	38.5
DEX0477_021 .nt.2	27322.0	52.8	52.8	55.6	55.6	51.9	51.9	90.0	90.0	38.5	38.5
DEX0477_021 .nt.2	33088.0	47.2	54.8	55.6	55.6	44.4	54.5	80.0	88.9	34.6	40.9
DEX0477_021 .nt.2	33088.2	50.0	51.4	55.6	55.6	48.1	50.0	90.0	90.0	34.6	36.0
DEX0477_021 .nt.2	33089.0	52.8	55.9	55.6	62.5	51.9	53.8	90.0	90.0	38.5	41.7
DEX0477_021 .nt.2	33089.2	52.8	55.9	55.6	62.5	51.9	53.8	90.0	90.0	38.5	41.7
DEX0477_022 .nt.1	41937.0	22.2	36.4	22.2	50.0	22.2	33.3	10.0	12.5	26.9	50.0
DEX0477_022 .nt.1	41937.2	22.2	36.4	22.2	40.0	22.2	35.3	10.0	11.1	26.9	53.8
DEX0477_023 .nt.1	27321.0	52.8	52.8	55.6	55.6	51.9	51.9	90.0	90.0	38.5	38.5
DEX0477_023 .nt.1	33088.0	47.2	54.8	55.6	55.6	44.4	54.5	80.0	88.9	34.6	40.9
DEX0477_023 .nt.1	33088.2	50.0	51.4	55.6	55.6	48.1	50.0	90.0	90.0	34.6	36.0
DEX0477_024 .nt.1	26770.0	52.8	55.9	55.6	71.4	51.9	51.9	90.0	90.0	38.5	41.7
DEX0477_024 .nt.1	26771.0	52.8	55.9	55.6	55.6	51.9	56.0	90.0	90.0	38.5	41.7
DEX0477_024 .nt.2	26770.0	52.8	55.9	55.6	71.4	51.9	51.9	90.0	90.0	38.5	41.7
DEX0477_024 .nt.2	26771.0	52.8	55.9	55.6	55.6	51.9	56.0	90.0	90.0	38.5	41.7
DEX0477_024 .nt.3	26770.0	52.8	55.9	55.6	71.4	51.9	51.9	90.0	90.0	38.5	41.7
DEX0477_024 .nt.3	26771.0	52.8	55.9	55.6	55.6	51.9	56.0	90.0	90.0	38.5	41.7
DEX0477_024 .nt.4	26770.0	52.8	55.9	55.6	71.4	51.9	51.9	90.0	90.0	38.5	41.7
DEX0477_025 .nt.1	19468.0	55.6	55.6	55.6	55.6	55.6	55.6	80.0	80.0	46.2	46.2
DEX0477_025 .nt.1	19469.0	52.8	52.8	55.6	55.6	51.9	51.9	80.0	80.0	42.3	42.3
DEX0477_026 .nt.1	16950.0	11.1	11.8	11.1	11.1	11.1	12.0	30.0	30.0	3.8	4.2
DEX0477_027 .nt.5	13661.0	25.0	25.0	44.4	44.4	18.5	18.5	50.0	50.0	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_027 .nt.6	13661.0	25.0	25.0	44.4	44.4	18.5	18.5	50.0	50.0	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_027 .nt.7	13661.0	25.0	25.0	44.4	44.4	18.5	18.5	50.0	50.0	15.4	15.4

DEX0477_060.nt.1	23646.0	55.6	57.1	33.3	33.3	63.0	65.4	80.0	80.0	46.2	48.0
DEX0477_060.nt.1	23647.0	52.8	52.8	33.3	33.3	59.3	59.3	70.0	70.0	46.2	46.2
DEX0477_060.nt.1	31004.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_060.nt.1	31005.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_060.nt.2	23646.0	55.6	57.1	33.3	33.3	63.0	65.4	80.0	80.0	46.2	48.0
DEX0477_060.nt.2	23647.0	52.8	52.8	33.3	33.3	59.3	59.3	70.0	70.0	46.2	46.2
DEX0477_060.nt.2	31004.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_060.nt.2	31005.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_061.nt.1	22688.0	22.2	22.2	11.1	11.1	25.9	25.9	10.0	10.0	26.9	26.9
DEX0477_061.nt.1	22689.0	27.8	29.4	11.1	11.1	33.3	36.0	10.0	10.0	34.6	37.5
DEX0477_061.nt.2	22688.0	22.2	22.2	11.1	11.1	25.9	25.9	10.0	10.0	26.9	26.9
DEX0477_061.nt.2	22689.0	27.8	29.4	11.1	11.1	33.3	36.0	10.0	10.0	34.6	37.5
DEX0477_062.nt.1	22303.0	11.1	11.1	22.2	22.2	7.4	7.4	10.0	10.0	11.5	11.5
DEX0477_062.nt.1	22304.0	11.1	11.1	22.2	22.2	7.4	7.4	20.0	20.0	7.7	7.7
DEX0477_063.nt.1	12615.0	13.9	13.9	33.3	33.3	7.4	7.4	20.0	20.0	11.5	11.5
DEX0477_063.nt.1	12616.0	8.3	8.6	22.2	22.2	3.7	3.8	10.0	10.0	7.7	8.0
DEX0477_063.nt.1	33626.0	8.3	8.3	22.2	22.2	3.7	3.7	0.0	0.0	11.5	11.5
DEX0477_063.nt.2	12615.0	13.9	13.9	33.3	33.3	7.4	7.4	20.0	20.0	11.5	11.5
DEX0477_063.nt.2	12616.0	8.3	8.6	22.2	22.2	3.7	3.8	10.0	10.0	7.7	8.0
DEX0477_064.nt.1	14047.0	22.2	22.2	11.1	11.1	25.9	25.9	20.0	20.0	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_064.nt.1	31772.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	29.6	29.6	30.0	30.0	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_067.nt.1	14791.0	58.3	58.3	55.6	55.6	59.3	59.3	40.0	40.0	65.4	65.4
DEX0477_069.nt.1	27947.0	8.3	42.9	22.2	100.0	3.7	20.0	20.0	50.0	3.8	33.3
DEX0477_069.nt.1	27948.0	8.3	16.7	22.2	50.0	3.7	7.1	20.0	28.6	3.8	9.1
DEX0477_070.nt.1	16104.0	50.0	51.4	22.2	22.2	59.3	61.5	40.0	40.0	53.8	56.0
DEX0477_071.nt.1	16462.0	41.7	41.7	44.4	44.4	40.7	40.7	30.0	30.0	46.2	46.2
DEX0477_071.nt.1	16463.0	33.3	33.3	22.2	22.2	37.0	37.0	20.0	20.0	38.5	38.5
DEX0477_071.nt.2	16462.0	41.7	41.7	44.4	44.4	40.7	40.7	30.0	30.0	46.2	46.2
DEX0477_071.nt.2	16463.0	33.3	33.3	22.2	22.2	37.0	37.0	20.0	20.0	38.5	38.5

DEX0477_072.nt.1	18688.0	52.8	55.9	44.4	44.4	55.6	60.0	20.0	20.0	65.4	70.8
DEX0477_072.nt.2	18688.0	52.8	55.9	44.4	44.4	55.6	60.0	20.0	20.0	65.4	70.8

Table 2.

DEX ID	Oligo Name	Mam 550 ALL %up n=36	Mam 550 ALL %valid up n=36	Mam 550 ST1 %up n=9	Mam 550 ST1 %valid up n=9	Mam 550 ST2,3 %up n=27	Mam 550 ST2,3 %valid up n=27
DEX0477_005.nt.1	15806.0	36.1	36.1	44.4	44.4	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.0	13.9	33.3	22.2	50.0	11.1	27.3
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.2	13.9	33.3	22.2	50.0	11.1	27.3
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.0	13.9	38.5	22.2	66.7	11.1	30.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.2	13.9	35.7	22.2	66.7	11.1	27.3
DEX0477_010.nt.1	15806.0	36.1	36.1	44.4	44.4	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_012.nt.1	16992.0	55.6	55.6	55.6	55.6	55.6	55.6
DEX0477_012.nt.1	20235.0	55.6	55.6	55.6	55.6	55.6	55.6
DEX0477_014.nt.1	27949.0	13.9	45.5	11.1	33.3	14.8	50.0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	27949.0	13.9	45.5	11.1	33.3	14.8	50.0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	27949.0	13.9	45.5	11.1	33.3	14.8	50.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	20399.0	22.2	22.9	33.3	37.5	18.5	18.5
DEX0477_015.nt.2	20391.0	5.6	28.6	11.1	33.3	3.7	25.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	20399.0	22.2	22.9	33.3	37.5	18.5	18.5
DEX0477_016.nt.1	15232.0	22.2	40.0	11.1	33.3	25.9	41.2
DEX0477_016.nt.1	15233.0	25.0	36.0	11.1	16.7	29.6	42.1
DEX0477_016.nt.1	33428.0	30.6	30.6	11.1	11.1	37.0	37.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.0	30.6	30.6	11.1	11.1	37.0	37.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.2	27.8	27.8	11.1	11.1	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.2	15232.0	22.2	40.0	11.1	33.3	25.9	41.2
DEX0477_016.nt.2	15233.0	25.0	36.0	11.1	16.7	29.6	42.1
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33428.0	30.6	30.6	11.1	11.1	37.0	37.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.0	30.6	30.6	11.1	11.1	37.0	37.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.2	27.8	27.8	11.1	11.1	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33428.0	30.6	30.6	11.1	11.1	37.0	37.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.0	30.6	30.6	11.1	11.1	37.0	37.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.2	27.8	27.8	11.1	11.1	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.5	33428.0	30.6	30.6	11.1	11.1	37.0	37.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.0	30.6	30.6	11.1	11.1	37.0	37.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.2	27.8	27.8	11.1	11.1	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_017.nt.1	15232.0	22.2	40.0	11.1	33.3	25.9	41.2
DEX0477_017.nt.1	15233.0	25.0	36.0	11.1	16.7	29.6	42.1
DEX0477_018.nt.1	22280.0	16.7	16.7	33.3	33.3	11.1	11.1
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.0	19.4	58.3	22.2	100.0	18.5	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.2	22.2	66.7	22.2	100.0	22.2	60.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.0	25.0	56.2	22.2	50.0	25.9	58.3
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.2	25.0	60.0	22.2	50.0	25.9	63.6
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.0	19.4	58.3	22.2	100.0	18.5	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.2	22.2	66.7	22.2	100.0	22.2	60.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.0	25.0	56.2	22.2	50.0	25.9	58.3
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.2	25.0	60.0	22.2	50.0	25.9	63.6
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.0	19.4	58.3	22.2	100.0	18.5	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.2	22.2	66.7	22.2	100.0	22.2	60.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.0	25.0	56.2	22.2	50.0	25.9	58.3
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.2	25.0	60.0	22.2	50.0	25.9	63.6
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26770.0	52.8	63.3	55.6	83.3	51.9	58.3

DEX0477_021.nt.1	26771.0	52.8	63.3	55.6	71.4	51.9	60.9
DEX0477_021.nt.1	27321.0	52.8	57.6	55.6	62.5	51.9	56.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	27322.0	52.8	57.6	55.6	71.4	51.9	53.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.0	50.0	58.1	55.6	62.5	48.1	56.5
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.2	50.0	56.2	55.6	62.5	48.1	54.2
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.0	52.8	55.9	55.6	62.5	51.9	53.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.2	52.8	59.4	55.6	71.4	51.9	56.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26770.0	52.8	63.3	55.6	83.3	51.9	58.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26771.0	52.8	63.3	55.6	71.4	51.9	60.9
DEX0477_021.nt.2	27321.0	52.8	57.6	55.6	62.5	51.9	56.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	27322.0	52.8	57.6	55.6	71.4	51.9	53.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.0	50.0	58.1	55.6	62.5	48.1	56.5
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.2	50.0	56.2	55.6	62.5	48.1	54.2
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.0	52.8	55.9	55.6	62.5	51.9	53.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.2	52.8	59.4	55.6	71.4	51.9	56.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.0	19.4	58.3	22.2	100.0	18.5	50.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.2	22.2	66.7	22.2	100.0	22.2	60.0
DEX0477_023.nt.1	27321.0	52.8	57.6	55.6	62.5	51.9	56.0
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.0	50.0	58.1	55.6	62.5	48.1	56.5
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.2	50.0	56.2	55.6	62.5	48.1	54.2
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26770.0	52.8	63.3	55.6	83.3	51.9	58.3
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26771.0	52.8	63.3	55.6	71.4	51.9	60.9
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26770.0	52.8	63.3	55.6	83.3	51.9	58.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26771.0	52.8	63.3	55.6	71.4	51.9	60.9
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26770.0	52.8	63.3	55.6	83.3	51.9	58.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26771.0	52.8	63.3	55.6	71.4	51.9	60.9
DEX0477_024.nt.4	26770.0	52.8	63.3	55.6	83.3	51.9	58.3
DEX0477_025.nt.1	19468.0	61.1	61.1	55.6	55.6	63.0	63.0
DEX0477_025.nt.1	19469.0	58.3	58.3	55.6	55.6	59.3	59.3
DEX0477_026.nt.1	16950.0	11.1	14.3	11.1	14.3	11.1	14.3
DEX0477_027.nt.5	13661.0	33.3	33.3	44.4	44.4	29.6	29.6
DEX0477_027.nt.6	13661.0	33.3	33.3	44.4	44.4	29.6	29.6
DEX0477_027.nt.7	13661.0	33.3	33.3	44.4	44.4	29.6	29.6
DEX0477_028.nt.1	23665.0	27.8	27.8	44.4	44.4	22.2	22.2
DEX0477_028.nt.2	23665.0	27.8	27.8	44.4	44.4	22.2	22.2
DEX0477_028.nt.3	23665.0	27.8	27.8	44.4	44.4	22.2	22.2
DEX0477_028.nt.4	23665.0	27.8	27.8	44.4	44.4	22.2	22.2
DEX0477_029.nt.1	23665.0	27.8	27.8	44.4	44.4	22.2	22.2
DEX0477_058.nt.1	19316.0	25.0	30.0	22.2	33.3	25.9	29.2
DEX0477_058.nt.1	19330.0	22.2	25.8	33.3	42.9	18.5	20.8
DEX0477_060.nt.1	23646.0	58.3	60.0	44.4	44.4	63.0	65.4
DEX0477_060.nt.1	23647.0	58.3	58.3	33.3	33.3	66.7	66.7
DEX0477_060.nt.2	23646.0	58.3	60.0	44.4	44.4	63.0	65.4
DEX0477_060.nt.2	23647.0	58.3	58.3	33.3	33.3	66.7	66.7
DEX0477_061.nt.1	22688.0	22.2	22.9	0.0	0.0	29.6	30.8
DEX0477_061.nt.1	22689.0	33.3	37.5	22.2	22.2	37.0	43.5
DEX0477_061.nt.2	22688.0	22.2	22.9	0.0	0.0	29.6	30.8
DEX0477_061.nt.2	22689.0	33.3	37.5	22.2	22.2	37.0	43.5
DEX0477_063.nt.1	12615.0	16.7	16.7	33.3	33.3	11.1	11.1
DEX0477_063.nt.1	12616.0	13.9	14.3	33.3	33.3	7.4	7.7
DEX0477_063.nt.1	33626.0	13.9	13.9	33.3	33.3	7.4	7.4
DEX0477_063.nt.2	12615.0	16.7	16.7	33.3	33.3	11.1	11.1
DEX0477_063.nt.2	12616.0	13.9	14.3	33.3	33.3	7.4	7.7
DEX0477_067.nt.1	14791.0	58.3	58.3	55.6	55.6	59.3	59.3
DEX0477_069.nt.1	27947.0	11.1	100.0	33.3	100.0	3.7	100.0
DEX0477_069.nt.1	27948.0	8.3	27.3	22.2	66.7	3.7	12.5
DEX0477_070.nt.1	16104.0	58.3	60.0	22.2	22.2	70.4	73.1

DEX0477_071.nt.1	16462.0	50.0	50.0	44.4	44.4	51.9	51.9
DEX0477_071.nt.1	16463.0	38.9	38.9	44.4	44.4	37.0	37.0
DEX0477_071.nt.2	16462.0	50.0	50.0	44.4	44.4	51.9	51.9
DEX0477_071.nt.2	16463.0	38.9	38.9	44.4	44.4	37.0	37.0
DEX0477_072.nt.1	18688.0	63.9	69.7	66.7	66.7	63.0	70.8
DEX0477_072.nt.2	18688.0	63.9	69.7	66.7	66.7	63.0	70.8

Table 3.

DEX ID	Oligo Name	Mam HER2 up %up n=10	Mam HER2 up % valid up n=10	Mam NOT HER2 up %up n=26	Mam NOT HER2 up % valid up n=26	Mam ER up %up n=20	Mam ER up % valid up n=20	Mam NOT ER up %up n=16	Mam NOT ER up %valid up n=16
DEX0477_005.nt.1	15805.0	0.0	0.0	19.2	19.2	0.0	0.0	31.2	31.2
DEX0477_005.nt.1	15806.0	0.0	0.0	34.6	34.6	0.0	0.0	56.2	56.2
DEX0477_007.nt.1	15783.0	10.0	10.0	15.4	15.4	0.0	0.0	31.2	31.2
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.0	10.0	14.3	15.4	23.5	0.0	0.0	31.2	41.7
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.2	10.0	12.5	15.4	23.5	0.0	0.0	31.2	38.5
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.0	10.0	14.3	15.4	26.7	0.0	0.0	31.2	45.5
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.2	10.0	14.3	15.4	23.5	0.0	0.0	31.2	41.7
DEX0477_010.nt.1	15805.0	0.0	0.0	19.2	19.2	0.0	0.0	31.2	31.2
DEX0477_010.nt.1	15806.0	0.0	0.0	34.6	34.6	0.0	0.0	56.2	56.2
DEX0477_012.nt.1	16992.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	35.0	35.0	68.8	68.8
DEX0477_012.nt.1	20235.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	40.0	40.0	62.5	62.5
DEX0477_014.nt.1	27949.0	30.0	50.0	7.7	22.2	0.0	0.0	31.2	83.3
DEX0477_014.nt.2	27949.0	30.0	50.0	7.7	22.2	0.0	0.0	31.2	83.3
DEX0477_014.nt.3	27949.0	30.0	50.0	7.7	22.2	0.0	0.0	31.2	83.3
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17244.0	30.0	33.3	11.5	11.5	30.0	31.6	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17292.0	40.0	40.0	11.5	11.5	35.0	35.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	20399.0	40.0	40.0	11.5	12.0	35.0	35.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17244.0	30.0	33.3	11.5	11.5	30.0	31.6	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17292.0	40.0	40.0	11.5	11.5	35.0	35.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	20399.0	40.0	40.0	11.5	12.0	35.0	35.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	15232.0	90.0	90.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	27.8	25.0	30.8
DEX0477_016.nt.1	15233.0	90.0	90.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	26.7
DEX0477_016.nt.1	33428.0	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	30.0	30.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.0	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	30.0	30.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.2	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	30.0	30.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	15232.0	90.0	90.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	27.8	25.0	30.8
DEX0477_016.nt.2	15233.0	90.0	90.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	26.7
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33428.0	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	30.0	30.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.0	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	30.0	30.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.2	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	30.0	30.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33428.0	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	30.0	30.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.0	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	30.0	30.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.2	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	30.0	30.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	33428.0	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	30.0	30.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.0	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	30.0	30.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.2	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	30.0	30.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_017.nt.1	15232.0	90.0	90.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	27.8	25.0	30.8
DEX0477_017.nt.1	15233.0	90.0	90.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	26.7
DEX0477_018.nt.1	22280.0	0.0	0.0	19.2	19.2	20.0	20.0	6.2	6.2
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.0	40.0	50.0	15.4	28.6	25.0	31.2	18.8	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.2	40.0	57.1	15.4	26.7	25.0	29.4	18.8	60.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.0	50.0	50.0	19.2	38.5	35.0	46.7	18.8	37.5

DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.2	40.0	44.4	15.4	26.7	30.0	35.3	12.5	28.6
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.0	40.0	50.0	15.4	28.6	25.0	31.2	18.8	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.2	40.0	57.1	15.4	26.7	25.0	29.4	18.8	60.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.0	50.0	50.0	19.2	38.5	35.0	46.7	18.8	37.5
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.2	40.0	44.4	15.4	26.7	30.0	35.3	12.5	28.6
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.0	40.0	50.0	15.4	28.6	25.0	31.2	18.8	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.2	40.0	57.1	15.4	26.7	25.0	29.4	18.8	60.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.0	50.0	50.0	19.2	38.5	35.0	46.7	18.8	37.5
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.2	40.0	44.4	15.4	26.7	30.0	35.3	12.5	28.6
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26770.0	70.0	70.0	46.2	50.0	85.0	85.0	12.5	14.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26771.0	70.0	70.0	46.2	50.0	85.0	85.0	12.5	14.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	27321.0	70.0	70.0	46.2	46.2	85.0	85.0	12.5	12.5
DEX0477_021.nt.1	27322.0	70.0	70.0	46.2	46.2	85.0	85.0	12.5	12.5
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.0	60.0	66.7	42.3	50.0	75.0	83.3	12.5	15.4
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.2	60.0	66.7	46.2	46.2	80.0	84.2	12.5	12.5
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.0	70.0	70.0	46.2	50.0	85.0	85.0	12.5	14.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.2	70.0	70.0	46.2	50.0	85.0	85.0	12.5	14.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26770.0	70.0	70.0	46.2	50.0	85.0	85.0	12.5	14.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26771.0	70.0	70.0	46.2	50.0	85.0	85.0	12.5	14.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	27321.0	70.0	70.0	46.2	46.2	85.0	85.0	12.5	12.5
DEX0477_021.nt.2	27322.0	70.0	70.0	46.2	46.2	85.0	85.0	12.5	12.5
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.0	60.0	66.7	42.3	50.0	75.0	83.3	12.5	15.4
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.2	60.0	66.7	46.2	46.2	80.0	84.2	12.5	12.5
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.0	70.0	70.0	46.2	50.0	85.0	85.0	12.5	14.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.2	70.0	70.0	46.2	50.0	85.0	85.0	12.5	14.3
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.0	40.0	50.0	15.4	28.6	25.0	31.2	18.8	50.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.2	40.0	57.1	15.4	26.7	25.0	29.4	18.8	60.0
DEX0477_023.nt.1	27321.0	70.0	70.0	46.2	46.2	85.0	85.0	12.5	12.5
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.0	60.0	66.7	42.3	50.0	75.0	83.3	12.5	15.4
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.2	60.0	66.7	46.2	46.2	80.0	84.2	12.5	12.5
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26770.0	70.0	70.0	46.2	50.0	85.0	85.0	12.5	14.3
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26771.0	70.0	70.0	46.2	50.0	85.0	85.0	12.5	14.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26770.0	70.0	70.0	46.2	50.0	85.0	85.0	12.5	14.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26771.0	70.0	70.0	46.2	50.0	85.0	85.0	12.5	14.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26770.0	70.0	70.0	46.2	50.0	85.0	85.0	12.5	14.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26771.0	70.0	70.0	46.2	50.0	85.0	85.0	12.5	14.3
DEX0477_024.nt.4	26770.0	70.0	70.0	46.2	50.0	85.0	85.0	12.5	14.3
DEX0477_025.nt.1	19468.0	20.0	20.0	69.2	69.2	60.0	60.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_025.nt.1	19469.0	20.0	20.0	65.4	65.4	60.0	60.0	43.8	43.8
DEX0477_026.nt.1	16950.0	20.0	25.0	7.7	7.7	20.0	20.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_027.nt.5	13661.0	20.0	20.0	26.9	26.9	35.0	35.0	12.5	12.5
DEX0477_027.nt.6	13661.0	20.0	20.0	26.9	26.9	35.0	35.0	12.5	12.5
DEX0477_027.nt.7	13661.0	20.0	20.0	26.9	26.9	35.0	35.0	12.5	12.5
DEX0477_028.nt.1	23665.0	40.0	40.0	15.4	15.4	5.0	5.0	43.8	43.8
DEX0477_028.nt.2	23665.0	40.0	40.0	15.4	15.4	5.0	5.0	43.8	43.8
DEX0477_028.nt.3	23665.0	40.0	40.0	15.4	15.4	5.0	5.0	43.8	43.8
DEX0477_028.nt.4	23665.0	40.0	40.0	15.4	15.4	5.0	5.0	43.8	43.8
DEX0477_029.nt.1	23665.0	40.0	40.0	15.4	15.4	5.0	5.0	43.8	43.8
DEX0477_060.nt.1	23646.0	60.0	66.7	53.8	53.8	70.0	73.7	37.5	37.5
DEX0477_060.nt.1	23647.0	70.0	70.0	46.2	46.2	65.0	65.0	37.5	37.5
DEX0477_060.nt.2	23646.0	60.0	66.7	53.8	53.8	70.0	73.7	37.5	37.5
DEX0477_060.nt.2	23647.0	70.0	70.0	46.2	46.2	65.0	65.0	37.5	37.5
DEX0477_061.nt.1	22688.0	20.0	20.0	23.1	23.1	5.0	5.0	43.8	43.8
DEX0477_061.nt.1	22689.0	30.0	37.5	26.9	26.9	5.0	5.3	56.2	60.0
DEX0477_061.nt.2	22688.0	20.0	20.0	23.1	23.1	5.0	5.0	43.8	43.8
DEX0477_061.nt.2	22689.0	30.0	37.5	26.9	26.9	5.0	5.3	56.2	60.0
DEX0477_064.nt.1	14047.0	20.0	20.0	23.1	23.1	30.0	30.0	12.5	12.5

DEX0477_064.nt.1	31772.0	30.0	30.0	23.1	23.1	35.0	35.0	12.5	12.5
DEX0477_067.nt.1	14791.0	90.0	90.0	46.2	46.2	45.0	45.0	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_069.nt.1	27947.0	0.0	0.0	11.5	60.0	15.0	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_070.nt.1	16104.0	30.0	30.0	57.7	60.0	35.0	36.8	68.8	68.8
DEX0477_071.nt.1	16462.0	30.0	30.0	46.2	46.2	20.0	20.0	68.8	68.8
DEX0477_071.nt.1	16463.0	20.0	20.0	38.5	38.5	15.0	15.0	56.2	56.2
DEX0477_071.nt.2	16462.0	30.0	30.0	46.2	46.2	20.0	20.0	68.8	68.8
DEX0477_071.nt.2	16463.0	20.0	20.0	38.5	38.5	15.0	15.0	56.2	56.2
DEX0477_072.nt.1	18688.0	80.0	88.9	42.3	44.0	25.0	27.8	87.5	87.5
DEX0477_072.nt.2	18688.0	80.0	88.9	42.3	44.0	25.0	27.8	87.5	87.5

Table 4.

DEX ID	Oligo Name	Mam Cell Lines %up n=6	Mam Cell Lines %valid up n=6	Mam Cell Lines 550 %up n=6	Mam Cell Lines 550 %valid up n=6
DEX0477_005.nt.1	15805.0	33.3	33.3	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_005.nt.1	15806.0	33.3	33.3	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_010.nt.1	15805.0	33.3	33.3	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_010.nt.1	15806.0	33.3	33.3	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_012.nt.1	16992.0	66.7	66.7	66.7	66.7
DEX0477_012.nt.1	20235.0	83.3	83.3	83.3	83.3
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17244.0	16.7	20.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17292.0	16.7	20.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_015.nt.1	20399.0	16.7	20.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17244.0	16.7	20.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17292.0	16.7	20.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_015.nt.2	20399.0	16.7	20.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.1	15232.0	33.3	50.0	33.3	100.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	15233.0	33.3	40.0	33.3	66.7
DEX0477_016.nt.1	33428.0	33.3	40.0	33.3	40.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.0	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.2	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.2	15232.0	33.3	50.0	33.3	100.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	15233.0	33.3	40.0	33.3	66.7
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33428.0	33.3	40.0	33.3	40.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.0	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.2	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33428.0	33.3	40.0	33.3	40.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.0	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.2	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.5	33428.0	33.3	40.0	33.3	40.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.0	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.2	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_017.nt.1	15232.0	33.3	50.0	33.3	100.0
DEX0477_017.nt.1	15233.0	33.3	40.0	33.3	66.7
DEX0477_018.nt.1	22280.0	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.0	16.7	25.0	16.7	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.2	16.7	50.0	16.7	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.2	16.7	50.0	16.7	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.0	16.7	25.0	16.7	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.2	16.7	50.0	16.7	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.0	16.7	50.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.2	16.7	50.0	16.7	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.0	16.7	25.0	16.7	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.2	16.7	50.0	16.7	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.0	16.7	50.0	0.0	0.0

DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.2	16.7	50.0	16.7	50.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26770.0	66.7	80.0	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26771.0	66.7	80.0	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	27321.0	66.7	80.0	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	27322.0	66.7	80.0	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.0	66.7	80.0	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.2	66.7	80.0	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.0	66.7	80.0	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.2	66.7	80.0	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26770.0	66.7	80.0	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26771.0	66.7	80.0	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	27321.0	66.7	80.0	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	27322.0	66.7	80.0	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.0	66.7	80.0	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.2	66.7	80.0	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.0	66.7	80.0	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.2	66.7	80.0	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.0	16.7	25.0	16.7	100.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.2	16.7	50.0	16.7	100.0
DEX0477_023.nt.1	27321.0	66.7	80.0	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.0	66.7	80.0	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.2	66.7	80.0	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26770.0	66.7	80.0	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26771.0	66.7	80.0	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26770.0	66.7	80.0	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26771.0	66.7	80.0	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26770.0	66.7	80.0	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26771.0	66.7	80.0	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	26770.0	66.7	80.0	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_027.nt.5	13661.0	66.7	66.7	66.7	66.7
DEX0477_027.nt.6	13661.0	66.7	66.7	66.7	66.7
DEX0477_027.nt.7	13661.0	66.7	66.7	66.7	66.7
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19534.0	33.3	50.0	33.3	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19534.2	16.7	33.3	16.7	50.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19535.0	33.3	33.3	33.3	50.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19535.2	33.3	50.0	33.3	66.7
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19534.0	33.3	50.0	33.3	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19534.2	16.7	33.3	16.7	50.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19535.0	33.3	33.3	33.3	50.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19535.2	33.3	50.0	33.3	66.7
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19534.0	33.3	50.0	33.3	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19534.2	16.7	33.3	16.7	50.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19535.0	33.3	33.3	33.3	50.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19535.2	33.3	50.0	33.3	66.7
DEX0477_058.nt.1	19316.0	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_058.nt.1	19330.0	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_058.nt.1	31704.0	66.7	66.7	66.7	66.7
DEX0477_058.nt.1	31705.0	66.7	66.7	66.7	66.7
DEX0477_058.nt.2	31704.0	66.7	66.7	66.7	66.7
DEX0477_058.nt.2	31705.0	66.7	66.7	66.7	66.7
DEX0477_060.nt.1	23646.0	16.7	50.0	16.7	100.0
DEX0477_060.nt.1	23647.0	0.0	0.0	16.7	100.0
DEX0477_060.nt.2	23646.0	16.7	50.0	16.7	100.0
DEX0477_060.nt.2	23647.0	0.0	0.0	16.7	100.0
DEX0477_062.nt.1	22304.0	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_064.nt.1	14047.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_064.nt.1	31772.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0

DEX0477_067.nt.1	14791.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_069.nt.1	27947.0	33.3	50.0	33.3	66.7
DEX0477_069.nt.1	27948.0	33.3	100.0	33.3	100.0
DEX0477_070.nt.1	16104.0	83.3	100.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_071.nt.1	16462.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_071.nt.1	16463.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_071.nt.2	16462.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_071.nt.2	16463.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0

Table 5.

DEX ID	Oligo Name	Mam Multi -Can ALL %up n=20	Mam Multi-Can ALL %valid up n=20	Mam Multi-Can ST1 %up n=9	Mam Multi-Can ST1 %valid up n=9	Mam Multi-Can ST2,3 %up n=11	Mam Multi -Can ST2,3 % valid up n=11
DEX0477_003.nt.1	96120.0	35.0	36.8	22.2	22.2	45.5	50.0
DEX0477_003.nt.1	96120.1	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105624.0	35.0	35.0	22.2	22.2	45.5	45.5
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105624.1	40.0	42.1	33.3	37.5	45.5	45.5
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105628.0	35.0	36.8	22.2	25.0	45.5	45.5
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105628.1	30.0	33.3	22.2	22.2	36.4	44.4
DEX0477_003.nt.2	96120.0	35.0	36.8	22.2	22.2	45.5	50.0
DEX0477_003.nt.2	96120.1	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105624.0	35.0	35.0	22.2	22.2	45.5	45.5
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105624.1	40.0	42.1	33.3	37.5	45.5	45.5
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105628.0	35.0	36.8	22.2	25.0	45.5	45.5
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105628.1	30.0	33.3	22.2	22.2	36.4	44.4
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1200.0	30.0	31.6	33.3	37.5	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1201.0	30.0	31.6	33.3	37.5	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9744.1	15.0	15.0	33.3	33.3	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9745.0	25.0	25.0	33.3	33.3	18.2	18.2
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9745.1	10.0	10.0	22.2	22.2	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17852.0	10.0	20.0	22.2	50.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17853.0	10.0	25.0	22.2	66.7	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17853.1	10.0	33.3	22.2	50.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.0	10.0	33.3	22.2	66.7	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.1	10.0	28.6	22.2	66.7	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.2	10.0	28.6	22.2	66.7	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.3	10.0	20.0	22.2	66.7	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4733.0	95.0	95.0	100.0	100.0	90.9	90.9
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4733.1	95.0	95.0	100.0	100.0	90.9	90.9
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4734.0	90.0	90.0	100.0	100.0	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4734.1	90.0	90.0	88.9	88.9	90.9	90.9
DEX0477_009.nt.1	990.0	35.0	35.0	33.3	33.3	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_011.nt.1	102558.0	30.0	30.0	33.3	33.3	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_011.nt.1	102558.1	25.0	25.0	33.3	33.3	18.2	18.2
DEX0477_013.nt.1	10549.1	20.0	20.0	33.3	33.3	9.1	9.1
DEX0477_015.nt.1	2085.0	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.1	4909.0	35.0	35.0	22.2	22.2	45.5	45.5
DEX0477_015.nt.1	4909.1	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.1	4910.0	25.0	26.3	22.2	22.2	27.3	30.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	4910.1	25.0	26.3	22.2	22.2	27.3	30.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17292.0	35.0	35.0	22.2	22.2	45.5	45.5
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17292.1	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4

DEX0477_015.nt.1	17293.0	25.0	26.3	22.2	22.2	27.3	30.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17293.1	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.1	24404.0	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.1	24404.1	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.1	24405.0	25.0	26.3	22.2	22.2	27.3	30.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	24405.1	25.0	26.3	22.2	22.2	27.3	30.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	2085.0	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.2	4909.0	35.0	35.0	22.2	22.2	45.5	45.5
DEX0477_015.nt.2	4909.1	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.2	4910.0	25.0	26.3	22.2	22.2	27.3	30.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	4910.1	25.0	26.3	22.2	22.2	27.3	30.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17292.0	35.0	35.0	22.2	22.2	45.5	45.5
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17292.1	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17293.0	25.0	26.3	22.2	22.2	27.3	30.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17293.1	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.2	24404.0	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.2	24404.1	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.1	33429.0	25.0	35.7	11.1	16.7	36.4	50.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	33429.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.2	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.3	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.4	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.1	39533.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.1	39533.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.1	39534.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.1	39534.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33428.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33428.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33429.0	25.0	35.7	11.1	16.7	36.4	50.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33429.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.2	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.3	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.4	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.2	39533.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.2	39533.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.2	39534.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.2	39534.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33428.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33428.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33429.0	25.0	35.7	11.1	16.7	36.4	50.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33429.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.2	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.3	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.4	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.4	39533.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.4	39533.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.4	39534.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.4	39534.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.5	33428.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.5	33428.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.5	33429.0	25.0	35.7	11.1	16.7	36.4	50.0

DEX0477_016.nt.5	33429.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.2	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.3	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.4	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.5	39533.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.5	39533.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.5	39534.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.5	39534.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_018.nt.1	102557.0	25.0	25.0	33.3	33.3	18.2	18.2
DEX0477_018.nt.1	102558.0	30.0	30.0	33.3	33.3	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_018.nt.1	102558.1	25.0	25.0	33.3	33.3	18.2	18.2
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.0	30.0	60.0	22.2	66.7	36.4	57.1
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.1	30.0	66.7	22.2	66.7	36.4	66.7
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.2	30.0	60.0	22.2	66.7	36.4	57.1
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.0	25.0	33.3	11.1	20.0	36.4	40.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.1	30.0	42.9	22.2	40.0	36.4	44.4
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.2	35.0	50.0	22.2	33.3	45.5	62.5
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41939.0	30.0	33.3	22.2	25.0	36.4	40.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41939.1	30.0	46.2	22.2	40.0	36.4	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41939.2	30.0	33.3	22.2	28.6	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41940.0	30.0	37.5	22.2	33.3	36.4	40.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41940.1	25.0	27.8	22.2	28.6	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41940.2	30.0	40.0	22.2	33.3	36.4	44.4
DEX0477_019.nt.1	78627.0	20.0	57.1	22.2	66.7	18.2	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	78627.1	30.0	66.7	22.2	66.7	36.4	66.7
DEX0477_019.nt.1	78628.0	20.0	66.7	22.2	100.0	18.2	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	78628.1	30.0	66.7	22.2	66.7	36.4	66.7
DEX0477_019.nt.1	94127.0	20.0	50.0	11.1	33.3	27.3	60.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	94127.1	30.0	50.0	22.2	50.0	36.4	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	94128.0	40.0	61.5	22.2	40.0	54.5	75.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	94128.1	40.0	61.5	22.2	40.0	54.5	75.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102785.0	30.0	54.5	22.2	50.0	36.4	57.1
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102785.1	15.0	42.9	11.1	50.0	18.2	40.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102786.0	35.0	50.0	22.2	33.3	45.5	62.5
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102786.1	40.0	61.5	22.2	40.0	54.5	75.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102787.0	35.0	38.9	22.2	25.0	45.5	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102787.1	35.0	41.2	22.2	25.0	45.5	55.6
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102789.0	40.0	61.5	22.2	40.0	54.5	75.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102789.1	40.0	72.7	22.2	50.0	54.5	85.7
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.0	30.0	60.0	22.2	66.7	36.4	57.1
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.1	30.0	66.7	22.2	66.7	36.4	66.7
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.2	30.0	60.0	22.2	66.7	36.4	57.1
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.0	25.0	33.3	11.1	20.0	36.4	40.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.1	30.0	42.9	22.2	40.0	36.4	44.4
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.2	35.0	50.0	22.2	33.3	45.5	62.5
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41939.0	30.0	33.3	22.2	25.0	36.4	40.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41939.1	30.0	46.2	22.2	40.0	36.4	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41939.2	30.0	33.3	22.2	28.6	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41940.0	30.0	37.5	22.2	33.3	36.4	40.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41940.1	25.0	27.8	22.2	28.6	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41940.2	30.0	40.0	22.2	33.3	36.4	44.4
DEX0477_020.nt.1	78627.0	20.0	57.1	22.2	66.7	18.2	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	78627.1	30.0	66.7	22.2	66.7	36.4	66.7
DEX0477_020.nt.1	78628.0	20.0	66.7	22.2	100.0	18.2	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	78628.1	30.0	66.7	22.2	66.7	36.4	66.7

DEX0477_020.nt.1	94128.0	40.0	61.5	22.2	40.0	54.5	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	94128.1	40.0	61.5	22.2	40.0	54.5	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102786.0	35.0	50.0	22.2	33.3	45.5	62.5
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102786.1	40.0	61.5	22.2	40.0	54.5	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102787.0	35.0	38.9	22.2	25.0	45.5	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102787.1	35.0	41.2	22.2	25.0	45.5	55.6
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102789.0	40.0	61.5	22.2	40.0	54.5	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102789.1	40.0	72.7	22.2	50.0	54.5	85.7
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.0	30.0	60.0	22.2	66.7	36.4	57.1
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.1	30.0	66.7	22.2	66.7	36.4	66.7
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.2	30.0	60.0	22.2	66.7	36.4	57.1
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.0	25.0	33.3	11.1	20.0	36.4	40.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.1	30.0	42.9	22.2	40.0	36.4	44.4
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.2	35.0	50.0	22.2	33.3	45.5	62.5
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41939.0	30.0	33.3	22.2	25.0	36.4	40.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41939.1	30.0	46.2	22.2	40.0	36.4	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41939.2	30.0	33.3	22.2	28.6	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41940.0	30.0	37.5	22.2	33.3	36.4	40.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41940.1	25.0	27.8	22.2	28.6	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41940.2	30.0	40.0	22.2	33.3	36.4	44.4
DEX0477_020.nt.2	78627.0	20.0	57.1	22.2	66.7	18.2	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	78627.1	30.0	66.7	22.2	66.7	36.4	66.7
DEX0477_020.nt.2	78628.0	20.0	66.7	22.2	100.0	18.2	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	78628.1	30.0	66.7	22.2	66.7	36.4	66.7
DEX0477_020.nt.2	94128.0	40.0	61.5	22.2	40.0	54.5	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	94128.1	40.0	61.5	22.2	40.0	54.5	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102786.0	35.0	50.0	22.2	33.3	45.5	62.5
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102786.1	40.0	61.5	22.2	40.0	54.5	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102787.0	35.0	38.9	22.2	25.0	45.5	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102787.1	35.0	41.2	22.2	25.0	45.5	55.6
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102789.0	40.0	61.5	22.2	40.0	54.5	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102789.1	40.0	72.7	22.2	50.0	54.5	85.7
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26770.0	70.0	70.0	55.6	55.6	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26770.1	70.0	73.7	55.6	62.5	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26771.0	70.0	73.7	55.6	62.5	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26771.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.0	70.0	70.0	55.6	55.6	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.1	70.0	70.0	55.6	55.6	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.2	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.0	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.2	55.0	73.3	33.3	60.0	72.7	80.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.0	65.0	72.2	44.4	57.1	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.1	65.0	76.5	44.4	66.7	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.2	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.4	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.0	65.0	76.5	44.4	57.1	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.2	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.4	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26770.0	70.0	70.0	55.6	55.6	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26770.1	70.0	73.7	55.6	62.5	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26771.0	70.0	73.7	55.6	62.5	81.8	81.8

DEX0477_021.nt.2	26771.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.0	70.0	70.0	55.6	55.6	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.1	70.0	70.0	55.6	55.6	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.2	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.0	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.2	55.0	73.3	33.3	60.0	72.7	80.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.0	65.0	72.2	44.4	57.1	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.1	65.0	76.5	44.4	66.7	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.2	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.4	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.0	65.0	76.5	44.4	57.1	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.2	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.4	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.0	30.0	60.0	22.2	66.7	36.4	57.1
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.1	30.0	66.7	22.2	66.7	36.4	66.7
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.2	30.0	60.0	22.2	66.7	36.4	57.1
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41939.0	30.0	33.3	22.2	25.0	36.4	40.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41939.1	30.0	46.2	22.2	40.0	36.4	50.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41939.2	30.0	33.3	22.2	28.6	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41940.0	30.0	37.5	22.2	33.3	36.4	40.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41940.1	25.0	27.8	22.2	28.6	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41940.2	30.0	40.0	22.2	33.3	36.4	44.4
DEX0477_022.nt.1	78627.0	20.0	57.1	22.2	66.7	18.2	50.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	78627.1	30.0	66.7	22.2	66.7	36.4	66.7
DEX0477_022.nt.1	78628.0	20.0	66.7	22.2	100.0	18.2	50.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	78628.1	30.0	66.7	22.2	66.7	36.4	66.7
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.0	70.0	70.0	55.6	55.6	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.1	70.0	70.0	55.6	55.6	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.2	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26770.0	70.0	70.0	55.6	55.6	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26770.1	70.0	73.7	55.6	62.5	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26771.0	70.0	73.7	55.6	62.5	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26771.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.0	65.0	72.2	44.4	57.1	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.1	65.0	76.5	44.4	66.7	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.2	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.4	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.0	65.0	76.5	44.4	57.1	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.2	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.4	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26770.0	70.0	70.0	55.6	55.6	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26770.1	70.0	73.7	55.6	62.5	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26771.0	70.0	73.7	55.6	62.5	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26771.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.0	65.0	72.2	44.4	57.1	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.1	65.0	76.5	44.4	66.7	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.2	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8

DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.4	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.0	65.0	76.5	44.4	57.1	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.2	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.4	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26770.0	70.0	70.0	55.6	55.6	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26770.1	70.0	73.7	55.6	62.5	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26771.0	70.0	73.7	55.6	62.5	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26771.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.0	65.0	72.2	44.4	57.1	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.1	65.0	76.5	44.4	66.7	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.2	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.4	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.0	65.0	76.5	44.4	57.1	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.2	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.4	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.4	26770.0	70.0	70.0	55.6	55.6	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.4	26770.1	70.0	73.7	55.6	62.5	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.0	65.0	72.2	44.4	57.1	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.1	65.0	76.5	44.4	66.7	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.2	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.4	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.0	65.0	76.5	44.4	57.1	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.2	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.4	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_027.nt.1	2441.0	25.0	25.0	33.3	33.3	18.2	18.2
DEX0477_027.nt.2	2441.0	25.0	25.0	33.3	33.3	18.2	18.2
DEX0477_027.nt.3	2441.0	25.0	25.0	33.3	33.3	18.2	18.2
DEX0477_027.nt.4	2441.0	25.0	25.0	33.3	33.3	18.2	18.2
DEX0477_027.nt.5	2441.0	25.0	25.0	33.3	33.3	18.2	18.2
DEX0477_027.nt.5	5236.0	25.0	25.0	22.2	22.2	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_027.nt.6	2441.0	25.0	25.0	33.3	33.3	18.2	18.2
DEX0477_027.nt.6	5236.0	25.0	25.0	22.2	22.2	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_027.nt.7	2441.0	25.0	25.0	33.3	33.3	18.2	18.2
DEX0477_027.nt.7	5236.0	25.0	25.0	22.2	22.2	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_048.nt.1	33514.0	20.0	28.6	11.1	16.7	27.3	37.5
DEX0477_048.nt.1	33514.1	20.0	30.8	11.1	20.0	27.3	37.5
DEX0477_048.nt.2	33514.0	20.0	28.6	11.1	16.7	27.3	37.5
DEX0477_048.nt.2	33514.1	20.0	30.8	11.1	20.0	27.3	37.5
DEX0477_048.nt.3	33514.0	20.0	28.6	11.1	16.7	27.3	37.5
DEX0477_048.nt.3	33514.1	20.0	30.8	11.1	20.0	27.3	37.5
DEX0477_048.nt.3	33515.0	20.0	20.0	11.1	11.1	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_048.nt.4	33514.0	20.0	28.6	11.1	16.7	27.3	37.5
DEX0477_048.nt.4	33514.1	20.0	30.8	11.1	20.0	27.3	37.5
DEX0477_048.nt.4	33515.0	20.0	20.0	11.1	11.1	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_048.nt.4	33515.1	20.0	20.0	11.1	11.1	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10766.0	10.0	66.7	11.1	100.0	9.1	50.0
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10766.1	10.0	66.7	11.1	100.0	9.1	50.0
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10767.0	10.0	22.2	11.1	33.3	9.1	16.7

DEX0477_052.nt.1	10767.1	10.0	20.0	11.1	33.3	9.1	14.3
DEX0477_061.nt.1	36403.0	30.0	30.0	33.3	33.3	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_061.nt.1	36403.1	50.0	50.0	55.6	55.6	45.5	45.5
DEX0477_061.nt.1	36404.0	75.0	75.0	55.6	55.6	90.9	90.9
DEX0477_061.nt.1	36404.1	75.0	75.0	55.6	55.6	90.9	90.9
DEX0477_061.nt.2	36403.0	30.0	30.0	33.3	33.3	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_061.nt.2	36403.1	50.0	50.0	55.6	55.6	45.5	45.5
DEX0477_061.nt.2	36404.0	75.0	75.0	55.6	55.6	90.9	90.9
DEX0477_061.nt.2	36404.1	75.0	75.0	55.6	55.6	90.9	90.9
DEX0477_065.nt.1	4941.0	55.0	55.0	33.3	33.3	72.7	72.7
DEX0477_065.nt.2	4941.0	55.0	55.0	33.3	33.3	72.7	72.7
DEX0477_065.nt.3	4941.0	55.0	55.0	33.3	33.3	72.7	72.7
DEX0477_066.nt.1	4941.0	55.0	55.0	33.3	33.3	72.7	72.7
DEX0477_066.nt.2	4941.0	55.0	55.0	33.3	33.3	72.7	72.7
DEX0477_068.nt.1	5539.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_070.nt.1	3745.0	45.0	45.0	33.3	33.3	54.5	54.5

Table 6.

DEX ID	Oligo Name	Mam Multi-Can 550 ALL %up n=20	Mam Multi-Can 550 ALL %valid up n=20	Mam Multi-Can 550 ST1 %up n=9	Mam Multi-Can 550 ST1 %valid up n=9	Mam Multi-Can 550 ST2,3 %up n=11	Mam Multi-Can 550 ST2,3 % valid up n=11
DEX0477_003.nt.1	96120.0	30.0	37.5	22.2	28.6	36.4	44.4
DEX0477_003.nt.1	96120.1	30.0	31.6	22.2	25.0	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105624.0	30.0	33.3	22.2	25.0	36.4	40.0
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105624.1	40.0	40.0	33.3	33.3	45.5	45.5
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105627.0	25.0	25.0	22.2	22.2	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105627.1	25.0	25.0	22.2	22.2	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105628.0	35.0	38.9	22.2	25.0	45.5	50.0
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105628.1	30.0	37.5	22.2	28.6	36.4	44.4
DEX0477_003.nt.2	96120.0	30.0	37.5	22.2	28.6	36.4	44.4
DEX0477_003.nt.2	96120.1	30.0	31.6	22.2	25.0	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105624.0	30.0	33.3	22.2	25.0	36.4	40.0
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105624.1	40.0	40.0	33.3	33.3	45.5	45.5
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105628.0	35.0	38.9	22.2	25.0	45.5	50.0
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105628.1	30.0	37.5	22.2	28.6	36.4	44.4
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1200.0	35.0	35.0	44.4	44.4	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1201.0	35.0	35.0	44.4	44.4	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9744.0	20.0	20.0	33.3	33.3	9.1	9.1
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9744.1	15.0	15.0	33.3	33.3	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9745.0	25.0	25.0	33.3	33.3	18.2	18.2
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9745.1	25.0	25.0	33.3	33.3	18.2	18.2
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17852.0	5.0	20.0	11.1	33.3	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17852.1	5.0	20.0	11.1	33.3	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17853.0	10.0	50.0	22.2	66.7	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17853.1	10.0	66.7	22.2	66.7	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.0	5.0	16.7	11.1	33.3	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.1	5.0	20.0	11.1	33.3	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.2	5.0	20.0	11.1	33.3	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.3	5.0	14.3	11.1	33.3	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.0	5.0	33.3	11.1	33.3	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.1	10.0	66.7	22.2	66.7	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.2	10.0	66.7	22.2	66.7	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.3	10.0	50.0	22.2	66.7	0.0	0.0

DEX0477_008.nt.1	4733.0	95.0	95.0	100.0	100.0	90.9	90.9
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4733.1	95.0	95.0	100.0	100.0	90.9	90.9
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4734.0	90.0	90.0	100.0	100.0	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4734.1	95.0	95.0	100.0	100.0	90.9	90.9
DEX0477_009.nt.1	990.0	45.0	45.0	44.4	44.4	45.5	45.5
DEX0477_011.nt.1	102558.0	30.0	30.0	33.3	33.3	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_011.nt.1	102558.1	25.0	25.0	33.3	33.3	18.2	18.2
DEX0477_014.nt.1	4538.0	5.0	20.0	11.1	33.3	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.1	4538.1	5.0	25.0	11.1	50.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.1	27949.0	5.0	33.3	11.1	50.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.1	27949.1	5.0	25.0	11.1	50.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	4538.0	5.0	20.0	11.1	33.3	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	4538.1	5.0	25.0	11.1	50.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	27949.0	5.0	33.3	11.1	50.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	27949.1	5.0	25.0	11.1	50.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	4538.0	5.0	20.0	11.1	33.3	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	4538.1	5.0	25.0	11.1	50.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	27949.0	5.0	33.3	11.1	50.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	27949.1	5.0	25.0	11.1	50.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	2085.0	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.1	4909.0	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.1	4909.1	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.1	4910.0	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.1	4910.1	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17292.0	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17292.1	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17293.0	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17293.1	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.1	24404.0	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.1	24404.1	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.1	24405.0	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.1	24405.1	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.2	2085.0	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.2	4909.0	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.2	4909.1	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.2	4910.0	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.2	4910.1	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17292.0	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17292.1	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17293.0	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17293.1	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.2	24404.0	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.2	24404.1	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.2	24405.0	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_015.nt.2	24405.1	30.0	30.0	22.2	22.2	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.1	33428.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.1	33428.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.1	33429.0	25.0	26.3	11.1	11.1	36.4	40.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	33429.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.2	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.3	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.4	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.1	39533.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.1	39533.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.1	39534.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4

DEX0477_016.nt.1	39534.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33428.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33428.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33429.0	25.0	26.3	11.1	11.1	36.4	40.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33429.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.2	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.3	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.4	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.2	39533.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.2	39533.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.2	39534.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.2	39534.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33428.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33428.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33429.0	25.0	26.3	11.1	11.1	36.4	40.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33429.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.2	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.3	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.4	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.4	39533.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.4	39533.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.4	39534.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.4	39534.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.5	33428.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.5	33428.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.5	33429.0	25.0	26.3	11.1	11.1	36.4	40.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	33429.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.2	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.3	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.4	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.5	39533.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.5	39533.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.5	39534.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_016.nt.5	39534.1	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_018.nt.1	102557.0	25.0	25.0	33.3	33.3	18.2	18.2
DEX0477_018.nt.1	102557.1	25.0	25.0	33.3	33.3	18.2	18.2
DEX0477_018.nt.1	102558.0	30.0	30.0	33.3	33.3	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_018.nt.1	102558.1	25.0	25.0	33.3	33.3	18.2	18.2
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.0	20.0	66.7	22.2	66.7	18.2	66.7
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.1	15.0	75.0	22.2	100.0	9.1	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.2	15.0	50.0	22.2	66.7	9.1	33.3
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.0	20.0	36.4	11.1	25.0	27.3	42.9
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.1	20.0	40.0	22.2	50.0	18.2	33.3
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.2	20.0	50.0	22.2	50.0	18.2	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41939.0	30.0	42.9	22.2	33.3	36.4	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41939.1	25.0	55.6	22.2	40.0	27.3	75.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41939.2	30.0	46.2	22.2	40.0	36.4	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41940.0	30.0	42.9	22.2	33.3	36.4	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41940.1	25.0	35.7	22.2	33.3	27.3	37.5
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41940.2	30.0	50.0	22.2	50.0	36.4	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	78627.0	20.0	80.0	22.2	100.0	18.2	66.7

DEX0477_019.nt.1	78627.1	10.0	100.0	22.2	100.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	78628.0	15.0	75.0	22.2	100.0	9.1	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	78628.1	10.0	100.0	22.2	100.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	94127.0	10.0	50.0	11.1	100.0	9.1	33.3
DEX0477_019.nt.1	94127.1	25.0	71.4	22.2	100.0	27.3	60.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	94128.0	25.0	55.6	22.2	50.0	27.3	60.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	94128.1	25.0	62.5	22.2	50.0	27.3	75.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102785.0	25.0	83.3	22.2	100.0	27.3	75.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102785.1	10.0	66.7	11.1	100.0	9.1	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102786.0	25.0	71.4	22.2	50.0	27.3	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102786.1	35.0	70.0	22.2	50.0	45.5	83.3
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102787.0	35.0	58.3	22.2	40.0	45.5	71.4
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102787.1	40.0	66.7	22.2	50.0	54.5	75.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102789.0	20.0	57.1	22.2	50.0	18.2	66.7
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102789.1	25.0	71.4	22.2	50.0	27.3	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.0	20.0	66.7	22.2	66.7	18.2	66.7
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.1	15.0	75.0	22.2	100.0	9.1	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.2	15.0	50.0	22.2	66.7	9.1	33.3
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.0	20.0	36.4	11.1	25.0	27.3	42.9
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.1	20.0	40.0	22.2	50.0	18.2	33.3
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.2	20.0	50.0	22.2	50.0	18.2	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41939.0	30.0	42.9	22.2	33.3	36.4	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41939.1	25.0	55.6	22.2	40.0	27.3	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41939.2	30.0	46.2	22.2	40.0	36.4	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41940.0	30.0	42.9	22.2	33.3	36.4	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41940.1	25.0	35.7	22.2	33.3	27.3	37.5
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41940.2	30.0	50.0	22.2	50.0	36.4	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	78627.0	20.0	80.0	22.2	100.0	18.2	66.7
DEX0477_020.nt.1	78627.1	10.0	100.0	22.2	100.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	78628.0	15.0	75.0	22.2	100.0	9.1	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	78628.1	10.0	100.0	22.2	100.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	94128.0	25.0	55.6	22.2	50.0	27.3	60.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	94128.1	25.0	62.5	22.2	50.0	27.3	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102786.0	25.0	71.4	22.2	50.0	27.3	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102786.1	35.0	70.0	22.2	50.0	45.5	83.3
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102787.0	35.0	58.3	22.2	40.0	45.5	71.4
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102787.1	40.0	66.7	22.2	50.0	54.5	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102789.0	20.0	57.1	22.2	50.0	18.2	66.7
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102789.1	25.0	71.4	22.2	50.0	27.3	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.0	20.0	66.7	22.2	66.7	18.2	66.7
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.1	15.0	75.0	22.2	100.0	9.1	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.2	15.0	50.0	22.2	66.7	9.1	33.3
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.0	20.0	36.4	11.1	25.0	27.3	42.9
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.1	20.0	40.0	22.2	50.0	18.2	33.3
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.2	20.0	50.0	22.2	50.0	18.2	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41939.0	30.0	42.9	22.2	33.3	36.4	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41939.1	25.0	55.6	22.2	40.0	27.3	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41939.2	30.0	46.2	22.2	40.0	36.4	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41940.0	30.0	42.9	22.2	33.3	36.4	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41940.1	25.0	35.7	22.2	33.3	27.3	37.5
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41940.2	30.0	50.0	22.2	50.0	36.4	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	78627.0	20.0	80.0	22.2	100.0	18.2	66.7
DEX0477_020.nt.2	78627.1	10.0	100.0	22.2	100.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	78628.0	15.0	75.0	22.2	100.0	9.1	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	78628.1	10.0	100.0	22.2	100.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	94128.0	25.0	55.6	22.2	50.0	27.3	60.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	94128.1	25.0	62.5	22.2	50.0	27.3	75.0

DEX0477_020.nt.2	102786.0	25.0	71.4	22.2	50.0	27.3	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102786.1	35.0	70.0	22.2	50.0	45.5	83.3
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102787.0	35.0	58.3	22.2	40.0	45.5	71.4
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102787.1	40.0	66.7	22.2	50.0	54.5	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102789.0	20.0	57.1	22.2	50.0	18.2	66.7
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102789.1	25.0	71.4	22.2	50.0	27.3	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26770.0	70.0	73.7	55.6	62.5	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26770.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26771.0	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26771.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.0	70.0	73.7	55.6	62.5	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.2	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.0	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.2	55.0	73.3	33.3	60.0	72.7	80.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.0	65.0	76.5	44.4	57.1	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.1	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.2	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.3	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.4	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.0	65.0	81.2	44.4	57.1	81.8	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.1	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.2	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.4	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26770.0	70.0	73.7	55.6	62.5	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26770.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26771.0	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26771.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.0	70.0	73.7	55.6	62.5	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.2	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.0	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.2	55.0	73.3	33.3	60.0	72.7	80.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.0	65.0	76.5	44.4	57.1	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.1	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.2	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.3	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.4	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.0	65.0	81.2	44.4	57.1	81.8	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.1	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.2	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.4	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.0	20.0	66.7	22.2	66.7	18.2	66.7
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.1	15.0	75.0	22.2	100.0	9.1	50.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.2	15.0	50.0	22.2	66.7	9.1	33.3
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41939.0	30.0	42.9	22.2	33.3	36.4	50.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41939.1	25.0	55.6	22.2	40.0	27.3	75.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41939.2	30.0	46.2	22.2	40.0	36.4	50.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41940.0	30.0	42.9	22.2	33.3	36.4	50.0

DEX0477_022.nt.1	41940.1	25.0	35.7	22.2	33.3	27.3	37.5
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41940.2	30.0	50.0	22.2	50.0	36.4	50.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	78627.0	20.0	80.0	22.2	100.0	18.2	66.7
DEX0477_022.nt.1	78627.1	10.0	100.0	22.2	100.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	78628.0	15.0	75.0	22.2	100.0	9.1	50.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	78628.1	10.0	100.0	22.2	100.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.0	70.0	73.7	55.6	62.5	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.2	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26770.0	70.0	73.7	55.6	62.5	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26770.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26771.0	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26771.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.0	65.0	76.5	44.4	57.1	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.1	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.2	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.3	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.4	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.0	65.0	81.2	44.4	57.1	81.8	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.1	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.2	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.4	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26770.0	70.0	73.7	55.6	62.5	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26770.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26771.0	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26771.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.0	65.0	76.5	44.4	57.1	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.1	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.2	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.3	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.4	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.0	65.0	81.2	44.4	57.1	81.8	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.1	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.2	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.4	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26770.0	70.0	73.7	55.6	62.5	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26770.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26771.0	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26771.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.0	65.0	76.5	44.4	57.1	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.1	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.2	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.3	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.4	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.0	65.0	81.2	44.4	57.1	81.8	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.1	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.2	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.4	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.4	26770.0	70.0	73.7	55.6	62.5	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.4	26770.1	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.0	65.0	76.5	44.4	57.1	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.1	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.2	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0

DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.3	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.4	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.0	65.0	81.2	44.4	57.1	81.8	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.1	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.2	70.0	82.4	55.6	71.4	81.8	90.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.3	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.4	70.0	77.8	55.6	71.4	81.8	81.8
DEX0477_027.nt.1	2441.0	30.0	30.0	33.3	33.3	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_027.nt.1	5236.0	25.0	25.0	33.3	33.3	18.2	18.2
DEX0477_027.nt.2	2441.0	30.0	30.0	33.3	33.3	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_027.nt.2	5236.0	25.0	25.0	33.3	33.3	18.2	18.2
DEX0477_027.nt.3	2441.0	30.0	30.0	33.3	33.3	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_027.nt.3	5236.0	25.0	25.0	33.3	33.3	18.2	18.2
DEX0477_027.nt.4	2441.0	30.0	30.0	33.3	33.3	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_027.nt.4	5236.0	25.0	25.0	33.3	33.3	18.2	18.2
DEX0477_027.nt.5	2441.0	30.0	30.0	33.3	33.3	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_027.nt.5	5236.0	25.0	25.0	33.3	33.3	18.2	18.2
DEX0477_027.nt.6	2441.0	30.0	30.0	33.3	33.3	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_027.nt.6	5236.0	25.0	25.0	33.3	33.3	18.2	18.2
DEX0477_027.nt.7	2441.0	30.0	30.0	33.3	33.3	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_027.nt.7	5236.0	25.0	25.0	33.3	33.3	18.2	18.2
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19534.1	5.0	12.5	11.1	33.3	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19535.0	5.0	9.1	11.1	25.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19535.1	5.0	11.1	11.1	33.3	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41957.0	5.0	7.1	11.1	25.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41957.1	5.0	5.9	11.1	14.3	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41957.2	5.0	7.7	11.1	25.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41958.0	5.0	6.2	11.1	16.7	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41958.1	5.0	6.2	11.1	16.7	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41958.2	5.0	6.7	11.1	16.7	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19534.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19534.1	5.0	12.5	11.1	33.3	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19535.0	5.0	9.1	11.1	25.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19535.1	5.0	11.1	11.1	33.3	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41957.0	5.0	7.1	11.1	25.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41957.1	5.0	5.9	11.1	14.3	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41957.2	5.0	7.7	11.1	25.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41958.0	5.0	6.2	11.1	16.7	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41958.1	5.0	6.2	11.1	16.7	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41958.2	5.0	6.7	11.1	16.7	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19534.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19534.1	5.0	12.5	11.1	33.3	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19535.1	5.0	11.1	11.1	33.3	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_048.nt.1	33514.0	20.0	36.4	11.1	25.0	27.3	42.9
DEX0477_048.nt.1	33514.1	20.0	36.4	11.1	25.0	27.3	42.9
DEX0477_048.nt.1	33515.0	20.0	21.1	11.1	11.1	27.3	30.0
DEX0477_048.nt.1	33515.1	20.0	21.1	11.1	11.1	27.3	30.0
DEX0477_048.nt.2	33514.0	20.0	36.4	11.1	25.0	27.3	42.9
DEX0477_048.nt.2	33514.1	20.0	36.4	11.1	25.0	27.3	42.9
DEX0477_048.nt.2	33515.0	20.0	21.1	11.1	11.1	27.3	30.0
DEX0477_048.nt.2	33515.1	20.0	21.1	11.1	11.1	27.3	30.0
DEX0477_048.nt.3	33514.0	20.0	36.4	11.1	25.0	27.3	42.9
DEX0477_048.nt.3	33514.1	20.0	36.4	11.1	25.0	27.3	42.9
DEX0477_048.nt.3	33515.0	20.0	21.1	11.1	11.1	27.3	30.0
DEX0477_048.nt.3	33515.1	20.0	21.1	11.1	11.1	27.3	30.0
DEX0477_048.nt.4	33514.0	20.0	36.4	11.1	25.0	27.3	42.9
DEX0477_048.nt.4	33514.1	20.0	36.4	11.1	25.0	27.3	42.9

DEX0477_048.nt.4	33515.0	20.0	21.1	11.1	11.1	27.3	30.0
DEX0477_048.nt.4	33515.1	20.0	21.1	11.1	11.1	27.3	30.0
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10766.0	5.0	50.0	11.1	100.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10766.1	5.0	50.0	11.1	100.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10767.0	10.0	50.0	11.1	100.0	9.1	33.3
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10767.1	15.0	60.0	11.1	100.0	18.2	50.0
DEX0477_061.nt.1	36403.0	35.0	35.0	44.4	44.4	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_061.nt.1	36403.1	50.0	50.0	44.4	44.4	54.5	54.5
DEX0477_061.nt.1	36404.0	80.0	84.2	66.7	75.0	90.9	90.9
DEX0477_061.nt.1	36404.1	75.0	78.9	55.6	55.6	90.9	100.0
DEX0477_061.nt.2	36403.0	35.0	35.0	44.4	44.4	27.3	27.3
DEX0477_061.nt.2	36403.1	50.0	50.0	44.4	44.4	54.5	54.5
DEX0477_061.nt.2	36404.0	80.0	84.2	66.7	75.0	90.9	90.9
DEX0477_061.nt.2	36404.1	75.0	78.9	55.6	55.6	90.9	100.0
DEX0477_065.nt.1	4941.0	50.0	50.0	33.3	33.3	63.6	63.6
DEX0477_065.nt.2	4941.0	50.0	50.0	33.3	33.3	63.6	63.6
DEX0477_065.nt.3	4941.0	50.0	50.0	33.3	33.3	63.6	63.6
DEX0477_066.nt.1	4941.0	50.0	50.0	33.3	33.3	63.6	63.6
DEX0477_066.nt.2	4941.0	50.0	50.0	33.3	33.3	63.6	63.6
DEX0477_068.nt.1	5539.0	25.0	25.0	11.1	11.1	36.4	36.4
DEX0477_070.nt.1	3745.0	50.0	50.0	44.4	44.4	54.5	54.5

COLON CANCER CHIPS

For colon cancer two different chip designs were evaluated with overlapping sets of a total of 38 samples, comparing the expression patterns of colon cancer derived polyA+ RNA to polyA+ RNA isolated from a pool of 7 normal colon tissues. For the Colon Array Chip all 38 samples (23 Ascending colon carcinomas and 15 Rectosigmoidal carcinomas including: 5 stage I cancers, 15 stage II cancers, 15 stage III and 2 stage IV cancers, as well as 28 Grade1/2 and 10 Grade 3 cancers) were analyzed. The histopathologic grades for cancer are classified as follows: GX, cannot be assessed; G1, well differentiated; G2, Moderately differentiated; G3, poorly differentiated; and G4, undifferentiated. <u>AJCC Cancer Staging Handbook</u>, 5th Edition, 1998, page 9. For the Colon Array Chip analysis, samples were further divided into groups based on the expression pattern of the known colon cancer associated gene Thymidilate Synthase (TS) (13 TS up 25 TS not up). The association of TS with advanced colorectal cancer is well documented. Paradiso *et al.*, *Br J Cancer* 82(3):560-7 (2000); Etienne *et al., J Clin Oncol.* 20(12):2832-43 (2002); Aschele *et al. Clin Cancer Res.* 6(12):4797-802 (2000). . For the Multi-Cancer Array Chip a subset of 27 of these samples (14 Ascending colon carcinomas and 13 Rectosigmoidal carcinomas including: 3 stage I cancers, 9 stage II cancers, 13 stage III and 2 stage IV cancers) were assessed. In addition to the tissue samples, five colon cancer cell lines (HT29, SW480, SW620, HCT-16, CaCo2) were analyzed on the Colon Array Chip.

The results for the statistically significant up-regulated genes on the Colon Array Chip are shown in Table(s) 7-10. The results for the statistically significant up-regulated genes on the Multi-Cancer Array Chip are shown in Table(s) 11-12.

The first two columns of each table contain information about the sequence itself (Seq ID, Oligo Name), the next columns show the results obtained for all ("ALL") the colon samples, ascending colon carcinomas ("ASC"), Rectosigmoidal carcinomas ("RS"), cancers corresponding to stages I and II ("ST1,2"), stages III and IV ("ST3,4"), grades 1 and 2 ("GR1,2"), grade 3 ("GR3"), cancers exhibiting up-regulation of the TS gene ("TSup") or those not exhibiting up-regulation of the TS gene ("NOT TSup"). '%up' indicates the percentage of all experiments in which up-regulation of at least 2-fold was observed n=38 for the Colon Array Chip (n=27 for the Multi-Cancer Array Chip), '%valid up' indicates the percentage of experiments with valid expression values in which up-regulation of at least 2-fold was observed. For the cell lines '%up' indicates the percentage of all experiments in which up-regulation of at least 1.8-fold was observed (n=5 for the Colon Array Chip), '%valid up' indicates the percentage of experiments with valid expression values in which up-regulation of at least 1.8-fold was observed. Additional experiments were performed, generally the results are only reported below if the data showed 30% or greater up-regulation in at least one of the experimental subsets.

Table 7.

DEX ID	Oligo Name	Cln ALL %up n=38	Cln ALL % valid up n=38	Cln ASC %up n=23	Cln ASC % valid up n=23	Cln RS %up n=15	Cln RS % valid up n=15	Cln ST1, 2 %up n=20	Cln ST1,2 % valid up n=20	Cln ST3,4 %up n=18	Cln ST3,4 % valid up n=18
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17852.0	76.3	76.3	78.3	78.3	73.3	73.3	80.0	80.0	72.2	72.2
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17853.0	76.3	76.3	78.3	78.3	73.3	73.3	80.0	80.0	72.2	72.2
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.0	73.7	73.7	78.3	78.3	66.7	66.7	75.0	75.0	72.2	72.2
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.1	73.7	73.7	78.3	78.3	66.7	66.7	75.0	75.0	72.2	72.2
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.0	76.3	76.3	78.3	78.3	73.3	73.3	80.0	80.0	72.2	72.2
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.1	76.3	76.3	78.3	78.3	73.3	73.3	80.0	80.0	72.2	72.2
DEX0477_009.nt.1	36563.0	42.1	42.1	47.8	47.8	33.3	33.3	35.0	35.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_009.nt.1	36564.0	34.2	34.2	39.1	39.1	26.7	26.7	30.0	30.0	38.9	38.9
DEX0477_031.nt.1	38628.0	28.9	28.9	34.8	34.8	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	38.9	38.9

DEX0477_ 032.nt.1	41923.0	10.5	11.1	13.0	13.0	6.7	7.7	10.0	11.1	11.1	11.1
DEX0477_ 032.nt.1	41924.0	13.2	14.3	17.4	18.2	6.7	7.7	10.0	11.8	16.7	16.7
DEX0477_ 033.nt.1	19534.0	36.8	36.8	43.5	43.5	26.7	26.7	25.0	25.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_ 033.nt.1	19534.1	36.8	36.8	43.5	43.5	26.7	26.7	25.0	25.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_ 033.nt.1	19535.0	36.8	36.8	39.1	39.1	33.3	33.3	30.0	30.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.1	19535.1	36.8	36.8	39.1	39.1	33.3	33.3	30.0	30.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.1	35174.0	42.1	42.1	47.8	47.8	33.3	33.3	35.0	35.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_ 033.nt.1	35175.0	36.8	36.8	39.1	39.1	33.3	33.3	30.0	30.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.1	38703.0	36.8	36.8	43.5	43.5	26.7	26.7	25.0	25.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_ 033.nt.1	38704.0	28.9	28.9	34.8	34.8	20.0	20.0	15.0	15.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.2	19534.0	36.8	36.8	43.5	43.5	26.7	26.7	25.0	25.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_ 033.nt.2	19534.1	36.8	36.8	43.5	43.5	26.7	26.7	25.0	25.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_ 033.nt.2	19535.0	36.8	36.8	39.1	39.1	33.3	33.3	30.0	30.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.2	19535.1	36.8	36.8	39.1	39.1	33.3	33.3	30.0	30.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.2	35174.0	42.1	42.1	47.8	47.8	33.3	33.3	35.0	35.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_ 033.nt.2	35175.0	36.8	36.8	39.1	39.1	33.3	33.3	30.0	30.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.2	38703.0	36.8	36.8	43.5	43.5	26.7	26.7	25.0	25.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_ 033.nt.2	38704.0	28.9	28.9	34.8	34.8	20.0	20.0	15.0	15.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	19534.0	36.8	36.8	43.5	43.5	26.7	26.7	25.0	25.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	19534.1	36.8	36.8	43.5	43.5	26.7	26.7	25.0	25.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	19535.0	36.8	36.8	39.1	39.1	33.3	33.3	30.0	30.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	19535.1	36.8	36.8	39.1	39.1	33.3	33.3	30.0	30.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	35174.0	42.1	42.1	47.8	47.8	33.3	33.3	35.0	35.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	35175.0	36.8	36.8	39.1	39.1	33.3	33.3	30.0	30.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	38703.0	36.8	36.8	43.5	43.5	26.7	26.7	25.0	25.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	38704.0	28.9	28.9	34.8	34.8	20.0	20.0	15.0	15.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_ 037.nt.1	34940.0	23.7	23.7	30.4	30.4	13.3	13.3	25.0	25.0	22.2	22.2
DEX0477_ 038.nt.1	10208.0	39.5	42.9	47.8	52.4	26.7	28.6	55.0	55.0	22.2	26.7
DEX0477_ 038.nt.1	10209.0	39.5	40.5	47.8	47.8	26.7	28.6	55.0	55.0	22.2	23.5
DEX0477_	10208.0	39.5	42.9	47.8	52.4	26.7	28.6	55.0	55.0	22.2	26.7

038.nt.2											
DEX0477_038.nt.2	10209.0	39.5	40.5	47.8	47.8	26.7	28.6	55.0	55.0	22.2	23.5
DEX0477_038.nt.3	10208.0	39.5	42.9	47.8	52.4	26.7	28.6	55.0	55.0	22.2	26.7
DEX0477_038.nt.3	10209.0	39.5	40.5	47.8	47.8	26.7	28.6	55.0	55.0	22.2	23.5
DEX0477_039.nt.1	38628.0	28.9	28.9	34.8	34.8	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	38.9	38.9
DEX0477_058.nt.1	35264.0	31.6	31.6	30.4	30.4	33.3	33.3	20.0	20.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_058.nt.1	35265.0	28.9	28.9	26.1	26.1	33.3	33.3	20.0	20.0	38.9	38.9
DEX0477_058.nt.2	35264.0	31.6	31.6	30.4	30.4	33.3	33.3	20.0	20.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_058.nt.2	35265.0	28.9	28.9	26.1	26.1	33.3	33.3	20.0	20.0	38.9	38.9
DEX0477_059.nt.1	33732.0	57.9	62.9	52.2	57.1	66.7	71.4	50.0	55.6	66.7	70.6
DEX0477_059.nt.1	33733.0	60.5	69.7	52.2	57.1	73.3	91.7	55.0	61.1	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_059.nt.2	33732.0	57.9	62.9	52.2	57.1	66.7	71.4	50.0	55.6	66.7	70.6
DEX0477_059.nt.2	33733.0	60.5	69.7	52.2	57.1	73.3	91.7	55.0	61.1	66.7	80.0
DEX0477_060.nt.1	35080.0	57.9	59.5	60.9	60.9	53.3	57.1	60.0	63.2	55.6	55.6
DEX0477_060.nt.1	35081.0	44.7	50.0	43.5	50.0	46.7	50.0	45.0	50.0	44.4	50.0
DEX0477_060.nt.1	35760.0	13.2	13.5	8.7	9.1	20.0	20.0	15.0	15.0	11.1	11.8
DEX0477_060.nt.1	35761.0	18.4	29.2	17.4	23.5	20.0	42.9	20.0	28.6	16.7	30.0
DEX0477_060.nt.2	35080.0	57.9	59.5	60.9	60.9	53.3	57.1	60.0	63.2	55.6	55.6
DEX0477_060.nt.2	35081.0	44.7	50.0	43.5	50.0	46.7	50.0	45.0	50.0	44.4	50.0
DEX0477_060.nt.2	35760.0	13.2	13.5	8.7	9.1	20.0	20.0	15.0	15.0	11.1	11.8
DEX0477_060.nt.2	35761.0	18.4	29.2	17.4	23.5	20.0	42.9	20.0	28.6	16.7	30.0
DEX0477_062.nt.1	28401.0	13.2	13.2	21.7	21.7	0.0	0.0	15.0	15.0	11.1	11.1
DEX0477_062.nt.1	28402.0	21.1	21.1	26.1	26.1	13.3	13.3	20.0	20.0	22.2	22.2
DEX0477_063.nt.1	28637.0	73.7	73.7	82.6	82.6	60.0	60.0	70.0	70.0	77.8	77.8
DEX0477_063.nt.1	28638.0	65.8	65.8	73.9	73.9	53.3	53.3	70.0	70.0	61.1	61.1
DEX0477_063.nt.2	28637.0	73.7	73.7	82.6	82.6	60.0	60.0	70.0	70.0	77.8	77.8
DEX0477_063.nt.2	28638.0	65.8	65.8	73.9	73.9	53.3	53.3	70.0	70.0	61.1	61.1
DEX0477_064.nt.1	35559.0	36.8	38.9	30.4	33.3	46.7	46.7	30.0	31.6	44.4	47.1
DEX0477_067.nt.1	36348.0	52.6	54.1	52.2	54.5	53.3	53.3	65.0	68.4	38.9	38.9
DEX0477_069.nt.1	34086.0	2.6	2.9	4.3	4.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.6	6.2

DEX0477_073.nt.1	33760.0	47.4	48.6	43.5	43.5	53.3	57.1	30.0	30.0	66.7	70.6
DEX0477_073.nt.2	33760.0	47.4	48.6	43.5	43.5	53.3	57.1	30.0	30.0	66.7	70.6
DEX0477_074.nt.1	33760.0	47.4	48.6	43.5	43.5	53.3	57.1	30.0	30.0	66.7	70.6
DEX0477_075.nt.1	30637.0	81.6	83.8	91.3	95.5	66.7	66.7	75.0	78.9	88.9	88.9
DEX0477_075.nt.1	30638.0	78.9	81.1	82.6	86.4	73.3	73.3	70.0	73.7	88.9	88.9
DEX0477_077.nt.1	34002.0	60.5	60.5	56.5	56.5	66.7	66.7	65.0	65.0	55.6	55.6
DEX0477_077.nt.1	34003.0	65.8	65.8	65.2	65.2	66.7	66.7	75.0	75.0	55.6	55.6
DEX0477_077.nt.1	38323.0	50.0	51.4	47.8	50.0	53.3	53.3	60.0	63.2	38.9	38.9
DEX0477_077.nt.1	38324.0	57.9	59.5	52.2	54.5	66.7	66.7	65.0	68.4	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_078.nt.1	8312.0	2.6	2.8	4.3	4.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.6	5.9
DEX0477_078.nt.1	8313.0	23.7	25.7	26.1	27.3	20.0	23.1	20.0	22.2	27.8	29.4
DEX0477_079.nt.1	10992.0	15.8	15.8	21.7	21.7	6.7	6.7	20.0	20.0	11.1	11.1
DEX0477_079.nt.1	10993.0	13.2	13.2	21.7	21.7	0.0	0.0	10.0	10.0	16.7	16.7

Table 8.

DEX ID	Oligo Name	Cln 550 ALL %up n=38	Cln 550 ALL % valid up n=38	Cln 550 ASC %up n=23	Cln 550 ASC % valid up n=23	Cln 550 RS %up n=15	Cln 550 RS % valid up n=15	Cln 550 ST1,2 %up n=20	Cln 550 ST1,2 % valid up n=20	Cln 550 ST3,4 %up n=18	Cln 550 ST3,4 % valid up n=18
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17852.0	71.1	71.1	78.3	78.3	60.0	60.0	75.0	75.0	66.7	66.7
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17853.0	73.7	73.7	78.3	78.3	66.7	66.7	80.0	80.0	66.7	66.7
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.0	71.1	71.1	78.3	78.3	60.0	60.0	75.0	75.0	66.7	66.7
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.1	71.1	71.1	78.3	78.3	60.0	60.0	75.0	75.0	66.7	66.7
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.0	73.7	73.7	78.3	78.3	66.7	66.7	80.0	80.0	66.7	66.7
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.1	76.3	76.3	78.3	78.3	73.3	73.3	80.0	80.0	72.2	72.2
DEX0477_009.nt.1	36563.0	36.8	36.8	39.1	39.1	33.3	33.3	30.0	30.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_009.nt.1	36564.0	31.6	31.6	34.8	34.8	26.7	26.7	30.0	30.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_010.nt.1	20501.0	13.2	13.2	17.4	17.4	6.7	6.7	20.0	20.0	5.6	5.6
DEX0477_010.nt.1	20502.0	10.5	10.5	13.0	13.0	6.7	6.7	15.0	15.0	5.6	5.6
DEX0477_031.nt.1	38628.0	23.7	23.7	34.8	34.8	6.7	6.7	15.0	15.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_	41923.0	10.5	11.8	13.0	13.6	6.7	8.3	10.0	12.5	11.1	11.1

032.nt.1										
DEX0477_ 032.nt.1	41924.0	15.8	18.8	21.7	28.8	6.7	9.1	15.0	18.8	16.7	18.8
DEX0477_ 033.nt.1	19534.0	31.6	31.6	34.8	34.8	26.7	26.7	20.0	20.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.1	19534.1	31.6	31.6	39.1	39.1	20.0	20.0	15.0	15.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_ 033.nt.1	19535.0	34.2	34.2	34.8	34.8	33.3	33.3	25.0	25.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.1	19535.1	34.2	34.2	39.1	39.1	26.7	26.7	25.0	25.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.1	35174.0	34.2	34.2	39.1	39.1	26.7	26.7	20.0	20.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_ 033.nt.1	35175.0	36.8	36.8	39.1	39.1	33.3	33.3	30.0	30.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.1	38703.0	34.2	34.2	39.1	39.1	26.7	26.7	25.0	25.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.1	38704.0	26.3	26.3	34.8	34.8	13.3	13.3	15.0	15.0	38.9	38.9
DEX0477_ 033.nt.2	19534.0	31.6	31.6	34.8	34.8	26.7	26.7	20.0	20.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.2	19534.1	31.6	31.6	39.1	39.1	20.0	20.0	15.0	15.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_ 033.nt.2	19535.0	34.2	34.2	34.8	34.8	33.3	33.3	25.0	25.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.2	19535.1	34.2	34.2	39.1	39.1	26.7	26.7	25.0	25.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.2	35174.0	34.2	34.2	39.1	39.1	26.7	26.7	20.0	20.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_ 033.nt.2	35175.0	36.8	36.8	39.1	39.1	33.3	33.3	30.0	30.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.2	38703.0	34.2	34.2	39.1	39.1	26.7	26.7	25.0	25.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.2	38704.0	26.3	26.3	34.8	34.8	13.3	13.3	15.0	15.0	38.9	38.9
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	19534.0	31.6	31.6	34.8	34.8	26.7	26.7	20.0	20.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	19534.1	31.6	31.6	39.1	39.1	20.0	20.0	15.0	15.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	19535.0	34.2	34.2	34.8	34.8	33.3	33.3	25.0	25.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	19535.1	34.2	34.2	39.1	39.1	26.7	26.7	25.0	25.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	35174.0	34.2	34.2	39.1	39.1	26.7	26.7	20.0	20.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	35175.0	36.8	36.8	39.1	39.1	33.3	33.3	30.0	30.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	38703.0	34.2	34.2	39.1	39.1	26.7	26.7	25.0	25.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	38704.0	26.3	26.3	34.8	34.8	13.3	13.3	15.0	15.0	38.9	38.9
DEX0477_ 038.nt.1	10208.0	39.5	46.9	47.8	57.9	26.7	30.8	50.0	52.6	27.8	38.5
DEX0477_ 038.nt.1	10209.0	39.5	44.1	47.8	52.4	26.7	30.8	55.0	57.9	22.2	26.7
DEX0477_ 038.nt.2	10208.0	39.5	46.9	47.8	57.9	26.7	30.8	50.0	52.6	27.8	38.5
DEX0477_ 038.nt.2	10209.0	39.5	44.1	47.8	52.4	26.7	30.8	55.0	57.9	22.2	26.7

DEX0477_038.nt.3	10208.0	39.5	46.9	47.8	57.9	26.7	30.8	50.0	52.6	27.8	38.5
DEX0477_038.nt.3	10209.0	39.5	44.1	47.8	52.4	26.7	30.8	55.0	57.9	22.2	26.7
DEX0477_039.nt.1	37429.0	2.6	2.6	4.3	4.3	0.0	0.0	5.0	5.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_039.nt.1	38625.0	10.5	10.5	17.4	17.4	0.0	0.0	10.0	10.0	11.1	11.1
DEX0477_039.nt.1	38628.0	23.7	23.7	34.8	34.8	6.7	6.7	15.0	15.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_058.nt.1	35264.0	23.7	23.7	21.7	21.7	26.7	26.7	15.0	15.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_058.nt.1	35265.0	23.7	23.7	21.7	21.7	26.7	26.7	15.0	15.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_058.nt.2	35264.0	23.7	23.7	21.7	21.7	26.7	26.7	15.0	15.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_058.nt.2	35265.0	23.7	23.7	21.7	21.7	26.7	26.7	15.0	15.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_059.nt.1	33732.0	57.9	73.3	52.2	66.7	66.7	83.3	55.0	73.3	61.1	73.3
DEX0477_059.nt.1	33733.0	55.3	84.0	43.5	71.4	73.3	100.0	50.0	83.3	61.1	84.6
DEX0477_059.nt.2	33732.0	57.9	73.3	52.2	66.7	66.7	83.3	55.0	73.3	61.1	73.3
DEX0477_059.nt.2	33733.0	55.3	84.0	43.5	71.4	73.3	100.0	50.0	83.3	61.1	84.6
DEX0477_060.nt.1	35080.0	52.6	57.1	52.2	57.1	53.3	57.1	55.0	57.9	50.0	56.2
DEX0477_060.nt.1	35081.0	42.1	53.3	39.1	50.0	46.7	58.3	40.0	50.0	44.4	57.1
DEX0477_060.nt.1	35760.0	7.9	8.6	4.3	5.0	13.3	13.3	5.0	5.3	11.1	12.5
DEX0477_060.nt.1	35761.0	10.5	40.0	8.7	28.6	13.3	66.7	5.0	20.0	16.7	60.0
DEX0477_060.nt.2	35080.0	52.6	57.1	52.2	57.1	53.3	57.1	55.0	57.9	50.0	56.2
DEX0477_060.nt.2	35081.0	42.1	53.3	39.1	50.0	46.7	58.3	40.0	50.0	44.4	57.1
DEX0477_060.nt.2	35760.0	7.9	8.6	4.3	5.0	13.3	13.3	5.0	5.3	11.1	12.5
DEX0477_060.nt.2	35761.0	10.5	40.0	8.7	28.6	13.3	66.7	5.0	20.0	16.7	60.0
DEX0477_062.nt.1	28401.0	13.2	13.2	21.7	21.7	0.0	0.0	15.0	15.0	11.1	11.1
DEX0477_062.nt.1	28402.0	18.4	18.4	26.1	26.1	6.7	6.7	20.0	20.0	16.7	16.7
DEX0477_063.nt.1	28637.0	63.2	63.2	73.9	73.9	46.7	46.7	65.0	65.0	61.1	61.1
DEX0477_063.nt.1	28638.0	60.5	60.5	73.9	73.9	40.0	40.0	65.0	65.0	55.6	55.6
DEX0477_063.nt.2	28637.0	63.2	63.2	73.9	73.9	46.7	46.7	65.0	65.0	61.1	61.1
DEX0477_063.nt.2	28638.0	60.5	60.5	73.9	73.9	40.0	40.0	65.0	65.0	55.6	55.6
DEX0477_064.nt.1	35559.0	39.5	39.5	34.8	34.8	46.7	46.7	35.0	35.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_067.nt.1	36348.0	55.3	55.3	56.5	56.5	53.3	53.3	70.0	70.0	38.9	38.9
DEX0477_	34086.0	2.6	3.3	4.3	5.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.6	7.7

069.nt.1											
DEX0477_073.nt.1	33760.0	39.5	40.5	34.8	34.8	46.7	50.0	30.0	30.0	50.0	52.9
DEX0477_073.nt.2	33760.0	39.5	40.5	34.8	34.8	46.7	50.0	30.0	30.0	50.0	52.9
DEX0477_074.nt.1	33760.0	39.5	40.5	34.8	34.8	46.7	50.0	50.0	30.0	50.0	52.9
DEX0477_075.nt.1	30637.0	81.6	81.6	91.3	91.3	66.7	66.7	75.0	75.0	88.9	88.9
DEX0477_075.nt.1	30638.0	76.3	76.3	82.6	82.6	66.7	66.7	70.0	70.0	83.3	83.3
DEX0477_077.nt.1	34002.0	55.3	55.3	52.2	52.2	60.0	60.0	65.0	65.0	44.4	44.4
DEX0477_077.nt.1	34003.0	63.2	63.2	60.9	60.9	66.7	66.7	70.0	70.0	55.6	55.6
DEX0477_077.nt.1	38323.0	50.0	52.8	47.8	52.4	53.3	53.3	60.0	63.2	38.9	41.2
DEX0477_077.nt.1	38324.0	55.3	61.8	52.2	60.0	60.0	64.3	65.0	72.2	44.4	50.0
DEX0477_078.nt.1	8313.0	18.4	24.1	17.4	21.1	20.0	30.0	10.0	13.3	27.8	35.7

Table 9.

DEX ID	Oligo Name	Cln GR1,2 %up n=28	Cln GR1,2 % valid up n=28	Cln GR3 %up n=10	Cln GR3 % valid up n=10	Cln TS up %up n=13	Cln TS up % valid up n=13	Cln NOT TS up %up n=25	Cln NOT TS up % valid up n=25
DEX0477_005.nt.1	20501.0	17.9	17.9	0.0	0.0	38.5	38.5	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_005.nt.1	20502.0	17.9	17.9	0.0	0.0	38.5	38.5	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17852.0	78.6	78.6	70.0	70.0	92.3	92.3	68.0	68.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17853.0	78.6	78.6	70.0	70.0	92.3	92.3	68.0	68.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.0	75.0	75.0	70.0	70.0	84.6	84.6	68.0	68.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.1	75.0	75.0	70.0	70.0	84.6	84.6	68.0	68.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.0	78.6	78.6	70.0	70.0	92.3	92.3	68.0	68.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.1	78.6	78.6	70.0	70.0	92.3	92.3	68.0	68.0
DEX0477_009.nt.1	36563.0	35.7	35.7	60.0	60.0	69.2	69.2	28.0	28.0
DEX0477_009.nt.1	36564.0	28.6	28.6	50.0	50.0	61.5	61.5	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_010.nt.1	20501.0	17.9	17.9	0.0	0.0	38.5	38.5	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_010.nt.1	20502.0	17.9	17.9	0.0	0.0	38.5	38.5	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_031.nt.1	38625.0	7.1	7.1	20.0	20.0	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_031.nt.1	38628.0	28.6	28.6	30.0	30.0	38.5	38.5	24.0	24.0

DEX0477_032.nt.1	41923.0	3.6	3.8	30.0	30.0	23.1	25.0	4.0	4.2
DEX0477_032.nt.1	41924.0	3.6	4.0	40.0	40.0	23.1	25.0	8.0	8.7
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19534.0	35.7	35.7	40.0	40.0	38.5	38.5	36.0	36.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19534.1	35.7	35.7	40.0	40.0	38.5	38.5	36.0	36.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19535.0	39.3	39.3	30.0	30.0	46.2	46.2	32.0	32.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19535.1	39.3	39.3	30.0	30.0	46.2	46.2	32.0	32.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	35174.0	39.3	39.3	50.0	50.0	46.2	46.2	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	35175.0	39.3	39.3	30.0	30.0	46.2	46.2	32.0	32.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	38703.0	35.7	35.7	40.0	40.0	46.2	46.2	32.0	32.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	38704.0	28.6	28.6	30.0	30.0	38.5	38.5	24.0	24.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19534.0	35.7	35.7	40.0	40.0	38.5	38.5	36.0	36.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19534.1	35.7	35.7	40.0	40.0	38.5	38.5	36.0	36.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19535.0	39.3	39.3	30.0	30.0	46.2	46.2	32.0	32.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19535.1	39.3	39.3	30.0	30.0	46.2	46.2	32.0	32.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	35174.0	39.3	39.3	50.0	50.0	46.2	46.2	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	35175.0	39.3	39.3	30.0	30.0	46.2	46.2	32.0	32.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	38703.0	35.7	35.7	40.0	40.0	46.2	46.2	32.0	32.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	38704.0	28.6	28.6	30.0	30.0	38.5	38.5	24.0	24.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19534.0	35.7	35.7	40.0	40.0	38.5	38.5	36.0	36.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19534.1	35.7	35.7	40.0	40.0	38.5	38.5	36.0	36.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19535.0	39.3	39.3	30.0	30.0	46.2	46.2	32.0	32.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19535.1	39.3	39.3	30.0	30.0	46.2	46.2	32.0	32.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	35174.0	39.3	39.3	50.0	50.0	46.2	46.2	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	35175.0	39.3	39.3	30.0	30.0	46.2	46.2	32.0	32.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	38703.0	35.7	35.7	40.0	40.0	46.2	46.2	32.0	32.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	38704.0	28.6	28.6	30.0	30.0	38.5	38.5	24.0	24.0
DEX0477_035.nt.1	39948.0	21.4	21.4	10.0	10.0	23.1	23.1	16.0	16.0
DEX0477_035.nt.2	39948.0	21.4	21.4	10.0	10.0	23.1	23.1	16.0	16.0
DEX0477_035.nt.3	39948.0	21.4	21.4	10.0	10.0	23.1	23.1	16.0	16.0
DEX0477_	39948.0	21.4	21.4	10.0	10.0	23.1	23.1	16.0	16.0

035.nt.4									
DEX0477_037.nt.1	34940.0	17.9	17.9	40.0	40.0	46.2	46.2	12.0	12.0
DEX0477_038.nt.1	10208.0	35.7	38.5	50.0	55.6	38.5	38.5	40.0	45.5
DEX0477_038.nt.1	10209.0	39.3	40.7	40.0	40.0	30.8	30.8	44.0	45.8
DEX0477_038.nt.2	10208.0	35.7	38.5	50.0	55.6	38.5	38.5	40.0	45.5
DEX0477_038.nt.2	10209.0	39.3	40.7	40.0	40.0	30.8	30.8	44.0	45.8
DEX0477_038.nt.3	10208.0	35.7	38.5	50.0	55.6	38.5	38.5	40.0	45.5
DEX0477_038.nt.3	10209.0	39.3	40.7	40.0	40.0	30.8	30.8	44.0	45.8
DEX0477_039.nt.1	38625.0	7.1	7.1	20.0	20.0	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_039.nt.1	38628.0	28.6	28.6	30.0	30.0	38.5	38.5	24.0	24.0
DEX0477_040.nt.1	10992.0	10.7	10.7	30.0	30.0	38.5	38.5	4.0	4.0
DEX0477_040.nt.1	10993.0	7.1	7.1	30.0	30.0	30.8	30.8	4.0	4.0
DEX0477_041.nt.1	28696.0	3.6	3.6	30.0	30.0	23.1	23.1	4.0	4.0
DEX0477_059.nt.1	33732.0	64.3	69.2	40.0	44.4	30.8	33.3	72.0	78.3
DEX0477_059.nt.1	33733.0	67.9	76.0	40.0	50.0	30.8	33.3	76.0	90.5
DEX0477_059.nt.2	33732.0	64.3	69.2	40.0	44.4	30.8	33.3	72.0	78.3
DEX0477_059.nt.2	33733.0	67.9	76.0	40.0	50.0	30.8	33.3	76.0	90.5
DEX0477_060.nt.1	35080.0	57.1	59.3	60.0	60.0	46.2	50.0	64.0	64.0
DEX0477_060.nt.1	35081.0	42.9	48.0	50.0	55.6	30.8	33.3	52.0	59.1
DEX0477_060.nt.1	35760.0	17.9	17.9	0.0	0.0	23.1	23.1	8.0	8.3
DEX0477_060.nt.1	35761.0	17.9	27.8	20.0	33.3	7.7	10.0	24.0	42.9
DEX0477_060.nt.2	35080.0	57.1	59.3	60.0	60.0	46.2	50.0	64.0	64.0
DEX0477_060.nt.2	35081.0	42.9	48.0	50.0	55.6	30.8	33.3	52.0	59.1
DEX0477_060.nt.2	35760.0	17.9	17.9	0.0	0.0	23.1	23.1	8.0	8.3
DEX0477_060.nt.2	35761.0	17.9	27.8	20.0	33.3	7.7	10.0	24.0	42.9
DEX0477_062.nt.1	28401.0	7.1	7.1	30.0	30.0	30.8	30.8	4.0	4.0
DEX0477_062.nt.1	28402.0	14.3	14.3	40.0	40.0	30.8	30.8	16.0	16.0
DEX0477_063.nt.1	28637.0	71.4	71.4	80.0	80.0	69.2	69.2	76.0	76.0
DEX0477_063.nt.1	28638.0	64.3	64.3	70.0	70.0	61.5	61.5	68.0	68.0
DEX0477_063.nt.2	28637.0	71.4	71.4	80.0	80.0	69.2	69.2	76.0	76.0

DEX0477_063.nt.2	28638.0	64.3	64.3	70.0	70.0	61.5	61.5	68.0	68.0
DEX0477_064.nt.1	35559.0	32.1	33.3	50.0	55.6	23.1	27.3	44.0	44.0
DEX0477_067.nt.1	36348.0	57.1	57.1	40.0	44.4	38.5	41.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_069.nt.1	34086.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	11.1	7.7	9.1	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_073.nt.1	33760.0	39.3	40.7	70.0	70.0	53.8	53.8	44.0	45.8
DEX0477_073.nt.2	33760.0	39.3	40.7	70.0	70.0	53.8	53.8	44.0	45.8
DEX0477_074.nt.1	33760.0	39.3	40.7	70.0	70.0	53.8	53.8	44.0	45.8
DEX0477_075.nt.1	30637.0	82.1	82.1	80.0	88.9	69.2	75.0	88.0	88.0
DEX0477_075.nt.1	30638.0	78.6	78.6	80.0	88.9	61.5	66.7	88.0	88.0
DEX0477_077.nt.1	34002.0	60.7	60.7	60.0	60.0	53.8	53.8	64.0	64.0
DEX0477_077.nt.1	34003.0	67.9	67.9	60.0	60.0	53.8	53.8	72.0	72.0
DEX0477_077.nt.1	38323.0	53.6	55.6	40.0	40.0	53.8	53.8	48.0	50.0
DEX0477_077.nt.1	38324.0	57.1	59.3	60.0	60.0	53.8	53.8	60.0	62.5
DEX0477_078.nt.1	8312.0	3.6	3.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	4.3
DEX0477_078.nt.1	8313.0	25.0	26.9	20.0	22.2	7.7	8.3	32.0	34.8
DEX0477_079.nt.1	10992.0	10.7	10.7	30.0	30.0	38.5	38.5	4.0	4.0
DEX0477_079.nt.1	10993.0	7.1	7.1	30.0	30.0	30.8	30.8	4.0	4.0

Table 10.

DEX ID	Oligo Name	Cln Cell Lines %up n=5	Cln Cell Lines %valid up n=5	Cln Cell Lines PMT 550 %up n=5	Cln Cell Lines PMT 550 %valid up n=5
DEX0477_009.nt.1	36563.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0
DEX0477_009.nt.1	36564.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0
DEX0477_031.nt.1	38625.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_031.nt.1	38628.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_032.nt.1	41923.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_032.nt.1	41924.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19534.0	20.0	20.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19534.1	40.0	40.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19535.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19535.1	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	35174.0	40.0	40.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	35175.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	38703.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	38704.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19534.0	20.0	20.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19534.1	40.0	40.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19535.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19535.1	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0

DEX0477_033.nt.2	35174.0	40.0	40.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	35175.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	38703.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	38704.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19534.0	20.0	20.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19534.1	40.0	40.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19535.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19535.1	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	35174.0	40.0	40.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_035.nt.1	39948.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_035.nt.2	39948.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_035.nt.3	39948.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_035.nt.4	39948.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_037.nt.1	34940.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_039.nt.1	38625.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_039.nt.1	38628.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_040.nt.1	10992.0	60.0	75.0	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_040.nt.1	10993.0	40.0	50.0	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_041.nt.1	28696.0	60.0	60.0	80.0	80.0
DEX0477_059.nt.1	33732.0	60.0	75.0	20.0	50.0
DEX0477_059.nt.1	33733.0	40.0	66.7	20.0	50.0
DEX0477_059.nt.2	33732.0	60.0	75.0	20.0	50.0
DEX0477_059.nt.2	33733.0	40.0	66.7	20.0	50.0
DEX0477_060.nt.1	35080.0	20.0	33.3	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_060.nt.2	35080.0	20.0	33.3	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_062.nt.1	28402.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_064.nt.1	35559.0	20.0	50.0	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_079.nt.1	10992.0	60.0	75.0	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_079.nt.1	10993.0	40.0	50.0	60.0	60.0

Table 11.

DEX ID	Oligo Name	Cln Multi-Can ALL %up n=27	Cln Multi-Can ALL %valid up n=27	Cln Multi-Can ASC %up n=14	Cln Multi-Can ASC %valid up n=14	Cln Multi-Can RS %up n=13	Cln Multi-Can RS %valid up n=13
DEX0477_001.nt.1	78855.0	66.7	66.7	57.1	57.1	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.1	78855.1	66.7	66.7	57.1	57.1	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.1	78856.0	66.7	69.2	57.1	61.5	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.1	78856.1	63.0	63.0	57.1	57.1	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_001.nt.2	27921.0	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_001.nt.2	27921.1	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_001.nt.2	27922.0	18.5	18.5	21.4	21.4	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_001.nt.2	27922.1	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_001.nt.2	78855.0	66.7	66.7	57.1	57.1	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.2	78855.1	66.7	66.7	57.1	57.1	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.2	78856.0	66.7	69.2	57.1	61.5	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.2	78856.1	63.0	63.0	57.1	57.1	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_001.nt.4	27921.0	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_001.nt.4	27921.1	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_001.nt.4	27922.0	18.5	18.5	21.4	21.4	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_001.nt.4	27922.1	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_001.nt.4	78855.0	66.7	66.7	57.1	57.1	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.4	78855.1	66.7	66.7	57.1	57.1	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.4	78856.0	66.7	69.2	57.1	61.5	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.4	78856.1	63.0	63.0	57.1	57.1	69.2	69.2

DEX0477_001.nt.5	27921.0	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_001.nt.5	27921.1	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_001.nt.5	27922.0	18.5	18.5	21.4	21.4	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_001.nt.5	27922.1	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_001.nt.5	78855.0	66.7	66.7	57.1	57.1	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.5	78855.1	66.7	66.7	57.1	57.1	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.5	78856.0	66.7	69.2	57.1	61.5	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.5	78856.1	63.0	63.0	57.1	57.1	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_001.nt.6	27921.0	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_001.nt.6	27921.1	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_001.nt.6	27922.0	18.5	18.5	21.4	21.4	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_001.nt.6	27922.1	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_001.nt.6	78855.0	66.7	66.7	57.1	57.1	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.6	78855.1	66.7	66.7	57.1	57.1	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.6	78856.0	66.7	69.2	57.1	61.5	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.6	78856.1	63.0	63.0	57.1	57.1	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_001.nt.7	27921.0	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_001.nt.7	27921.1	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_001.nt.7	78855.0	66.7	66.7	57.1	57.1	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.7	78855.1	66.7	66.7	57.1	57.1	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.7	78856.0	66.7	69.2	57.1	61.5	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.7	78856.1	63.0	63.0	57.1	57.1	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_001.nt.8	27921.0	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_001.nt.8	27921.1	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_001.nt.8	27922.0	18.5	18.5	21.4	21.4	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_001.nt.8	27922.1	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_001.nt.8	78855.0	66.7	66.7	57.1	57.1	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.8	78855.1	66.7	66.7	57.1	57.1	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.8	78856.0	66.7	69.2	57.1	61.5	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.8	78856.1	63.0	63.0	57.1	57.1	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_001.nt.9	27921.0	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_001.nt.9	27921.1	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_001.nt.9	27922.0	18.5	18.5	21.4	21.4	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_001.nt.9	27922.1	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_001.nt.9	78855.0	66.7	66.7	57.1	57.1	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.9	78855.1	66.7	66.7	57.1	57.1	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.9	78856.0	66.7	69.2	57.1	61.5	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.9	78856.1	63.0	63.0	57.1	57.1	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_002.nt.1	27921.0	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_002.nt.1	27921.1	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_002.nt.1	27922.0	18.5	18.5	21.4	21.4	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_002.nt.1	27922.1	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_002.nt.1	78855.0	66.7	66.7	57.1	57.1	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_002.nt.1	78855.1	66.7	66.7	57.1	57.1	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_002.nt.1	78856.0	66.7	69.2	57.1	61.5	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_002.nt.1	78856.1	63.0	63.0	57.1	57.1	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_002.nt.2	27921.0	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_002.nt.2	27921.1	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_002.nt.2	27922.0	18.5	18.5	21.4	21.4	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_002.nt.2	27922.1	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_002.nt.2	78855.0	66.7	66.7	57.1	57.1	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_002.nt.2	78855.1	66.7	66.7	57.1	57.1	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_002.nt.2	78856.0	66.7	69.2	57.1	61.5	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_002.nt.2	78856.1	63.0	63.0	57.1	57.1	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_003.nt.1	96120.0	22.2	23.1	28.6	30.8	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_003.nt.1	96120.1	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105624.0	25.9	26.9	28.6	30.8	23.1	23.1

DEX0477_003.nt.1	105628.0	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105628.1	29.6	30.8	28.6	28.6	30.8	33.3
DEX0477_003.nt.2	96120.0	22.2	23.1	28.6	30.8	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_003.nt.2	96120.1	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105624.0	25.9	26.9	28.6	30.8	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105624.1	25.9	25.9	28.6	28.6	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105627.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105627.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105628.0	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105628.1	29.6	30.8	28.6	28.6	30.8	33.3
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1200.0	74.1	74.1	85.7	85.7	61.5	61.5
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1201.0	74.1	74.1	85.7	85.7	61.5	61.5
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9744.0	14.8	15.4	14.3	15.4	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9744.1	11.1	11.5	7.1	7.7	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9745.0	22.2	22.2	14.3	14.3	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9745.1	18.5	19.2	14.3	15.4	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17852.0	81.5	81.5	85.7	85.7	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17852.1	81.5	81.5	85.7	85.7	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17853.0	85.2	85.2	92.9	92.9	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17853.1	85.2	85.2	92.9	92.9	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.0	77.8	77.8	85.7	85.7	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.1	81.5	81.5	92.9	92.9	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.2	70.4	76.0	71.4	83.3	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.3	81.5	81.5	85.7	85.7	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.0	85.2	85.2	92.9	92.9	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.1	85.2	85.2	92.9	92.9	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.2	85.2	85.2	92.9	92.9	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.3	85.2	85.2	92.9	92.9	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4733.0	74.1	74.1	64.3	64.3	84.6	84.6
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4733.1	70.4	70.4	57.1	57.1	84.6	84.6
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4734.0	70.4	70.4	57.1	57.1	84.6	84.6
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4734.1	66.7	69.2	57.1	57.1	76.9	83.3
DEX0477_009.nt.1	990.0	63.0	63.0	71.4	71.4	53.8	53.8
DEX0477_014.nt.1	4538.0	7.4	100.0	0.0	0.0	15.4	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.1	4538.1	11.1	100.0	7.1	100.0	15.4	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.1	27949.0	7.4	100.0	7.1	100.0	7.7	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.1	27949.1	7.4	100.0	7.1	100.0	7.7	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	4538.0	7.4	100.0	0.0	0.0	15.4	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	4538.1	11.1	100.0	7.1	100.0	15.4	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	27949.0	7.4	100.0	7.1	100.0	7.7	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	27949.1	7.4	100.0	7.1	100.0	7.7	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	4538.0	7.4	100.0	0.0	0.0	15.4	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	4538.1	11.1	100.0	7.1	100.0	15.4	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	27949.0	7.4	100.0	7.1	100.0	7.7	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	27949.1	7.4	100.0	7.1	100.0	7.7	100.0
DEX0477_030.nt.1	28117.0	51.9	70.0	71.4	76.9	30.8	57.1
DEX0477_030.nt.1	28117.1	55.6	68.2	78.6	84.6	30.8	44.4
DEX0477_030.nt.1	28118.0	48.1	81.2	64.3	81.8	30.8	80.0
DEX0477_030.nt.1	28118.1	51.9	82.4	71.4	83.3	30.8	80.0
DEX0477_030.nt.2	28117.0	51.9	70.0	71.4	76.9	30.8	57.1
DEX0477_030.nt.2	28117.1	55.6	68.2	78.6	84.6	30.8	44.4
DEX0477_030.nt.2	28118.0	48.1	81.2	64.3	81.8	30.8	80.0
DEX0477_030.nt.2	28118.1	51.9	82.4	71.4	83.3	30.8	80.0
DEX0477_030.nt.3	28117.0	51.9	70.0	71.4	76.9	30.8	57.1
DEX0477_030.nt.3	28117.1	55.6	68.2	78.6	84.6	30.8	44.4
DEX0477_030.nt.3	28118.0	48.1	81.2	64.3	81.8	30.8	80.0
DEX0477_030.nt.3	28118.1	51.9	82.4	71.4	83.3	30.8	80.0

DEX0477_031.nt.1	38628.0	29.6	29.6	35.7	35.7	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_031.nt.1	38628.1	25.9	25.9	28.6	28.6	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19534.0	33.3	33.3	35.7	35.7	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19534.1	33.3	33.3	35.7	35.7	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19535.0	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19535.1	33.3	33.3	35.7	35.7	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41957.0	33.3	33.3	35.7	35.7	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41957.1	33.3	33.3	35.7	35.7	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41957.2	33.3	33.3	35.7	35.7	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41958.0	37.0	37.0	35.7	35.7	38.5	38.5
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41958.1	33.3	33.3	35.7	35.7	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41958.2	33.3	33.3	35.7	35.7	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19534.0	33.3	33.3	35.7	35.7	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19534.1	33.3	33.3	35.7	35.7	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19535.0	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19535.1	33.3	33.3	35.7	35.7	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41957.0	33.3	33.3	35.7	35.7	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41957.1	33.3	33.3	35.7	35.7	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41957.2	33.3	33.3	35.7	35.7	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41958.0	37.0	37.0	35.7	35.7	38.5	38.5
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41958.1	33.3	33.3	35.7	35.7	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41958.2	33.3	33.3	35.7	35.7	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19534.0	33.3	33.3	35.7	35.7	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19534.1	33.3	33.3	35.7	35.7	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19535.0	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19535.1	33.3	33.3	35.7	35.7	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41957.0	33.3	33.3	35.7	35.7	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41957.1	33.3	33.3	35.7	35.7	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41957.2	33.3	33.3	35.7	35.7	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41958.0	37.0	37.0	35.7	35.7	38.5	38.5
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41958.1	33.3	33.3	35.7	35.7	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41958.2	33.3	33.3	35.7	35.7	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_034.nt.1	3933.0	29.6	30.8	28.6	30.8	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_035.nt.1	973.0	22.2	22.2	28.6	28.6	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_035.nt.1	996.0	55.6	57.7	64.3	69.2	46.2	46.2
DEX0477_035.nt.2	973.0	22.2	22.2	28.6	28.6	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_035.nt.3	973.0	22.2	22.2	28.6	28.6	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_035.nt.4	973.0	22.2	22.2	28.6	28.6	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_035.nt.4	996.0	55.6	57.7	64.3	69.2	46.2	46.2
DEX0477_035.nt.5	996.0	55.6	57.7	64.3	69.2	46.2	46.2
DEX0477_036.nt.1	2371.0	48.1	48.1	50.0	50.0	46.2	46.2
DEX0477_036.nt.1	2406.0	33.3	33.3	28.6	28.6	38.5	38.5
DEX0477_036.nt.1	2442.0	37.0	37.0	28.6	28.6	46.2	46.2
DEX0477_036.nt.1	3111.0	55.6	68.2	42.9	54.5	69.2	81.8
DEX0477_039.nt.1	23480.0	11.1	11.5	21.4	23.1	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_039.nt.1	23480.1	18.5	18.5	28.6	28.6	7.7	7.7
DEX0477_039.nt.1	23481.0	25.9	25.9	35.7	35.7	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_039.nt.1	23481.1	22.2	23.1	21.4	23.1	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_039.nt.1	38627.0	22.2	22.2	21.4	21.4	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_039.nt.1	38627.1	14.8	14.8	21.4	21.4	7.7	7.7
DEX0477_039.nt.1	38628.0	29.6	29.6	35.7	35.7	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_039.nt.1	38628.1	25.9	25.9	28.6	28.6	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_042.nt.1	3383.0	51.9	51.9	42.9	42.9	61.5	61.5
DEX0477_061.nt.1	36404.0	29.6	29.6	42.9	42.9	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_061.nt.1	36404.1	25.9	25.9	42.9	42.9	7.7	7.7
DEX0477_061.nt.2	36403.0	14.8	14.8	21.4	21.4	7.7	7.7
DEX0477_061.nt.2	36403.1	7.4	7.4	14.3	14.3	0.0	0.0

DEX0477_061.nt.2	36404.0	29.6	29.6	42.9	42.9	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_061.nt.2	36404.1	25.9	25.9	42.9	42.9	7.7	7.7
DEX0477_065.nt.1	4941.0	33.3	33.3	28.6	28.6	38.5	38.5
DEX0477_065.nt.2	4941.0	33.3	33.3	28.6	28.6	38.5	38.5
DEX0477_065.nt.3	4941.0	33.3	33.3	28.6	28.6	38.5	38.5
DEX0477_066.nt.1	4941.0	33.3	33.3	28.6	28.6	38.5	38.5
DEX0477_066.nt.2	4941.0	33.3	33.3	28.6	28.6	38.5	38.5
DEX0477_068.nt.1	5539.0	14.8	14.8	7.1	7.1	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_070.nt.1	3745.0	33.3	33.3	28.6	28.6	38.5	38.5
DEX0477_076.nt.1	1383.0	18.5	18.5	28.6	28.6	7.7	7.7

Table 12.

DEX ID	Oligo Name	Cln Multi-Can 550 ALL %up n=27	Cln Multi-Can 550 ALL %valid up n=27	Cln Multi-Can 550 ASC %up n=14	Cln Multi-Can 550 ASC %valid up n=14	Cln Multi-Can 550 RS %up n=13	Cln Multi-Can 550 RS %valid up n=13
DEX0477_001.nt.1	78855.0	63.0	63.0	50.0	50.0	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.1	78855.1	63.0	63.0	50.0	50.0	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.1	78856.0	63.0	65.4	50.0	53.8	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.1	78856.1	63.0	63.0	57.1	57.1	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_001.nt.2	27921.0	25.9	25.9	28.6	28.6	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_001.nt.2	27921.1	22.2	23.1	21.4	23.1	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_001.nt.2	27922.0	18.5	18.5	21.4	21.4	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_001.nt.2	27922.1	25.9	25.9	28.6	28.6	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_001.nt.2	78855.0	63.0	63.0	50.0	50.0	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.2	78855.1	63.0	63.0	50.0	50.0	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.2	78856.0	63.0	65.4	50.0	53.8	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.2	78856.1	63.0	63.0	57.1	57.1	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_001.nt.4	27921.0	25.9	25.9	28.6	28.6	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_001.nt.4	27921.1	22.2	23.1	21.4	23.1	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_001.nt.4	27922.0	18.5	18.5	21.4	21.4	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_001.nt.4	27922.1	25.9	25.9	28.6	28.6	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_001.nt.4	78855.0	63.0	63.0	50.0	50.0	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.4	78855.1	63.0	63.0	50.0	50.0	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.4	78856.0	63.0	65.4	50.0	53.8	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.4	78856.1	63.0	63.0	57.1	57.1	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_001.nt.5	78855.0	63.0	63.0	50.0	50.0	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.5	78855.1	63.0	63.0	50.0	50.0	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.5	78856.0	63.0	65.4	50.0	53.8	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.5	78856.1	63.0	63.0	57.1	57.1	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_001.nt.6	78855.0	63.0	63.0	50.0	50.0	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.6	78855.1	63.0	63.0	50.0	50.0	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.6	78856.0	63.0	65.4	50.0	53.8	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.6	78856.1	63.0	63.0	57.1	57.1	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_001.nt.7	78855.0	63.0	63.0	50.0	50.0	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.7	78855.1	63.0	63.0	50.0	50.0	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.7	78856.0	63.0	65.4	50.0	53.8	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.7	78856.1	63.0	63.0	57.1	57.1	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_001.nt.8	78855.0	63.0	63.0	50.0	50.0	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.8	78855.1	63.0	63.0	50.0	50.0	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.8	78856.0	63.0	65.4	50.0	53.8	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.8	78856.1	63.0	63.0	57.1	57.1	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_001.nt.9	78855.0	63.0	63.0	50.0	50.0	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.9	78855.1	63.0	63.0	50.0	50.0	76.9	76.9

DEX0477_001.nt.9	78856.0	63.0	65.4	50.0	53.8	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_001.nt.9	78856.1	63.0	63.0	57.1	57.1	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_002.nt.1	78855.0	63.0	63.0	50.0	50.0	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_002.nt.1	78855.1	63.0	63.0	50.0	50.0	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_002.nt.1	78856.0	63.0	65.4	50.0	53.8	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_002.nt.1	78856.1	63.0	63.0	57.1	57.1	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_002.nt.2	27921.0	25.9	25.9	28.6	28.6	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_002.nt.2	27921.1	22.2	23.1	21.4	23.1	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_002.nt.2	27922.0	18.5	18.5	21.4	21.4	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_002.nt.2	27922.1	25.9	25.9	28.6	28.6	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_002.nt.2	78855.0	63.0	63.0	50.0	50.0	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_002.nt.2	78855.1	63.0	63.0	50.0	50.0	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_002.nt.2	78856.0	63.0	65.4	50.0	53.8	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_002.nt.2	78856.1	63.0	63.0	57.1	57.1	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105624.0	22.2	23.1	28.6	30.8	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105628.0	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105628.1	29.6	30.8	28.6	28.6	30.8	33.3
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105624.0	22.2	23.1	28.6	30.8	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105624.1	25.9	25.9	28.6	28.6	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105628.0	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105628.1	29.6	30.8	28.6	28.6	30.8	33.3
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1200.0	70.4	70.4	85.7	85.7	53.8	53.8
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1201.0	74.1	74.1	85.7	85.7	61.5	61.5
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9744.0	11.1	11.5	7.1	7.7	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9744.1	11.1	11.5	7.1	7.7	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9745.0	22.2	23.1	14.3	15.4	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9745.1	18.5	19.2	14.3	15.4	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17852.0	77.8	77.8	85.7	85.7	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17852.1	77.8	77.8	85.7	85.7	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17853.0	81.5	81.5	92.9	92.9	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17853.1	85.2	85.2	92.9	92.9	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.0	77.8	77.8	85.7	85.7	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.1	77.8	77.8	85.7	85.7	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.2	74.1	76.9	78.6	84.6	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.3	81.5	81.5	92.9	92.9	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.0	81.5	81.5	92.9	92.9	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.1	81.5	81.5	92.9	92.9	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.2	81.5	81.5	92.9	92.9	69.2	69.2
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.3	85.2	85.2	92.9	92.9	76.9	76.9
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4733.0	74.1	80.0	64.3	69.2	84.6	91.7
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4733.1	74.1	76.9	64.3	69.2	84.6	84.6
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4734.0	70.4	70.4	57.1	57.1	84.6	84.6
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4734.1	66.7	69.2	57.1	57.1	76.9	83.3
DEX0477_009.nt.1	990.0	55.6	55.6	64.3	64.3	46.2	46.2
DEX0477_014.nt.1	4538.1	3.7	100.0	0.0	0.0	7.7	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.1	27949.0	3.7	100.0	7.1	100.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.1	27949.1	3.7	100.0	7.1	100.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	4538.1	3.7	100.0	0.0	0.0	7.7	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	27949.0	3.7	100.0	7.1	100.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	27949.1	3.7	100.0	7.1	100.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	4538.1	3.7	100.0	0.0	0.0	7.7	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	27949.0	3.7	100.0	7.1	100.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	27949.1	3.7	100.0	7.1	100.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_030.nt.1	28117.0	48.1	86.7	71.4	83.3	23.1	100.0
DEX0477_030.nt.1	28117.1	48.1	81.2	64.3	81.8	30.8	80.0
DEX0477_030.nt.1	28118.0	44.4	85.7	57.1	80.0	30.8	100.0
DEX0477_030.nt.1	28118.1	44.4	80.0	64.3	81.8	23.1	75.0

DEX0477_030.nt.2	28117.0	48.1	86.7	71.4	83.3	23.1	100.0
DEX0477_030.nt.2	28117.1	48.1	81.2	64.3	81.8	30.8	80.0
DEX0477_030.nt.2	28118.0	44.4	85.7	57.1	80.0	30.8	100.0
DEX0477_030.nt.2	28118.1	44.4	80.0	64.3	81.8	23.1	75.0
DEX0477_030.nt.3	28117.0	48.1	86.7	71.4	83.3	23.1	100.0
DEX0477_030.nt.3	28117.1	48.1	81.2	64.3	81.8	30.8	80.0
DEX0477-030.nt.3	28118.0	44.4	85.7	57.1	80.0	30.8	100.0
DEX0477_030.nt.3	28118.1	44.4	80.0	64.3	81.8	23.1	75.0
DEX0477_031.nt.1	23480.0	14.8	15.4	21.4	23.1	7.7	7.7
DEX0477_031.nt.1	23480.1	11.1	11.5	14.3	15.4	7.7	7.7
DEX0477_031.nt.1	23481.0	18.5	18.5	21.4	21.4	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_031.nt.1	23481.1	14.8	15.4	14.3	15.4	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_031.nt.1	38627.0	14.8	14.8	21.4	21.4	7.7	7.7
DEX0477_031.nt.1	38627.1	14.8	14.8	21.4	21.4	7.7	7.7
DEX0477_031.nt.1	38628.0	18.5	18.5	21.4	21.4	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_031.nt.1	38628.1	22.2	22.2	28.6	28.6	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19534.0	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19534.1	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19535.0	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19535.1	25.9	25.9	28.6	28.6	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41957.0	33.3	33.3	35.7	35.7	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41957.1	29.6	29.6	35.7	35.7	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41957.2	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41958.0	37.0	37.0	35.7	35.7	38.5	38.5
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41958.1	29.6	29.6	35.7	35.7	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41958.2	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19534.0	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19534.1	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19535.0	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19535.1	25.9	25.9	28.6	28.6	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41957.0	33.3	33.3	35.7	35.7	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41957.1	29.6	29.6	35.7	35.7	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41957.2	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41958.0	37.0	37.0	35.7	35.7	38.5	38.5
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41958.1	29.6	29.6	35.7	35.7	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41958.2	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19534.0	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19534.1	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19535.0	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19535.1	25.9	25.9	28.6	28.6	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41957.0	33.3	33.3	35.7	35.7	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41957.1	29.6	29.6	35.7	35.7	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41957.2	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41958.0	37.0	37.0	35.7	35.7	38.5	38.5
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41958.1	29.6	29.6	35.7	35.7	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41958.2	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_034.nt.1	3933.0	29.6	30.8	28.6	30.8	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_035.nt.1	973.0	18.5	18.5	21.4	21.4	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_035.nt.1	996.0	59.3	59.3	71.4	71.4	46.2	46.2
DEX0477_035.nt.2	973.0	18.5	18.5	21.4	21.4	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_035.nt.3	973.0	18.5	18.5	21.4	21.4	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_035.nt.4	973.0	18.5	18.5	21.4	21.4	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_035.nt.4	996.0	59.3	59.3	71.4	71.4	46.2	46.2
DEX0477_035.nt.5	996.0	59.3	59.3	71.4	71.4	46.2	46.2
DEX0477_036.nt.1	2371.0	33.3	33.3	28.6	28.6	38.5	38.5
DEX0477_036.nt.1	2406.0	37.0	37.0	35.7	35.7	38.5	38.5
DEX0477_036.nt.1	2442.0	40.7	40.7	35.7	35.7	46.2	46.2

DEX0477_036.nt.1	3111.0	63.0	70.8	42.9	50.0	84.6	91.7
DEX0477_039.nt.1	23480.0	14.8	15.4	21.4	23.1	7.7	7.7
DEX0477_039.nt.1	23480.1	11.1	11.5	14.3	15.4	7.7	7.7
DEX0477_039.nt.1	23481.0	18.5	18.5	21.4	21.4	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_039.nt.1	23481.1	14.8	15.4	14.3	15.4	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_039.nt.1	38627.0	14.8	14.8	21.4	21.4	7.7	7.7
DEX0477_039.nt.1	38627.1	14.8	14.8	21.4	21.4	7.7	7.7
DEX0477_039.nt.1	38628.0	18.5	18.5	21.4	21.4	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_039.nt.1	38628.1	22.2	22.2	28.6	28.6	15.4	15.4
DEX0477_042.nt.1	3383.0	44.4	44.4	35.7	35.7	53.8	53.8
DEX0477_061.nt.1	36404.0	25.9	28.0	42.9	42.9	7.7	9.1
DEX0477_061.nt.1	36404.1	25.9	29.2	42.9	42.9	7.7	10.0
DEX0477_061.nt.2	36403.0	3.7	3.7	7.1	7.1	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_061.nt.2	36403.1	3.7	3.7	7.1	7.1	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_061.nt.2	36404.0	25.9	28.0	42.9	42.9	7.7	9.1
DEX0477_061.nt.2	36404.1	25.9	29.2	42.9	42.9	7.7	10.0
DEX0477_065.nt.1	4941.0	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_065.nt.2	4941.0	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_065.nt.3	4941.0	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_066.nt.1	4941.0	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_066.nt.2	4941.0	29.6	29.6	28.6	28.6	30.8	30.8
DEX0477_068.nt.1	5539.0	14.8	14.8	7.1	7.1	23.1	23.1
DEX0477_070.nt.1	3745.0	33.3	33.3	28.6	28.6	38.5	38.5
DEX0477_076.nt.1	1383.0	18.5	18.5	28.6	28.6	7.7	7.7

LUNG CANCER CHIPS

For lung cancer two different chip designs were evaluated with overlapping sets of a total of 29 samples, comparing the expression patterns of lung cancer derived polyA+ RNA to polyA+ RNA isolated from a pool of 12 normal lung tissues. For the Lung Array Chip all 29 samples (15 squamous cell carcinomas and 14 adenocarcinomas including 14 stage I and 15 stage II/III cancers) were analyzed. For the Multi-Cancer Array Chip a subset of 22 of these samples (10 squamous cell carcinomas, 12 adenocarcinomas) were assessed. In addition to tissue samples, five lung cancer cell lines (CA549, CH522, CH226, CH2170, CSHP77) were analyzed on the Lung Array Chip.

The results for the statistically significant up-regulated genes on the Lung Array Chip are shown in Table(s) 13-15. The results for the statistically significant up-regulated genes on the Multi-Cancer Array Chip are shown in Table(s) 16-17. The first two columns of each table contain information about the sequence itself (DEX ID, Oligo Name), the next columns show the results obtained for all ("ALL") lung cancer samples, squamous cell carcinomas ("SQ"), adenocarcinomas ("AD"), or cancers corresponding to stage I ("ST1"), or stages II and III ("ST2,3"). '%up' indicates the percentage of all experiments in which up-regulation of at least 2-fold was observed (n=29 for Lung Array Chip, n=22 for Multi-Cancer Array Chip), '%valid up' indicates the percentage of

experiments with valid expression values in which up-regulation of at least 2-fold was observed. For the cell lines, '%up' indicates the percentage of all experiments in which up-regulation of at least 1.8-fold was observed (n=5 for Lung Array Chip), '%valid up' indicates the percentage of experiments with valid expression values in which up-regulation of at least 1.8-fold was observed. Additional experiments were performed, generally the results are only reported below if the data showed 30% or greater up-regulation in at least one of the experimental subsets.

Table 13.

DEX ID	Oligo Name	Lng ALL %up n=29	Lng ALL % valid up n=29	Lng SQ %up n=15	Lng SQ % valid up n=15	Lng AD %up n=14	Lng AD % valid up n=14	Lng ST1 %up n=14	Lng ST1 % valid up n=14	Lng ST2, 3 %up n=15	Lng ST2,3 % valid up n=15
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1192.0	44.8	52.0	60.0	75.0	28.6	30.8	57.1	57.1	33.3	45.5
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1193.0	58.6	70.8	66.7	83.3	50.0	58.3	85.7	92.3	33.3	45.5
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1198.0	48.3	56.0	60.0	75.0	35.7	38.5	64.3	64.3	33.3	45.5
DEX0477_004.nt.1	5491.0	48.3	58.3	60.0	75.0	35.7	41.7	64.3	69.2	33.3	45.5
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.0	13.8	15.4	6.7	7.7	21.4	23.1	21.4	25.0	6.7	7.1
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.2	10.3	10.7	6.7	6.7	14.3	15.4	14.3	14.3	6.7	7.1
DEX0477_008.nt.1	1559.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4733.0	89.7	89.7	86.7	86.7	92.9	92.9	92.9	92.9	86.7	86.7
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4734.0	89.7	89.7	86.7	86.7	92.9	92.9	92.9	92.9	86.7	86.7
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.0	20.7	20.7	6.7	6.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	6.7	6.7
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.2	20.7	20.7	6.7	6.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	6.7	6.7
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.0	20.7	20.7	6.7	6.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	6.7	6.7
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.2	20.7	20.7	6.7	6.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	6.7	6.7
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.0	20.7	20.7	6.7	6.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	6.7	6.7
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.2	20.7	20.7	6.7	6.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	6.7	6.7
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.0	20.7	20.7	6.7	6.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	6.7	6.7
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.2	20.7	20.7	6.7	6.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	6.7	6.7
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.0	20.7	21.4	6.7	6.7	35.7	38.5	35.7	35.7	6.7	7.1
DEX0477_	41938.0	20.7	20.7	6.7	6.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	6.7	6.7

019.nt.1											
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.2	37.9	42.3	26.7	30.8	50.0	53.8	42.9	42.9	33.3	41.7
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.3	34.5	38.5	20.0	25.0	50.0	50.0	35.7	38.5	33.3	38.5
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41939.0	37.9	39.3	26.7	26.7	50.0	53.8	42.9	42.9	33.3	35.7
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41940.0	34.5	35.7	20.0	21.4	50.0	50.0	35.7	35.7	33.3	35.7
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.0	20.7	21.4	6.7	6.7	35.7	38.5	35.7	35.7	6.7	7.1
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.0	20.7	20.7	6.7	6.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	6.7	6.7
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.2	37.9	42.3	26.7	30.8	50.0	53.8	42.9	42.9	33.3	41.7
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.3	34.5	38.5	20.0	25.0	50.0	50.0	35.7	38.5	33.3	38.5
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41939.0	37.9	39.3	26.7	26.7	50.0	53.8	42.9	42.9	33.3	35.7
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41940.0	34.5	35.7	20.0	21.4	50.0	50.0	35.7	35.7	33.3	35.7
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.0	20.7	21.4	6.7	6.7	35.7	38.5	35.7	35.7	6.7	7.1
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.0	20.7	20.7	6.7	6.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	6.7	6.7
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.2	37.9	42.3	26.7	30.8	50.0	53.8	42.9	42.9	33.3	41.7
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.3	34.5	38.5	20.0	25.0	50.0	50.0	35.7	38.5	33.3	38.5
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41939.0	37.9	39.3	26.7	26.7	50.0	53.8	42.9	42.9	33.3	35.7
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41940.0	34.5	35.7	20.0	21.4	50.0	50.0	35.7	35.7	33.3	35.7
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.0	27.6	27.6	6.7	6.7	50.0	50.0	35.7	35.7	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.2	27.6	27.6	6.7	6.7	50.0	50.0	35.7	35.7	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.0	27.6	27.6	6.7	6.7	50.0	50.0	35.7	35.7	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.0	27.6	27.6	6.7	6.7	50.0	50.0	35.7	35.7	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.0	27.6	27.6	6.7	6.7	50.0	50.0	35.7	35.7	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.2	27.6	27.6	6.7	6.7	50.0	50.0	35.7	35.7	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.0	27.6	27.6	6.7	6.7	50.0	50.0	35.7	35.7	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.0	27.6	27.6	6.7	6.7	50.0	50.0	35.7	35.7	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.0	20.7	21.4	6.7	6.7	35.7	38.5	35.7	35.7	6.7	7.1
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41939.0	37.9	39.3	26.7	26.7	50.0	53.8	42.9	42.9	33.3	35.7
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41940.0	34.5	35.7	20.0	21.4	50.0	50.0	35.7	35.7	33.3	35.7
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.0	27.6	27.6	6.7	6.7	50.0	50.0	35.7	35.7	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.2	27.6	27.6	6.7	6.7	50.0	50.0	35.7	35.7	20.0	20.0

DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.0	27.6	27.6	6.7	6.7	50.0	50.0	35.7	35.7	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.0	27.6	27.6	6.7	6.7	50.0	50.0	35.7	35.7	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.0	27.6	27.6	6.7	6.7	50.0	50.0	35.7	35.7	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.0	27.6	27.6	6.7	6.7	50.0	50.0	35.7	35.7	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.0	27.6	27.6	6.7	6.7	50.0	50.0	35.7	35.7	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.0	27.6	27.6	6.7	6.7	50.0	50.0	35.7	35.7	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.0	27.6	27.6	6.7	6.7	50.0	50.0	35.7	35.7	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.0	27.6	27.6	6.7	6.7	50.0	50.0	35.7	35.7	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_025.nt.1	889.0	93.1	93.1	100.0	100.0	85.7	85.7	92.9	92.9	93.3	93.3
DEX0477_025.nt.1	890.0	89.7	92.9	93.3	100.0	85.7	85.7	85.7	92.3	93.3	93.3
DEX0477_033.nt.1	1350.0	27.6	28.6	40.0	40.0	14.3	15.4	28.6	30.8	26.7	26.7
DEX0477_033.nt.1	1351.0	31.0	34.6	40.0	42.9	21.4	25.0	42.9	46.2	20.0	23.1
DEX0477_033.nt.1	3410.0	27.6	29.6	33.3	38.5	21.4	21.4	35.7	38.5	20.0	21.4
DEX0477_033.nt.1	3411.0	31.0	31.0	40.0	40.0	21.4	21.4	42.9	42.9	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19535.0	31.0	32.1	40.0	42.9	21.4	21.4	42.9	42.9	20.0	21.4
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19535.2	31.0	36.0	40.0	42.9	21.4	27.3	42.9	46.2	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41957.0	31.0	33.3	40.0	46.2	21.4	21.4	42.9	42.9	20.0	23.1
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41958.0	27.6	27.6	33.3	33.3	21.4	21.4	35.7	35.7	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	1350.0	27.6	28.6	40.0	40.0	14.3	15.4	28.6	30.8	26.7	26.7
DEX0477_033.nt.2	1351.0	31.0	34.6	40.0	42.9	21.4	25.0	42.9	46.2	20.0	23.1
DEX0477_033.nt.2	3410.0	27.6	29.6	33.3	38.5	21.4	21.4	35.7	38.5	20.0	21.4
DEX0477_033.nt.2	3411.0	31.0	31.0	40.0	40.0	21.4	21.4	42.9	42.9	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19535.0	31.0	32.1	40.0	42.9	21.4	21.4	42.9	42.9	20.0	21.4
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19535.2	31.0	36.0	40.0	42.9	21.4	27.3	42.9	46.2	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41957.0	31.0	33.3	40.0	46.2	21.4	21.4	42.9	42.9	20.0	23.1
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41958.0	27.6	27.6	33.3	33.3	21.4	21.4	35.7	35.7	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	1350.0	27.6	28.6	40.0	40.0	14.3	15.4	28.6	30.8	26.7	26.7
DEX0477_033.nt.3	1351.0	31.0	34.6	40.0	42.9	21.4	25.0	42.9	46.2	20.0	23.1
DEX0477_033.nt.3	3410.0	27.6	29.6	33.3	38.5	21.4	21.4	35.7	38.5	20.0	21.4
DEX0477_	3411.0	31.0	31.0	40.0	40.0	21.4	21.4	42.9	42.9	20.0	20.0

033.nt.3											
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	19535.0	31.0	32.1	40.0	42.9	21.4	21.4	42.9	42.9	20.0	21.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	19535.2	31.0	36.0	40.0	42.9	21.4	27.3	42.9	46.2	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	41957.0	31.0	33.3	40.0	46.2	21.4	21.4	42.9	42.9	20.0	23.1
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	41958.0	27.6	27.6	33.3	33.3	21.4	21.4	35.7	35.7	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_ 036.nt.1	2370.0	58.6	60.7	80.0	85.7	35.7	35.7	57.1	57.1	60.0	64.3
DEX0477_ 036.nt.1	2407.0	62.1	64.3	80.0	80.0	42.9	46.2	57.1	57.1	66.7	71.4
DEX0477_ 036.nt.1	2443.0	69.0	71.4	80.0	80.0	57.1	61.5	57.1	57.1	80.0	85.7
DEX0477_ 036.nt.1	2446.0	65.5	65.5	73.3	73.3	57.1	57.1	50.0	50.0	80.0	80.0
DEX0477_ 038.nt.1	2644.0	89.7	89.7	93.3	93.3	85.7	85.7	85.7	85.7	93.3	93.3
DEX0477_ 038.nt.2	2644.0	89.7	89.7	93.3	93.3	85.7	85.7	85.7	85.7	93.3	93.3
DEX0477_ 038.nt.3	2644.0	89.7	89.7	93.3	93.3	85.7	85.7	85.7	85.7	93.3	93.3
DEX0477_ 040.nt.1	3716.0	51.7	51.7	40.0	40.0	64.3	64.3	57.1	57.1	46.7	46.7
DEX0477_ 040.nt.1	3717.0	44.8	44.8	33.3	33.3	57.1	57.1	42.9	42.9	46.7	46.7
DEX0477_ 040.nt.2	3716.0	51.7	51.7	40.0	40.0	64.3	64.3	57.1	57.1	46.7	46.7
DEX0477_ 040.nt.2	3717.0	44.8	44.8	33.3	33.3	57.1	57.1	42.9	42.9	46.7	46.7
DEX0477_ 042.nt.1	3382.0	34.5	34.5	20.0	20.0	50.0	50.0	42.9	42.9	26.7	26.7
DEX0477_ 043.nt.1	1190.0	37.9	40.7	60.0	64.3	14.3	15.4	50.0	50.0	26.7	30.8
DEX0477_ 043.nt.1	1191.0	37.9	37.9	66.7	66.7	7.1	7.1	42.9	42.9	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_ 043.nt.1	1234.0	51.7	51.7	80.0	80.0	21.4	21.4	57.1	57.1	46.7	46.7
DEX0477_ 043.nt.1	1235.0	44.8	44.8	73.3	73.3	14.3	14.3	35.7	35.7	53.3	53.3
DEX0477_ 046.nt.1	1550.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_ 046.nt.1	1552.0	17.2	17.2	0.0	0.0	35.7	35.7	28.6	28.6	6.7	6.7
DEX0477_ 046.nt.1	1553.0	24.1	25.0	13.3	14.3	35.7	35.7	35.7	38.5	13.3	13.3
DEX0477_ 047.nt.1	451.0	51.7	53.6	80.0	80.0	21.4	23.1	50.0	50.0	53.3	57.1
DEX0477_ 050.nt.1	1190.0	37.9	40.7	60.0	64.3	14.3	15.4	50.0	50.0	26.7	30.8
DEX0477_ 050.nt.1	1191.0	37.9	37.9	66.7	66.7	7.1	7.1	42.9	42.9	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_ 050.nt.1	1234.0	51.7	51.7	80.0	80.0	21.4	21.4	57.1	57.1	46.7	46.7
DEX0477_ 050.nt.1	1235.0	44.8	44.8	73.3	73.3	14.3	14.3	35.7	35.7	53.3	53.3
DEX0477_ 051.nt.1	1606.0	44.8	46.4	66.7	71.4	21.4	21.4	57.1	57.1	33.3	35.7

DEX0477_051.nt.1	1607.0	44.8	44.8	66.7	66.7	21.4	21.4	57.1	57.1	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_051.nt.1	1642.0	17.2	19.2	33.3	33.3	0.0	0.0	14.3	16.7	20.0	21.4
DEX0477_051.nt.1	3080.0	72.4	72.4	86.7	86.7	57.1	57.1	78.6	78.6	66.7	66.7
DEX0477_053.nt.1	1190.0	37.9	40.7	60.0	64.3	14.3	15.4	50.0	50.0	26.7	30.8
DEX0477_053.nt.1	1191.0	37.9	37.9	66.7	66.7	7.1	7.1	42.9	42.9	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_053.nt.1	1234.0	51.7	51.7	80.0	80.0	21.4	21.4	57.1	57.1	46.7	46.7
DEX0477_053.nt.1	1235.0	44.8	44.8	73.3	73.3	14.3	14.3	35.7	35.7	53.3	53.3
DEX0477_054.nt.1	9340.0	24.1	41.2	33.3	62.5	14.3	22.2	14.3	25.0	33.3	55.6
DEX0477_054.nt.1	9340.2	24.1	41.2	33.3	62.5	14.3	22.2	14.3	25.0	33.3	55.6
DEX0477_054.nt.2	9341.0	37.9	37.9	66.7	66.7	7.1	7.1	50.0	50.0	26.7	26.7
DEX0477_054.nt.2	9341.2	41.4	41.4	73.3	73.3	7.1	7.1	50.0	50.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_055.nt.1	1190.0	37.9	40.7	60.0	64.3	14.3	15.4	50.0	50.0	26.7	30.8
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5605.0	20.7	21.4	33.3	33.3	7.1	7.7	28.6	28.6	13.3	14.3
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5606.0	20.7	22.2	33.3	35.7	7.1	7.7	28.6	28.6	13.3	15.4
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5607.0	41.4	41.4	66.7	66.7	14.3	14.3	50.0	50.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5611.0	20.7	21.4	33.3	33.3	7.1	7.7	28.6	30.8	13.3	13.3
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5624.0	27.6	34.8	40.0	50.0	14.3	18.2	35.7	45.5	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5637.0	27.6	28.6	46.7	46.7	7.1	7.7	42.9	46.2	13.3	13.3
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5638.0	31.0	32.1	46.7	50.0	14.3	14.3	50.0	50.0	13.3	14.3
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5639.0	31.0	32.1	40.0	42.9	21.4	21.4	42.9	46.2	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5640.0	31.0	32.1	40.0	42.9	21.4	21.4	42.9	46.2	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_055.nt.2	1187.0	37.9	37.9	66.7	66.7	7.1	7.1	42.9	42.9	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_055.nt.2	1190.0	37.9	40.7	60.0	64.3	14.3	15.4	50.0	50.0	26.7	30.8
DEX0477_055.nt.2	5605.0	20.7	21.4	33.3	33.3	7.1	7.7	28.6	28.6	13.3	14.3
DEX0477_055.nt.2	5606.0	20.7	22.2	33.3	35.7	7.1	7.7	28.6	28.6	13.3	15.4
DEX0477_055.nt.2	5607.0	41.4	41.4	66.7	66.7	14.3	14.3	50.0	50.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_055.nt.2	5611.0	20.7	21.4	33.3	33.3	7.1	7.7	28.6	30.8	13.3	13.3
DEX0477_055.nt.2	5624.0	27.6	34.8	40.0	50.0	14.3	18.2	35.7	45.5	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_055.nt.2	5637.0	27.6	28.6	46.7	46.7	7.1	7.7	42.9	46.2	13.3	13.3
DEX0477_	5638.0	31.0	32.1	46.7	50.0	14.3	14.3	50.0	50.0	13.3	14.3

055.nt.2											
DEX0477_ 055.nt.2	5639.0	31.0	32.1	40.0	42.9	21.4	21.4	42.9	46.2	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_ 055.nt.2	5640.0	31.0	32.1	40.0	42.9	21.4	21.4	42.9	46.2	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_ 055.nt.3	1187.0	37.9	37.9	66.7	66.7	7.1	7.1	42.9	42.9	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_ 055.nt.3	1190.0	37.9	40.7	60.0	64.3	14.3	15.4	50.0	50.0	26.7	30.8
DEX0477_ 055.nt.3	5605.0	20.7	21.4	33.3	33.3	7.1	7.7	28.6	28.6	13.3	14.3
DEX0477_ 055.nt.3	5606.0	20.7	22.2	33.3	35.7	7.1	7.7	28.6	28.6	13.3	15.4
DEX0477_ 055.nt.3	5607.0	41.4	41.4	66.7	66.7	14.3	14.3	50.0	50.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_ 055.nt.3	5611.0	20.7	21.4	33.3	33.3	7.1	7.7	28.6	30.8	13.3	13.3
DEX0477_ 055.nt.3	5624.0	27.6	34.8	40.0	50.0	14.3	18.2	35.7	45.5	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_ 055.nt.3	5637.0	27.6	28.6	46.7	46.7	7.1	7.7	42.9	46.2	13.3	13.3
DEX0477_ 055.nt.3	5638.0	31.0	32.1	46.7	50.0	14.3	14.3	50.0	50.0	13.3	14.3
DEX0477_ 055.nt.3	5639.0	31.0	32.1	40.0	42.9	21.4	21.4	42.9	46.2	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_ 055.nt.3	5640.0	31.0	32.1	40.0	42.9	21.4	21.4	42.9	46.2	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_ 055.nt.4	1190.0	37.9	40.7	60.0	64.3	14.3	15.4	50.0	50.0	26.7	30.8
DEX0477_ 055.nt.4	5605.0	20.7	21.4	33.3	33.3	7.1	7.7	28.6	28.6	13.3	14.3
DEX0477_ 055.nt.4	5606.0	20.7	22.2	33.3	35.7	7.1	7.7	28.6	28.6	13.3	15.4
DEX0477_ 055.nt.4	5611.0	20.7	21.4	33.3	33.3	7.1	7.7	28.6	30.8	13.3	13.3
DEX0477_ 055.nt.4	5624.0	27.6	34.8	40.0	50.0	14.3	18.2	35.7	45.5	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_ 055.nt.4	5639.0	31.0	32.1	40.0	42.9	21.4	21.4	42.9	46.2	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_ 055.nt.4	5640.0	31.0	32.1	40.0	42.9	21.4	21.4	42.9	46.2	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_ 056.nt.1	3805.0	34.5	34.5	60.0	60.0	7.1	7.1	42.9	42.9	26.7	26.7
DEX0477_ 056.nt.1	3816.0	37.9	37.9	66.7	66.7	7.1	7.1	42.9	42.9	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_ 056.nt.1	3817.0	34.5	34.5	60.0	60.0	7.1	7.1	42.9	42.9	26.7	26.7
DEX0477_ 067.nt.1	4787.0	34.5	38.5	26.7	28.6	42.9	50.0	42.9	46.2	26.7	30.8
DEX0477_ 067.nt.1	4788.0	31.0	39.1	20.0	23.1	42.9	60.0	35.7	41.7	26.7	36.4
DEX0477_ 068.nt.1	4480.0	24.1	24.1	33.3	33.3	14.3	14.3	21.4	21.4	26.7	26.7
DEX0477_ 069.nt.1	4893.0	13.8	17.4	13.3	16.7	14.3	18.2	7.1	7.7	20.0	30.0
DEX0477_ 069.nt.1	4894.0	24.1	53.8	20.0	42.9	28.6	66.7	21.4	42.9	26.7	66.7
DEX0477_ 070.nt.1	3744.0	20.7	21.4	26.7	28.6	14.3	14.3	35.7	35.7	6.7	7.1

DEX0477_071.nt.1	4957.0	48.3	48.3	66.7	66.7	28.6	28.6	42.9	42.9	53.3	53.3
DEX0477_071.nt.1	4958.0	44.8	44.8	60.0	60.0	28.6	28.6	42.9	42.9	46.7	46.7
DEX0477_071.nt.2	4957.0	48.3	48.3	66.7	66.7	28.6	28.6	42.9	42.9	53.3	53.3
DEX0477_071.nt.2	4958.0	44.8	44.8	60.0	60.0	28.6	28.6	42.9	42.9	46.7	46.7
DEX0477_072.nt.1	3292.0	31.0	31.0	33.3	33.3	28.6	28.6	7.1	7.1	53.3	53.3
DEX0477_072.nt.1	3293.0	27.6	27.6	33.3	33.3	21.4	21.4	7.1	7.1	46.7	46.7
DEX0477_072.nt.2	3292.0	31.0	31.0	33.3	33.3	28.6	28.6	7.1	7.1	53.3	53.3
DEX0477_072.nt.2	3293.0	27.6	27.6	33.3	33.3	21.4	21.4	7.1	7.1	46.7	46.7
DEX0477_073.nt.1	589.0	48.3	48.3	33.3	33.3	64.3	64.3	35.7	35.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_073.nt.1	590.0	51.7	51.7	40.0	40.0	64.3	64.3	35.7	35.7	66.7	66.7
DEX0477_073.nt.2	589.0	48.3	48.3	33.3	33.3	64.3	64.3	35.7	35.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_073.nt.2	590.0	51.7	51.7	40.0	40.0	64.3	64.3	35.7	35.7	66.7	66.7
DEX0477_074.nt.1	589.0	48.3	48.3	33.3	33.3	64.3	64.3	35.7	35.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_074.nt.1	590.0	51.7	51.7	40.0	40.0	64.3	64.3	35.7	35.7	66.7	66.7
DEX0477_075.nt.1	5835.0	55.2	57.1	53.3	53.3	57.1	61.5	42.9	46.2	66.7	66.7
DEX0477_075.nt.1	5836.0	51.7	51.7	46.7	46.7	57.1	57.1	35.7	35.7	66.7	66.7
DEX0477_076.nt.1	1336.0	17.2	20.8	33.3	41.7	0.0	0.0	14.3	16.7	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_076.nt.1	1337.0	20.7	25.0	40.0	50.0	0.0	0.0	21.4	25.0	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_076.nt.1	3231.0	20.7	22.2	40.0	40.0	0.0	0.0	21.4	21.4	20.0	23.1
DEX0477_076.nt.1	5317.0	31.0	32.1	60.0	60.0	0.0	0.0	35.7	38.5	26.7	26.7
DEX0477_076.nt.1	5318.0	24.1	24.1	46.7	46.7	0.0	0.0	28.6	28.6	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_077.nt.1	2136.0	37.9	47.8	46.7	58.3	28.6	36.4	21.4	27.3	53.3	66.7
DEX0477_077.nt.1	2137.0	44.8	50.0	60.0	64.3	28.6	33.3	35.7	38.5	53.3	61.5
DEX0477_078.nt.1	422.0	10.3	10.3	6.7	6.7	14.3	14.3	0.0	0.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_078.nt.1	5481.0	24.1	26.9	26.7	28.6	21.4	25.0	7.1	8.3	40.0	42.9
DEX0477_078.nt.1	5482.0	27.6	32.0	40.0	42.9	14.3	18.2	14.3	14.3	40.0	54.5
DEX0477_078.nt.1	5483.0	17.2	18.5	20.0	21.4	14.3	15.4	7.1	7.1	26.7	30.8
DEX0477_078.nt.1	5484.0	17.2	22.7	20.0	27.3	14.3	18.2	7.1	9.1	26.7	36.4
DEX0477_078.nt.1	5538.0	17.2	25.0	20.0	27.3	14.3	22.2	7.1	11.1	26.7	36.4
DEX0477_	3716.0	51.7	51.7	40.0	40.0	64.3	64.3	57.1	57.1	46.7	46.7

079.nt.1										
DEX0477_079.nt.1	3717.0	44.8	44.8	33.3	33.3	57.1	57.1	42.9	42.9	46.7	46.7

Table 14.

DEX ID	Oligo Name	Lng 550 ALL %up n=26	Lng 550 ALL % valid up n=26	Lng 550 SQ %up n=12	Lng 550 SQ % valid up n=12	Lng 550 AD %up n=14	Lng 550 AD % valid up n=14	Lng 550 ST1 %up n=11	Lng 550 ST1 % valid up n=11	Lng 550 ST2,3 %up n=15	Lng 550 ST2,3 % valid up n=15
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1192.0	53.8	53.8	75.0	75.0	35.7	35.7	45.5	45.5	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1193.0	65.4	65.4	83.3	83.3	50.0	50.0	72.7	72.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1198.0	53.8	56.0	66.7	72.7	42.9	42.9	54.5	54.5	53.3	57.1
DEX0477_004.nt.1	5491.0	57.7	57.7	75.0	75.0	42.9	42.9	54.5	54.5	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4733.0	88.5	88.5	83.3	83.3	92.9	92.9	90.9	90.9	86.7	86.7
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4734.0	88.5	88.5	83.3	83.3	92.9	92.9	90.9	90.9	86.7	86.7
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.0	23.1	23.1	8.3	8.3	35.7	35.7	45.5	45.5	6.7	6.7
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.2	23.1	23.1	8.3	8.3	35.7	35.7	45.5	45.5	6.7	6.7
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.0	23.1	23.1	8.3	8.3	35.7	35.7	45.5	45.5	6.7	6.7
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.2	23.1	23.1	8.3	8.3	35.7	35.7	45.5	45.5	6.7	6.7
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.0	23.1	23.1	8.3	8.3	35.7	35.7	45.5	45.5	6.7	6.7
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.2	23.1	23.1	8.3	8.3	35.7	35.7	45.5	45.5	6.7	6.7
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.0	23.1	23.1	8.3	8.3	35.7	35.7	45.5	45.5	6.7	6.7
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.2	23.1	23.1	8.3	8.3	35.7	35.7	45.5	45.5	6.7	6.7
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.0	23.1	24.0	8.3	8.3	35.7	38.5	45.5	45.5	6.7	7.1
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.0	23.1	23.1	8.3	8.3	35.7	35.7	45.5	45.5	6.7	6.7
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.2	38.5	43.5	25.0	30.0	50.0	53.8	45.5	45.5	33.3	41.7
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.3	38.5	47.6	25.0	37.5	50.0	53.8	45.5	50.0	33.3	45.5
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41939.0	38.5	40.0	25.0	25.0	50.0	53.8	45.5	45.5	33.3	35.7
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41940.0	38.5	43.5	25.0	27.3	50.0	58.3	45.5	45.5	33.3	41.7
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.0	23.1	24.0	8.3	8.3	35.7	38.5	45.5	45.5	6.7	7.1
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.0	23.1	23.1	8.3	8.3	35.7	35.7	45.5	45.5	6.7	6.7
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.2	38.5	43.5	25.0	30.0	50.0	53.8	45.5	45.5	33.3	41.7

DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.3	38.5	47.6	25.0	37.5	50.0	53.8	45.5	50.0	33.3	45.5
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41939.0	38.5	40.0	25.0	25.0	50.0	53.8	45.5	45.5	33.3	35.7
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41940.0	38.5	43.5	25.0	27.3	50.0	58.3	45.5	45.5	33.3	41.7
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.0	23.1	24.0	8.3	8.3	35.7	38.5	45.5	45.5	6.7	7.1
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.0	23.1	23.1	8.3	8.3	35.7	35.7	45.5	45.5	6.7	6.7
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.2	38.5	43.5	25.0	30.0	50.0	53.8	45.5	45.5	33.3	41.7
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.3	38.5	47.6	25.0	37.5	50.0	53.8	45.5	50.0	33.3	45.5
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41939.0	38.5	40.0	25.0	25.0	50.0	53.8	45.5	45.5	33.3	35.7
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41940.0	38.5	43.5	25.0	27.3	50.0	58.3	45.5	45.5	33.3	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.0	30.8	30.8	8.3	8.3	50.0	50.0	45.5	45.5	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.2	30.8	30.8	8.3	8.3	50.0	50.0	45.5	45.5	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.0	30.8	30.8	8.3	8.3	50.0	50.0	45.5	45.5	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.0	30.8	30.8	8.3	8.3	50.0	50.0	45.5	45.5	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.0	30.8	30.8	8.3	8.3	50.0	50.0	45.5	45.5	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.2	30.8	30.8	8.3	8.3	50.0	50.0	45.5	45.5	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.0	30.8	30.8	8.3	8.3	50.0	50.0	45.5	45.5	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.0	30.8	30.8	8.3	8.3	50.0	50.0	45.5	45.5	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.0	23.1	24.0	8.3	8.3	35.7	38.5	45.5	45.5	6.7	7.1
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41939.0	38.5	40.0	25.0	25.0	50.0	53.8	45.5	45.5	33.3	35.7
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41940.0	38.5	43.5	25.0	27.3	50.0	58.3	45.5	45.5	33.3	41.7
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.0	30.8	30.8	8.3	8.3	50.0	50.0	45.5	45.5	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.2	30.8	30.8	8.3	8.3	50.0	50.0	45.5	45.5	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.0	30.8	30.8	8.3	8.3	50.0	50.0	45.5	45.5	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.0	30.8	30.8	8.3	8.3	50.0	50.0	45.5	45.5	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.0	30.8	30.8	8.3	8.3	50.0	50.0	45.5	45.5	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.0	30.8	30.8	8.3	8.3	50.0	50.0	45.5	45.5	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.0	30.8	30.8	8.3	8.3	50.0	50.0	45.5	45.5	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.0	30.8	30.8	8.3	8.3	50.0	50.0	45.5	45.5	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.0	30.8	30.8	8.3	8.3	50.0	50.0	45.5	45.5	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_	41946.0	30.8	30.8	8.3	8.3	50.0	50.0	45.5	45.5	20.0	20.0

024.nt.4											
DEX0477_ 025.nt.1	889.0	96.2	96.2	100.0	100.0	92.9	92.9	90.9	90.9	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_ 025.nt.1	890.0	88.5	92.0	91.7	100.0	85.7	85.7	81.8	90.0	93.3	93.3
DEX0477_ 033.nt.1	1350.0	23.1	26.1	33.3	36.4	14.3	16.7	18.2	22.2	26.7	28.6
DEX0477_ 033.nt.1	1351.0	23.1	27.3	25.0	30.0	21.4	25.0	27.3	33.3	20.0	23.1
DEX0477_ 033.nt.1	3410.0	23.1	27.3	25.0	33.3	21.4	23.1	27.3	33.3	20.0	23.1
DEX0477_ 033.nt.1	3411.0	23.1	25.0	25.0	30.0	21.4	21.4	27.3	27.3	20.0	23.1
DEX0477_ 033.nt.1	19535.0	23.1	26.1	25.0	30.0	21.4	23.1	27.3	27.3	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_ 033.nt.1	19535.2	23.1	31.6	25.0	37.5	21.4	27.3	27.3	42.9	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_ 033.nt.1	41957.0	23.1	24.0	25.0	27.3	21.4	21.4	27.3	27.3	20.0	21.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.1	41958.0	23.1	25.0	25.0	27.3	21.4	23.1	27.3	27.3	20.0	23.1
DEX0477_ 033.nt.2	1350.0	23.1	26.1	33.3	36.4	14.3	16.7	18.2	22.2	26.7	28.6
DEX0477_ 033.nt.2	1351.0	23.1	27.3	25.0	30.0	21.4	25.0	27.3	33.3	20.0	23.1
DEX0477_ 033.nt.2	3410.0	23.1	27.3	25.0	33.3	21.4	23.1	27.3	33.3	20.0	23.1
DEX0477_ 033.nt.2	3411.0	23.1	25.0	25.0	30.0	21.4	21.4	27.3	27.3	20.0	23.1
DEX0477_ 033.nt.2	19535.0	23.1	26.1	25.0	30.0	21.4	23.1	27.3	27.3	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_ 033.nt.2	19535.2	23.1	31.6	25.0	37.5	21.4	27.3	27.3	42.9	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_ 033.nt.2	41957.0	23.1	24.0	25.0	27.3	21.4	21.4	27.3	27.3	20.0	21.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.2	41958.0	23.1	25.0	25.0	27.3	21.4	23.1	27.3	27.3	20.0	23.1
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	1350.0	23.1	26.1	33.3	36.4	14.3	16.7	18.2	22.2	26.7	28.6
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	1351.0	23.1	27.3	25.0	30.0	21.4	25.0	27.3	33.3	20.0	23.1
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	3410.0	23.1	27.3	25.0	33.3	21.4	23.1	27.3	33.3	20.0	23.1
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	3411.0	23.1	25.0	25.0	30.0	21.4	21.4	27.3	27.3	20.0	23.1
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	19535.0	23.1	26.1	25.0	30.0	21.4	23.1	27.3	27.3	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	19535.2	23.1	31.6	25.0	37.5	21.4	27.3	27.3	42.9	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	41957.0	23.1	24.0	25.0	27.3	21.4	21.4	27.3	27.3	20.0	21.4
DEX0477_ 033.nt.3	41958.0	23.1	25.0	25.0	27.3	21.4	23.1	27.3	27.3	20.0	23.1
DEX0477_ 036.nt.1	2370.0	57.7	62.5	75.0	81.8	42.9	46.2	45.5	45.5	66.7	76.9
DEX0477_ 036.nt.1	2407.0	53.8	58.3	75.0	75.0	35.7	41.7	45.5	50.0	60.0	64.3
DEX0477_ 036.nt.1	2443.0	61.5	64.0	75.0	75.0	50.0	53.8	45.5	45.5	73.3	78.6

DEX0477_036.nt.1	2446.0	61.5	61.5	75.0	75.0	50.0	50.0	45.5	45.5	73.3	73.3
DEX0477_038.nt.1	2644.0	84.6	84.6	91.7	91.7	78.6	78.6	72.7	72.7	93.3	93.3
DEX0477_038.nt.2	2644.0	84.6	84.6	91.7	91.7	78.6	78.6	72.7	72.7	93.3	93.3
DEX0477_038.nt.3	2644.0	84.6	84.6	91.7	91.7	78.6	78.6	72.7	72.7	93.3	93.3
DEX0477_040.nt.1	3716.0	53.8	53.8	41.7	41.7	64.3	64.3	63.6	63.6	46.7	46.7
DEX0477_040.nt.1	3717.0	50.0	50.0	41.7	41.7	57.1	57.1	54.5	54.5	46.7	46.7
DEX0477_040.nt.2	3716.0	53.8	53.8	41.7	41.7	64.3	64.3	63.6	63.6	46.7	46.7
DEX0477_040.nt.2	3717.0	50.0	50.0	41.7	41.7	57.1	57.1	54.5	54.5	46.7	46.7
DEX0477_042.nt.1	3382.0	26.9	26.9	8.3	8.3	42.9	42.9	27.3	27.3	26.7	26.7
DEX0477_043.nt.1	1190.0	30.8	33.3	50.0	54.5	14.3	15.4	36.4	36.4	26.7	30.8
DEX0477_043.nt.1	1191.0	30.8	30.8	58.3	58.3	7.1	7.1	27.3	27.3	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_043.nt.1	1234.0	50.0	50.0	83.3	83.3	21.4	21.4	45.5	45.5	53.3	53.3
DEX0477_043.nt.1	1235.0	38.5	38.5	75.0	75.0	7.1	7.1	18.2	18.2	53.3	53.3
DEX0477_046.nt.1	1550.0	3.8	3.8	0.0	0.0	7.1	7.1	9.1	9.1	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_046.nt.1	1552.0	23.1	23.1	8.3	8.3	35.7	35.7	45.5	45.5	6.7	6.7
DEX0477_046.nt.1	1553.0	23.1	23.1	8.3	8.3	35.7	35.7	36.4	36.4	13.3	13.3
DEX0477_047.nt.1	451.0	46.2	48.0	75.0	75.0	21.4	23.1	36.4	36.4	53.3	57.1
DEX0477_050.nt.1	1190.0	30.8	33.3	50.0	54.5	14.3	15.4	36.4	36.4	26.7	30.8
DEX0477_050.nt.1	1191.0	30.8	30.8	58.3	58.3	7.1	7.1	27.3	27.3	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_050.nt.1	1234.0	50.0	50.0	83.3	83.3	21.4	21.4	45.5	45.5	53.3	53.3
DEX0477_050.nt.1	1235.0	38.5	38.5	75.0	75.0	7.1	7.1	18.2	18.2	53.3	53.3
DEX0477_051.nt.1	1606.0	42.3	45.8	58.3	63.6	28.6	30.8	54.5	54.5	33.3	38.5
DEX0477_051.nt.1	1607.0	46.2	46.2	66.7	66.7	28.6	28.6	54.5	54.5	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_051.nt.1	1642.0	19.2	21.7	41.7	41.7	0.0	0.0	18.2	20.0	20.0	23.1
DEX0477_051.nt.1	3080.0	61.5	61.5	83.3	83.3	42.9	42.9	72.7	72.7	53.3	53.3
DEX0477_053.nt.1	1190.0	30.8	33.3	50.0	54.5	14.3	15.4	36.4	36.4	26.7	30.8
DEX0477_053.nt.1	1191.0	30.8	30.8	58.3	58.3	7.1	7.1	27.3	27.3	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_053.nt.1	1234.0	50.0	50.0	83.3	83.3	21.4	21.4	45.5	45.5	53.3	53.3
DEX0477_053.nt.1	1235.0	38.5	38.5	75.0	75.0	7.1	7.1	18.2	18.2	53.3	53.3
DEX0477_	9340.0	53.8	53.8	83.3	83.3	28.6	28.6	36.4	36.4	66.7	66.7

054.nt.1											
DEX0477_054.nt.1	9340.2	53.8	53.8	83.3	83.3	28.6	28.6	36.4	36.4	66.7	66.7
DEX0477_054.nt.2	9341.0	30.8	30.8	58.3	58.3	7.1	7.1	36.4	36.4	26.7	26.7
DEX0477_054.nt.2	9341.2	30.8	30.8	58.3	58.3	7.1	7.1	36.4	36.4	26.7	26.7
DEX0477_055.nt.1	1190.0	30.8	33.3	50.0	54.5	14.3	15.4	36.4	36.4	26.7	30.8
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5605.0	19.2	21.7	33.3	36.4	7.1	8.3	27.3	30.0	13.3	15.4
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5606.0	23.1	28.6	33.3	44.4	14.3	16.7	27.3	37.5	20.0	23.1
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5607.0	34.6	34.6	58.3	58.3	14.3	14.3	36.4	36.4	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5611.0	15.4	17.4	33.3	40.0	0.0	0.0	18.2	20.0	13.3	15.4
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5624.0	23.1	35.3	33.3	50.0	14.3	22.2	27.3	42.9	20.0	30.0
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5637.0	23.1	26.1	33.3	36.4	14.3	16.7	36.4	44.4	13.3	14.3
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5638.0	23.1	23.1	33.3	33.3	14.3	14.3	36.4	36.4	13.3	13.3
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5639.0	30.8	30.8	41.7	41.7	21.4	21.4	36.4	36.4	26.7	26.7
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5640.0	26.9	26.9	33.3	33.3	21.4	21.4	36.4	36.4	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_055.nt.2	1187.0	30.8	30.8	58.3	58.3	7.1	7.1	27.3	27.3	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_055.nt.2	1190.0	30.8	33.3	50.0	54.5	14.3	15.4	36.4	36.4	26.7	30.8
DEX0477_055.nt.2	5605.0	19.2	21.7	33.3	36.4	7.1	8.3	27.3	30.0	13.3	15.4
DEX0477_055.nt.2	5606.0	23.1	28.6	33.3	44.4	14.3	16.7	27.3	37.5	20.0	23.1
DEX0477_055.nt.2	5607.0	34.6	34.6	58.3	58.3	14.3	14.3	36.4	36.4	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_055.nt.2	5611.0	15.4	17.4	33.3	40.0	0.0	0.0	18.2	20.0	13.3	15.4
DEX0477_055.nt.2	5624.0	23.1	35.3	33.3	50.0	14.3	22.2	27.3	42.9	20.0	30.0
DEX0477_055.nt.2	5637.0	23.1	26.1	33.3	36.4	14.3	16.7	36.4	44.4	13.3	14.3
DEX0477_055.nt.2	5638.0	23.1	23.1	33.3	33.3	14.3	14.3	36.4	36.4	13.3	13.3
DEX0477_055.nt.2	5639.0	30.8	30.8	41.7	41.7	21.4	21.4	36.4	36.4	26.7	26.7
DEX0477_055.nt.2	5640.0	26.9	26.9	33.3	33.3	21.4	21.4	36.4	36.4	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_055.nt.3	1187.0	30.8	30.8	58.3	58.3	7.1	7.1	27.3	27.3	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_055.nt.3	1190.0	30.8	33.3	50.0	54.5	14.3	15.4	36.4	36.4	26.7	30.8
DEX0477_055.nt.3	5605.0	19.2	21.7	33.3	36.4	7.1	8.3	27.3	30.0	13.3	15.4
DEX0477_055.nt.3	5606.0	23.1	28.6	33.3	44.4	14.3	16.7	27.3	37.5	20.0	23.1
DEX0477_055.nt.3	5607.0	34.6	34.6	58.3	58.3	14.3	14.3	36.4	36.4	33.3	33.3

DEX0477_055.nt.3	5611.0	15.4	17.4	33.3	40.0	0.0	0.0	18.2	20.0	13.3	15.4
DEX0477_055.nt.3	5624.0	23.1	35.3	33.3	50.0	14.3	22.2	27.3	42.9	20.0	30.0
DEX0477_055.nt.3	5637.0	23.1	26.1	33.3	36.4	14.3	16.7	36.4	44.4	13.3	14.3
DEX0477_055.nt.3	5638.0	23.1	23.1	33.3	33.3	14.3	14.3	36.4	36.4	13.3	13.3
DEX0477_055.nt.3	5639.0	30.8	30.8	41.7	41.7	21.4	21.4	36.4	36.4	26.7	26.7
DEX0477_055.nt.3	5640.0	26.9	26.9	33.3	33.3	21.4	21.4	36.4	36.4	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_055.nt.4	1190.0	30.8	33.3	50.0	54.5	14.3	15.4	36.4	36.4	26.7	30.8
DEX0477_055.nt.4	5605.0	19.2	21.7	33.3	36.4	7.1	8.3	27.3	30.0	13.3	15.4
DEX0477_055.nt.4	5606.0	23.1	28.6	33.3	44.4	14.3	16.7	27.3	37.5	20.0	23.1
DEX0477_055.nt.4	5611.0	15.4	17.4	33.3	40.0	0.0	0.0	18.2	20.0	13.3	15.4
DEX0477_055.nt.4	5624.0	23.1	35.3	33.3	50.0	14.3	22.2	27.3	42.9	20.0	30.0
DEX0477_055.nt.4	5639.0	30.8	30.8	41.7	41.7	21.4	21.4	36.4	36.4	26.7	26.7
DEX0477_055.nt.4	5640.0	26.9	26.9	33.3	33.3	21.4	21.4	36.4	36.4	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_056.nt.1	3805.0	26.9	28.0	50.0	54.5	7.1	7.1	27.3	27.3	26.7	28.6
DEX0477_056.nt.1	3816.0	30.8	30.8	58.3	58.3	7.1	7.1	27.3	27.3	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_056.nt.1	3817.0	26.9	26.9	50.0	50.0	7.1	7.1	27.3	27.3	26.7	26.7
DEX0477_067.nt.1	4787.0	38.5	43.5	33.3	33.3	42.9	54.5	54.5	54.5	26.7	33.3
DEX0477_067.nt.1	4788.0	38.5	50.0	33.3	40.0	42.9	60.0	54.5	60.0	26.7	40.0
DEX0477_068.nt.1	4480.0	15.4	15.4	16.7	16.7	14.3	14.3	0.0	0.0	26.7	26.7
DEX0477_069.nt.1	4893.0	15.4	26.7	16.7	33.3	14.3	22.2	18.2	25.0	13.3	28.6
DEX0477_069.nt.1	4894.0	23.1	85.7	16.7	66.7	28.6	100.0	18.2	100.0	26.7	80.0
DEX0477_070.nt.1	3744.0	15.4	16.0	25.0	27.3	7.1	7.1	18.2	18.2	13.3	14.3
DEX0477_071.nt.1	4957.0	46.2	46.2	58.3	58.3	35.7	35.7	27.3	27.3	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_071.nt.1	4958.0	34.6	34.6	50.0	50.0	21.4	21.4	27.3	27.3	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_071.nt.2	4957.0	46.2	46.2	58.3	58.3	35.7	35.7	27.3	27.3	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_071.nt.2	4958.0	34.6	34.6	50.0	50.0	21.4	21.4	27.3	27.3	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_072.nt.1	3292.0	34.6	34.6	41.7	41.7	28.6	28.6	9.1	9.1	53.3	53.3
DEX0477_072.nt.1	3293.0	34.6	36.0	50.0	50.0	21.4	23.1	9.1	9.1	53.3	57.1
DEX0477_072.nt.2	3292.0	34.6	34.6	41.7	41.7	28.6	28.6	9.1	9.1	53.3	53.3
DEX0477_	3293.0	34.6	36.0	50.0	50.0	21.4	23.1	9.1	9.1	53.3	57.1

072.nt.2											
DEX0477_073.nt.1	589.0	53.8	53.8	41.7	41.7	64.3	64.3	45.5	45.5	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_073.nt.1	590.0	57.7	57.7	50.0	50.0	64.3	64.3	45.5	45.5	66.7	66.7
DEX0477_073.nt.2	589.0	53.8	53.8	41.7	41.7	64.3	64.3	45.5	45.5	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_073.nt.2	590.0	57.7	57.7	50.0	50.0	64.3	64.3	45.5	45.5	66.7	66.7
DEX0477_074.nt.1	589.0	53.8	53.8	41.7	41.7	64.3	64.3	45.5	45.5	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_074.nt.1	590.0	57.7	57.7	50.0	50.0	64.3	64.3	45.5	45.5	66.7	66.7
DEX0477_075.nt.1	5835.0	53.8	56.0	58.3	58.3	50.0	53.8	45.5	50.0	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_075.nt.1	5836.0	57.7	57.7	58.3	58.3	57.1	57.1	45.5	45.5	66.7	66.7
DEX0477_076.nt.1	1336.0	11.5	20.0	25.0	33.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	20.0	30.0
DEX0477_076.nt.1	1337.0	15.4	25.0	33.3	50.0	0.0	0.0	9.1	14.3	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_076.nt.1	1355.0	3.8	33.3	8.3	33.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.7	33.3
DEX0477_076.nt.1	1378.0	11.5	15.8	25.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	20.0	30.0
DEX0477_076.nt.1	1379.0	3.8	5.6	8.3	11.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.7	10.0
DEX0477_076.nt.1	1382.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_076.nt.1	3231.0	15.4	19.0	33.3	44.4	0.0	0.0	9.1	11.1	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_076.nt.1	5317.0	23.1	24.0	50.0	50.0	0.0	0.0	18.2	20.0	26.7	26.7
DEX0477_076.nt.1	5318.0	15.4	15.4	33.3	33.3	0.0	0.0	9.1	9.1	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_077.nt.1	2136.0	42.3	52.4	58.3	70.0	28.6	36.4	27.3	30.0	53.3	72.7
DEX0477_077.nt.1	2137.0	46.2	57.1	66.7	80.0	28.6	36.4	27.3	33.3	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_078.nt.1	422.0	11.5	11.5	16.7	16.7	7.1	7.1	0.0	0.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_078.nt.1	5481.0	30.8	38.1	50.0	60.0	14.3	18.2	9.1	11.1	46.7	58.3
DEX0477_078.nt.1	5482.0	30.8	44.4	50.0	66.7	14.3	22.2	18.2	25.0	40.0	60.0
DEX0477_078.nt.1	5483.0	19.2	25.0	25.0	33.3	14.3	18.2	9.1	12.5	26.7	33.3
DEX0477_078.nt.1	5484.0	26.9	41.2	33.3	50.0	21.4	33.3	9.1	14.3	40.0	60.0
DEX0477_078.nt.1	5538.0	11.5	33.3	16.7	40.0	7.1	25.0	0.0	0.0	20.0	50.0
DEX0477_079.nt.1	3716.0	53.8	53.8	41.7	41.7	64.3	64.3	63.6	63.6	46.7	46.7
DEX0477_079.nt.1	3717.0	50.0	50.0	41.7	41.7	57.1	57.1	54.5	54.5	46.7	46.7

Table 15.

DEX ID	Oligo Name	Lng Cell Lines %up n=5	Lng Cell Lines %valid up n=5	Lng Cell Lines 550 %up n=5	Lng Cell Lines 550 %valid up n=5
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4733.0	20.0	100.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4734.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_015.nt.1	4909.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_015.nt.1	4910.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	2084.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	4909.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.2	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.2	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41939.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41940.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.2	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_025.nt.1	889.0	60.0	100.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_025.nt.1	890.0	60.0	100.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	1350.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_033.nt.1	1351.0	40.0	50.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_033.nt.1	3410.0	40.0	50.0	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_033.nt.1	3411.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19535.0	40.0	50.0	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19535.2	40.0	66.7	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41957.0	40.0	50.0	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41958.0	40.0	50.0	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_033.nt.2	1350.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_033.nt.2	1351.0	40.0	50.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_033.nt.2	3410.0	40.0	50.0	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_033.nt.2	3411.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19535.0	40.0	50.0	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19535.2	40.0	66.7	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41957.0	40.0	50.0	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41958.0	40.0	50.0	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_033.nt.3	1350.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_033.nt.3	1351.0	40.0	50.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_033.nt.3	3410.0	40.0	50.0	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_033.nt.3	3411.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19535.0	40.0	50.0	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19535.2	40.0	66.7	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41957.0	40.0	50.0	40.0	66.7

DEX0477_033.nt.3	41958.0	40.0	50.0	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_038.nt.1	2644.0	60.0	100.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_038.nt.2	2644.0	60.0	100.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_038.nt.3	2644.0	60.0	100.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_040.nt.1	3716.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_040.nt.1	3717.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_040.nt.2	3716.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_040.nt.2	3717.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_042.nt.1	3382.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_043.nt.1	1190.0	20.0	33.3	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_043.nt.1	1191.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_043.nt.1	1234.0	40.0	40.0	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_043.nt.1	1235.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	50.0
DEX0477_050.nt.1	1190.0	20.0	33.3	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_050.nt.1	1191.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_050.nt.1	1234.0	40.0	40.0	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_050.nt.1	1235.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	50.0
DEX0477_051.nt.1	1606.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_051.nt.1	1607.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_051.nt.1	1642.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_051.nt.1	3080.0	0.0	0.0	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_053.nt.1	1190.0	20.0	33.3	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_053.nt.1	1191.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_053.nt.1	1234.0	40.0	40.0	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_053.nt.1	1235.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	50.0
DEX0477_054.nt.1	9340.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_054.nt.1	9340.2	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_054.nt.2	9341.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_054.nt.2	9341.2	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0
DEX0477_055.nt.1	1190.0	20.0	33.3	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5607.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_055.nt.2	1190.0	20.0	33.3	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_055.nt.2	5605.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_055.nt.2	5606.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_055.nt.2	5607.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_055.nt.3	1190.0	20.0	33.3	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_055.nt.3	5605.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_055.nt.3	5606.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_055.nt.3	5607.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_055.nt.4	1190.0	20.0	33.3	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_056.nt.1	3817.0	0.0	0.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_067.nt.1	4787.0	20.0	33.3	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_067.nt.1	4788.0	20.0	50.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_068.nt.1	4480.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_069.nt.1	4893.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	50.0
DEX0477_069.nt.1	4894.0	20.0	100.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_070.nt.1	3744.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_071.nt.1	4957.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_071.nt.1	4958.0	20.0	20.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_071.nt.2	4957.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_071.nt.2	4958.0	20.0	20.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_076.nt.1	1336.0	0.0	0.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_076.nt.1	1337.0	20.0	33.3	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_076.nt.1	1354.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_076.nt.1	1355.0	20.0	100.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_076.nt.1	1378.0	20.0	33.3	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_076.nt.1	1379.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

DEX0477_076.nt.1	1382.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_076.nt.1	3231.0	20.0	33.3	20.0	50.0
DEX0477_076.nt.1	5317.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_076.nt.1	5318.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_079.nt.1	3716.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_079.nt.1	3717.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0

Table 16.

DEX ID	Oligo Name	Lng Multi-Can ALL %up n=22	Lng Multi-Can ALL % valid up n=22	Lng Multi-Can SQ %up n=10	Lng Multi -Can SQ % valid up n=10	Lng Multi-Can AD %up n=12	Lng Multi-Can AD %valid up n=12
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1200.0	45.5	55.6	60.0	75.0	33.3	40.0
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1201.0	45.5	62.5	50.0	83.3	41.7	50.0
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4733.0	95.5	95.5	100.0	100.0	91.7	91.7
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4733.1	95.5	95.5	100.0	100.0	91.7	91.7
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4734.0	27.3	100.0	20.0	100.0	33.3	100.0
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4734.1	95.5	95.5	100.0	100.0	91.7	91.7
DEX0477_009.nt.1	990.0	50.0	50.0	40.0	40.0	58.3	58.3
DEX0477_016.nt.1	33428.0	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.1	33428.1	27.3	28.6	10.0	10.0	41.7	45.5
DEX0477_016.nt.1	33429.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	33429.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.1	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.2	27.3	28.6	10.0	11.1	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.3	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.4	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.1	39533.0	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.1	39533.1	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.1	39534.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.1	39534.1	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33428.0	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33428.1	27.3	28.6	10.0	10.0	41.7	45.5
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33429.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33429.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.1	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.2	27.3	28.6	10.0	11.1	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.3	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.4	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.2	39533.0	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.2	39533.1	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.2	39534.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.2	39534.1	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33428.0	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33428.1	27.3	28.6	10.0	10.0	41.7	45.5
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33429.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33429.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.1	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.2	27.3	28.6	10.0	11.1	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.3	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.4	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3

DEX0477_016.nt.4	39533.0	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.4	39533.1	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.4	39534.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.4	39534.1	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.5	33428.0	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.5	33428.1	27.3	28.6	10.0	10.0	41.7	45.5
DEX0477_016.nt.5	33429.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	33429.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.1	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.2	27.3	28.6	10.0	11.1	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.3	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.4	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.5	39533.0	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.5	39533.1	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.5	39534.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.5	39534.1	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_018.nt.1	102557.0	4.5	4.5	0.0	0.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_018.nt.1	102557.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_018.nt.1	102558.0	4.5	4.5	0.0	0.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_018.nt.1	102558.1	4.5	4.8	0.0	0.0	8.3	9.1
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.0	45.5	52.6	40.0	44.4	50.0	60.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.1	45.5	55.6	40.0	50.0	50.0	60.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.2	45.5	55.6	40.0	50.0	50.0	60.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.0	45.5	47.6	40.0	44.4	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.1	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.2	50.0	57.9	50.0	62.5	50.0	54.5
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41939.0	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41939.1	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41939.2	45.5	47.6	40.0	40.0	50.0	54.5
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41940.0	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41940.1	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41940.2	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	78627.0	45.5	62.5	40.0	50.0	50.0	75.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	78627.1	45.5	66.7	40.0	57.1	50.0	75.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	78628.0	40.9	69.2	30.0	60.0	50.0	75.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	78628.1	45.5	71.4	40.0	66.7	50.0	75.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	94127.0	31.8	46.7	20.0	40.0	41.7	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	94127.1	45.5	52.6	40.0	44.4	50.0	60.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	94128.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	94128.1	50.0	57.9	50.0	50.0	50.0	66.7
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102785.0	45.5	52.6	40.0	44.4	50.0	60.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102785.1	45.5	52.6	40.0	44.4	50.0	60.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102786.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102786.1	50.0	52.4	50.0	50.0	50.0	54.5
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102787.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102787.1	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102789.0	45.5	50.0	40.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102789.1	45.5	47.6	40.0	44.4	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.0	45.5	52.6	40.0	44.4	50.0	60.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.1	45.5	55.6	40.0	50.0	50.0	60.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.2	45.5	55.6	40.0	50.0	50.0	60.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.0	45.5	47.6	40.0	44.4	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.1	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.2	50.0	57.9	50.0	62.5	50.0	54.5
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41939.0	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41939.1	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0

DEX0477_020.nt.1	41939.2	45.5	47.6	40.0	40.0	50.0	54.5
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41940.0	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41940.1	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41940.2	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	78627.0	45.5	62.5	40.0	50.0	50.0	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	78627.1	45.5	66.7	40.0	57.1	50.0	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	78628.0	40.9	69.2	30.0	60.0	50.0	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	78628.1	45.5	71.4	40.0	66.7	50.0	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	94128.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	94128.1	50.0	57.9	50.0	50.0	50.0	66.7
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102786.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102786.1	50.0	52.4	50.0	50.0	50.0	54.5
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102787.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102787.1	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102789.0	45.5	50.0	40.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102789.1	45.5	47.6	40.0	44.4	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.0	45.5	52.6	40.0	44.4	50.0	60.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.1	45.5	55.6	40.0	50.0	50.0	60.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.2	45.5	55.6	40.0	50.0	50.0	60.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.0	45.5	47.6	40.0	44.4	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.1	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.2	50.0	57.9	50.0	62.5	50.0	54.5
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41939.0	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41939.1	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41939.2	45.5	47.6	40.0	40.0	50.0	54.5
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41940.0	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41940.1	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41940.2	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	78627.0	45.5	62.5	40.0	50.0	50.0	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	78627.1	45.5	66.7	40.0	57.1	50.0	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	78628.0	40.9	69.2	30.0	60.0	50.0	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	78628.1	45.5	71.4	40.0	66.7	50.0	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	94128.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	94128.1	50.0	57.9	50.0	50.0	50.0	66.7
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102786.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102786.1	50.0	52.4	50.0	50.0	50.0	54.5
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102787.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102787.1	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102789.0	45.5	50.0	40.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102789.1	45.5	47.6	40.0	44.4	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26770.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26770.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26771.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26771.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.0	31.8	31.8	20.0	20.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.1	31.8	31.8	20.0	20.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.2	31.8	31.8	20.0	20.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.3	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.0	31.8	31.8	20.0	20.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.1	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.2	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.3	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.1	31.8	31.8	20.0	20.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.2	22.7	23.8	10.0	11.1	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.3	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.4	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3

DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.2	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.3	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.4	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26770.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26770.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26771.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26771.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.0	31.8	31.8	20.0	20.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.1	31.8	31.8	20.0	20.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.2	31.8	31.8	20.0	20.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.3	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.0	31.8	31.8	20.0	20.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.1	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.2	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.3	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.1	31.8	31.8	20.0	20.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.2	22.7	23.8	10.0	11.1	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.3	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.4	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.2	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.3	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.4	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.0	45.5	52.6	40.0	44.4	50.0	60.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.1	45.5	55.6	40.0	50.0	50.0	60.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.2	45.5	55.6	40.0	50.0	50.0	60.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41939.0	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41939.1	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41939.2	45.5	47.6	40.0	40.0	50.0	54.5
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41940.0	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41940.1	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41940.2	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	78627.0	45.5	62.5	40.0	50.0	50.0	75.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	78627.1	45.5	66.7	40.0	57.1	50.0	75.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	78628.0	40.9	69.2	30.0	60.0	50.0	75.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	78628.1	45.5	71.4	40.0	66.7	50.0	75.0
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.0	31.8	31.8	20.0	20.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.1	31.8	31.8	20.0	20.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.2	31.8	31.8	20.0	20.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.3	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26770.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26770.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26771.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26771.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.1	31.8	31.8	20.0	20.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.2	22.7	23.8	10.0	11.1	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.3	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.4	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.2	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.3	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3

DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.4	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26770.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26770.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26771.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26771.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.1	31.8	31.8	20.0	20.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.2	22.7	23.8	10.0	11.1	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.3	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.4	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.2	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.3	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.4	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26770.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26770.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26771.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26771.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.1	31.8	31.8	20.0	20.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.2	22.7	23.8	10.0	11.1	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.3	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.4	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.2	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.3	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.4	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_024.nt.4	26770.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.4	26770.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.1	31.8	31.8	20.0	20.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.2	22.7	23.8	10.0	11.1	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.3	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.4	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.2	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.3	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.4	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19534.0	31.8	36.8	40.0	50.0	25.0	27.3
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19534.1	31.8	36.8	40.0	50.0	25.0	27.3
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19535.0	31.8	35.0	40.0	50.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19535.1	31.8	38.9	40.0	50.0	25.0	30.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41957.0	27.3	28.6	30.0	33.3	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41957.1	27.3	28.6	30.0	33.3	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41957.2	27.3	31.6	30.0	37.5	25.0	27.3
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41958.0	31.8	31.8	40.0	40.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41958.1	31.8	31.8	40.0	40.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41958.2	31.8	31.8	40.0	40.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19534.0	31.8	36.8	40.0	50.0	25.0	27.3
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19534.1	31.8	36.8	40.0	50.0	25.0	27.3
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19535.0	31.8	35.0	40.0	50.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19535.1	31.8	38.9	40.0	50.0	25.0	30.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41957.0	27.3	28.6	30.0	33.3	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41957.1	27.3	28.6	30.0	33.3	25.0	25.0

DEX0477_033.nt.2	41957.2	27.3	31.6	30.0	37.5	25.0	27.3
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41958.0	31.8	31.8	40.0	40.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41958.1	31.8	31.8	40.0	40.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41958.2	31.8	31.8	40.0	40.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19534.0	31.8	36.8	40.0	50.0	25.0	27.3
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19534.1	31.8	36.8	40.0	50.0	25.0	27.3
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19535.0	31.8	35.0	40.0	50.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19535.1	31.8	38.9	40.0	50.0	25.0	30.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41957.0	27.3	28.6	30.0	33.3	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41957.1	27.3	28.6	30.0	33.3	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41957.2	27.3	31.6	30.0	37.5	25.0	27.3
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41958.0	31.8	31.8	40.0	40.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41958.1	31.8	31.8	40.0	40.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41958.2	31.8	31.8	40.0	40.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_036.nt.1	2371.0	72.7	72.7	90.0	90.0	58.3	58.3
DEX0477_036.nt.1	2406.0	72.7	72.7	90.0	90.0	58.3	58.3
DEX0477_036.nt.1	2442.0	72.7	72.7	90.0	90.0	58.3	58.3
DEX0477_036.nt.1	3111.0	63.6	73.7	80.0	88.9	50.0	60.0
DEX0477_042.nt.1	3383.0	22.7	22.7	0.0	0.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_046.nt.1	1551.0	36.4	36.4	30.0	30.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_047.nt.1	452.0	45.5	47.6	60.0	60.0	33.3	36.4
DEX0477_048.nt.1	33514.0	18.2	22.2	10.0	16.7	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_048.nt.1	33514.1	18.2	25.0	10.0	16.7	25.0	30.0
DEX0477_048.nt.3	33514.1	18.2	25.0	10.0	16.7	25.0	30.0
DEX0477_048.nt.4	33514.1	18.2	25.0	10.0	16.7	25.0	30.0
DEX0477_051.nt.1	3081.0	45.5	45.5	60.0	60.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10766.0	59.1	68.4	70.0	87.5	50.0	54.5
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10766.1	63.6	70.0	70.0	77.8	58.3	63.6
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10767.0	63.6	66.7	70.0	77.8	58.3	58.3
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10767.1	59.1	61.9	70.0	77.8	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_054.nt.1	9340.0	9.1	100.0	10.0	100.0	8.3	100.0
DEX0477_054.nt.1	9340.1	4.5	50.0	0.0	0.0	8.3	100.0
DEX0477_054.nt.2	9341.0	54.5	54.5	70.0	70.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_054.nt.2	9341.1	50.0	50.0	60.0	60.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_057.nt.1	28972.0	36.4	36.4	50.0	50.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_057.nt.1	28972.1	31.8	31.8	40.0	40.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_070.nt.1	3745.0	22.7	22.7	40.0	40.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_076.nt.1	1383.0	18.2	18.2	40.0	40.0	0.0	0.0

Table 17.

DEX ID	Oligo Name	Lng Multi -Can 550 ALL %up n=22	Lng Multi-Can 550 ALL % valid up n=22	Lng Multi-Can 550 SQ %up n=10	Lng Multi-Can 550 SQ %valid up n=10	Lng Multi-Can 550 AD %up n=12	Lng Multi-Can 550 AD %valid up n=12
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1200.0	63.6	63.6	80.0	80.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1201.0	68.2	68.2	90.0	90.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9744.0	13.6	13.6	20.0	20.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4733.0	95.5	95.5	100.0	100.0	91.7	91.7
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4733.1	95.5	95.5	100.0	100.0	91.7	91.7
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4734.0	50.0	91.7	40.0	100.0	58.3	87.5
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4734.1	95.5	95.5	100.0	100.0	91.7	91.7
DEX0477_009.nt.1	990.0	45.5	45.5	30.0	30.0	58.3	58.3
DEX0477_016.nt.1	33428.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.1	33428.1	27.3	28.6	10.0	10.0	41.7	45.5

DEX0477_016.nt.1	33429.0	13.6	20.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	30.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	33429.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.2	27.3	28.6	10.0	11.1	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.3	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.4	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.1	39533.0	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.1	39533.1	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.1	39534.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.1	39534.1	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33428.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33428.1	27.3	28.6	10.0	10.0	41.7	45.5
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33429.0	13.6	20.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	30.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33429.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.2	27.3	28.6	10.0	11.1	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.3	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.4	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.2	39533.0	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.2	39533.1	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.2	39534.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.2	39534.1	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33428.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33428.1	27.3	28.6	10.0	10.0	41.7	45.5
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33429.0	13.6	20.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	30.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33429.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.2	27.3	28.6	10.0	11.1	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.3	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.4	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.4	39533.0	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.4	39533.1	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.4	39534.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.4	39534.1	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.5	33428.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.5	33428.1	27.3	28.6	10.0	10.0	41.7	45.5
DEX0477_016.nt.5	33429.0	13.6	20.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	30.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	33429.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.2	27.3	28.6	10.0	11.1	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.3	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.4	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.5	39533.0	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.5	39533.1	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_016.nt.5	39534.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_016.nt.5	39534.1	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.0	45.5	76.9	40.0	66.7	50.0	85.7
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.1	45.5	76.9	40.0	66.7	50.0	85.7
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.2	45.5	66.7	40.0	57.1	50.0	75.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.0	45.5	66.7	40.0	57.1	50.0	75.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.1	45.5	58.8	40.0	57.1	50.0	60.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.2	45.5	62.5	40.0	57.1	50.0	66.7
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41939.0	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0

DEX0477_019.nt.1	41939.1	45.5	47.6	40.0	44.4	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41939.2	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41940.0	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41940.1	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41940.2	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	78627.0	45.5	76.9	40.0	66.7	50.0	85.7
DEX0477_019.nt.1	78627.1	40.9	69.2	30.0	50.0	50.0	85.7
DEX0477_019.nt.1	78628.0	40.9	81.8	30.0	75.0	50.0	85.7
DEX0477_019.nt.1	78628.1	45.5	76.9	40.0	66.7	50.0	85.7
DEX0477_019.nt.1	94127.0	36.4	61.5	30.0	50.0	41.7	71.4
DEX0477_019.nt.1	94127.1	40.9	69.2	40.0	57.1	41.7	83.3
DEX0477_019.nt.1	94128.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	94128.1	50.0	61.1	50.0	55.6	50.0	66.7
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102785.0	45.5	71.4	40.0	66.7	50.0	75.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102785.1	45.5	71.4	40.0	66.7	50.0	75.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102786.0	50.0	57.9	50.0	55.6	50.0	60.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102786.1	50.0	55.0	50.0	55.6	50.0	54.5
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102787.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102787.1	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102789.0	50.0	52.4	50.0	55.6	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102789.1	45.5	58.8	40.0	57.1	50.0	60.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.0	45.5	76.9	40.0	66.7	50.0	85.7
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.1	45.5	76.9	40.0	66.7	50.0	85.7
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.2	45.5	66.7	40.0	57.1	50.0	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.0	45.5	66.7	40.0	57.1	50.0	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.1	45.5	58.8	40.0	57.1	50.0	60.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.2	45.5	62.5	40.0	57.1	50.0	66.7
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41939.0	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41939.1	45.5	47.6	40.0	44.4	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41939.2	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41940.0	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41940.1	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41940.2	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	78627.0	45.5	76.9	40.0	66.7	50.0	85.7
DEX0477_020.nt.1	78627.1	40.9	69.2	30.0	50.0	50.0	85.7
DEX0477_020.nt.1	78628.0	40.9	81.8	30.0	75.0	50.0	85.7
DEX0477_020.nt.1	78628.1	45.5	76.9	40.0	66.7	50.0	85.7
DEX0477_020.nt.1	94128.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	94128.1	50.0	61.1	50.0	55.6	50.0	66.7
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102786.0	50.0	57.9	50.0	55.6	50.0	60.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102786.1	50.0	55.0	50.0	55.6	50.0	54.5
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102787.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102787.1	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102789.0	50.0	52.4	50.0	55.6	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102789.1	45.5	58.8	40.0	57.1	50.0	60.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.0	45.5	76.9	40.0	66.7	50.0	85.7
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.1	45.5	76.9	40.0	66.7	50.0	85.7
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.2	45.5	66.7	40.0	57.1	50.0	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.0	45.5	66.7	40.0	57.1	50.0	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.1	45.5	58.8	40.0	57.1	50.0	60.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.2	45.5	62.5	40.0	57.1	50.0	66.7
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41939.0	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41939.1	45.5	47.6	40.0	44.4	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41939.2	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41940.0	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41940.1	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41940.2	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0

DEX0477_020.nt.2	78627.0	45.5	76.9	40.0	66.7	50.0	85.7
DEX0477_020.nt.2	78627.1	40.9	69.2	30.0	50.0	50.0	85.7
DEX0477_020.nt.2	78628.0	40.9	81.8	30.0	75.0	50.0	85.7
DEX0477_020.nt.2	78628.1	45.5	76.9	40.0	66.7	50.0	85.7
DEX0477_020.nt.2	94128.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	94128.1	50.0	61.1	50.0	55.6	50.0	66.7
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102786.0	50.0	57.9	50.0	55.6	50.0	60.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102786.1	50.0	55.0	50.0	55.6	50.0	54.5
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102787.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102787.1	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102789.0	50.0	52.4	50.0	55.6	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102789.1	45.5	58.8	40.0	57.1	50.0	60.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26770.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26770.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26771.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26771.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.0	31.8	31.8	20.0	20.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.1	27.3	27.3	20.0	20.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.2	31.8	31.8	20.0	20.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.3	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.0	31.8	31.8	20.0	20.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.2	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.3	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.0	22.7	23.8	10.0	11.1	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.1	27.3	27.3	20.0	20.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.2	22.7	23.8	10.0	11.1	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.3	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.4	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.0	22.7	25.0	10.0	12.5	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.2	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.3	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.4	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26770.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26770.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26771.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26771.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.0	31.8	31.8	20.0	20.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.1	27.3	27.3	20.0	20.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.2	31.8	31.8	20.0	20.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.3	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.0	31.8	31.8	20.0	20.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.2	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.3	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.0	22.7	23.8	10.0	11.1	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.1	27.3	27.3	20.0	20.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.2	22.7	23.8	10.0	11.1	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.3	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.4	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.0	22.7	25.0	10.0	12.5	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.2	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.3	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.4	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.0	45.5	76.9	40.0	66.7	50.0	85.7

DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.1	45.5	76.9	40.0	66.7	50.0	85.7
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.2	45.5	66.7	40.0	57.1	50.0	75.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41939.0	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41939.1	45.5	47.6	40.0	44.4	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41939.2	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41940.0	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41940.1	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41940.2	45.5	45.5	40.0	40.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	78627.0	45.5	76.9	40.0	66.7	50.0	85.7
DEX0477_022.nt.1	78627.1	40.9	69.2	30.0	50.0	50.0	85.7
DEX0477_022.nt.1	78628.0	40.9	81.8	30.0	75.0	50.0	85.7
DEX0477_022.nt.1	78628.1	45.5	76.9	40.0	66.7	50.0	85.7
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.0	31.8	31.8	20.0	20.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.1	27.3	27.3	20.0	20.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.2	31.8	31.8	20.0	20.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.3	27.3	27.3	10.0	10.0	41.7	41.7
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26770.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26770.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26771.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26771.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.0	22.7	23.8	10.0	11.1	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.1	27.3	27.3	20.0	20.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.2	22.7	23.8	10.0	11.1	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.3	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.4	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.0	22.7	25.0	10.0	12.5	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.2	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.3	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.4	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26770.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26770.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26771.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26771.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.0	22.7	23.8	10.0	11.1	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.1	27.3	27.3	20.0	20.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.2	22.7	23.8	10.0	11.1	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.3	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.4	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.0	22.7	25.0	10.0	12.5	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.2	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.3	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.4	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26770.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26770.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26771.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26771.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.0	22.7	23.8	10.0	11.1	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.1	27.3	27.3	20.0	20.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.2	22.7	23.8	10.0	11.1	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.3	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.4	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.0	22.7	25.0	10.0	12.5	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.2	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.3	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3

DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.4	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.4	26770.0	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.4	26770.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.0	22.7	23.8	10.0	11.1	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.1	27.3	27.3	20.0	20.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.2	22.7	23.8	10.0	11.1	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.3	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.4	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.0	22.7	25.0	10.0	12.5	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.1	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.2	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.3	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.4	22.7	22.7	10.0	10.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19534.0	31.8	46.7	40.0	57.1	25.0	37.5
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19534.1	31.8	46.7	40.0	57.1	25.0	37.5
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19535.0	31.8	41.2	40.0	57.1	25.0	30.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19535.1	31.8	38.9	40.0	50.0	25.0	30.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41957.0	31.8	35.0	40.0	40.0	25.0	30.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41957.1	27.3	30.0	30.0	33.3	25.0	27.3
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41957.2	27.3	33.3	30.0	42.9	25.0	27.3
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41958.0	27.3	28.6	30.0	30.0	25.0	27.3
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41958.1	31.8	33.3	40.0	40.0	25.0	27.3
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41958.2	31.8	35.0	40.0	44.4	25.0	27.3
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19534.0	31.8	46.7	40.0	57.1	25.0	37.5
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19534.1	31.8	46.7	40.0	57.1	25.0	37.5
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19535.0	31.8	41.2	40.0	57.1	25.0	30.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19535.1	31.8	38.9	40.0	50.0	25.0	30.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41957.0	31.8	35.0	40.0	40.0	25.0	30.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41957.1	27.3	30.0	30.0	33.3	25.0	27.3
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41957.2	27.3	33.3	30.0	42.9	25.0	27.3
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41958.0	27.3	28.6	30.0	30.0	25.0	27.3
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41958.1	31.8	33.3	40.0	40.0	25.0	27.3
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41958.2	31.8	35.0	40.0	44.4	25.0	27.3
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19534.0	31.8	46.7	40.0	57.1	25.0	37.5
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19534.1	31.8	46.7	40.0	57.1	25.0	37.5
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19535.0	31.8	41.2	40.0	57.1	25.0	30.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19535.1	31.8	38.9	40.0	50.0	25.0	30.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41957.0	31.8	35.0	40.0	40.0	25.0	30.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41957.1	27.3	30.0	30.0	33.3	25.0	27.3
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41957.2	27.3	33.3	30.0	42.9	25.0	27.3
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41958.0	27.3	28.6	30.0	30.0	25.0	27.3
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41958.1	31.8	33.3	40.0	40.0	25.0	27.3
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41958.2	31.8	35.0	40.0	44.4	25.0	27.3
DEX0477_036.nt.1	2371.0	72.7	72.7	90.0	90.0	58.3	58.3
DEX0477_036.nt.1	2406.0	72.7	72.7	90.0	90.0	58.3	58.3
DEX0477_036.nt.1	2442.0	72.7	72.7	90.0	90.0	58.3	58.3
DEX0477_036.nt.1	3111.0	68.2	68.2	90.0	90.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_042.nt.1	3383.0	31.8	31.8	0.0	0.0	58.3	58.3
DEX0477_046.nt.1	1551.0	31.8	31.8	30.0	30.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_047.nt.1	452.0	45.5	50.0	60.0	66.7	33.3	36.4
DEX0477_048.nt.1	33514.0	18.2	30.8	10.0	20.0	25.0	37.5
DEX0477_048.nt.1	33514.1	18.2	30.8	10.0	20.0	25.0	37.5
DEX0477_048.nt.1	33515.0	13.6	15.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_048.nt.1	33515.1	13.6	15.8	10.0	12.5	16.7	18.2
DEX0477_048.nt.2	33514.0	18.2	30.8	10.0	20.0	25.0	37.5
DEX0477_048.nt.2	33514.1	18.2	30.8	10.0	20.0	25.0	37.5
DEX0477_048.nt.2	33515.0	13.6	15.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	25.0

DEX0477_048.nt.2	33515.1	13.6	15.8	10.0	12.5	16.7	18.2
DEX0477_048.nt.3	33514.0	18.2	30.8	10.0	20.0	25.0	37.5
DEX0477_048.nt.3	33514.1	18.2	30.8	10.0	20.0	25.0	37.5
DEX0477_048.nt.3	33515.0	13.6	15.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_048.nt.3	33515.1	13.6	15.8	10.0	12.5	16.7	18.2
DEX0477_048.nt.4	33514.0	18.2	30.8	10.0	20.0	25.0	37.5
DEX0477_048.nt.4	33514.1	18.2	30.8	10.0	20.0	25.0	37.5
DEX0477_048.nt.4	33515.0	13.6	15.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_048.nt.4	33515.1	13.6	15.8	10.0	12.5	16.7	18.2
DEX0477_051.nt.1	3081.0	45.5	45.5	60.0	60.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10766.0	59.1	72.2	70.0	87.5	50.0	60.0
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10766.1	59.1	72.2	70.0	87.5	50.0	60.0
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10767.0	59.1	72.2	70.0	77.8	50.0	66.7
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10767.1	59.1	65.0	70.0	77.8	50.0	54.5
DEX0477_054.nt.1	9340.0	54.5	54.5	80.0	80.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_054.nt.1	9340.1	50.0	50.0	70.0	70.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_054.nt.2	9341.0	50.0	50.0	70.0	70.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_054.nt.2	9341.1	45.5	45.5	60.0	60.0	33.3	33.3
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5612.0	18.2	18.2	30.0	30.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_055.nt.2	5612.0	18.2	18.2	30.0	30.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_055.nt.3	5612.0	18.2	18.2	30.0	30.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_055.nt.4	5612.0	18.2	18.2	30.0	30.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_057.nt.1	28971.0	18.2	18.2	30.0	30.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_057.nt.1	28971.1	18.2	18.2	30.0	30.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_057.nt.1	28972.0	31.8	31.8	40.0	40.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_057.nt.1	28972.1	27.3	27.3	30.0	30.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_070.nt.1	3745.0	18.2	18.2	30.0	30.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_076.nt.1	1383.0	13.6	13.6	30.0	30.0	0.0	0.0

OVARIAN CANCER CHIPS

For ovarian cancer two different chip designs were evaluated with overlapping sets of a total of 19 samples, comparing the expression patterns of ovarian cancer derived total RNA to total RNA isolated from a pool of 9 normal ovarian tissues. For the Multi-Cancer Array Chip, all 19 samples (14 invasive carcinomas, 5 low malignant potential samples were analyzed and for the Ovarian Array Chip, a subset of 17 of these samples (13 invasive carcinomas, 4 low malignant potential samples) were assessed.

The results for the statistically significant up-regulated genes on the Ovarian Array Chip are shown in Table(s) 18-19. The results for the statistically significant up-regulated genes on the Multi-Cancer Array Chip are shown in Table(s) 20-21. The first two columns of each table contain information about the sequence itself (DEX ID, Oligo Name), the next columns show the results obtained for all ("ALL") ovarian cancer samples, invasive carcinomas ("INV") and low malignant potential ("LMP") samples. '%up' indicates the percentage of all experiments in which up-regulation of at least 2-fold was observed (n=19 for the Multi-Cancer Array Chip, n=17 for the Ovarian Array Chip),

'%valid up' indicates the percentage of experiments with valid expression values in which up-regulation of at least 2-fold was observed. Additional experiments were performed, generally the results are only reported below if the data showed 30% or greater up-regulation in at least one of the experimental subsets.

Table 18.

DEX ID	Oligo Name	Ovr ALL %up n=17	Ovr ALL %valid up n=17	Ovr INV %up n=13	Ovr INV %valid up n=13	Ovr LMP %up n=4	Ovr LMP %valid up n=4
DEX0477_005.nt.1	18050.01	35.3	35.3	46.2	46.2	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_005.nt.1	18050.02	35.3	35.3	46.2	46.2	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_005.nt.1	18088.01	23.5	23.5	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_005.nt.1	18088.02	23.5	23.5	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9744.01	58.8	58.8	69.2	69.2	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9744.02	58.8	58.8	69.2	69.2	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.01	47.1	72.7	46.2	66.7	50.0	100.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.02	47.1	72.7	38.5	62.5	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_010.nt.1	17464.01	29.4	29.4	38.5	38.5	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_010.nt.1	17464.02	29.4	29.4	38.5	38.5	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_010.nt.1	18050.01	35.3	35.3	46.2	46.2	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_010.nt.1	18050.02	35.3	35.3	46.2	46.2	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_010.nt.1	18088.01	23.5	23.5	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_010.nt.1	18088.02	23.5	23.5	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_010.nt.1	18094.01	52.9	52.9	69.2	69.2	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_010.nt.1	18094.02	52.9	52.9	69.2	69.2	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_012.nt.1	16966.01	29.4	29.4	38.5	38.5	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_012.nt.1	16966.02	29.4	29.4	38.5	38.5	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_012.nt.1	22433.01	29.4	29.4	38.5	38.5	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_012.nt.1	22433.02	29.4	29.4	38.5	38.5	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_013.nt.1	10548.01	35.3	35.3	38.5	38.5	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_013.nt.1	10548.02	35.3	35.3	38.5	38.5	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_013.nt.1	14426.01	17.6	18.8	15.4	16.7	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_013.nt.1	14426.02	11.8	11.8	7.7	7.7	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.01	76.5	76.5	76.9	76.9	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.02	76.5	76.5	76.9	76.9	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.01	76.5	76.5	76.9	76.9	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.02	76.5	76.5	76.9	76.9	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.01	76.5	76.5	76.9	76.9	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.02	76.5	76.5	76.9	76.9	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.01	76.5	76.5	76.9	76.9	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.02	76.5	76.5	76.9	76.9	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.01	29.4	55.6	15.4	33.3	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.02	29.4	62.5	15.4	40.0	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.01	29.4	55.6	15.4	33.3	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.02	29.4	62.5	15.4	40.0	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.01	29.4	55.6	15.4	33.3	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.02	29.4	62.5	15.4	40.0	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.01	52.9	60.0	38.5	45.5	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.02	52.9	56.2	38.5	41.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.01	52.9	60.0	38.5	45.5	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.02	52.9	56.2	38.5	41.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.01	29.4	55.6	15.4	33.3	75.0	100.0

DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.02	29.4	62.5	15.4	40.0	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.01	52.9	60.0	38.5	45.5	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.02	52.9	56.2	38.5	41.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_025.nt.1	10702.01	94.1	94.1	92.3	92.3	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_025.nt.1	10702.02	94.1	94.1	92.3	92.3	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_025.nt.1	18214.01	94.1	94.1	92.3	92.3	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_025.nt.1	18214.02	88.2	93.8	84.6	91.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_026.nt.1	16123.01	29.4	31.2	30.8	33.3	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_026.nt.1	16123.02	29.4	33.3	30.8	36.4	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_028.nt.1	10454.01	41.2	41.2	53.8	53.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_028.nt.1	10454.02	41.2	41.2	53.8	53.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_028.nt.2	10454.01	41.2	41.2	53.8	53.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_028.nt.2	10454.02	41.2	41.2	53.8	53.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_028.nt.3	10454.01	41.2	41.2	53.8	53.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_028.nt.3	10454.02	41.2	41.2	53.8	53.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_028.nt.4	10454.01	41.2	41.2	53.8	53.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_028.nt.4	10454.02	41.2	41.2	53.8	53.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_032.nt.1	11307.01	23.5	23.5	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_032.nt.1	11307.02	23.5	23.5	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_032.nt.1	21709.01	5.9	6.2	7.7	8.3	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_032.nt.1	21709.02	17.6	17.6	23.1	23.1	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_032.nt.1	21779.01	23.5	23.5	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_032.nt.1	21779.02	23.5	23.5	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_032.nt.1	22353.01	5.9	6.7	7.7	9.1	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_032.nt.1	22353.02	17.6	23.1	23.1	27.3	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19534.01	11.8	20.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	66.7
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19534.02	23.5	28.6	7.7	9.1	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	21523.01	17.6	17.6	7.7	7.7	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	21523.02	11.8	14.3	0.0	0.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	24504.01	17.6	23.1	0.0	0.0	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	24504.02	23.5	33.3	7.7	11.1	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19534.01	11.8	20.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	66.7
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19534.02	23.5	28.6	7.7	9.1	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	21523.01	17.6	17.6	7.7	7.7	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	21523.02	11.8	14.3	0.0	0.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	24504.01	17.6	23.1	0.0	0.0	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	24504.02	23.5	33.3	7.7	11.1	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19534.01	11.8	20.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	66.7
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19534.02	23.5	28.6	7.7	9.1	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	21523.01	17.6	17.6	7.7	7.7	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	21523.02	11.8	14.3	0.0	0.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	24504.01	17.6	23.1	0.0	0.0	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	24504.02	23.5	33.3	7.7	11.1	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_037.nt.1	17118.01	17.6	17.6	23.1	23.1	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_037.nt.1	17118.02	23.5	23.5	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_038.nt.1	18212.01	82.4	93.3	84.6	100.0	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_038.nt.1	18212.02	70.6	92.3	76.9	100.0	50.0	66.7
DEX0477_038.nt.2	18212.01	82.4	93.3	84.6	100.0	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_038.nt.2	18212.02	70.6	92.3	76.9	100.0	50.0	66.7
DEX0477_038.nt.3	18212.01	82.4	93.3	84.6	100.0	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_038.nt.3	18212.02	70.6	92.3	76.9	100.0	50.0	66.7
DEX0477_040.nt.1	19274.01	35.3	35.3	38.5	38.5	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_040.nt.1	19274.02	23.5	23.5	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_040.nt.2	19274.01	35.3	35.3	38.5	38.5	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_040.nt.2	19274.02	23.5	23.5	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_041.nt.1	11295.01	35.3	35.3	23.1	23.1	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_041.nt.1	11295.02	29.4	29.4	15.4	15.4	75.0	75.0

DEX0477_043.nt.1	18480.01	88.2	88.2	92.3	92.3	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_043.nt.1	18480.02	88.2	88.2	92.3	92.3	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_043.nt.1	18496.01	11.8	12.5	15.4	15.4	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_043.nt.1	18496.02	11.8	11.8	15.4	15.4	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_050.nt.1	18480.01	88.2	88.2	92.3	92.3	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_050.nt.1	18480.02	88.2	88.2	92.3	92.3	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_050.nt.1	18496.01	11.8	12.5	15.4	15.4	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_050.nt.1	18496.02	11.8	11.8	15.4	15.4	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10766.01	47.1	100.0	38.5	100.0	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10766.02	52.9	90.0	46.2	85.7	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_052.nt.1	21369.01	52.9	75.0	46.2	66.7	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_052.nt.1	21369.02	52.9	81.8	46.2	75.0	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_053.nt.1	18480.01	88.2	88.2	92.3	92.3	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_053.nt.1	18480.02	88.2	88.2	92.3	92.3	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_053.nt.1	18496.01	11.8	12.5	15.4	15.4	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_053.nt.1	18496.02	11.8	11.8	15.4	15.4	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_054.nt.1	9340.01	29.4	50.0	30.8	66.7	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_054.nt.1	9340.02	47.1	66.7	46.2	75.0	50.0	50.0
DEX0477_055.nt.1	20553.01	35.3	75.0	30.8	66.7	50.0	100.0
DEX0477_055.nt.1	20553.02	41.2	70.0	30.8	57.1	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_055.nt.2	20553.01	35.3	75.0	30.8	66.7	50.0	100.0
DEX0477_055.nt.2	20553.02	41.2	70.0	30.8	57.1	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_055.nt.2	20563.01	17.6	21.4	15.4	16.7	25.0	50.0
DEX0477_055.nt.2	20563.02	17.6	20.0	15.4	16.7	25.0	33.3
DEX0477_055.nt.3	20553.01	35.3	75.0	30.8	66.7	50.0	100.0
DEX0477_055.nt.3	20553.02	41.2	70.0	30.8	57.1	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_055.nt.3	20563.01	17.6	21.4	15.4	16.7	25.0	50.0
DEX0477_055.nt.3	20563.02	17.6	20.0	15.4	16.7	25.0	33.3
DEX0477_055.nt.4	20553.01	35.3	75.0	30.8	66.7	50.0	100.0
DEX0477_055.nt.4	20553.02	41.2	70.0	30.8	57.1	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_056.nt.1	19014.02	23.5	23.5	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_080.nt.1	19274.01	35.3	35.3	38.5	38.5	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_080.nt.1	19274.02	23.5	23.5	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0

Table 19.

DEX ID	Oligo Name	Ovr 550 ALL %up n=17	Ovr 550 ALL %valid up n=17	Ovr 550 INV %up n=13	Ovr 550 INV %valid up n=13	Ovr 550 LMP %up n=4	Ovr 550 LMP %valid up n=4
DEX0477_005.nt.1	18050.01	35.3	35.3	46.2	46.2	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_005.nt.1	18050.02	35.3	35.3	46.2	46.2	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_005.nt.1	18088.01	23.5	23.5	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_005.nt.1	18088.02	23.5	23.5	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9744.01	64.7	64.7	76.9	76.9	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9744.02	64.7	64.7	76.9	76.9	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.01	17.6	60.0	15.4	50.0	25.0	100.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.02	17.6	100.0	15.4	100.0	25.0	100.0
DEX0477_010.nt.1	17464.01	29.4	29.4	38.5	38.5	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_010.nt.1	17464.02	29.4	29.4	38.5	38.5	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_010.nt.1	18050.01	35.3	35.3	46.2	46.2	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_010.nt.1	18050.02	35.3	35.3	46.2	46.2	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_010.nt.1	18088.01	23.5	23.5	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_010.nt.1	18088.02	23.5	23.5	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_010.nt.1	18094.01	52.9	52.9	69.2	69.2	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_010.nt.1	18094.02	52.9	52.9	69.2	69.2	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_012.nt.1	16966.01	29.4	29.4	38.5	38.5	0.0	0.0

DEX0477_012.nt.1	16966.02	29.4	29.4	38.5	38.5	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_012.nt.1	22433.01	29.4	29.4	38.5	38.5	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_012.nt.1	22433.02	29.4	29.4	38.5	38.5	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_013.nt.1	10548.01	35.3	40.0	38.5	41.7	25.0	33.3
DEX0477_013.nt.1	10548.02	35.3	40.0	38.5	41.7	25[illegible]	33.3
DEX0477_013.nt.1	14426.01	11.8	13.3	7.7	9.1	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_013.nt.1	14426.02	5.9	9.1	0.0	0.0	25.0	50.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.01	70.6	70.6	69.2	69.2	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.02	76.5	76.5	76.9	76.9	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.01	70.6	70.6	69.2	69.2	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.02	76.5	76.5	76.9	76.9	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.01	70.6	70.6	69.2	69.2	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.02	76.5	76.5	76.9	76.9	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.01	70.6	70.6	69.2	69.2	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.02	76.5	76.5	76.9	76.9	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.01	23.5	100.0	7.7	100.0	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.02	23.5	100.0	7.7	100.0	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.01	23.5	100.0	7.7	100.0	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.02	23.5	100.0	7.7	100.0	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.01	23.5	100.0	7.7	100.0	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.02	23.5	100.0	7.7	100.0	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.01	52.9	81.8	38.5	71.4	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.02	47.1	66.7	38.5	55.6	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.01	52.9	81.8	38.5	71.4	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.02	47.1	66.7	38.5	55.6	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.01	23.5	100.0	7.7	100.0	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.02	23.5	100.0	7.7	100.0	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.01	52.9	81.8	38.5	71.4	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.02	47.1	66.7	38.5	55.6	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_025.nt.1	10702.01	94.1	94.1	92.3	92.3	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_025.nt.1	10702.02	94.1	94.1	92.3	92.3	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_025.nt.1	18214.01	94.1	94.1	92.3	92.3	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_025.nt.1	18214.02	88.2	93.8	84.6	91.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_026.nt.1	16123.01	29.4	33.3	30.8	36.4	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_026.nt.1	16123.02	29.4	35.7	30.8	40.0	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_028.nt.1	10454.01	41.2	41.2	53.8	53.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_028.nt.1	10454.02	41.2	41.2	53.8	53.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_028.nt.2	10454.01	41.2	41.2	53.8	53.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_028.nt.2	10454.02	41.2	41.2	53.8	53.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_028.nt.3	10454.01	41.2	41.2	53.8	53.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_028.nt.3	10454.02	41.2	41.2	53.8	53.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_028.nt.4	10454.01	41.2	41.2	53.8	53.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_028.nt.4	10454.02	41.2	41.2	53.8	53.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_032.nt.1	11307.01	23.5	23.5	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_032.nt.1	11307.02	23.5	23.5	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_032.nt.1	21709.01	5.9	7.7	7.7	10.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_032.nt.1	21709.02	17.6	21.4	23.1	25.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_032.nt.1	21779.01	23.5	23.5	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_032.nt.1	21779.02	23.5	25.0	30.8	33.3	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_032.nt.1	22353.01	5.9	11.1	7.7	11.1	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_032.nt.1	22353.02	11.8	22.2	15.4	22.2	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19534.01	11.8	33.3	0.0	0.0	50.0	66.7
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19534.02	5.9	14.3	0.0	0.0	25.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	21523.01	5.9	7.7	0.0	0.0	25.0	33.3
DEX0477_033.nt.1	21523.02	5.9	8.3	0.0	0.0	25.0	33.3
DEX0477_033.nt.1	24504.01	11.8	33.3	0.0	0.0	50.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	24504.02	17.6	37.5	0.0	0.0	75.0	100.0

DEX0477_033.nt.2	19534.01	11.8	33.3	0.0	0.0	50.0	66.7
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19534.02	5.9	14.3	0.0	0.0	25.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	21523.01	5.9	7.7	0.0	0.0	25.0	33.3
DEX0477_033.nt.2	21523.02	5.9	8.3	0.0	0.0	25.0	33.3
DEX0477_033.nt.2	24504.01	11.8	33.3	0.0	0.0	50.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	24504.02	17.6	37.5	0.0	0.0	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19534.01	11.8	33.3	0.0	0.0	50.0	66.7
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19534.02	5.9	14.3	0.0	0.0	25.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	21523.01	5.9	7.7	0.0	0.0	25.0	33.3
DEX0477_033.nt.3	21523.02	5.9	8.3	0.0	0.0	25.0	33.3
DEX0477_033.nt.3	24504.01	11.8	33.3	0.0	0.0	50.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	24504.02	17.6	37.5	0.0	0.0	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_037.nt.1	17118.01	23.5	23.5	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_037.nt.1	17118.02	23.5	23.5	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_038.nt.1	18212.01	52.9	90.0	53.8	100.0	50.0	66.7
DEX0477_038.nt.1	18212.02	47.1	100.0	46.2	100.0	50.0	100.0
DEX0477_038.nt.2	18212.01	52.9	90.0	53.8	100.0	50.0	66.7
DEX0477_038.nt.2	18212.02	47.1	100.0	46.2	100.0	50.0	100.0
DEX0477_038.nt.3	18212.01	52.9	90.0	53.8	100.0	50.0	66.7
DEX0477_038.nt.3	18212.02	47.1	100.0	46.2	100.0	50.0	100.0
DEX0477_040.nt.1	19274.01	35.3	37.5	38.5	38.5	25.0	33.3
DEX0477_040.nt.1	19274.02	23.5	25.0	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_040.nt.2	19274.01	35.3	37.5	38.5	38.5	25.0	33.3
DEX0477_040.nt.2	19274.02	23.5	25.0	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_041.nt.1	11295.01	35.3	35.3	23.1	23.1	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_041.nt.1	11295.02	29.4	29.4	15.4	15.4	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_043.nt.1	18480.01	82.4	87.5	92.3	92.3	50.0	66.7
DEX0477_043.nt.1	18480.02	88.2	88.2	92.3	92.3	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_043.nt.1	18496.01	5.9	7.7	7.7	9.1	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_043.nt.1	18496.02	5.9	7.7	7.7	9.1	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_050.nt.1	18480.01	82.4	87.5	92.3	92.3	50.0	66.7
DEX0477_050.nt.1	18480.02	88.2	88.2	92.3	92.3	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_050.nt.1	18496.01	5.9	7.7	7.7	9.1	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_050.nt.1	18496.02	5.9	7.7	7.7	9.1	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10766.01	35.3	100.0	30.8	100.0	50.0	100.0
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10766.02	41.2	100.0	30.8	100.0	75.0	100.0
DEX0477_052.nt.1	21369.01	29.4	83.3	30.8	80.0	25.0	100.0
DEX0477_052.nt.1	21369.02	23.5	80.0	23.1	75.0	25.0	100.0
DEX0477_053.nt.1	18480.01	82.4	87.5	92.3	92.3	50.0	66.7
DEX0477_053.nt.1	18480.02	88.2	88.2	92.3	92.3	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_053.nt.1	18496.01	5.9	7.7	7.7	9.1	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_053.nt.1	18496.02	5.9	7.7	7.7	9.1	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_054.nt.1	9340.01	58.8	58.8	69.2	69.2	25.0	25.0
DEX0477_054.nt.1	9340.02	76.5	76.5	76.9	76.9	75.0	75.0
DEX0477_055.nt.1	20553.01	35.3	85.7	30.8	80.0	50.0	100.0
DEX0477_055.nt.1	20553.02	29.4	100.0	30.8	100.0	25.0	100.0
DEX0477_055.nt.1	20601.01	11.8	40.0	15.4	40.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_055.nt.1	20601.02	5.9	33.3	7.7	33.3	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_055.nt.2	20553.01	35.3	85.7	30.8	80.0	50.0	100.0
DEX0477_055.nt.2	20553.02	29.4	100.0	30.8	100.0	25.0	100.0
DEX0477_055.nt.2	20563.01	11.8	22.2	15.4	22.2	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_055.nt.2	20563.02	17.6	27.3	23.1	30.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_055.nt.2	20601.01	11.8	40.0	15.4	40.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_055.nt.2	20601.02	5.9	33.3	7.7	33.3	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_055.nt.3	20553.01	35.3	85.7	30.8	80.0	50.0	100.0
DEX0477_055.nt.3	20553.02	29.4	100.0	30.8	100.0	25.0	100.0
DEX0477_055.nt.3	20563.01	11.8	22.2	15.4	22.2	0.0	0.0

DEX0477_055.nt.3	20563.02	17.6	27.3	23.1	30.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_055.nt.3	20601.01	11.8	40.0	15.4	40.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_055.nt.3	20601.02	5.9	33.3	7.7	33.3	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_055.nt.4	20553.01	35.3	85.7	30.8	80.0	50.0	100.0
DEX0477_055.nt.4	20553.02	29.4	100.0	30.8	100.0	25.0	100.0
DEX0477_055.nt.4	20569.01	5.9	8.3	7.7	11.1	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_055.nt.4	20569.02	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_056.nt.1	19014.01	17.6	18.8	23.1	25.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_056.nt.1	19014.02	23.5	23.5	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_080.nt.1	19274.01	35.3	37.5	38.5	38.5	25.0	33.3
DEX0477_080.nt.1	19274.02	23.5	25.0	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0

Table 20.

DEX ID	Oligo Name	Ovr Multi-Can ALL %up n=19	Ovr Multi-Can ALL %valid up n=19	Ovr Multi-Can INV %up n=14	Ovr Multi-Can INV %valid up n=14	Ovr Multi-Can LMP %up n=5	Ovr Multi-Can LMP %valid up n=5
DEX0477_001.nt.1	78855.0	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.1	78855.1	5.3	5.3	0.0	0.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_001.nt.1	78856.0	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.1	78856.1	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.2	78855.0	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.2	78855.1	5.3	5.3	0.0	0.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_001.nt.2	78856.0	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.2	78856.1	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.4	78855.0	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.4	78855.1	5.3	5.3	0.0	0.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_001.nt.4	78856.0	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.4	78856.1	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.5	78855.0	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.5	78855.1	5.3	5.3	0.0	0.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_001.nt.5	78856.0	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.5	78856.1	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.6	78855.0	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.6	78855.1	5.3	5.3	0.0	0.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_001.nt.6	78856.0	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.6	78856.1	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.7	78855.0	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.7	78855.1	5.3	5.3	0.0	0.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_001.nt.7	78856.0	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.7	78856.1	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.8	78855.0	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.8	78855.1	5.3	5.3	0.0	0.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_001.nt.8	78856.0	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.8	78856.1	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.9	78855.0	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.9	78855.1	5.3	5.3	0.0	0.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_001.nt.9	78856.0	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.9	78856.1	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_002.nt.1	78855.0	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_002.nt.1	78855.1	5.3	5.3	0.0	0.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_002.nt.1	78856.0	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_002.nt.1	78856.1	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_002.nt.2	78855.0	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_002.nt.2	78855.1	5.3	5.3	0.0	0.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_002.nt.2	78856.0	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0

DEX0477_002.nt.2	78856.1	10.5	10.5	0.0	0.0	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_003.nt.1	96120.0	63.2	63.2	71.4	71.4	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_003.nt.1	96120.1	63.2	63.2	71.4	71.4	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105624.0	63.2	63.2	71.4	71.4	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105624.1	52.6	62.5	64.3	75.0	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105627.0	68.4	68.4	78.6	78.6	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105627.1	57.9	61.1	71.4	71.4	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105628.0	68.4	68.4	78.6	78.6	[illegible]	40.0
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105628.1	68.4	68.4	78.6	78.6	[illegible]	40.0
DEX0477_003.nt.2	96120.0	63.2	63.2	71.4	71.4	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_003.nt.2	96120.1	63.2	63.2	71.4	71.4	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105624.0	63.2	63.2	71.4	71.4	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105624.1	52.6	62.5	64.3	75.0	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105627.0	68.4	68.4	78.6	78.6	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105627.1	57.9	61.1	71.4	71.4	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105628.0	68.4	68.4	78.6	78.6	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105628.1	68.4	68.4	78.6	78.6	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1200.0	26.3	33.3	28.6	36.4	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1201.0	26.3	29.4	28.6	30.8	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9744.0	42.1	42.1	50.0	50.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9744.1	42.1	42.1	50.0	50.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9745.0	52.6	55.6	64.3	64.3	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9745.1	52.6	62.5	64.3	75.0	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17852.0	42.1	61.5	28.6	44.4	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17852.1	47.4	69.2	35.7	55.6	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17853.0	21.1	44.4	14.3	28.6	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17853.1	21.1	50.0	14.3	33.3	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.0	42.1	61.5	28.6	44.4	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.1	42.1	66.7	28.6	50.0	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.2	31.6	60.0	21.4	42.9	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.3	42.1	66.7	35.7	55.6	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.0	31.6	60.0	21.4	42.9	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.1	31.6	60.0	21.4	42.9	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.2	31.6	66.7	21.4	50.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.3	21.1	44.4	14.3	28.6	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4733.0	68.4	72.2	64.3	69.2	80.0	80.0
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4733.1	63.2	63.2	57.1	57.1	80.0	80.0
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4734.0	63.2	63.2	57.1	57.1	80.0	80.0
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4734.1	68.4	68.4	64.3	64.3	80.0	80.0
DEX0477_009.nt.1	990.0	36.8	43.8	42.9	46.2	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_011.nt.1	102558.0	15.8	15.8	21.4	21.4	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_011.nt.1	102558.1	15.8	15.8	21.4	21.4	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_013.nt.1	10548.0	26.3	27.8	28.6	30.8	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_013.nt.1	10548.1	31.6	31.6	35.7	35.7	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_013.nt.1	10549.0	31.6	31.6	35.7	35.7	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_013.nt.1	10549.1	31.6	31.6	35.7	35.7	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_014.nt.1	4538.0	31.6	75.0	28.6	66.7	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.1	4538.1	31.6	85.7	28.6	80.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.1	4539.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.1	4539.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.1	27949.0	31.6	75.0	28.6	66.7	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.1	27949.1	31.6	75.0	28.6	66.7	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.1	27950.0	5.3	5.3	7.1	7.1	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.1	27950.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	4538.0	31.6	75.0	28.6	66.7	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	4538.1	31.6	85.7	28.6	80.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	4539.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

DEX0477_014.nt.2	4539.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	27949.0	31.6	75.0	28.6	66.7	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	27949.1	31.6	75.0	28.6	66.7	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	27950.0	5.3	5.3	7.1	7.1	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	27950.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	4538.0	31.6	75.0	28.6	66.7	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	4538.1	31.6	85.7	28.6	80.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	4539.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	4539.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	27949.0	31.6	75.0	28.6	66.7	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	27949.1	31.6	75.0	28.6	66.7	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	27950.0	5.3	5.3	7.1	7.1	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	27950.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	2085.0	42.1	42.1	28.6	28.6	80.0	80.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	4909.0	47.4	47.4	28.6	28.6	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	4909.1	47.4	47.4	28.6	28.6	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	4910.0	47.4	47.4	35.7	35.7	80.0	80.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	4910.1	52.6	52.6	35.7	35.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17292.0	52.6	55.6	35.7	38.5	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17292.1	52.6	55.6	35.7	38.5	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17293.0	52.6	52.6	35.7	35.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17293.1	52.6	52.6	35.7	35.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	24404.0	52.6	52.6	35.7	35.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	24404.1	52.6	52.6	35.7	35.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	24405.0	52.6	52.6	35.7	35.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	24405.1	52.6	52.6	35.7	35.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	2085.0	42.1	42.1	28.6	28.6	80.0	80.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	4909.0	47.4	47.4	28.6	28.6	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	4909.1	47.4	47.4	28.6	28.6	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	4910.0	47.4	47.4	35.7	35.7	80.0	80.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	4910.1	52.6	52.6	35.7	35.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17292.0	52.6	55.6	35.7	38.5	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17292.1	52.6	55.6	35.7	38.5	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17293.0	52.6	52.6	35.7	35.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17293.1	52.6	52.6	35.7	35.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	24404.0	52.6	52.6	35.7	35.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	24404.1	52.6	52.6	35.7	35.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	24405.0	52.6	52.6	35.7	35.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	24405.1	52.6	52.6	35.7	35.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	33428.0	73.7	73.7	78.6	78.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	33428.1	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	33429.0	52.6	71.4	64.3	69.2	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	33429.1	73.7	73.7	78.6	78.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.0	73.7	73.7	78.6	78.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.1	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.2	73.7	73.7	78.6	78.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.3	73.7	77.8	78.6	84.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.4	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	39533.0	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	39533.1	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	39534.0	73.7	73.7	78.6	78.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	39534.1	73.7	77.8	78.6	84.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33428.0	73.7	73.7	78.6	78.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33428.1	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33429.0	52.6	71.4	64.3	69.2	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33429.1	73.7	73.7	78.6	78.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.0	73.7	73.7	78.6	78.6	60.0	60.0

DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.1	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.2	73.7	73.7	78.6	78.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.3	73.7	77.8	78.6	84.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.4	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	39533.0	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	39533.1	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	39534.0	73.7	73.7	78.6	78.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	39534.1	73.7	77.8	78.6	84.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33428.0	73.7	73.7	78.6	78.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33428.1	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33429.0	52.6	71.4	64.3	69.2	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33429.1	73.7	73.7	78.6	78.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.0	73.7	73.7	78.6	78.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.1	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.2	73.7	73.7	78.6	78.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.3	73.7	77.8	78.6	84.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.4	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	39533.0	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	39533.1	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	39534.0	73.7	73.7	78.6	78.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	39534.1	73.7	77.8	78.6	84.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	33428.0	73.7	73.7	78.6	78.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	33428.1	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	33429.0	52.6	71.4	64.3	69.2	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	33429.1	73.7	73.7	78.6	78.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.0	73.7	73.7	78.6	78.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.1	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.2	73.7	73.7	78.6	78.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.3	73.7	77.8	78.6	84.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.4	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	39533.0	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	39533.1	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	39534.0	73.7	73.7	78.6	78.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	39534.1	73.7	77.8	78.6	84.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_018.nt.1	102557.0	15.8	15.8	21.4	21.4	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_018.nt.1	102557.1	15.8	15.8	21.4	21.4	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_018.nt.1	102558.0	15.8	15.8	21.4	21.4	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_018.nt.1	102558.1	15.8	15.8	21.4	21.4	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.0	31.6	66.7	21.4	50.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.1	31.6	85.7	21.4	75.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.2	31.6	85.7	21.4	75.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.0	31.6	60.0	21.4	42.9	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.1	31.6	46.2	21.4	33.3	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.2	31.6	50.0	21.4	33.3	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41939.0	31.6	42.9	21.4	27.3	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41939.1	31.6	35.3	21.4	23.1	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41939.2	31.6	35.3	21.4	23.1	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41940.0	31.6	40.0	21.4	27.3	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41940.1	31.6	40.0	21.4	27.3	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41940.2	31.6	35.3	21.4	23.1	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	78627.0	26.3	62.5	14.3	40.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	78627.1	26.3	71.4	14.3	50.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	78628.0	31.6	85.7	21.4	75.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	78628.1	26.3	71.4	14.3	50.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	94127.0	26.3	35.7	14.3	20.0	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	94127.1	26.3	38.5	14.3	22.2	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	94128.0	26.3	71.4	21.4	60.0	40.0	100.0

DEX0477_019.nt.1	94128.1	26.3	71.4	21.4	60.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102785.0	26.3	45.5	14.3	25.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102785.1	26.3	33.3	14.3	16.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102786.0	26.3	71.4	21.4	60.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102786.1	31.6	75.0	21.4	60.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102787.0	31.6	50.0	21.4	33.3	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102787.1	15.8	37.5	7.1	16.7	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102789.0	26.3	83.3	21.4	75.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102789.1	26.3	71.4	21.4	60.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.0	31.6	66.7	21.4	50.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.1	31.6	85.7	21.4	75.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.2	31.6	85.7	21.4	75.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.0	31.6	60.0	21.4	42.9	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.1	31.6	46.2	21.4	33.3	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.2	31.6	50.0	21.4	33.3	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41939.0	31.6	42.9	21.4	27.3	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41939.1	31.6	35.3	21.4	23.1	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41939.2	31.6	35.3	21.4	23.1	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41940.0	31.6	40.0	21.4	27.3	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41940.1	31.6	40.0	21.4	27.3	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41940.2	31.6	35.3	21.4	23.1	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	78627.0	26.3	62.5	14.3	40.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	78627.1	26.3	71.4	14.3	50.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	78628.0	31.6	85.7	21.4	75.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	78628.1	26.3	71.4	14.3	50.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	94128.0	26.3	71.4	21.4	60.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	94128.1	26.3	71.4	21.4	60.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102786.0	26.3	71.4	21.4	60.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102786.1	31.6	75.0	21.4	60.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102787.0	31.6	50.0	21.4	33.3	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102787.1	15.8	37.5	7.1	16.7	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102789.0	26.3	83.3	21.4	75.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102789.1	26.3	71.4	21.4	60.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.0	31.6	66.7	21.4	50.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.1	31.6	85.7	21.4	75.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.2	31.6	85.7	21.4	75.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.0	31.6	60.0	21.4	42.9	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.1	31.6	46.2	21.4	33.3	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.2	31.6	50.0	21.4	33.3	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41939.0	31.6	42.9	21.4	27.3	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41939.1	31.6	35.3	21.4	23.1	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41939.2	31.6	35.3	21.4	23.1	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41940.0	31.6	40.0	21.4	27.3	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41940.1	31.6	40.0	21.4	27.3	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41940.2	31.6	35.3	21.4	23.1	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	78627.0	26.3	62.5	14.3	40.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	78627.1	26.3	71.4	14.3	50.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	78628.0	31.6	85.7	21.4	75.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	78628.1	26.3	71.4	14.3	50.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	94128.0	26.3	71.4	21.4	60.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	94128.1	26.3	71.4	21.4	60.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102786.0	26.3	71.4	21.4	60.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102786.1	31.6	75.0	21.4	60.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102787.0	31.6	50.0	21.4	33.3	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102787.1	15.8	37.5	7.1	16.7	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102789.0	26.3	83.3	21.4	75.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102789.1	26.3	71.4	21.4	60.0	40.0	100.0

DEX0477_021.nt.1	26770.0	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26770.1	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26771.0	47.4	81.8	28.6	66.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26771.1	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.0	52.6	66.7	35.7	50.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.1	47.4	64.3	35.7	50.0	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.2	57.9	73.3	42.9	60.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.3	52.6	71.4	42.9	60.0	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.0	52.6	76.9	35.7	62.5	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.1	52.6	83.3	35.7	71.4	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.2	21.1	57.1	14.3	40.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.3	47.4	69.2	42.9	60.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.0	42.1	66.7	28.6	50.0	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.1	42.1	66.7	28.6	50.0	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.2	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.3	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.4	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.0	47.4	69.2	28.6	50.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.1	42.1	80.0	28.6	66.7	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.2	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.3	47.4	69.2	28.6	50.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.4	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26770.0	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26770.1	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26771.0	47.4	81.8	28.6	66.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26771.1	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.0	52.6	66.7	35.7	50.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.1	47.4	64.3	35.7	50.0	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.2	57.9	73.3	42.9	60.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.3	52.6	71.4	42.9	60.0	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.0	52.6	76.9	35.7	62.5	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.1	52.6	83.3	35.7	71.4	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.2	21.1	57.1	14.3	40.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.3	47.4	69.2	42.9	60.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.0	42.1	66.7	28.6	50.0	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.1	42.1	66.7	28.6	50.0	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.2	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.3	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.4	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.0	47.4	69.2	28.6	50.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.1	42.1	80.0	28.6	66.7	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.2	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.3	47.4	69.2	28.6	50.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.4	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.0	31.6	66.7	21.4	50.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.1	31.6	85.7	21.4	75.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.2	31.6	85.7	21.4	75.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41939.0	31.6	42.9	21.4	27.3	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41939.1	31.6	35.3	21.4	23.1	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41939.2	31.6	35.3	21.4	23.1	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41940.0	31.6	40.0	21.4	27.3	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41940.1	31.6	40.0	21.4	27.3	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41940.2	31.6	35.3	21.4	23.1	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	78627.0	26.3	62.5	14.3	40.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	78627.1	26.3	71.4	14.3	50.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	78628.0	31.6	85.7	21.4	75.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	78628.1	26.3	71.4	14.3	50.0	60.0	100.0

DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.0	52.6	66.7	35.7	50.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.1	47.4	64.3	35.7	50.0	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.2	57.9	73.3	42.9	60.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.3	52.6	71.4	42.9	60.0	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26770.0	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26770.1	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26771.0	47.4	81.8	28.6	66.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26771.1	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.0	42.1	66.7	28.6	50.0	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.1	42.1	66.7	28.6	50.0	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.2	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.3	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.4	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.0	47.4	69.2	28.6	50.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.1	42.1	80.0	28.6	66.7	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.2	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.3	47.4	69.2	28.6	50.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.4	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26770.0	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26770.1	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26771.0	47.4	81.8	28.6	66.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26771.1	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.0	42.1	66.7	28.6	50.0	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.1	42.1	66.7	28.6	50.0	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.2	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.3	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.4	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.0	47.4	69.2	28.6	50.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.1	42.1	80.0	28.6	66.7	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.2	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.3	47.4	69.2	28.6	50.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.4	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26770.0	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26770.1	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26771.0	47.4	81.8	28.6	66.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26771.1	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.0	42.1	66.7	28.6	50.0	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.1	42.1	66.7	28.6	50.0	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.2	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.3	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.4	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.0	47.4	69.2	28.6	50.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.1	42.1	80.0	28.6	66.7	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.2	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.3	47.4	69.2	28.6	50.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.4	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	26770.0	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	26770.1	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.0	42.1	66.7	28.6	50.0	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.1	42.1	66.7	28.6	50.0	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.2	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.3	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.4	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.0	47.4	69.2	28.6	50.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.1	42.1	80.0	28.6	66.7	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.2	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.3	47.4	69.2	28.6	50.0	100.0	100.0

DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.4	47.4	75.0	28.6	57.1	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_027.nt.1	2441.0	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_027.nt.1	5236.0	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_027.nt.2	2441.0	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_027.nt.2	5236.0	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_027.nt.3	2441.0	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_027.nt.3	5236.0	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_027.nt.4	2441.0	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_027.nt.4	5236.0	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_027.nt.5	2441.0	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_027.nt.5	5236.0	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_027.nt.6	2441.0	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_027.nt.6	5236.0	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_027.nt.7	2441.0	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_027.nt.7	5236.0	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_030.nt.1	28117.0	73.7	82.4	78.6	84.6	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_030.nt.1	28117.1	78.9	88.2	78.6	91.7	80.0	80.0
DEX0477_030.nt.1	28118.0	63.2	75.0	71.4	83.3	40.0	50.0
DEX0477_030.nt.1	28118.1	57.9	78.6	71.4	90.9	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_030.nt.2	28117.0	73.7	82.4	78.6	84.6	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_030.nt.2	28117.1	78.9	88.2	78.6	91.7	80.0	80.0
DEX0477_030.nt.2	28118.0	63.2	75.0	71.4	83.3	40.0	50.0
DEX0477_030.nt.2	28118.1	57.9	78.6	71.4	90.9	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_030.nt.3	28117.0	73.7	82.4	78.6	84.6	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_030.nt.3	28117.1	78.9	88.2	78.6	91.7	80.0	80.0
DEX0477_030.nt.3	28118.0	63.2	75.0	71.4	83.3	40.0	50.0
DEX0477_030.nt.3	28118.1	57.9	78.6	71.4	90.9	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19534.0	21.1	23.5	7.1	7.7	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19534.1	15.8	18.8	7.1	8.3	40.0	50.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19535.0	21.1	40.0	7.1	14.3	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19535.1	26.3	50.0	14.3	33.3	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41957.0	15.8	21.4	0.0	0.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41957.1	15.8	16.7	7.1	7.1	40.0	50.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41957.2	21.1	23.5	7.1	7.7	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41958.0	15.8	17.6	7.1	7.1	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41958.1	21.1	25.0	7.1	8.3	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41958.2	21.1	23.5	7.1	7.7	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19534.0	21.1	23.5	7.1	7.7	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19534.1	15.8	18.8	7.1	8.3	40.0	50.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19535.0	21.1	40.0	7.1	14.3	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19535.1	26.3	50.0	14.3	33.3	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41957.0	15.8	21.4	0.0	0.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41957.1	15.8	16.7	7.1	7.1	40.0	50.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41957.2	21.1	23.5	7.1	7.7	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41958.0	15.8	17.6	7.1	7.1	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41958.1	21.1	25.0	7.1	8.3	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41958.2	21.1	23.5	7.1	7.7	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19534.0	21.1	23.5	7.1	7.7	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19534.1	15.8	18.8	7.1	8.3	40.0	50.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19535.0	21.1	40.0	7.1	14.3	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19535.1	26.3	50.0	14.3	33.3	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41957.0	15.8	21.4	0.0	0.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41957.1	15.8	16.7	7.1	7.1	40.0	50.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41957.2	21.1	23.5	7.1	7.7	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41958.0	15.8	17.6	7.1	7.1	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41958.1	21.1	25.0	7.1	8.3	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41958.2	21.1	23.5	7.1	7.7	60.0	75.0

DEX0477_035.nt.1	996.0	42.1	42.1	50.0	50.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_035.nt.4	996.0	42.1	42.1	50.0	50.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_035.nt.5	996.0	42.1	42.1	50.0	50.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_036.nt.1	2371.0	36.8	50.0	42.9	54.5	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_036.nt.1	2406.0	47.4	50.0	50.0	53.8	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_036.nt.1	2442.0	36.8	46.7	42.9	50.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_036.nt.1	3111.0	57.9	84.6	57.1	80.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_042.nt.1	3383.0	78.9	78.9	92.9	92.9	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_044.nt.1	36481.0	63.2	75.0	50.0	63.6	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_044.nt.1	36481.1	63.2	75.0	50.0	63.6	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_044.nt.1	36482.0	31.6	42.9	28.6	40.0	40.0	50.0
DEX0477_044.nt.1	36482.1	31.6	50.0	28.6	44.4	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_044.nt.2	36481.0	63.2	75.0	50.0	63.6	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_044.nt.2	36481.1	63.2	75.0	50.0	63.6	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_044.nt.2	36482.0	31.6	42.9	28.6	40.0	40.0	50.0
DEX0477_044.nt.2	36482.1	31.6	50.0	28.6	44.4	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_044.nt.3	36481.0	63.2	75.0	50.0	63.6	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_044.nt.3	36481.1	63.2	75.0	50.0	63.6	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_044.nt.3	36482.0	31.6	42.9	28.6	40.0	40.0	50.0
DEX0477_044.nt.3	36482.1	31.6	50.0	28.6	44.4	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_046.nt.1	1551.0	47.4	50.0	50.0	53.8	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_047.nt.1	452.0	26.3	50.0	35.7	55.6	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_048.nt.1	33514.0	31.6	60.0	28.6	57.1	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_048.nt.1	33514.1	26.3	71.4	21.4	60.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_048.nt.1	33515.0	36.8	46.7	35.7	45.5	40.0	50.0
DEX0477_048.nt.1	33515.1	52.6	66.7	50.0	63.6	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_048.nt.2	33514.0	31.6	60.0	28.6	57.1	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_048.nt.2	33514.1	26.3	71.4	21.4	60.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_048.nt.2	33515.0	36.8	46.7	35.7	45.5	40.0	50.0
DEX0477_048.nt.2	33515.1	52.6	66.7	50.0	63.6	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_048.nt.3	33514.0	31.6	60.0	28.6	57.1	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_048.nt.3	33514.1	26.3	71.4	21.4	60.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_048.nt.3	33515.0	36.8	46.7	35.7	45.5	40.0	50.0
DEX0477_048.nt.3	33515.1	52.6	66.7	50.0	63.6	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_048.nt.4	33514.0	31.6	60.0	28.6	57.1	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_048.nt.4	33514.1	26.3	71.4	21.4	60.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_048.nt.4	33515.0	36.8	46.7	35.7	45.5	40.0	50.0
DEX0477_048.nt.4	33515.1	52.6	66.7	50.0	63.6	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_051.nt.1	3081.0	52.6	52.6	50.0	50.0	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10766.0	52.6	100.0	42.9	100.0	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10766.1	52.6	100.0	42.9	100.0	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10767.0	68.4	92.9	64.3	90.0	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10767.1	68.4	92.9	71.4	90.9	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_054.nt.1	9340.0	21.1	26.7	28.6	40.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_054.nt.1	9340.1	31.6	40.0	35.7	50.0	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_054.nt.2	9341.0	26.3	26.3	35.7	35.7	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_054.nt.2	9341.1	26.3	26.3	35.7	35.7	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_070.nt.1	3745.0	36.8	38.9	42.9	46.2	20.0	20.0

Table 21.

DEX ID	Oligo Name	Ovr Multi-Can 550 ALL %up n=19	Ovr Multi-Can 550 ALL %valid up n=19	Ovr Multi-Can 550 INV %up n=14	Ovr Multi-Can 550 INV %valid up n=14	Ovr Multi-Can 550 LMP %up n=5	Ovr Multi-Can 550 LMP %valid up n=5
DEX0477_001.nt.1	78855.0	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0

DEX0477_001.nt.1	78855.1	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.1	78856.0	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.1	78856.1	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.2	78855.0	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.2	78855.1	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.2	78856.0	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.2	78856.1	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.4	78855.0	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.4	78855.1	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.4	78856.0	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.4	78856.1	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.5	78855.0	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.5	78855.1	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.5	78856.0	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.5	78856.1	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.6	78855.0	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.6	78855.1	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.6	78856.0	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.6	78856.1	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.7	27921.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_001.nt.7	27921.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_001.nt.7	78855.0	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.7	78855.1	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.7	78856.0	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.7	78856.1	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.8	78855.0	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.8	78855.1	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.8	78856.0	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.8	78856.1	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.9	78855.0	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.9	78855.1	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.9	78856.0	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_001.nt.9	78856.1	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_002.nt.1	27921.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_002.nt.1	78855.0	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_002.nt.1	78855.1	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_002.nt.1	78856.0	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_002.nt.1	78856.1	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_002.nt.2	27921.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_002.nt.2	27921.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_002.nt.2	27922.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_002.nt.2	27922.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_002.nt.2	78855.0	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_002.nt.2	78855.1	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_002.nt.2	78856.0	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_002.nt.2	78856.1	15.8	15.8	7.1	7.1	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_003.nt.1	96120.0	68.4	72.2	78.6	78.6	40.0	50.0
DEX0477_003.nt.1	96120.1	68.4	76.5	78.6	84.6	40.0	50.0
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105624.0	63.2	66.7	71.4	71.4	40.0	50.0
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105624.1	52.6	66.7	64.3	75.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105627.0	68.4	68.4	78.6	78.6	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105627.1	57.9	61.1	71.4	71.4	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105628.0	68.4	76.5	78.6	91.7	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105628.1	68.4	76.5	78.6	84.6	40.0	50.0
DEX0477_003.nt.2	96120.0	68.4	72.2	78.6	78.6	40.0	50.0
DEX0477_003.nt.2	96120.1	68.4	76.5	78.6	84.6	40.0	50.0
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105624.0	63.2	66.7	71.4	71.4	40.0	50.0

DEX0477_003.nt.2	105624.1	52.6	66.7	64.3	75.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105627.0	68.4	68.4	78.6	78.6	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105627.1	57.9	61.1	71.4	71.4	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105628.0	68.4	76.5	78.6	91.7	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105628.1	68.4	76.5	78.6	84.6	40.0	50.0
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1200.0	26.3	38.5	28.6	40.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1201.0	26.3	33.3	28.6	33.3	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9744.0	47.4	50.0	57.1	57.1	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9744.1	42.1	44.4	50.0	50.0	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9745.0	47.4	50.0	57.1	57.1	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9745.1	47.4	56.2	57.1	66.7	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17852.0	26.3	62.5	14.3	40.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17852.1	26.3	55.6	14.3	33.3	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17853.0	26.3	83.3	14.3	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17853.1	15.8	75.0	7.1	50.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.0	26.3	55.6	14.3	33.3	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.1	31.6	66.7	21.4	50.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.2	26.3	62.5	14.3	40.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.3	31.6	60.0	21.4	42.9	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.0	26.3	83.3	21.4	75.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.1	31.6	85.7	21.4	75.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.2	21.1	80.0	14.3	66.7	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645.3	26.3	83.3	14.3	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4733.0	73.7	82.4	71.4	76.9	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4733.1	73.7	77.8	71.4	71.4	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4734.0	68.4	68.4	64.3	64.3	80.0	80.0
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4734.1	73.7	73.7	71.4	71.4	80.0	80.0
DEX0477_009.nt.1	990.0	26.3	45.5	28.6	44.4	20.0	50.0
DEX0477_011.nt.1	102558.0	21.1	21.1	28.6	28.6	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_011.nt.1	102558.1	21.1	21.1	28.6	28.6	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_013.nt.1	10548.0	26.3	38.5	28.6	40.0	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_013.nt.1	10548.1	36.8	50.0	42.9	60.0	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_013.nt.1	10549.0	31.6	31.6	35.7	35.7	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_013.nt.1	10549.1	31.6	31.6	35.7	35.7	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_014.nt.1	4538.0	21.1	80.0	21.4	75.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.1	4538.1	26.3	83.3	21.4	75.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.1	4539.0	10.5	11.1	7.1	7.1	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_014.nt.1	4539.1	5.3	5.6	7.1	7.1	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.1	27949.0	21.1	80.0	21.4	75.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.1	27949.1	26.3	83.3	21.4	75.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.1	27950.0	10.5	10.5	7.1	7.1	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_014.nt.1	27950.1	10.5	10.5	7.1	7.1	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	4538.0	21.1	80.0	21.4	75.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	4538.1	26.3	83.3	21.4	75.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	4539.0	10.5	11.1	7.1	7.1	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	4539.1	5.3	5.6	7.1	7.1	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	27949.0	21.1	80.0	21.4	75.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	27949.1	26.3	83.3	21.4	75.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	27950.0	10.5	10.5	7.1	7.1	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	27950.1	10.5	10.5	7.1	7.1	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	4538.0	21.1	80.0	21.4	75.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	4538.1	26.3	83.3	21.4	75.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	4539.0	10.5	11.1	7.1	7.1	20.0	25.0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	4539.1	5.3	5.6	7.1	7.1	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	27949.0	21.1	80.0	21.4	75.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	27949.1	26.3	83.3	21.4	75.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	27950.0	10.5	10.5	7.1	7.1	20.0	20.0

DEX0477_014.nt.3	27950.1	10.5	10.5	7.1	7.1	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	2085.0	47.4	47.4	28.6	28.6	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	4909.0	47.4	47.4	28.6	28.6	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	4909.1	52.6	52.6	35.7	35.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	4910.0	57.9	57.9	42.9	42.9	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	4910.1	52.6	52.6	35.7	35.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17292.0	52.6	55.6	35.7	38.5	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17292.1	52.6	52.6	35.7	35.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17293.0	57.9	61.1	42.9	46.2	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17293.1	57.9	57.9	42.9	42.9	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	24404.0	52.6	52.6	35.7	35.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	24404.1	52.6	52.6	35.7	35.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	24405.0	52.6	55.6	35.7	38.5	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	24405.1	52.6	55.6	35.7	38.5	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	2085.0	47.4	47.4	28.6	28.6	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	4909.0	47.4	47.4	28.6	28.6	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	4909.1	52.6	52.6	35.7	35.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	4910.0	57.9	57.9	42.9	42.9	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	4910.1	52.6	52.6	35.7	35.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17292.0	52.6	55.6	35.7	38.5	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17292.1	52.6	52.6	35.7	35.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17293.0	57.9	61.1	42.9	46.2	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17293.1	57.9	57.9	42.9	42.9	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	24404.0	52.6	52.6	35.7	35.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	24404.1	52.6	52.6	35.7	35.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	24405.0	52.6	55.6	35.7	38.5	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	24405.1	52.6	55.6	35.7	38.5	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	33428.0	78.9	83.3	85.7	92.3	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	33428.1	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	33429.0	57.9	78.6	78.6	84.6	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	33429.1	73.7	73.7	78.6	78.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.0	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.1	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.2	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.3	73.7	77.8	78.6	84.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143.4	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	39533.0	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	39533.1	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	39534.0	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.1	39534.1	78.9	83.3	85.7	92.3	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33428.0	78.9	83.3	85.7	92.3	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33428.1	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33429.0	57.9	78.6	78.6	84.6	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33429.1	73.7	73.7	78.6	78.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.0	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.1	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.2	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.3	73.7	77.8	78.6	84.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143.4	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	39533.0	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	39533.1	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	39534.0	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	39534.1	78.9	83.3	85.7	92.3	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33428.0	78.9	83.3	85.7	92.3	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33428.1	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33429.0	57.9	78.6	78.6	84.6	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33429.1	73.7	73.7	78.6	78.6	60.0	60.0

DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.0	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.1	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.2	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.3	73.7	77.8	78.6	84.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143.4	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	39533.0	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	39533.1	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	39534.0	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	39534.1	78.9	83.3	85.7	92.3	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	33428.0	78.9	83.3	85.7	92.3	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	33428.1	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	33429.0	57.9	78.5	78.6	84.6	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	33429.1	73.7	73.7	78.6	78.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.0	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.1	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.2	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.3	73.7	77.8	78.6	84.6	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143.4	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	39533.0	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	39533.1	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	39534.0	78.9	78.9	85.7	85.7	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	39534.1	78.9	83.3	85.7	92.3	60.0	60.0
DEX0477_018.nt.1	102557.0	21.1	22.2	28.6	28.6	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_018.nt.1	102557.1	26.3	27.8	35.7	35.7	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_018.nt.1	102558.0	21.1	21.1	28.6	28.6	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_018.nt.1	102558.1	21.1	21.1	28.6	28.6	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.0	26.3	100.0	21.4	100.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.1	21.1	66.7	14.3	50.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.2	26.3	83.3	21.4	75.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.0	21.1	57.1	14.3	40.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.1	26.3	50.0	21.4	37.5	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938.2	26.3	50.0	14.3	28.6	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41939.0	31.6	50.0	21.4	33.3	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41939.1	31.6	60.0	21.4	42.9	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41939.2	31.6	66.7	21.4	50.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41940.0	26.3	45.5	14.3	25.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41940.1	31.6	54.5	21.4	37.5	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41940.2	31.6	46.2	21.4	30.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	78627.0	21.1	100.0	14.3	100.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	78627.1	21.1	100.0	14.3	100.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	78628.0	21.1	80.0	14.3	66.7	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	78628.1	21.1	100.0	14.3	100.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	94127.0	26.3	71.4	14.3	50.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	94127.1	31.6	66.7	21.4	50.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	94128.0	15.8	100.0	14.3	100.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	94128.1	21.1	100.0	14.3	100.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102785.0	26.3	62.5	14.3	40.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102785.1	26.3	62.5	14.3	40.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102786.0	15.8	75.0	14.3	66.7	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102786.1	15.8	100.0	14.3	100.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102787.0	15.8	50.0	14.3	40.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102787.1	10.5	100.0	7.1	100.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102789.0	15.8	100.0	14.3	100.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102789.1	15.8	100.0	14.3	100.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.0	26.3	100.0	21.4	100.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.1	21.1	66.7	14.3	50.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.2	26.3	83.3	21.4	75.0	40.0	100.0

DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.0	21.1	57.1	14.3	40.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.1	26.3	50.0	21.4	37.5	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938.2	26.3	50.0	14.3	28.6	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41939.0	31.6	50.0	21.4	33.3	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41939.1	31.6	60.0	21.4	42.9	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41939.2	31.6	66.7	21.4	50.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41940.0	26.3	45.5	14.3	25.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41940.1	31.6	54.5	21.4	37.5	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41940.2	31.6	46.2	21.4	30.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	78627.0	21.1	100.0	14.3	100.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	78627.1	21.1	100.0	14.3	100.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	78628.0	21.1	80.0	14.3	66.7	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	78628.1	21.1	100.0	14.3	100.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	94128.0	15.8	100.0	14.3	100.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	94128.1	21.1	100.0	14.3	100.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102786.0	15.8	75.0	14.3	66.7	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102786.1	15.8	100.0	14.3	100.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102787.0	15.8	50.0	14.3	40.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102787.1	10.5	100.0	7.1	100.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102789.0	15.8	100.0	14.3	100.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102789.1	15.8	100.0	14.3	100.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.0	26.3	100.0	21.4	100.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.1	21.1	66.7	14.3	50.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.2	26.3	83.3	21.4	75.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.0	21.1	57.1	14.3	40.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.1	26.3	50.0	21.4	37.5	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938.2	26.3	50.0	14.3	28.6	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41939.0	31.6	50.0	21.4	33.3	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41939.1	31.6	60.0	21.4	42.9	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41939.2	31.6	66.7	21.4	50.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41940.0	26.3	45.5	14.3	25.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41940.1	31.6	54.5	21.4	37.5	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41940.2	31.6	46.2	21.4	30.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	78627.0	21.1	100.0	14.3	100.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	78627.1	21.1	100.0	14.3	100.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	78628.0	21.1	80.0	14.3	66.7	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	78628.1	21.1	100.0	14.3	100.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	94128.0	15.8	100.0	14.3	100.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	94128.1	21.1	100.0	14.3	100.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102786.0	15.8	75.0	14.3	66.7	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102786.1	15.8	100.0	14.3	100.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102787.0	15.8	50.0	14.3	40.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102787.1	10.5	100.0	7.1	100.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102789.0	15.8	100.0	14.3	100.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102789.1	15.8	100.0	14.3	100.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26770.0	42.1	80.0	28.6	66.7	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26770.1	47.4	81.8	28.6	66.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26771.0	47.4	90.0	28.6	80.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26771.1	47.4	81.8	28.6	66.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.0	52.6	83.3	42.9	75.0	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.1	47.4	90.0	35.7	83.3	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.2	52.6	100.0	35.7	100.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.3	47.4	81.8	35.7	71.4	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.0	42.1	88.9	35.7	83.3	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.1	47.4	90.0	35.7	83.3	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.2	21.1	80.0	14.3	66.7	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.3	36.8	77.8	35.7	71.4	40.0	100.0

DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.0	36.8	70.0	28.6	57.1	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.1	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.2	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.3	36.8	87.5	28.6	80.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945.4	36.8	87.5	28.6	80.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.0	36.8	70.0	28.6	57.1	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.1	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.2	36.8	87.5	28.6	80.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.3	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946.4	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26770.0	42.1	80.0	28.6	66.7	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26770.1	47.4	81.8	28.6	66.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26771.0	47.4	90.0	28.6	80.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26771.1	47.4	81.8	28.6	66.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.0	52.6	83.3	42.9	75.0	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.1	47.4	90.0	35.7	83.3	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.2	52.6	100.0	35.7	100.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.3	47.4	81.8	35.7	71.4	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.0	42.1	88.9	35.7	83.3	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.1	47.4	90.0	35.7	83.3	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.2	21.1	80.0	14.3	66.7	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.3	36.8	77.8	35.7	71.4	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.0	36.8	70.0	28.6	57.1	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.1	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.2	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.3	36.8	87.5	28.6	80.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945.4	36.8	87.5	28.6	80.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.0	36.8	70.0	28.6	57.1	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.1	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.2	36.8	87.5	28.6	80.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.3	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946.4	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.0	26.3	100.0	21.4	100.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.1	21.1	66.7	14.3	50.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.2	26.3	83.3	21.4	75.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41939.0	31.6	50.0	21.4	33.3	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41939.1	31.6	60.0	21.4	42.9	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41939.2	31.6	66.7	21.4	50.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41940.0	26.3	45.5	14.3	25.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41940.1	31.6	54.5	21.4	37.5	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41940.2	31.6	46.2	21.4	30.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	78627.0	21.1	100.0	14.3	100.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	78627.1	21.1	100.0	14.3	100.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	78628.0	21.1	80.0	14.3	66.7	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	78628.1	21.1	100.0	14.3	100.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.0	52.6	83.3	42.9	75.0	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.1	47.4	90.0	35.7	83.3	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.2	52.6	100.0	35.7	100.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.3	47.4	81.8	35.7	71.4	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26770.0	42.1	80.0	28.6	66.7	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26770.1	47.4	81.8	28.6	66.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26771.0	47.4	90.0	28.6	80.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26771.1	47.4	81.8	28.6	66.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.0	36.8	70.0	28.6	57.1	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.1	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.2	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.3	36.8	87.5	28.6	80.0	60.0	100.0

DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945.4	36.8	87.5	28.6	80.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.0	36.8	70.0	28.6	57.1	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.1	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.2	36.8	87.5	28.6	80.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.3	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946.4	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26770.0	42.1	80.0	28.6	66.7	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26770.1	47.4	81.8	28.6	66.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26771.0	47.4	90.0	28.6	80.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26771.1	47.4	81.8	28.6	66.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.0	36.8	70.0	28.6	57.1	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.1	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.2	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.3	36.8	87.5	28.6	80.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945.4	36.8	87.5	28.6	80.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.0	36.8	70.0	28.6	57.1	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.1	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.2	36.8	87.5	28.6	80.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.3	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946.4	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26770.0	42.1	80.0	28.6	66.7	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26770.1	47.4	81.8	28.6	66.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26771.0	47.4	90.0	28.6	80.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26771.1	47.4	81.8	28.6	66.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.0	36.8	70.0	28.6	57.1	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.1	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.2	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.3	36.8	87.5	28.6	80.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945.4	36.8	87.5	28.6	80.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.0	36.8	70.0	28.6	57.1	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.1	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.2	36.8	87.5	28.6	80.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.3	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946.4	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	26770.0	42.1	80.0	28.6	66.7	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	26770.1	47.4	81.8	28.6	66.7	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.0	36.8	70.0	28.6	57.1	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.1	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.2	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.3	36.8	87.5	28.6	80.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945.4	36.8	87.5	28.6	80.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.0	36.8	70.0	28.6	57.1	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.1	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.2	36.8	87.5	28.6	80.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.3	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946.4	36.8	77.8	28.6	66.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_027.nt.1	2441.0	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_027.nt.1	5236.0	36.8	36.8	50.0	50.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_027.nt.2	2441.0	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_027.nt.2	5236.0	36.8	36.8	50.0	50.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_027.nt.3	2441.0	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_027.nt.3	5236.0	36.8	36.8	50.0	50.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_027.nt.4	2441.0	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_027.nt.4	5236.0	36.8	36.8	50.0	50.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_027.nt.5	2441.0	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_027.nt.5	5236.0	36.8	36.8	50.0	50.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_027.nt.6	2441.0	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0

DEX0477_027.nt.6	5236.0	36.8	36.8	50.0	50.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_027.nt.7	2441.0	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_027.nt.7	5236.0	36.8	36.8	50.0	50.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_030.nt.1	28117.0	68.4	81.2	71.4	83.3	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_030.nt.1	28117.1	63.2	85.7	64.3	90.0	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_030.nt.1	28118.0	47.4	81.8	42.9	85.7	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_030.nt.1	28118.1	42.1	88.9	50.0	100.0	20.0	50.0
DEX0477_030.nt.2	28117.0	68.4	81.2	71.4	83.3	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_030.nt.2	28117.1	63.2	85.7	64.3	90.0	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_030.nt.2	28118.0	47.4	81.8	42.9	85.7	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_030.nt.2	28118.1	42.1	88.9	50.0	100.0	20.0	50.0
DEX0477_030.nt.3	28117.0	68.4	81.2	71.4	83.3	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_030.nt.3	28117.1	63.2	85.7	64.3	90.0	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_030.nt.3	28118.0	47.4	81.8	42.9	85.7	60.0	75.0
DEX0477_030.nt.3	28118.1	42.1	88.9	50.0	100.0	20.0	50.0
DEX0477_031.nt.1	23480.0	21.1	21.1	28.6	28.6	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_031.nt.1	23480.1	21.1	21.1	28.6	28.6	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_031.nt.1	23481.0	26.3	27.8	35.7	35.7	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_031.nt.1	23481.1	26.3	26.3	35.7	35.7	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_031.nt.1	38627.0	15.8	15.8	21.4	21.4	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_031.nt.1	38627.1	15.8	15.8	21.4	21.4	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_031.nt.1	38628.0	21.1	21.1	28.6	28.6	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_031.nt.1	38628.1	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19534.0	21.1	44.4	7.1	16.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19534.1	21.1	33.3	7.1	11.1	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19535.0	21.1	57.1	14.3	40.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19535.1	21.1	80.0	14.3	66.7	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41957.0	10.5	22.2	0.0	0.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41957.1	15.8	27.3	7.1	11.1	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41957.2	21.1	50.0	7.1	20.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41958.0	15.8	30.0	7.1	12.5	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41958.1	15.8	30.0	7.1	12.5	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41958.2	15.8	33.3	0.0	0.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19534.0	21.1	44.4	7.1	16.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19534.1	21.1	33.3	7.1	11.1	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19535.0	21.1	57.1	14.3	40.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19535.1	21.1	80.0	14.3	66.7	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41957.0	10.5	22.2	0.0	0.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41957.1	15.8	27.3	7.1	11.1	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41957.2	21.1	50.0	7.1	20.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41958.0	15.8	30.0	7.1	12.5	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41958.1	15.8	30.0	7.1	12.5	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41958.2	15.8	33.3	0.0	0.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19534.0	21.1	44.4	7.1	16.7	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19534.1	21.1	33.3	7.1	11.1	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19535.0	21.1	57.1	14.3	40.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19535.1	21.1	80.0	14.3	66.7	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41957.0	10.5	22.2	0.0	0.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41957.1	15.8	27.3	7.1	11.1	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41957.2	21.1	50.0	7.1	20.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41958.0	15.8	30.0	7.1	12.5	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41958.1	15.8	30.0	7.1	12.5	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41958.2	15.8	33.3	0.0	0.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_034.nt.1	3933.0	5.3	12.5	7.1	14.3	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_035.nt.1	973.0	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_035.nt.1	996.0	52.6	52.6	64.3	64.3	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_035.nt.2	973.0	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0

DEX0477_035.nt.3	973.0	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_035.nt.4	973.0	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_035.nt.4	996.0	52.6	52.6	64.3	64.3	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_035.nt.5	996.0	52.6	52.6	64.3	64.3	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_036.nt.1	2371.0	47.4	75.0	50.0	77.8	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_036.nt.1	2406.0	31.6	50.0	35.7	55.6	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_036.nt.1	2442.0	52.6	62.5	57.1	61.5	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_036.nt.1	3111.0	68.4	86.7	64.3	81.8	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_039.nt.1	23480.0	21.1	21.1	28.6	28.6	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_039.nt.1	23480.1	21.1	21.1	28.6	28.6	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_039.nt.1	23481.0	26.3	27.8	35.7	35.7	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_039.nt.1	23481.1	26.3	26.3	35.7	35.7	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_039.nt.1	38627.0	15.8	15.8	21.4	21.4	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_039.nt.1	38627.1	15.8	15.8	21.4	21.4	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_039.nt.1	38628.0	21.1	21.1	28.6	28.6	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_039.nt.1	38628.1	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_042.nt.1	3383.0	78.9	78.9	92.9	92.9	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_044.nt.1	36481.0	57.9	84.6	50.0	77.8	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_044.nt.1	36481.1	57.9	84.6	42.9	75.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_044.nt.1	36482.0	26.3	45.5	21.4	37.5	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_044.nt.1	36482.1	31.6	60.0	28.6	57.1	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_044.nt.2	36481.0	57.9	84.6	50.0	77.8	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_044.nt.2	36481.1	57.9	84.6	42.9	75.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_044.nt.2	36482.0	26.3	45.5	21.4	37.5	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_044.nt.2	36482.1	31.6	60.0	28.6	57.1	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_044.nt.3	36481.0	57.9	84.6	50.0	77.8	80.0	100.0
DEX0477_044.nt.3	36481.1	57.9	84.6	42.9	75.0	100.0	100.0
DEX0477_044.nt.3	36482.0	26.3	45.5	21.4	37.5	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_044.nt.3	36482.1	31.6	60.0	28.6	57.1	40.0	66.7
DEX0477_046.nt.1	1551.0	42.1	57.1	50.0	63.6	20.0	33.3
DEX0477_047.nt.1	452.0	15.8	37.5	21.4	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_048.nt.1	33514.0	15.8	100.0	14.3	100.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_048.nt.1	33514.1	15.8	100.0	14.3	100.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_048.nt.1	33515.0	31.6	54.5	21.4	37.5	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_048.nt.1	33515.1	36.8	58.3	28.6	44.4	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_048.nt.2	33514.0	15.8	100.0	14.3	100.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_048.nt.2	33514.1	15.8	100.0	14.3	100.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_048.nt.2	33515.0	31.6	54.5	21.4	37.5	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_048.nt.2	33515.1	36.8	58.3	28.6	44.4	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_048.nt.3	33514.0	15.8	100.0	14.3	100.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_048.nt.3	33514.1	15.8	100.0	14.3	100.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_048.nt.3	33515.0	31.6	54.5	21.4	37.5	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_048.nt.3	33515.1	36.8	58.3	28.6	44.4	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_048.nt.4	33514.0	15.8	100.0	14.3	100.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_048.nt.4	33514.1	15.8	100.0	14.3	100.0	20.0	100.0
DEX0477_048.nt.4	33515.0	31.6	54.5	21.4	37.5	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_048.nt.4	33515.1	36.8	58.3	28.6	44.4	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_051.nt.1	3081.0	57.9	57.9	50.0	50.0	80.0	80.0
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10766.0	31.6	100.0	21.4	100.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10766.1	36.8	100.0	35.7	100.0	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10767.0	42.1	100.0	35.7	100.0	60.0	100.0
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10767.1	36.8	87.5	35.7	83.3	40.0	100.0
DEX0477_054.nt.1	9340.0	57.9	57.9	64.3	64.3	40.0	40.0
DEX0477_054.nt.1	9340.1	57.9	57.9	71.4	71.4	20.0	20.0
DEX0477_054.nt.2	9341.0	26.3	26.3	35.7	35.7	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_054.nt.2	9341.1	31.6	31.6	42.9	42.9	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_070.nt.1	3745.0	42.1	44.4	50.0	53.8	20.0	20.0

PROSTATE CANCER

For prostate cancer three different chip designs were evaluated with overlapping sets of a total of 29 samples, comparing the expression patterns of prostate cancer or benign disease derived total RNA to total RNA isolated from a pool of 35 normal prostate tissues. For the Prostate1 Array and Prostate2 Array Chips all 29 samples (17 prostate cancer samples, 12 non-malignant disease samples) were analyzed. For the Multi-Cancer Array Chip a subset of 28 of these samples (16 prostate cancer samples, 12 non-malignant disease samples) were analyzed.

The results for the statistically significant up-regulated genes on the Prostate1 Array Chip and the Prostate2 Array Chip are shown in Table(s) 22. The results for the statistically significant up-regulated genes on the Multi-Cancer Array Chip are shown in Table(s) 23. The first two columns of each table contain information about the sequence itself (DEX ID, Oligo Name), the next columns show the results obtained for prostate cancer samples ("CAN") or non-malignant disease samples ("DIS"). '%up' indicates the percentage of all experiments in which up-regulation of at least 2-fold was observed (n=29 for the Prostate2 Array Chip and the Multi-Cancer Array Chip), '%valid up' indicates the percentage of experiments with valid expression values in which up-regulation of at least 2-fold was observed. Additional experiments were performed, generally the results are only reported below if the data showed 30% or greater up-regulation in at least one of the experimental subsets.

Table 22.

DEX ID	Oligo Name	Pro1 CAN %up n=17	Pro1 CAN % valid up n=17	Pro1 DIS %up n=12	Pro1 DIS % valid up n=12	Pro2 CAN %up n=17	Pro2 CAN % valid up n=17	Pro2 DIS %up n=12	Pro2 DIS % valid up n=12
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.01	29.4	31.2	8.3	25	29.4	35.7	8.3	16.7
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644.02	29.4	35.7	8.3	25	29.4	35.7	8.3	16.7

Table 23.

DEX ID	Oligo Name	Pro Multi-Can CAN %up n=17	Pro Multi-Can CAN %valid up n=17	Pro Multi-Can DIS %up n=12	Pro Multi-Can DIS %valid up n=12
DEX0477_001.nt.1	78855.0	35.3	40.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.1	78855.1	29.4	33.3	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.1	78856.0	29.4	33.3	8.3	8.3

DEX0477_001.nt.1	78856.1	35.3	40.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.2	27921.0	35.3	37.5	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.2	27921.1	35.3	37.5	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.2	27922.0	29.4	31.2	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.2	27922.1	35.3	37.5	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.2	78855.0	35.3	40.0	8.3	[illegible]
DEX0477_001.nt.2	78855.1	29.4	33.3	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.2	78856.0	29.4	33.3	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.2	78856.1	35.3	40.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.4	27921.0	35.3	37.5	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.4	27921.1	35.3	37.5	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.4	27922.0	29.4	31.2	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.4	27922.1	35.3	37.5	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.4	78855.0	35.3	40.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.4	78855.1	29.4	33.3	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.4	78856.0	29.4	33.3	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.4	78856.1	35.3	40.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.5	27921.0	35.3	37.5	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.5	27921.1	35.3	37.5	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.5	27922.0	29.4	31.2	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.5	27922.1	35.3	37.5	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.5	78855.0	35.3	40.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.5	78855.1	29.4	33.3	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.5	78856.0	29.4	33.3	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.5	78856.1	35.3	40.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.6	27921.0	35.3	37.5	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.6	27921.1	35.3	37.5	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.6	27922.0	29.4	31.2	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.6	27922.1	35.3	37.5	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.6	78855.0	35.3	40.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.6	78855.1	29.4	33.3	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.6	78856.0	29.4	33.3	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.6	78856.1	35.3	40.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.7	27921.0	35.3	37.5	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.7	27921.1	35.3	37.5	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.7	78855.0	35.3	40.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.7	78855.1	29.4	33.3	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.7	78856.0	29.4	33.3	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.7	78856.1	35.3	40.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.8	27921.0	35.3	37.5	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.8	27921.1	35.3	37.5	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.8	27922.0	29.4	31.2	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.8	27922.1	35.3	37.5	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.8	78855.0	35.3	40.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.8	78855.1	29.4	33.3	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.8	78856.0	29.4	33.3	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.8	78856.1	35.3	40.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.9	27921.0	35.3	37.5	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.9	27921.1	35.3	37.5	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.9	27922.0	29.4	31.2	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.9	27922.1	35.3	37.5	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.9	78855.0	35.3	40.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.9	78855.1	29.4	33.3	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.9	78856.0	29.4	33.3	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_001.nt.9	78856.1	35.3	40.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_002.nt.1	27921.0	35.3	37.5	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_002.nt.1	27921.1	35.3	37.5	8.3	8.3

DEX0477_002.nt.1	27922.0	29.4	31.2	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_002.nt.1	27922.1	35.3	37.5	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_002.nt.1	78855.0	35.3	40.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_002.nt.1	78855.1	29.4	33.3	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_002.nt.1	78856.0	29.4	33.3	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_002.nt.1	78856.1	35.3	40.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_002.nt.2	27921.0	35.3	37.5	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_002.nt.2	27921.1	35.3	37.5	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_002.nt.2	27922.0	29.4	31.2	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_002.nt.2	27922.1	35.3	37.5	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_002.nt.2	78855.0	35.3	40.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_002.nt.2	78855.1	29.4	33.3	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_002.nt.2	78856.0	29.4	33.3	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_002.nt.2	78856.1	35.3	40.0	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_015.nt.1	2085.0	29.4	31.2	16.7	16.7
DEX0477_015.nt.1	4909.0	29.4	31.2	16.7	16.7
DEX0477_015.nt.1	4909.1	29.4	31.2	16.7	16.7
DEX0477_015.nt.1	4910.0	23.5	25.0	16.7	16.7
DEX0477_015.nt.1	4910.1	29.4	31.2	16.7	16.7
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17292.0	29.4	31.2	16.7	16.7
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17292.1	29.4	31.2	16.7	16.7
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17293.0	29.4	31.2	16.7	16.7
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17293.1	29.4	31.2	16.7	16.7
DEX0477_015.nt.1	24404.0	29.4	31.2	16.7	16.7
DEX0477_015.nt.1	24404.1	29.4	31.2	16.7	16.7
DEX0477_015.nt.1	24405.0	29.4	38.5	16.7	20.0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	24405.1	29.4	31.2	16.7	16.7
DEX0477_015.nt.2	2085.0	29.4	31.2	16.7	16.7
DEX0477_015.nt.2	4909.0	29.4	31.2	16.7	16.7
DEX0477_015.nt.2	4909.1	29.4	31.2	16.7	16.7
DEX0477_015.nt.2	4910.0	23.5	25.0	16.7	16.7
DEX0477_015.nt.2	4910.1	29.4	31.2	16.7	16.7
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17292.0	29.4	31.2	16.7	16.7
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17292.1	29.4	31.2	16.7	16.7
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17293.0	29.4	31.2	16.7	16.7
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17293.1	29.4	31.2	16.7	16.7
DEX0477_015.nt.2	24404.0	29.4	31.2	16.7	16.7
DEX0477_015.nt.2	24404.1	29.4	31.2	16.7	16.7
DEX0477_015.nt.2	24405.0	29.4	38.5	16.7	20.0
DEX0477_015.nt.2	24405.1	29.4	31.2	16.7	16.7
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937.2	0.0	0.0	8.3	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937.2	0.0	0.0	8.3	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.1	78627.1	0.0	0.0	8.3	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937.2	0.0	0.0	8.3	50.0
DEX0477_020.nt.2	78627.1	0.0	0.0	8.3	50.0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.0	29.4	31.2	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.1	23.5	25.0	8.3	9.1
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.2	29.4	33.3	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088.3	29.4	31.2	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.0	11.8	12.5	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.1	17.6	18.8	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089.2	17.6	50.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.0	29.4	31.2	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.1	23.5	25.0	8.3	9.1
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.2	29.4	33.3	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088.3	29.4	31.2	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.0	11.8	12.5	8.3	8.3

DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.1	17.6	18.8	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089.2	17.6	50.0	0.0	0.0
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937.2	0.0	0.0	8.3	50.0
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.0	29.4	31.2	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.1	23.5	25.0	8.3	9.1
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.2	29.4	33.3	8.3	8.3
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088.3	29.4	31.2	8.3	8.3

SEQ ID NO: 1-141 was up-regulated on various tissue microarrays. Accordingly, nucleotide SEQ ID NO: 1-141 or the encoded protein SEQ ID NO: 142-361 may be used as a cancer therapeutic and/or diagnostic target for the tissues in which expression is shown.

The following table lists a portion of the transcripts (DEX ID) of the present invention which showed upregulataion of at least 2-fold in at least 2 different cancer tissues. For transcripts with a "1" at least a 2-fold upregulation was detected in the cancer tissue (ovary, breast, colon, lung, and prostate) in the respective column. A "0" indicates a 2-fold upregulation was not detected in that tissue for the transcript. This table demonstrates a general distribution of cancer tissues expression for a portion of the transcripts of the present invention.

DEX ID	Ovary	Breast	Colon	Lung	Prostate
DEX0477_003.nt.1	1	1	1	0	0
DEX0477_003.nt.2	1	1	1	0	0
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1	1	1	1	0
DEX0477_005.nt.1	1	1	1	0	0
DEX0477_006.nt.1	1	1	1	0	0
DEX0477_007.nt.1	1	1	1	0	1
DEX0477_008.nt.1	1	1	1	1	0
DEX0477_009.nt.1	1	1	1	1	0
DEX0477_010.nt.1	1	1	1	0	0
DEX0477_011.nt.1	1	1	0	0	0
DEX0477_012.nt.1	1	1	0	0	0
DEX0477_013.nt.1	1	1	0	0	0
DEX0477_014.nt.1	1	1	0	0	0
DEX0477_014.nt.2	1	1	0	0	0
DEX0477_014.nt.3	1	1	0	0	0
DEX0477_015.nt.1	1	1	0	0	1
DEX0477_015.nt.2	1	1	0	0	1
DEX0477_016.nt.1	1	1	0	1	0
DEX0477_016.nt.2	1	1	0	1	0
DEX0477_016.nt.4	1	1	0	1	0
DEX0477_016.nt.5	1	1	0	1	0
DEX0477_018.nt.1	1	1	0	0	0
DEX0477_019.nt.1	1	1	0	1	0
DEX0477_021.nt.1	1	1	0	1	1
DEX0477_021.nt.2	1	1	0	1	1
DEX0477_022.nt.1	1	1	0	1	0
DEX0477_023.nt.1	1	1	0	1	1

DEX0477_024.nt.1	1	1	0	1	0
DEX0477_024.nt.2	1	1	0	1	0
DEX0477_024.nt.3	1	1	0	1	0
DEX0477_024.nt.4	1	1	0	1	0
DEX0477_025.nt.1	1	1	0	1	0
DEX0477_026.nt.1	1	1	0	0	0
DEX0477_027.nt.1	1	1	0	0	0
DEX0477_027.nt.2	1	1	0	0	0
DEX0477_027.nt.3	1	1	0	0	0
DEX0477_027.nt.4	1	1	0	0	0
DEX0477_027.nt.5	1	1	0	0	0
DEX0477_027.nt.6	1	1	0	0	0
DEX0477_027.nt.7	1	1	0	0	0
DEX0477_028.nt.1	1	1	0	0	0
DEX0477_028.nt.2	1	1	0	0	0
DEX0477_028.nt.3	1	1	0	0	0
DEX0477_028.nt.4	1	1	0	0	0
DEX0477_030.nt.1	1	0	1	0	0
DEX0477_030.nt.2	1	0	1	0	0
DEX0477_030.nt.3	1	0	1	0	0
DEX0477_031.nt.1	1	0	1	0	1
DEX0477_032.nt.1	1	0	1	0	0
DEX0477_033.nt.1	1	0	1	1	0
DEX0477_033.nt.2	1	0	1	1	0
DEX0477_033.nt.3	1	0	1	1	0
DEX0477_034.nt.1	1	0	1	0	0
DEX0477_035.nt.1	1	0	1	0	0
DEX0477_035.nt.2	1	0	1	0	0
DEX0477_035.nt.3	1	0	1	0	0
DEX0477_035.nt.4	1	0	1	0	0
DEX0477_035.nt.5	1	0	1	0	0
DEX0477_036.nt.1	1	0	1	1	0
DEX0477_037.nt.1	1	0	1	0	0
DEX0477_038.nt.1	1	0	1	1	0
DEX0477_038.nt.2	1	0	1	1	0
DEX0477_038.nt.3	1	0	1	1	0
DEX0477_039.nt.1	1	0	1	0	1
DEX0477_040.nt.1	1	0	1	1	0
DEX0477_040.nt.2	1	0	0	1	0
DEX0477_041.nt.1	1	0	1	0	0
DEX0477_042.nt.1	1	0	1	1	0
DEX0477_043.nt.1	1	0	0	1	0
DEX0477_044.nt.1	1	0	0	0	1
DEX0477_044.nt.2	1	0	0	0	1
DEX0477_044.nt.3	1	0	0	0	1
DEX0477_046.nt.1	1	0	0	1	0
DEX0477_047.nt.1	1	0	0	1	0
DEX0477_048.nt.1	1	0	0	0	1
DEX0477_048.nt.2	1	0	0	0	1
DEX0477_048.nt.3	1	0	0	0	1
DEX0477_048.nt.4	1	0	0	0	1
DEX0477_050.nt.1	1	0	0	1	0
DEX0477_051.nt.1	1	0	0	1	0
DEX0477_052.nt.1	1	0	0	1	0
DEX0477_053.nt.1	1	0	0	1	0
DEX0477_054.nt.1	1	0	0	1	0
DEX0477_054.nt.2	1	0	0	1	0

DEX0477_055.nt.1	1	0	0	1	0
DEX0477_055.nt.2	1	0	0	1	0
DEX0477_055.nt.3	1	0	0	1	0
DEX0477_055.nt.4	1	0	0	1	0
DEX0477_056.nt.1	1	0	0	1	0
DEX0477_057.nt.1	1	0	0	1	0
DEX0477_058.nt.1	0	1	1	0	0
DEX0477_058.nt.2	0	1	1	0	0
DEX0477_059.nt.1	0	1	1	0	0
DEX0477_059.nt.2	0	1	1	0	0
DEX0477_060.nt.1	0	1	1	0	0
DEX0477_060.nt.2	0	1	1	0	0
DEX0477_061.nt.1	0	1	1	0	0
DEX0477_061.nt.2	0	1	1	0	0
DEX0477_062.nt.1	0	1	1	0	0
DEX0477_063.nt.1	0	1	1	0	0
DEX0477_063.nt.2	0	1	1	0	0
DEX0477_064.nt.1	0	1	1	0	0
DEX0477_065.nt.1	0	1	1	0	0
DEX0477_065.nt.2	0	1	1	0	0
DEX0477_065.nt.3	0	1	1	0	0
DEX0477_067.nt.1	0	1	1	1	0
DEX0477_068.nt.1	0	1	0	1	0
DEX0477_069.nt.1	0	1	0	1	0
DEX0477_070.nt.1	0	1	0	1	0
DEX0477_071.nt.1	0	1	0	1	0
DEX0477_071.nt.2	0	1	0	1	0
DEX0477_072.nt.1	0	1	0	1	0
DEX0477_072.nt.2	0	1	0	1	0
DEX0477_073.nt.1	0	0	1	1	0
DEX0477_073.nt.2	0	0	1	1	0
DEX0477_075.nt.1	0	0	1	1	0
DEX0477_001.nt.9	0	0	1	0	1
DEX0477_002.nt.1	0	0	1	0	1
DEX0477_002.nt.2	0	0	1	0	1
DEX0477_076.nt.1	0	0	1	1	0
DEX0477_077.nt.1	0	0	1	1	0
DEX0477_078.nt.1	0	0	1	1	0
DEX0477_079.nt.1	0	0	1	1	0
Totals	90	67	58	57	18

The following table lists the location (Oligo Location) where the microarray oligos (Oligo ID) map on the transcripts (DEX ID) of the present invention. Each Oligo ID may have been printed multiple times on a single chip as replicates. The Oligo Name is an exemplary replicate (e.g. 1000.01) for the Oligo ID (e.g. 1000), and data from other replicates (e.g. 1000.02, 1000.03) may be reported. Additionally, the Array (Chip Name) that each oligo and oligo replicates were printed on is included.

DEX NT ID	Oligo ID	Oligo Name	Chip Name	Oligo Location
DEX0477_001.nt.1	78856	78856.0	Multi-Can array	1738-1797
DEX0477_001.nt.1	24536	24536.02	Prostate1 array	514-573
DEX0477_001.nt.1	78855	78855.0	Multi-Can array	1743-1802

DEX0477_001.nt.2	24496	24496.02	Prostate1 array	3144-3203
DEX0477_001.nt.2	78856	78856.0	Multi-Can array	3321-3380
DEX0477_001.nt.2	27922	27922.0	Multi-Can array	3121-3180
DEX0477_001.nt.2	24474	24474.01	Prostate1 array	2569-2628
DEX0477_001.nt.2	24536	24536.02	Prostate1 array	558-617
DEX0477_001.nt.2	27921	27921.0	Multi-Can array	3144-3203
DEX0477_001.nt.2	78855	78855.0	Multi-Can array	3326-3385
DEX0477_001.nt.4	24536	24536.02	Prostate1 array	558-617
DEX0477_001.nt.4	27922	27922.0	Multi-Can array	4072-4131
DEX0477_001.nt.4	78856	78856.0	Multi-Can array	4272-4331
DEX0477_001.nt.4	24474	24474.01	Prostate1 array	3776-3835
DEX0477_001.nt.4	24496	24496.02	Prostate1 array	4095-4154
DEX0477_001.nt.4	27921	27921.0	Multi-Can array	4095-4154
DEX0477_001.nt.5	24536	24536.02	Prostate1 array	558-617
DEX0477_001.nt.5	27922	27922.0	Multi-Can array	4141-4200
DEX0477_001.nt.5	78855	78855.0	Multi-Can array	4346-4405
DEX0477_001.nt.5	24474	24474.01	Prostate1 array	3776-3835
DEX0477_001.nt.5	27921	27921.0	Multi-Can array	4164-4223
DEX0477_001.nt.5	24496	24496.02	Prostate1 array	4164-4223
DEX0477_001.nt.5	78856	78856.0	Multi-Can array	4341-4400
DEX0477_001.nt.6	27922	27922.0	Multi-Can array	4057-4116
DEX0477_001.nt.6	78856	78856.0	Multi-Can array	4257-4316
DEX0477_001.nt.6	24496	24496.02	Prostate1 array	4080-4139
DEX0477_001.nt.6	24536	24536.02	Prostate1 array	558-617
DEX0477_001.nt.6	24474	24474.01	Prostate1 array	3776-3835
DEX0477_001.nt.6	27921	27921.0	Multi-Can array	4080-4139
DEX0477_001.nt.6	78855	78855.0	Multi-Can array	4262-4321
DEX0477_001.nt.7	24474	24474.01	Prostate1 array	3776-3835
DEX0477_001.nt.7	24536	24536.02	Prostate1 array	558-617
DEX0477_001.nt.7	27921	27921.0	Multi-Can array	4275-4334
DEX0477_001.nt.7	24496	24496.02	Prostate1 array	4275-4334
DEX0477_001.nt.7	78856	78856.0	Multi-Can array	4452-4511
DEX0477_001.nt.8	24474	24474.01	Prostate1 array	3776-3835
DEX0477_001.nt.8	27922	27922.0	Multi-Can array	4328-4387
DEX0477_001.nt.8	78856	78856.0	Multi-Can array	4528-4587
DEX0477_001.nt.8	27921	27921.0	Multi-Can array	4351-4410
DEX0477_001.nt.8	24496	24496.02	Prostate1 array	4351-4410
DEX0477_001.nt.8	78855	78855.0	Multi-Can array	4533-4592
DEX0477_001.nt.8	24536	24536.02	Prostate1 array	558-617
DEX0477_002.nt.1	24474	24474.01	Prostate1 array	3776-3835
DEX0477_002.nt.1	27922	27922.0	Multi-Can array	4141-4200
DEX0477_002.nt.1	78855	78855.0	Multi-Can array	4346-4405
DEX0477_002.nt.1	24496	24496.02	Prostate1 array	4164-4223
DEX0477_002.nt.1	27921	27921.0	Multi-Can array	4164-4223
DEX0477_002.nt.1	24536	24536.02	Prostate1 array	558-617
DEX0477_002.nt.1	78856	78856.0	Multi-Can array	4341-4400
DEX0477_002.nt.2	24536	24536.02	Prostate1 array	558-617
DEX0477_002.nt.2	78856	78856.0	Multi-Can array	1463-1522
DEX0477_002.nt.2	24496	24496.02	Prostate1 array	1286-1345
DEX0477_002.nt.2	27922	27922.0	Multi-Can array	1263-1322
DEX0477_002.nt.2	78855	78855.0	Multi-Can array	1468-1527
DEX0477_002.nt.2	24474	24474.01	Prostate1 array	967-1026
DEX0477_002.nt.2	27921	27921.0	Multi-Can array	1286-1345
DEX0477_001.nt.9	78856	78856.0	Multi-Can array	4210-4269
DEX0477_001.nt.9	27922	27922.0	Multi-Can array	4010-4069
DEX0477_001.nt.9	24536	24536.02	Prostate1 array	558-617
DEX0477_001.nt.9	24496	24496.02	Prostate1 array	4033-4092

DEX0477[illegible]01.nt.9	27921	27921.0	Multi-Can array	4033-4092
DEX0477_001.nt.9	24474	24474.01	Prostate1 array	3458-3517
DEX0477_001.nt.9	78855	78855.0	Multi-Can array	4215-4274
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105627	105627.0	Multi-Can array	993-1052
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105624	105624.0	Multi-Can array	953-1012
DEX0477_003.nt.1	105628	105628.0	Multi-Can array	952-1011
DEX0477_003.nt.1	96120	96120.0	Multi-Can array	953-1012
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105624	105624.0	Multi-Can array	1581-1640
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105627	105627.0	Multi-Can array	1621-1680
DEX0477_003.nt.2	96120	96120.0	Multi-Can array	1581-1640
DEX0477_003.nt.2	105628	105628.0	Multi-Can array	1580-1639
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1201	1201.0	Multi-Can array	290-349
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1193	1193.0	Lung array	290-349
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1192	1192.0	Lung array	222-281
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1200	1200.0	Multi-Can array	224-283
DEX0477_004.nt.1	5491	5491.0	Lung array	200-259
DEX0477_004.nt.1	1198	1198.0	Lung array	342-401
DEX0477_005.nt.1	15805	15805.0	Breast array	2088-2147
DEX0477_005.nt.1	41000	41000.0	Breast array	332-391
DEX0477_005.nt.1	20502	20502.0	Colon array	2325-2384
DEX0477_005.nt.1	20501	20501.0	Colon array	2282-2341
DEX0477_005.nt.1	40999	40999.0	Breast array	953-1012
DEX0477_005.nt.1	18050	18050.02	Ovary array	2179-2238
DEX0477_005.nt.1	18088	18088.01	Ovary array	1897-1956
DEX0477_005.nt.1	15806	15806.0	Breast array	2128-2187
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9744	9744.0	Multi-Can array	1700-1759
DEX0477_006.nt.1	9745	9745.0	Multi-Can array	1654-1713
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17853	17853.0	Colon array	272-331
DEX0477_007.nt.1	15783	15783.0	Breast array	432-491
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18645	18645.0	Breast array	272-331
DEX0477_007.nt.1	18644	18644.0	Breast array	312-371
DEX0477_007.nt.1	17852	17852.0	Colon array	312-371
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4734	4734.0	Multi-Can array	718-777
DEX0477_008.nt.1	1559	1559.0	Lung array	85-144
DEX0477_008.nt.1	4733	4733.0	Multi-Can array	758-817
DEX0477_009.nt.1	36563	36563.0	Colon array	648-707
DEX0477_009.nt.1	990	990.0	Multi-Can array	798-853
DEX0477_009.nt.1	36564	36564.0	Colon array	538-595
DEX0477_010.nt.1	18088	18088.01	Ovary array	1859-1918
DEX0477_010.nt.1	18094	18094.01	Ovary array	898-957
DEX0477_010.nt.1	20501	20501.0	Colon array	1475-1534
DEX0477_010.nt.1	15805	15805.0	Breast array	1669-1728
DEX0477_010.nt.1	15806	15806.0	Breast array	1629-1688
DEX0477_010.nt.1	18050	18050.02	Ovary array	1578-1637
DEX0477_010.nt.1	20502	20502.0	Colon array	1432-1491
DEX0477_010.nt.1	17464	17464.02	Ovary array	1151-1210
DEX0477_011.nt.1	102558	102558.0	Multi-Can array	668-726
DEX0477_012.nt.1	16992	16992.0	Breast array	251-308
DEX0477_012.nt.1	20235	20235.0	Breast array	241-301
DEX0477_012.nt.1	16966	16966.01	Ovary array	251-308
DEX0477_012.nt.1	22433	22433.01	Ovary array	241-301
DEX0477_013.nt.1	10548	10548.0	Multi-Can array	4383-4442
DEX0477_013.nt.1	10549	10549.0	Multi-Can array	4343-4402
DEX0477_013.nt.1	14426	14426.01	Ovary array	2692-2751
DEX0477_014.nt.1	4538	4538.0	Multi-Can array	625-684
DEX0477_014.nt.1	4539	4539.0	Multi-Can array	461-520
DEX0477_014.nt.1	27950	27950.0	Breast array	461-520

DEX0477_014.nt.1	27949	27949.0	Breast array	625-684
DEX0477_014.nt.2	4539	4539.0	Multi-Can array	431-490
DEX0477_014.nt.2	27949	27949.0	Breast array	595-654
DEX0477_014.nt.2	27950	27950.0	Breast array	431-490
DEX0477_014.nt.2	4538	4538.0	Multi-Can array	595-654
DEX0477_014.nt.3	4539	4539.0	Multi-Can array	366-425
DEX0477_014.nt.3	4538	4538.0	Multi-Can array	530-589
DEX0477_014.nt.3	27949	27949.0	Breast array	530-589
DEX0477_014.nt.3	27950	27950.0	Breast array	366-425
DEX0477_015.nt.1	24404	24404.0	Multi-Can array	682-741
DEX0477_015.nt.1	20399	20399.0	Breast array	687-746
DEX0477_015.nt.1	4909	4909.0	Multi-Can array	682-741
DEX0477_015.nt.1	24456	24456.02	Prostate1 array	627-686
DEX0477_015.nt.1	4910	4910.0	Multi-Can array	642-701
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17244	17244.0	Breast array	627-686
DEX0477_015.nt.1	2084	2084.0	Lung array	627-686
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17292	17292.0	Breast array	682-741
DEX0477_015.nt.1	30021	30021.01	Prostate1 array	687-746
DEX0477_015.nt.1	24405	24405.0	Multi-Can array	642-701
DEX0477_015.nt.1	2085	2085.0	Multi-Can array	617-676
DEX0477_015.nt.1	17293	17293.0	Multi-Can array	642-701
DEX0477_015.nt.2	2084	2084.0	Lung array	737-796
DEX0477_015.nt.2	24404	24404.0	Multi-Can array	792-851
DEX0477_015.nt.2	30021	30021.01	Prostate1 array	797-856
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17292	17292.0	Breast array	792-851
DEX0477_015.nt.2	24405	24405.0	Multi-Can array	752-811
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17244	17244.0	Breast array	737-796
DEX0477_015.nt.2	4909	4909.0	Multi-Can array	792-851
DEX0477_015.nt.2	20399	20399.0	Breast array	797-856
DEX0477_015.nt.2	4910	4910.0	Multi-Can array	752-811
DEX0477_015.nt.2	20391	20391.0	Breast array	416-475
DEX0477_015.nt.2	17293	17293.0	Multi-Can array	752-811
DEX0477_015.nt.2	24456	24456.02	Prostate1 array	737-796
DEX0477_015.nt.2	30013	30013.02	Prostate1 array	416-475
DEX0477_015.nt.2	2085	2085.0	Multi-Can array	727-786
DEX0477_016.nt.1	33428	33428.0	Breast array	4502-4559
DEX0477_016.nt.1	15232	15232.0	Breast array	1260-1319
DEX0477_016.nt.1	15233	15233.0	Breast array	1230-1289
DEX0477_016.nt.1	39515	39515.02	Prostate1 array	1260-1319
DEX0477_016.nt.1	37143	37143.0	Breast array	4497-4556
DEX0477_016.nt.1	39533	39533.0	Multi-Can array	4502-4559
DEX0477_016.nt.1	33429	33429.0	Multi-Can array	4497-4556
DEX0477_016.nt.1	39534	39534.0	Multi-Can array	4497-4556
DEX0477_016.nt.2	15233	15233.0	Breast array	1203-1262
DEX0477_016.nt.2	15232	15232.0	Breast array	1233-1292
DEX0477_016.nt.2	39534	39534.0	Multi-Can array	4831-4890
DEX0477_016.nt.2	37143	37143.0	Breast array	4831-4890
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33428	33428.0	Breast array	4836-4893
DEX0477_016.nt.2	33429	33429.0	Multi-Can array	4831-4890
DEX0477_016.nt.2	39515	39515.02	Prostate1 array	1233-1292
DEX0477_016.nt.2	39533	39533.0	Multi-Can array	4836-4893
DEX0477_016.nt.4	37143	37143.0	Breast array	1046-1105
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33429	33429.0	Multi-Can array	1046-1105
DEX0477_016.nt.4	39534	39534.0	Multi-Can array	1046-1105
DEX0477_016.nt.4	33428	33428.0	Breast array	1051-1108
DEX0477_016.nt.5	39533	39533.0	Multi-Can array	726-783
DEX0477_016.nt.5	33429	33429.0	Multi-Can array	721-780

DEX0477_016.nt.5	39534	39534.0	Multi-Can array	721-780
DEX0477_016.nt.5	37143	37143.0	Breast array	721-780
DEX0477_017.nt.1	15233	15233.0	Breast array	1203-1262
DEX0477_017.nt.1	15232	15232.0	Breast array	1233-1292
DEX0477_017.nt.1	39515	39515.02	Prostate1 array	1233-1292
DEX0477_018.nt.1	102558	102558.0	Multi-Can array	1155-1214
DEX0477_018.nt.1	11369	11369.0	Colon array	1181-1240
DEX0477_018.nt.1	22280	22280.0	Breast array	902-961
DEX0477_018.nt.1	102557	102557.0	Multi-Can array	1242-1300
DEX0477_018.nt.1	34918	34918.01	Prostate1 array	1194-1253
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41940	41940.0	Multi-Can array	1367-1426
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102787	102787.0	Multi-Can array	1673-1732
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102786	102786.0	Multi-Can array	1683-1742
DEX0477_019.nt.1	78628	78628.0	Multi-Can array	1424-1483
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102785	102785.0	Multi-Can array	1378-1429
DEX0477_019.nt.1	102789	102789.0	Multi-Can array	1683-1742
DEX0477_019.nt.1	78627	78627.0	Multi-Can array	1425-1484
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41937	41937.0	Breast array	1449-1508
DEX0477_019.nt.1	94127	94127.0	Multi-Can array	1378-1429
DEX0477_019.nt.1	94128	94128.0	Multi-Can array	1683-1742
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41938	41938.0	Breast array	1645-1704
DEX0477_019.nt.1	34316	34316.0	Colon array	1074-1133
DEX0477_019.nt.1	34317	34317.0	Colon array	855-914
DEX0477_019.nt.1	41939	41939.0	Multi-Can array	1367-1426
DEX0477_020.nt.1	34317	34317.0	Colon array	2074-2133
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41940	41940.0	Multi-Can array	2586-2645
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102789	102789.0	Multi-Can array	2872-2931
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41937	41937.0	Breast array	2668-2727
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102787	102787.0	Multi-Can array	2862-2921
DEX0477_020.nt.1	78627	78627.0	Multi-Can array	2644-2703
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41938	41938.0	Breast array	2834-2893
DEX0477_020.nt.1	102786	102786.0	Multi-Can array	2872-2931
DEX0477_020.nt.1	78628	78628.0	Multi-Can array	2643-2702
DEX0477_020.nt.1	34316	34316.0	Colon array	2293-2352
DEX0477_020.nt.1	32726	32726.0	Colon array	1267-1326
DEX0477_020.nt.1	41939	41939.0	Multi-Can array	2586-2645
DEX0477_020.nt.1	94128	94128.0	Multi-Can array	2872-2931
DEX0477_020.nt.2	32726	32726.0	Colon array	1267-1326
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102789	102789.0	Multi-Can array	2783-2842
DEX0477_020.nt.2	78628	78628.0	Multi-Can array	2524-2583
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41938	41938.0	Breast array	2745-2804
DEX0477_020.nt.2	34316	34316.0	Colon array	2174-2233
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102787	102787.0	Multi-Can array	2773-2832
DEX0477_020.nt.2	78627	78627.0	Multi-Can array	2525-2584
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41939	41939.0	Multi-Can array	2467-2526
DEX0477_020.nt.2	102786	102786.0	Multi-Can array	2783-2842
DEX0477_020.nt.2	34317	34317.0	Colon array	2074-2133
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41940	41940.0	Multi-Can array	2467-2526
DEX0477_020.nt.2	94128	94128.0	Multi-Can array	2783-2842
DEX0477_020.nt.2	41937	41937.0	Breast array	2549-2608
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26771	26771.0	Breast array	205-264
DEX0477_021.nt.1	41945	41945.0	Multi-Can array	289-348
DEX0477_021.nt.1	27321	27321.0	Breast array	638-697
DEX0477_021.nt.1	26770	26770.0	Breast array	249-308
DEX0477_021.nt.1	27322	27322.0	Breast array	541-600
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33089	33089.0	Breast array	541-600
DEX0477_021.nt.1	33088	33088.0	Breast array	638-697

DEX0477_021.nt.1	41946	41946.0	Multi-Can array	289-348
DEX0477_021.nt.2	27322	27322.0	Breast array	524-583
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26770	26770.0	Breast array	232-291
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33089	33089.0	Breast array	524-583
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41945	41945.0	Multi-Can array	272-331
DEX0477_021.nt.2	26771	26771.0	Breast array	188-247
DEX0477_021.nt.2	41946	41946.0	Multi-Can array	272-331
DEX0477_021.nt.2	27321	27321.0	Breast array	621-680
DEX0477_021.nt.2	33088	33088.0	Breast array	621-680
DEX0477_022.nt.1	78628	78628.0	Multi-Can array	161-220
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41939	41939.0	Multi-Can array	104-163
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41940	41940.0	Multi-Can array	104-163
DEX0477_022.nt.1	78627	78627.0	Multi-Can array	162-221
DEX0477_022.nt.1	41937	41937.0	Breast array	186-245
DEX0477_023.nt.1	27321	27321.0	Breast array	100-157
DEX0477_023.nt.1	33088	33088.0	Breast array	100-157
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26770	26770.0	Breast array	246-305
DEX0477_024.nt.1	26771	26771.0	Breast array	202-261
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41946	41946.0	Multi-Can array	286-345
DEX0477_024.nt.1	41945	41945.0	Multi-Can array	286-345
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41946	41946.0	Multi-Can array	307-366
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26771	26771.0	Breast array	223-282
DEX0477_024.nt.2	41945	41945.0	Multi-Can array	307-366
DEX0477_024.nt.2	26770	26770.0	Breast array	267-326
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41946	41946.0	Multi-Can array	299-358
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26771	26771.0	Breast array	215-274
DEX0477_024.nt.3	41945	41945.0	Multi-Can array	299-358
DEX0477_024.nt.3	26770	26770.0	Breast array	259-318
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41945	41945.0	Multi-Can array	66-125
DEX0477_024.nt.4	41946	41946.0	Multi-Can array	66-125
DEX0477_024.nt.4	26770	26770.0	Breast array	34-85
DEX0477_025.nt.1	889	889.0	Lung array	344-404
DEX0477_025.nt.1	19468	19468.0	Breast array	324-384
DEX0477_025.nt.1	10702	10702.02	Ovary array	582-641
DEX0477_025.nt.1	18214	18214.02	Ovary array	344-404
DEX0477_025.nt.1	19469	19469.0	Breast array	278-337
DEX0477_025.nt.1	890	890.0	Lung array	258-317
DEX0477_026.nt.1	37685	37685.0	Colon array	3647-3706
DEX0477_026.nt.1	37686	37686.0	Colon array	3501-3560
DEX0477_026.nt.1	16950	16950.0	Breast array	2544-2603
DEX0477_026.nt.1	16123	16123.01	Ovary array	2544-2603
DEX0477_027.nt.1	5236	5236.0	Multi-Can array	146-205
DEX0477_027.nt.1	5235	5235.0	Lung array	156-215
DEX0477_027.nt.1	2441	2441.0	Multi-Can array	156-215
DEX0477_027.nt.1	2440	2440.0	Lung array	161-220
DEX0477_027.nt.2	2441	2441.0	Multi-Can array	498-557
DEX0477_027.nt.2	5236	5236.0	Multi-Can array	488-547
DEX0477_027.nt.2	5235	5235.0	Lung array	498-557
DEX0477_027.nt.3	2441	2441.0	Multi-Can array	435-494
DEX0477_027.nt.3	2440	2440.0	Lung array	440-499
DEX0477_027.nt.3	5236	5236.0	Multi-Can array	425-484
DEX0477_027.nt.3	5235	5235.0	Lung array	435-494
DEX0477_027.nt.4	2441	2441.0	Multi-Can array	153-212
DEX0477_027.nt.4	2440	2440.0	Lung array	158-217
DEX0477_027.nt.4	5235	5235.0	Lung array	153-212
DEX0477_027.nt.4	5236	5236.0	Multi-Can array	143-202
DEX0477_027.nt.5	2441	2441.0	Multi-Can array	682-741

DEX0477_027.nt.5	2440	2440.0	Lung array	687-746
DEX0477_027.nt.5	5236	5236.0	Multi-Can array	672-731
DEX0477_027.nt.5	5235	5235.0	Lung array	682-741
DEX0477_027.nt.5	13661	13661.0	Breast array	924-983
DEX0477_027.nt.6	2441	2441.0	Multi-Can array	1157-1216
DEX0477_027.nt.6	5235	5235.0	Lung array	1157-1216
DEX0477_027.nt.6	5236	5236.0	Multi-Can array	1147-1206
DEX0477_027.nt.6	2440	2440.0	Lung array	1162-1221
DEX0477_027.nt.7	5235	5235.0	Lung array	354-413
DEX0477_027.nt.7	5236	5236.0	Multi-Can array	344-403
DEX0477_027.nt.7	13661	13661.0	Breast array	596-655
DEX0477_027.nt.7	2440	2440.0	Lung array	359-418
DEX0477_027.nt.7	2441	2441.0	Multi-Can array	354-413
DEX0477_028.nt.1	10454	10454.02	Ovary array	7535-7594
DEX0477_028.nt.1	23665	23665.0	Breast array	7434-7493
DEX0477_028.nt.2	10454	10454.02	Ovary array	7077-7136
DEX0477_028.nt.2	23665	23665.0	Breast array	6976-7035
DEX0477_028.nt.3	10454	10454.02	Ovary array	7256-7315
DEX0477_028.nt.4	23665	23665.0	Breast array	7106-7165
DEX0477_028.nt.4	10454	10454.02	Ovary array	7207-7266
DEX0477_029.nt.1	23665	23665.0	Breast array	7222-7281
DEX0477_030.nt.1	26136	26136.01	Prostate1 array	849-908
DEX0477_030.nt.1	28117	28117.0	Multi-Can array	1101-1160
DEX0477_030.nt.1	28118	28118.0	Multi-Can array	1061-1120
DEX0477_030.nt.1	26130	26130.02	Prostate1 array	690-749
DEX0477_030.nt.2	26136	26136.01	Prostate1 array	570-629
DEX0477_030.nt.2	28118	28118.0	Multi-Can array	782-841
DEX0477_030.nt.2	26130	26130.02	Prostate1 array	411-470
DEX0477_030.nt.2	28117	28117.0	Multi-Can array	822-881
DEX0477_030.nt.3	28118	28118.0	Multi-Can array	222-281
DEX0477_030.nt.3	28117	28117.0	Multi-Can array	262-321
DEX0477_031.nt.1	23481	23481.0	Multi-Can array	477-536
DEX0477_031.nt.1	37430	37430.0	Colon array	7-66
DEX0477_031.nt.1	23484	23484.01	Prostate1 array	497-556
DEX0477_031.nt.1	38627	38627.0	Multi-Can array	497-556
DEX0477_031.nt.1	38628	38628.0	Colon array	477-536
DEX0477_031.nt.1	37429	37429.0	Colon array	47-106
DEX0477_031.nt.1	23480	23480.0	Multi-Can array	497-556
DEX0477_031.nt.1	23674	23674.01	Prostate1 array	47-106
DEX0477_031.nt.1	38625	38625.0	Colon array	497-556
DEX0477_032.nt.1	41924	41924.0	Colon array	1000-1059
DEX0477_032.nt.1	21709	21709.02	Ovary array	504-563
DEX0477_032.nt.1	41923	41923.0	Colon array	1131-1190
DEX0477_032.nt.1	11307	11307.02	Ovary array	1824-1883
DEX0477_032.nt.1	21779	21779.02	Ovary array	1824-1883
DEX0477_032.nt.1	22353	22353.01	Ovary array	1131-1190
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19534	19534.0	Breast array	454-513
DEX0477_033.nt.1	21523	21523.02	Ovary array	218-277
DEX0477_033.nt.1	38704	38704.0	Colon array	178-237
DEX0477_033.nt.1	35175	35175.0	Colon array	432-491
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41957	41957.0	Multi-Can array	410-469
DEX0477_033.nt.1	3411	3411.0	Lung array	432-491
DEX0477_033.nt.1	41958	41958.0	Multi-Can array	410-469
DEX0477_033.nt.1	3410	3410.0	Lung array	454-513
DEX0477_033.nt.1	38703	38703.0	Colon array	218-277
DEX0477_033.nt.1	24504	24504.01	Ovary array	454-513
DEX0477_033.nt.1	1350	1350.0	Lung array	218-277

DEX0477_033.nt.1	35174	35174.0	Colon array	454-513
DEX0477_033.nt.1	1351	1351.0	Lung array	178-237
DEX0477_033.nt.1	19535	19535.0	Breast array	432-491
DEX0477_033.nt.2	38703	38703.0	Colon array	337-396
DEX0477_033.nt.2	3410	3410.0	Lung array	573-632
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19535	19535.0	Breast array	551-610
DEX0477_033.nt.2	35175	35175.0	Colon array	551-610
DEX0477_033.nt.2	1351	1351.0	Lung array	297-356
DEX0477_033.nt.2	35174	35174.0	Colon array	573-632
DEX0477_033.nt.2	21523	21523.02	Ovary array	337-396
DEX0477_033.nt.2	38704	38704.0	Colon array	297-356
DEX0477_033.nt.2	19534	19534.0	Breast array	573-632
DEX0477_033.nt.2	3411	3411.0	Lung array	551-610
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41958	41958.0	Multi-Can array	529-588
DEX0477_033.nt.2	1350	1350.0	Lung array	337-396
DEX0477_033.nt.2	41957	41957.0	Multi-Can array	529-588
DEX0477_033.nt.2	24504	24504.01	Ovary array	573-632
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41958	41958.0	Multi-Can array	531-590
DEX0477_033.nt.3	38703	38703.0	Colon array	339-398
DEX0477_033.nt.3	1350	1350.0	Lung array	339-398
DEX0477_033.nt.3	3410	3410.0	Lung array	575-634
DEX0477_033.nt.3	1351	1351.0	Lung array	299-358
DEX0477_033.nt.3	24504	24504.01	Ovary array	575-634
DEX0477_033.nt.3	35174	35174.0	Colon array	575-634
DEX0477_033.nt.3	21523	21523.02	Ovary array	339-398
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19535	19535.0	Breast array	553-612
DEX0477_033.nt.3	35175	35175.0	Colon array	553-612
DEX0477_033.nt.3	19534	19534.0	Breast array	575-634
DEX0477_033.nt.3	3411	3411.0	Lung array	553-612
DEX0477_033.nt.3	38704	38704.0	Colon array	299-358
DEX0477_033.nt.3	41957	41957.0	Multi-Can array	531-590
DEX0477_034.nt.1	3932	3932.0	Lung array	491-550
DEX0477_034.nt.1	3933	3933.0	Multi-Can array	481-540
DEX0477_035.nt.1	932	932.0	Lung array	583-642
DEX0477_035.nt.1	886	886.0	Lung array	647-706
DEX0477_035.nt.1	973	973.0	Multi-Can array	341-400
DEX0477_035.nt.1	972	972.0	Lung array	341-400
DEX0477_035.nt.1	976	976.0	Lung array	384-443
DEX0477_035.nt.1	887	887.0	Lung array	412-471
DEX0477_035.nt.1	39948	39948.0	Colon array	384-443
DEX0477_035.nt.1	995	995.0	Lung array	405-464
DEX0477_035.nt.1	888	888.0	Lung array	362-421
DEX0477_035.nt.1	4922	4922.0	Lung array	384-443
DEX0477_035.nt.1	4921	4921.0	Lung array	646-705
DEX0477_035.nt.1	931	931.0	Lung array	646-705
DEX0477_035.nt.1	974	974.0	Lung array	319-378
DEX0477_035.nt.1	885	885.0	Lung array	657-716
DEX0477_035.nt.1	996	996.0	Multi-Can array	646-705
DEX0477_035.nt.2	39948	39948.0	Colon array	416-475
DEX0477_035.nt.2	973	973.0	Multi-Can array	373-432
DEX0477_035.nt.2	995	995.0	Lung array	437-496
DEX0477_035.nt.2	887	887.0	Lung array	444-503
DEX0477_035.nt.2	974	974.0	Lung array	351-410
DEX0477_035.nt.2	972	972.0	Lung array	373-432
DEX0477_035.nt.2	4922	4922.0	Lung array	416-475
DEX0477_035.nt.2	976	976.0	Lung array	416-475
DEX0477_035.nt.2	888	888.0	Lung array	394-453

DEX0477_035.nt.3	976	976.0	Lung array	557-616
DEX0477_035.nt.3	888	888.0	Lung array	535-594
DEX0477_035.nt.3	932	932.0	Lung array	756-815
DEX0477_035.nt.3	974	974.0	Lung array	492-551
DEX0477_035.nt.3	39948	39948.0	Colon array	557-616
DEX0477_035.nt.3	973	973.0	Multi-Can array	514-573
DEX0477_035.nt.3	972	972.0	Lung array	514-573
DEX0477_035.nt.3	4922	4922.0	Lung array	557-616
DEX0477_035.nt.3	887	887.0	Lung array	585-644
DEX0477_035.nt.3	995	995.0	Lung array	578-637
DEX0477_035.nt.4	974	974.0	Lung array	655-714
DEX0477_035.nt.4	888	888.0	Lung array	698-757
DEX0477_035.nt.4	976	976.0	Lung array	720-779
DEX0477_035.nt.4	996	996.0	Multi-Can array	945-1004
DEX0477_035.nt.4	931	931.0	Lung array	945-1004
DEX0477_035.nt.4	4922	4922.0	Lung array	720-779
DEX0477_035.nt.4	886	886.0	Lung array	946-1005
DEX0477_035.nt.4	932	932.0	Lung array	882-941
DEX0477_035.nt.4	4921	4921.0	Lung array	945-1004
DEX0477_035.nt.4	885	885.0	Lung array	956-1015
DEX0477_035.nt.4	39948	39948.0	Colon array	720-779
DEX0477_035.nt.4	887	887.0	Lung array	748-807
DEX0477_035.nt.4	972	972.0	Lung array	677-736
DEX0477_035.nt.4	995	995.0	Lung array	741-800
DEX0477_035.nt.4	973	973.0	Multi-Can array	677-736
DEX0477_035.nt.5	931	931.0	Lung array	758-817
DEX0477_035.nt.5	996	996.0	Multi-Can array	758-817
DEX0477_035.nt.5	885	885.0	Lung array	769-828
DEX0477_035.nt.5	4921	4921.0	Lung array	758-817
DEX0477_035.nt.5	932	932.0	Lung array	695-754
DEX0477_035.nt.5	886	886.0	Lung array	759-818
DEX0477_036.nt.1	2370	2370.0	Lung array	573-632
DEX0477_036.nt.1	2371	2371.0	Multi-Can array	563-622
DEX0477_036.nt.1	3111	3111.0	Multi-Can array	976-1035
DEX0477_036.nt.1	2442	2442.0	Multi-Can array	573-632
DEX0477_036.nt.1	2406	2406.0	Multi-Can array	573-632
DEX0477_036.nt.1	2443	2443.0	Lung array	563-622
DEX0477_036.nt.1	2407	2407.0	Lung array	543-602
DEX0477_036.nt.1	2446	2446.0	Lung array	996-1055
DEX0477_037.nt.1	34940	34940.0	Colon array	4-60
DEX0477_037.nt.1	17118	17118.02	Ovary array	851-910
DEX0477_038.nt.1	18212	18212.01	Ovary array	489-548
DEX0477_038.nt.1	10209	10209.0	Colon array	449-508
DEX0477_038.nt.1	2644	2644.0	Lung array	365-423
DEX0477_038.nt.1	10208	10208.0	Colon array	489-547
DEX0477_038.nt.2	2644	2644.0	Lung array	322-381
DEX0477_038.nt.2	18212	18212.01	Ovary array	447-506
DEX0477_038.nt.2	10209	10209.0	Colon array	407-466
DEX0477_038.nt.2	10208	10208.0	Colon array	447-505
DEX0477_038.nt.3	2644	2644.0	Lung array	312-370
DEX0477_038.nt.3	10209	10209.0	Colon array	396-455
DEX0477_038.nt.3	18212	18212.01	Ovary array	436-495
DEX0477_039.nt.1	23674	23674.01	Prostate1 array	297-356
DEX0477_039.nt.1	23480	23480.0	Multi-Can array	747-806
DEX0477_039.nt.1	38627	38627.0	Multi-Can array	747-806
DEX0477_039.nt.1	23481	23481.0	Multi-Can array	727-786
DEX0477_039.nt.1	38628	38628.0	Colon array	727-786

DEX0477_039.nt.1	38625	38625.0	Colon array	747-806
DEX0477_039.nt.1	37429	37429.0	Colon array	297-356
DEX0477_039.nt.1	23484	23484.01	Prostate1 array	[illegible]7-806
DEX0477_040.nt.1	10993	10993.0	Colon array	1413-1472
DEX0477_040.nt.1	15394	15394.0	Breast array	693-752
DEX0477_040.nt.1	3717	3717.0	Lung array	1648-1707
DEX0477_040.nt.1	10992	10992.0	Colon array	1431-1490
DEX0477_040.nt.1	19274	19274.02	Ovary array	270-329
DEX0477_040.nt.1	3716	3716.0	Lung array	1688-1745
DEX0477_040.nt.2	3717	3717.0	Lung array	1291-1350
DEX0477_040.nt.2	3716	3716.0	Lung array	1331-1388
DEX0477_040.nt.2	19274	19274.02	Ovary array	270-329
DEX0477_040.nt.2	15394	15394.0	Breast array	693-752
DEX0477_041.nt.1	28696	28696.0	Colon array	461-520
DEX0477_041.nt.1	11295	11295.01	Ovary array	13-66
DEX0477_042.nt.1	3382	3382.0	Lung array	177-236
DEX0477_042.nt.1	3383	3383.0	Multi-Can array	175-234
DEX0477_043.nt.1	1190	1190.0	Lung array	357-416
DEX0477_043.nt.1	1234	1234.0	Lung array	538-597
DEX0477_043.nt.1	18496	18496.01	Ovary array	357-416
DEX0477_043.nt.1	1191	1191.0	Lung array	294-352
DEX0477_043.nt.1	1235	1235.0	Lung array	508-567
DEX0477_043.nt.1	18480	18480.02	Ovary array	538-597
DEX0477_044.nt.1	21032	21032.0	Colon array	1122-1181
DEX0477_044.nt.1	36481	36481.0	Multi-Can array	1247-1306
DEX0477_044.nt.1	39567	39567.02	Prostate1 array	1649-1708
DEX0477_044.nt.1	36482	36482.0	Multi-Can array	1122-1181
DEX0477_044.nt.2	39567	39567.02	Prostate1 array	1696-1755
DEX0477_044.nt.2	36481	36481.0	Multi-Can array	1294-1353
DEX0477_044.nt.2	36482	36482.0	Multi-Can array	1169-1228
DEX0477_044.nt.2	21032	21032.0	Colon array	1169-1228
DEX0477_044.nt.3	39567	39567.02	Prostate1 array	684-743
DEX0477_044.nt.3	21032	21032.0	Colon array	157-216
DEX0477_044.nt.3	36481	36481.0	Multi-Can array	282-341
DEX0477_044.nt.3	36482	36482.0	Multi-Can array	157-216
DEX0477_046.nt.1	1551	1551.0	Multi-Can array	359-418
DEX0477_046.nt.1	1552	1552.0	Lung array	359-418
DEX0477_046.nt.1	1553	1553.0	Lung array	290-349
DEX0477_046.nt.1	1550	1550.0	Lung array	415-474
DEX0477_047.nt.1	13195	13195.0	Breast array	984-1043
DEX0477_047.nt.1	451	451.0	Lung array	997-1056
DEX0477_047.nt.1	452	452.0	Multi-Can array	984-1043
DEX0477_048.nt.1	26800	26800.02	Prostate1 array	786-845
DEX0477_048.nt.1	33514	33514.0	Multi-Can array	1237-1296
DEX0477_048.nt.1	33515	33515.0	Multi-Can array	1044-1103
DEX0477_048.nt.2	33514	33514.0	Multi-Can array	1237-1296
DEX0477_048.nt.2	26800	26800.02	Prostate1 array	786-845
DEX0477_048.nt.2	33515	33515.0	Multi-Can array	1044-1103
DEX0477_048.nt.3	26800	26800.02	Prostate1 array	786-845
DEX0477_048.nt.3	33515	33515.0	Multi-Can array	1270-1329
DEX0477_048.nt.3	33514	33514.0	Multi-Can array	1463-1522
DEX0477_048.nt.4	33515	33515.0	Multi-Can array	900-959
DEX0477_048.nt.4	26800	26800.02	Prostate1 array	642-701
DEX0477_048.nt.4	33514	33514.0	Multi-Can array	1093-1152
DEX0477_049.nt.1	26800	26800.02	Prostate1 array	786-845
DEX0477_049.nt.2	29958	29958.0	Breast array	435-494
DEX0477_049.nt.2	13354	13354.0	Breast array	336-395

DEX0477_049.nt.2	13353	13353.0	Breast array	376-435
DEX0477_049.nt.2	12595	12595.0	Breast array	535-594
DEX0477_050.nt.1	1234	1234.0	Lung array	575-634
DEX0477_050.nt.1	18496	18496.01	Ovary array	394-453
DEX0477_050.nt.1	1191	1191.0	Lung array	331-389
DEX0477_050.nt.1	1235	1235.0	Lung array	545-604
DEX0477_050.nt.1	18480	18480.02	Ovary array	575-634
DEX0477_050.nt.1	1190	1190.0	Lung array	394-453
DEX0477_051.nt.1	1606	1606.0	Lung array	1378-1437
DEX0477_051.nt.1	1607	1607.0	Lung array	1368-1427
DEX0477_051.nt.1	1642	1642.0	Lung array	645-704
DEX0477_051.nt.1	3080	3080.0	Lung array	1482-1541
DEX0477_051.nt.1	3081	3081.0	Multi-Can array	1366-1425
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10766	10766.0	Multi-Can array	1215-1273
DEX0477_052.nt.1	10767	10767.0	Multi-Can array	1196-1255
DEX0477_052.nt.1	21369	21369.02	Ovary array	1020-1079
DEX0477_053.nt.1	1191	1191.0	Lung array	379-437
DEX0477_053.nt.1	18496	18496.01	Ovary array	442-501
DEX0477_053.nt.1	18480	18480.02	Ovary array	623-682
DEX0477_053.nt.1	1235	1235.0	Lung array	593-652
DEX0477_053.nt.1	1190	1190.0	Lung array	442-501
DEX0477_053.nt.1	1234	1234.0	Lung array	623-682
DEX0477_054.nt.1	9340	9340.0	Breast array	332-391
DEX0477_054.nt.2	9341	9341.0	Breast array	675-734
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5606	5606.0	Lung array	521-580
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5624	5624.0	Lung array	610-663
DEX0477_055.nt.1	20563	20563.01	Ovary array	892-951
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5612	5612.0	Multi-Can array	512-571
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5611	5611.0	Lung array	574-633
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5640	5640.0	Lung array	1762-1821
DEX0477_055.nt.1	20503	20503.01	Ovary array	574-633
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5639	5639.0	Lung array	1767-1826
DEX0477_055.nt.1	20601	20601.01	Ovary array	1318-1377
DEX0477_055.nt.1	1190	1190.0	Lung array	431-490
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5637	5637.0	Lung array	1318-1377
DEX0477_055.nt.1	20553	20553.02	Ovary array	1767-1826
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5605	5605.0	Lung array	574-633
DEX0477_055.nt.1	18496	18496.01	Ovary array	431-490
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5607	5607.0	Lung array	892-951
DEX0477_055.nt.1	20569	20569.01	Ovary array	574-633
DEX0477_055.nt.1	5638	5638.0	Lung array	1137-1196
DEX0477_055.nt.2	5607	5607.0	Lung array	774-833
DEX0477_055.nt.2	5640	5640.0	Lung array	1528-1587
DEX0477_055.nt.2	1187	1187.0	Lung array	1235-1294
DEX0477_055.nt.2	20553	20553.02	Ovary array	1533-1592
DEX0477_055.nt.2	5605	5605.0	Lung array	574-633
DEX0477_055.nt.2	20569	20569.01	Ovary array	574-633
DEX0477_055.nt.2	5624	5624.0	Lung array	610-669
DEX0477_055.nt.2	18496	18496.01	Ovary array	431-490
DEX0477_055.nt.2	5606	5606.0	Lung array	521-580
DEX0477_055.nt.2	5639	5639.0	Lung array	1533-1592
DEX0477_055.nt.2	20563	20563.01	Ovary array	774-833
DEX0477_055.nt.2	1190	1190.0	Lung array	431-490
DEX0477_055.nt.2	5611	5611.0	Lung array	574-633
DEX0477_055.nt.2	20601	20601.01	Ovary array	1200-1259
DEX0477_055.nt.2	20503	20503.01	Ovary array	574-633
DEX0477_055.nt.2	5612	5612.0	Multi-Can array	512-571

DEX0477_055.nt.2	5637	5637.0	Lung array	1200-1259
DEX0477_055.nt.3	5640	5640.0	Lung array	1405-1464
DEX0477_055.nt.3	1187	1187.0	Lung array	1235-1294
DEX0477_055.nt.3	5606	5606.0	Lung array	521-580
DEX0477_055.nt.3	5638	5638.0	Lung array	1019-1078
DEX0477_055.nt.3	20601	20601.01	Ovary array	1200-1259
DEX0477_055.nt.3	5607	5607.0	Lung array	774-833
DEX0477_055.nt.3	20503	20503.01	Ovary array	574-633
DEX0477_055.nt.3	5612	5612.0	Multi-Can array	512-571
DEX0477_055.nt.3	5624	5624.0	Lung array	610-669
DEX0477_055.nt.3	20563	20563.01	Ovary array	774-833
DEX0477_055.nt.3	5611	5611.0	Lung array	574-633
DEX0477_055.nt.3	5639	5639.0	Lung array	1410-1469
DEX0477_055.nt.3	1190	1190.0	Lung array	431-490
DEX0477_055.nt.3	18496	18496.01	Ovary array	431-490
DEX0477_055.nt.3	5605	5605.0	Lung array	574-633
DEX0477_055.nt.3	20569	20569.01	Ovary array	574-633
DEX0477_055.nt.3	20553	20553.02	Ovary array	1410-1469
DEX0477_055.nt.3	5637	5637.0	Lung array	1200-1259
DEX0477_055.nt.4	5612	5612.0	Multi-Can array	512-571
DEX0477_055.nt.4	20569	20569.01	Ovary array	574-633
DEX0477_055.nt.4	20553	20553.02	Ovary array	906-965
DEX0477_055.nt.4	5606	5606.0	Lung array	521-580
DEX0477_055.nt.4	20503	20503.01	Ovary array	574-633
DEX0477_055.nt.4	1190	1190.0	Lung array	431-490
DEX0477_055.nt.4	5605	5605.0	Lung array	574-633
DEX0477_055.nt.4	5611	5611.0	Lung array	574-633
DEX0477_055.nt.4	5640	5640.0	Lung array	901-960
DEX0477_055.nt.4	5639	5639.0	Lung array	906-965
DEX0477_055.nt.4	18496	18496.01	Ovary array	431-490
DEX0477_055.nt.4	5624	5624.0	Lung array	610-669
DEX0477_056.nt.1	19014	19014.01	Ovary array	372-431
DEX0477_056.nt.1	3817	3817.0	Lung array	342-401
DEX0477_056.nt.1	3805	3805.0	Lung array	144-197
DEX0477_056.nt.1	3816	3816.0	Lung array	372-431
DEX0477_057.nt.1	33734	33734.01	Prostate1 array	1586-1645
DEX0477_057.nt.1	29011	29011.02	Prostate2 array	2179-2238
DEX0477_057.nt.1	28971	28971.0	Multi-Can array	2566-2625
DEX0477_057.nt.1	28989	28989.03	Prostate2 array	2179-2238
DEX0477_057.nt.1	100797	100797.02	Prostate1 array	1392-1451
DEX0477_057.nt.1	29041	29041.02	Prostate2 array	2491-2550
DEX0477_057.nt.1	25907	25907.0	Colon array	2383-2442
DEX0477_057.nt.1	29077	29077.02	Prostate2 array	2579-2638
DEX0477_057.nt.1	29023	29023.02	Prostate2 array	2569-2628
DEX0477_057.nt.1	28972	28972.0	Multi-Can array	2352-2411
DEX0477_057.nt.1	31890	31890.02	Prostate1 array	2186-2245
DEX0477_057.nt.1	15046	15046.01	Prostate2 array	114-173
DEX0477_058.nt.1	31705	31705.0	Breast array	1525-1584
DEX0477_058.nt.1	35264	35264.0	Colon array	1545-1604
DEX0477_058.nt.1	19316	19316.0	Breast array	285-344
DEX0477_058.nt.1	19330	19330.0	Breast array	285-344
DEX0477_058.nt.1	31066	31066.0	Colon array	285-344
DEX0477_058.nt.1	35265	35265.0	Colon array	1525-1584
DEX0477_058.nt.1	31704	31704.0	Breast array	1545-1604
DEX0477_058.nt.1	30937	30937.0	Colon array	275-334
DEX0477_058.nt.2	31704	31704.0	Breast array	1561-1620
DEX0477_058.nt.2	35265	35265.0	Colon array	1541-1600

DEX0477_058.nt.2	35264	35264.0	Colon array	1561-1620
DEX0477_058.nt.2	31705	31705.0	Breast array	1541-1600
DEX0477_059.nt.1	33732	33732.0	Colon array	398-457
DEX0477_059.nt.1	11217	11217.0	Breast array	398-457
DEX0477_059.nt.1	33733	33733.0	Colon array	342-401
DEX0477_059.nt.2	11217	11217.0	Breast array	1253-1312
DEX0477_059.nt.2	33733	33733.0	Colon array	1197-1256
DEX0477_059.nt.2	33732	33732.0	Colon array	1253-1312
DEX0477_060.nt.1	10664	10664.01	Ovary array	793-852
DEX0477_060.nt.1	35080	35080.0	Colon array	793-852
DEX0477_060.nt.1	31005	31005.0	Breast array	3587-3646
DEX0477_060.nt.1	35081	35081.0	Colon array	692-751
DEX0477_060.nt.1	31004	31004.0	Breast array	3627-3686
DEX0477_060.nt.1	35761	35761.0	Colon array	2329-2388
DEX0477_060.nt.1	17178	17178.02	Ovary array	2369-2428
DEX0477_060.nt.1	23646	23646.0	Breast array	368-427
DEX0477_060.nt.1	35760	35760.0	Colon array	2369-2428
DEX0477_060.nt.1	23647	23647.0	Breast array	319-378
DEX0477_060.nt.2	35081	35081.0	Colon array	599-658
DEX0477_060.nt.2	35760	35760.0	Colon array	2276-2335
DEX0477_060.nt.2	23646	23646.0	Breast array	275-334
DEX0477_060.nt.2	10664	10664.01	Ovary array	700-759
DEX0477_060.nt.2	35761	35761.0	Colon array	2236-2295
DEX0477_060.nt.2	35080	35080.0	Colon array	700-759
DEX0477_060.nt.2	31004	31004.0	Breast array	3534-3593
DEX0477_060.nt.2	17178	17178.02	Ovary array	2276-2335
DEX0477_060.nt.2	31005	31005.0	Breast array	3494-3553
DEX0477_060.nt.2	23647	23647.0	Breast array	226-285
DEX0477_061.nt.1	36404	36404.0	Multi-Can array	1171-1230
DEX0477_061.nt.1	36403	36403.0	Multi-Can array	1229-1288
DEX0477_061.nt.1	22688	22688.0	Breast array	2685-2744
DEX0477_061.nt.1	22689	22689.0	Breast array	2654-2713
DEX0477_061.nt.2	36404	36404.0	Multi-Can array	1289-1348
DEX0477_061.nt.2	36403	36403.0	Multi-Can array	1347-1406
DEX0477_061.nt.2	22689	22689.0	Breast array	2772-2831
DEX0477_061.nt.2	22688	22688.0	Breast array	2803-2862
DEX0477_062.nt.1	28401	28401.0	Colon array	716-775
DEX0477_062.nt.1	22303	22303.0	Breast array	713-772
DEX0477_062.nt.1	6917	6917.0	Lung array	293-352
DEX0477_062.nt.1	6918	6918.0	Lung array	253-312
DEX0477_062.nt.1	22304	22304.0	Breast array	631-690
DEX0477_062.nt.1	28402	28402.0	Colon array	338-397
DEX0477_063.nt.1	28638	28638.0	Colon array	494-553
DEX0477_063.nt.1	12616	12616.0	Breast array	434-493
DEX0477_063.nt.1	33626	33626.0	Breast array	120-179
DEX0477_063.nt.1	12615	12615.0	Breast array	454-513
DEX0477_063.nt.1	28637	28637.0	Colon array	635-694
DEX0477_063.nt.2	28638	28638.0	Colon array	946-1005
DEX0477_063.nt.2	12616	12616.0	Breast array	886-945
DEX0477_063.nt.2	12615	12615.0	Breast array	906-965
DEX0477_064.nt.1	35559	35559.0	Colon array	329-388
DEX0477_064.nt.1	31772	31772.0	Breast array	329-388
DEX0477_064.nt.1	14047	14047.0	Breast array	338-397
DEX0477_065.nt.1	800	800.0	Lung array	193-252
DEX0477_065.nt.1	859	859.0	Lung array	868-927
DEX0477_065.nt.1	4942	4942.0	Lung array	578-637
DEX0477_065.nt.1	793	793.0	Lung array	818-877

DEX0477_065.nt.1	4941	4941.0	Multi-Can array	818-877
DEX0477_065.nt.1	794	794.0	Lung array	578-637
DEX0477_065.nt.1	799	799.0	Lung array	233-292
DEX0477_065.nt.1	860	860.0	Lung array	848-907
DEX0477_065.nt.2	4942	4942.0	Lung array	601-660
DEX0477_065.nt.2	859	859.0	Lung array	891-950
DEX0477_065.nt.2	800	800.0	Lung array	216-275
DEX0477_065.nt.2	4941	4941.0	Multi-Can array	841-900
DEX0477_065.nt.2	799	799.0	Lung array	256-315
DEX0477_065.nt.2	794	794.0	Lung array	601-660
DEX0477_065.nt.2	793	793.0	Lung array	841-900
DEX0477_065.nt.2	860	860.0	Lung array	871-930
DEX0477_065.nt.3	794	794.0	Lung array	444-503
DEX0477_065.nt.3	860	860.0	Lung array	714-773
DEX0477_065.nt.3	4941	4941.0	Multi-Can array	684-743
DEX0477_065.nt.3	4942	4942.0	Lung array	444-503
DEX0477_065.nt.3	793	793.0	Lung array	684-743
DEX0477_065.nt.3	859	859.0	Lung array	734-793
DEX0477_066.nt.1	4942	4942.0	Lung array	578-637
DEX0477_066.nt.1	793	793.0	Lung array	818-877
DEX0477_066.nt.1	859	859.0	Lung array	868-927
DEX0477_066.nt.1	4941	4941.0	Multi-Can array	818-877
DEX0477_066.nt.1	800	800.0	Lung array	193-252
DEX0477_066.nt.1	799	799.0	Lung array	233-292
DEX0477_066.nt.1	860	860.0	Lung array	848-907
DEX0477_066.nt.1	794	794.0	Lung array	578-637
DEX0477_066.nt.2	859	859.0	Lung array	734-793
DEX0477_066.nt.2	793	793.0	Lung array	684-743
DEX0477_066.nt.2	4941	4941.0	Multi-Can array	684-743
DEX0477_066.nt.2	4942	4942.0	Lung array	444-503
DEX0477_066.nt.2	794	794.0	Lung array	444-503
DEX0477_066.nt.2	860	860.0	Lung array	714-773
DEX0477_067.nt.1	4788	4788.0	Lung array	336-395
DEX0477_067.nt.1	36348	36348.0	Colon array	700-759
DEX0477_067.nt.1	14791	14791.0	Breast array	695-754
DEX0477_067.nt.1	4787	4787.0	Lung array	346-405
DEX0477_068.nt.1	4480	4480.0	Lung array	499-558
DEX0477_068.nt.1	5539	5539.0	Multi-Can array	499-558
DEX0477_069.nt.1	4894	4894.0	Lung array	649-701
DEX0477_069.nt.1	34086	34086.0	Colon array	690-749
DEX0477_069.nt.1	4893	4893.0	Lung array	690-749
DEX0477_069.nt.1	27947	27947.0	Breast array	670-729
DEX0477_069.nt.1	27948	27948.0	Breast array	501-560
DEX0477_070.nt.1	3744	3744.0	Lung array	128-180
DEX0477_070.nt.1	16104	16104.0	Breast array	679-738
DEX0477_070.nt.1	3745	3745.0	Multi-Can array	112-171
DEX0477_071.nt.1	16463	16463.0	Breast array	223-282
DEX0477_071.nt.1	4958	4958.0	Lung array	250-309
DEX0477_071.nt.1	4957	4957.0	Lung array	290-349
DEX0477_071.nt.1	16462	16462.0	Breast array	263-322
DEX0477_071.nt.2	4958	4958.0	Lung array	299-358
DEX0477_071.nt.2	4957	4957.0	Lung array	339-398
DEX0477_071.nt.2	16462	16462.0	Breast array	312-371
DEX0477_071.nt.2	16463	16463.0	Breast array	272-331
DEX0477_072.nt.1	3292	3292.0	Lung array	2613-2672
DEX0477_072.nt.1	18688	18688.0	Breast array	2586-2645
DEX0477_072.nt.1	3293	3293.0	Lung array	2530-2589

DEX0477_072.nt.2	18688	18688.0	Breast array	1464-1523
DEX0477_072.nt.2	3292	3292.0	Lung array	1491-1550
DEX0477_073.nt.1	589	589.0	Lung array	2841-2900
DEX0477_073.nt.1	33760	33760.0	Colon array	2845-2904
DEX0477_073.nt.1	590	590.0	Lung array	2839-2898
DEX0477_073.nt.2	589	589.0	Lung array	1373-1432
DEX0477_073.nt.2	33760	33760.0	Colon array	1377-1436
DEX0477_074.nt.1	590	590.0	Lung array	2432-2491
DEX0477_074.nt.1	33760	33760.0	Colon array	2438-2497
DEX0477_074.nt.1	589	589.0	Lung array	2434-2493
DEX0477_075.nt.1	30637	30637.0	Colon array	168-227
DEX0477_075.nt.1	30638	30638.0	Colon array	126-185
DEX0477_075.nt.1	5835	5835.0	Lung array	168-227
DEX0477_075.nt.1	5836	5836.0	Lung array	126-185
DEX0477_076.nt.1	1383	1383.0	Multi-Can array	3229-3288
DEX0477_076.nt.1	5317	5317.0	Lung array	3223-3282
DEX0477_076.nt.1	1379	1379.0	Lung array	2203-2262
DEX0477_076.nt.1	1354	1354.0	Lung array	1401-1460
DEX0477_076.nt.1	1336	1336.0	Lung array	2283-2342
DEX0477_076.nt.1	5318	5318.0	Lung array	3098-3157
DEX0477_076.nt.1	1355	1355.0	Lung array	1311-1370
DEX0477_076.nt.1	3231	3231.0	Lung array	2559-2611
DEX0477_076.nt.1	1337	1337.0	Lung array	2273-2332
DEX0477_076.nt.1	1378	1378.0	Lung array	2233-2292
DEX0477_076.nt.1	1382	1382.0	Lung array	3382-3441
DEX0477_077.nt.1	2137	2137.0	Lung array	240-295
DEX0477_077.nt.1	34002	34002.0	Colon array	1079-1138
DEX0477_077.nt.1	2136	2136.0	Lung array	283-339
DEX0477_077.nt.1	38324	38324.0	Colon array	240-295
DEX0477_077.nt.1	38323	38323.0	Colon array	283-339
DEX0477_077.nt.1	34003	34003.0	Colon array	1034-1093
DEX0477_078.nt.1	5481	5481.0	Lung array	783-842
DEX0477_078.nt.1	5538	5538.0	Lung array	120-179
DEX0477_078.nt.1	22483	22483.02	Ovary array	1724-1783
DEX0477_078.nt.1	8313	8313.0	Colon array	1730-1781
DEX0477_078.nt.1	5483	5483.0	Lung array	222-281
DEX0477_078.nt.1	5482	5482.0	Lung array	771-830
DEX0477_078.nt.1	422	422.0	Lung array	1119-1178
DEX0477_078.nt.1	20711	20711.0	Breast array	1724-1783
DEX0477_078.nt.1	8312	8312.0	Colon array	1805-1864
DEX0477_078.nt.1	5484	5484.0	Lung array	215-274
DEX0477_079.nt.1	10993	10993.0	Colon array	427-486
DEX0477_079.nt.1	3717	3717.0	Lung array	659-718
DEX0477_079.nt.1	10992	10992.0	Colon array	445-504
DEX0477_079.nt.1	3716	3716.0	Lung array	699-758
DEX0477_080.nt.1	19274	19274.02	Ovary array	356-415

Example 2b: Relative Quantitation of Gene Expression

Real-Time quantitative PCR with fluorescent Taqman® probes is a quantitation detection system utilizing the 5'- 3' nuclease activity of Taq DNA polymerase. The method uses an internal fluorescent oligonucleotide probe (Taqman®) labeled with a 5' reporter dye and a downstream, 3' quencher dye. During PCR, the 5'-3' nuclease activity

of Taq DNA polymerase releases the reporter, whose fluorescence can then be detected by the laser detector of the Model 7700 Sequence Detection System (PE Applied Biosystems, Foster City, CA, USA). Amplification of an endogenous control is used to standardize the amount of sample RNA added to the reaction and normalize for Reverse Transcriptase (RT) efficiency. Either cyclophilin, glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase (GAPDH), ATPase, or 18S ribosomal RNA (rRNA) is used as this endogenous control. To calculate relative quantitation between all the samples studied, the target RNA levels for one sample were used as the basis for comparative results (calibrator). Quantitation relative to the "calibrator" can be obtained using the comparative method (User Bulletin #2: ABI PRISM 7700 Sequence Detection System).

The tissue distribution and the level of the target gene are evaluated for every sample in normal and cancer tissues. Total RNA is extracted from normal tissues, cancer tissues, and from cancers and the corresponding matched adjacent tissues. Subsequently, first strand cDNA is prepared with reverse transcriptase and the polymerase chain reaction is done using primers and Taqman® probes specific to each target gene. The results are analyzed using the ABI PRISM 7700 Sequence Detector. The absolute numbers are relative levels of expression of the target gene in a particular tissue compared to the calibrator tissue.

One of ordinary skill can design appropriate primers. The relative levels of expression of the CaSNA versus normal tissues and other cancer tissues can then be determined. All the values are compared to the calibrator. Normal RNA samples are commercially available pools, originated by pooling samples of a particular tissue from different individuals.

The relative levels of expression of the CaSNA in pairs of matched samples may also be determined. A matched pair is formed by mRNA from the cancer sample for a particular tissue and mRNA from the normal adjacent sample for that same tissue from the same individual. All the values are compared to the calibrator.

In the analysis of matching samples, the CaSNAs show a high degree of tissue specificity for the tissue of interest. These results confirm the tissue specificity results obtained with normal pooled samples. Further, the level of mRNA expression in cancer samples and the isogenic normal adjacent tissue from the same individual are compared. This comparison provides an indication of specificity for the cancer state (*e.g.* higher levels of mRNA expression in the cancer sample compared to the normal adjacent).

Informaton on the samples tested in the QPCR experiments below include the Sample ID (Smpl ID), Organ, Tissue Type (Tiss Type), Diagnosis (DIAG), Disease Detail, and Stage or Grade (STG or GRD) in following table.

Sample ID	Organ	Tissue Type	Diagnosis	Disease Detail	Stage or Grade
101XB	Prostate	CAN		adeno, localized	2+3=5
101XB	Prostate	NAT		NAT	
125XB	Prostate	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	Adenocarcinoma	Gleason's 3+3
125XB	Prostate	NAT			
12B	Prostate	CAN		Prostate tumor	Gleason's 2+2=4
12B	Prostate	NAT		NAT	
65XB	Prostate	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	adenocarcinoma	3+4=7
65XB	Prostate	NAT		NL	
78XB	Prostate	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	adenocarcinoma	3+4
78XB	Prostate	NAT		NL	
84XB	Prostate	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	adenocarcinoma	2+3
84XB	Prostate	NAT		NL	
23B	Prostate	CAN		Prostate tumor	Gleason's 3+4
23B	Prostate	NAT		NAT	
675P	Prostate	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	adenocarcinoma	
675P	Prostate	NAT		Normal	
958P	Prostate	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	Adenocarcinoma	T2C, NO, MX
958P	Prostate	NAT		NAT	
855P	Prostate	BPH		BPH	
276P	Prostate	BPH		BPH	
767B	Prostate	BPH		prostate BPH	
263C	Prostate	BPH		BPH	
10R	Prostate	PROST		active chronic prostatitis	T0, N0, M0
20R	Prostate	PROST		PROSTATITIS	
030B	Urinary Bladder	CAN	Carcinoma	invasive Carcinoma, poorly differentiated	Stage III, Grade 3
030B	Urinary Bladder	NAT		NAT	
520B	Urinary Bladder	CAN	Sarcomatoid transitional cell carcinoma	Sarcomatoid transitional cell carcinoma	
520B	Urinary Bladder	NAT		NAT	
TR17	Urinary Bladder	CAN	Carcinoma	transitional cell carcinoma	StageII/GradeIII
TR17	Urinary Bladder	NAT		NAT	
401C	Colon	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	Adenocarcinoma of ascending colon and cecum	Stage III
401C	Colon	NAT		NAT	

AS43	Colon	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	malignant	
AS43	Colon	NAT	Adenocarcinoma	NAT	
AS98	Colon	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	Moderately to poorly differentiated adenocarcinoma	Duke's C
AS98	Colon	NAT		NAT	
CM12	Colon	CAN		T	Stage D
CM12	Colon	NAT	Adenocarcinoma	Nat	
DC19	Colon	CAN		T	Stage B
DC19	Colon	NAT		NL	
RC01	Colon	CAN	Cancer		Stage IV
RC01	Colon	NAT		NAT	
RS53	Colon	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	moderately differentiated adenocarcinoma	
RS53	Colon	NAT	Adenocarcinoma	NAT	
SG27	Colon	CAN		malig	Stage B
SG27	Colon	NAT		NAT	
TX01	Colon	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	Moderately differentiated adenocarcinoma of cecum	Stage II; T3NoMo
TX01	Colon	NAT		NAT	
KS52	Cervix	CAN	Squamous cell carcinoma	Keratinizing Squamous Cell Carcinoma	IIIB, well diff. G1; T3bNxM0
KS52	Cervix	NAT		NAT	
NK23	Cervix	CAN		Nonkeratinizin g Large Cell	FIGO IIIB, undiff. G4; T3bNxM0
NK23	Cervix	NAT		NAT	
NKS54	Cervix	CAN	Squamous cell carcinoma	Nonkeratinizin g Squamous Cell Carcinoma	IIB, mod diff. G2; T2bNxM0
NKS54	Cervix	NAT		NAT	
NKS55	Cervix	CAN	Squamous cell carcinoma	Nonkeratinizin g Squamous Cell Carcinoma	IIIB, Mod diff. G2; T3bNxM0
NKS55	Cervix	NAT		NAT	
NKS81	Cervix	CAN	Squamous cell carcinoma	large cell nonkeratinizin g sq carc, IIB, moderately diff	IIB
NKS81	Cervix	NAT		NAT	
10479	Endometr ium	CAN		malignant mixed mullerian tumor	T?, Nx, M1
10479	Endometr ium	NAT		NAT	
28XA	Endometr ium	CAN	Endometrial adenocarcinoma	malignant	II/III
28XA	Endometr ium	NAT		NAT	II/III

8XA	Endometrium	CAN	mod. diff, invasive, squamous differentiation, FIGO-II		
8XA	Endometrium	NAT		NAT	
106XD	Kidney	CAN	Renal cell carcinoma	renal cell carcinoma, clear cell, localized	3
106XD	Kidney	NAT		NL	
107XD	Kidney	CAN	Renal cell carcinoma	renal cell carcinoma, clear cell, with metastatic	G III
107XD	Kidney	NAT		NL	
109XD	Kidney	CAN		Malignant	G III
109XD	Kidney	NAT		NL	
10XD	Kidney	CAN	Renal cell carcinoma	renal cell carcinoma, clear cell, localized, grade 2-3	3
10XD	Kidney	NAT		NL	
22K	Kidney	CAN	Renal cell carcinoma	Renal cell carcinoma	G2, Mod. Diff.
22K	Kidney	NAT		NAT	
15XA	Liver	CAN		Sarcoma,Retroperitoneal Tumor	Grade-2
15XA	Liver	NAT		CA	St. I, G4
174L	Liver	CAN	Hepatocellular carcinoma	Moderate to well differentiated hepatocellular carcinoma	
174L	Liver	NAT	Hepatocellular carcinoma	NAT	
187L	Liver	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	Metastatic Adenocarcinoma	Liver (Gallbladder)
187L	Liver	NAT		NAT	
205L	Lung	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	poorly differentiated adenocarcinoma	T2, N1, Mx
205L	Lung	NAT		NAT	
315L	Lung	CAN	Squamous cell carcinoma		
315L	Lung	NAT	Adenocarcinoma	NAT	
507L	Lung	CAN	Bronchioloalveolar carcinoma	bronchioalveolar carcinoma	Stage IB, G1, well diff.
507L	Lung	NAT		NAT	

528L	Lung	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	Adenocarcinoma	St.IV,T2N0 M1, infiltrating poorly diff.
528L	Lung	NAT		NAT	
8837L	Lung	CAN	Squamous cell carcinoma	Squamous cell carcinoma	T2, N0, M0
8837L	Lung	NAT		NAT	
AC11	Lung	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	poorly differentiated adenocarcinoma	T2, N2, M1
AC11	Lung	NAT		NAT	
AC39	Lung	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	intermediate grade adnocarcinoma	T2, N2, Mx
AC39	Lung	NAT		NAT	
SQ80	Lung	CAN	Squamous cell carcinoma	poorly differentiated squamous cell carcinoma	T1, N1, M0
SQ80	Lung	NAT		NAT	
SQ81	Lung	CAN	Squamous cell carcinoma	poorly differentiated squamous carcinoma	T3, N1, Mx
SQ81	Lung	NAT		NAT	
19DN	Mammary	CAN	Invasive ductal carcinoma	Invasive ductal carcinoma	G3, Stage IIA; T2N0M0
19DN	Mammary	NAT		NAT	
42DN	Mammary	CAN	Invasive ductal carcinoma	Invasive Ductal Carcinoma	T3aN1M0 IIIA, G3
42DN	Mammary	NAT		NAT	
517	Mammary	CAN	Infiltrating ductal carcinoma	Infiltrating ductal carcinoma	St. IIA, G3
517	Mammary	NAT		NAT	
781M	Mammary	CAN	Invasive ductal carcinoma		Architectural grade-3/3,Nuclear grade-3/3
781M	Mammary	NAT		NAT	
869M	Mammary	CAN	Invasive carcinoma	Invasive Carcinoma	Stage IIA G1;T2NoMo
869M	Mammary	NAT		NAT	
976M	Mammary	CAN	Invasive ductal carcinoma	Invasive Ductal Carcinoma	T2N1M0 (Stage 2B Grade 2-3)
976M	Mammary	NAT		NAT	
S570	Mammary	CAN	Carcinoma	Carcinoma	Stage IIA;T1N1Mo
S570	Mammary	NAT		NAT	
S699	Mammary	CAN	Invasive lobular carcinoma	Invasive Lobular Carcinoma	Stage IIB G1;T2N1Mo
S699	Mammary	NAT		NAT	

S997	Mammary	CAN	Invasive ductal carcinoma	Invasive Ductal Carcinoma	Stage IIB G3; T2N1Mo
S997	Mammary	NAT		NAT	
G021	Ovary	CAN	Carcinoma	St. IIIC, poorly diff.	Stage-IIIC, poorly diff.
G021	Ovary	NAT		NAT	
10050	Ovary	CAN		papillary serous and endometrioid ovarian carcinoma, concurrent metastatic breast cancer	3
10400	Ovary	CAN		papillary serous adeno, metastatic	
1050	Ovary	CAN		Papillary Serous Carcinoma with Focal Mucinous Differentiatio n	Stage IC G0; T1cN0M0
130X	Ovary	CAN		Ovarian cancer	
7180	Ovary	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	malignant tumor	IIIC
A1B	Ovary	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	CA	
71XL	Pancreas	CAN		villous adenoma with paneth cell metaplasia	localized
71XL	Pancreas	NAT		NL	
82XP	Pancreas	CAN		serious cystadenoma	
82XP	Pancreas	NAT		NL	
92X	Pancreas	CAN	Ductal adenocarcinoma	ductal adenocarcinoma	mod to focally poorly diff.
92X	Pancreas	NAT		NL	
39A	Skin	CAN		CA	St. II
39A	Skin	NAT		CA	St. II
287S	Skin	CAN	Squamous cell carcinoma	Invasive Keratinizing Squamous Cell Carcinoma	Moderately Differenti ated
287S	Skin	NAT		NAT	
669S	Skin	CAN	Melanoma	Nodular malignant melanoma	
669S	Skin	NAT		NAT	
171S	Small Intestin e	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	Moderately differentiated Adenocarcinoma , invasive	

171S	Small Intestine	NAT		NAT	
H89	Small Intestine	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	Adenocarcimoa	80% tumor, 50% necrosis, moderately differentiated, G2-3; T3N1MX
H89	Small Intestine	NAT	Adenocarcinoma	NAT	
20SM	Small Intestine	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	Adenocarcinoma, metastic to lung & liver	St. IV, poorly diff.
20SM	Small Intestine	NAT		NAT	
88S	Stomach	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	Mucinous adenocarcinoma	T3N1M0, St. IIIA
88S	Stomach	NAT		NAT	
261S	Stomach	CAN	Signet-ring cell carcinoma	Signet-ring cell carcinoma	Stage IIIA, T3N1M0
261S	Stomach	NAT		NAT	
288S	Stomach	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	Infiltrating Adneocarcinoma	Moderately Differentiated
288S	Stomach	NAT		NAT	
AC93 or 509L	Stomach	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	Adenocarcinoma	St. IV, G4, T4N3M0, poorly diff.
AC93 or 509L	Stomach	NAT		NAT	
39X	Testes	CAN		CA	
39X	Testes	NAT		NAT	
647T	Testes	CAN	Teratocarcinoma	Teratocarcinoma	Stage IA
647T	Testes	NAT	Teratocarcinoma	NAT	
663T	Testes	CAN	Teratocarcinoma	Teratocarcinoma	
663T	Testes	NAT		NAT	
56T	Thyroid Gland	CAN	Papillary carcinoma	Papillary Carcinoma	St. III; T4N1M0
56T	Thyroid Gland	NAT		NAT	
143N	Thyroid Gland	CAN	Follicular carcinoma	Follicular Carcinoma	
143N	Thyroid Gland	NAT		NAT	
270T	Thyroid Gland	CAN		CA	
270T	Thyroid Gland	NAT		NAT	

135XO	Uterus	CAN		Uterus normal	
135XO	Uterus	NAT		Uterus tumor	
85XU	Uterus	CAN		endometrial carcinoma	I
85XU	Uterus	NAT		NL	
355	Mammary	CAN	Invasive lobular carcinoma	Invasive lobular carcinoma	Stage IIB
355		NAT	NAT		
B011X	Mammary	CAN		Cancer	
B011X	Mammary	NAT		NAT	
S621	Mammary	CAN	Infiltrating ductal carcinoma	Infiltrating Duct Adenocarcinoma	G3;T1NxMx
S621	Mammary	NAT		NAT	
S516	Mammary	CAN	Infiltrating ductal carcinoma	Infiltrating Ductal Carcinoma with Lymphatic Invasion	Stage I G2;T1NoMo
S516	Mammary	NAT		NAT	
522	Mammary	CAN	Infiltrating ductal carcinoma	Infiltrating ductal carcinoma	G III
522	Mammary	NAT		NAT	
76DN	Mammary	CAN		Invasive ductal carcinoma	G3, poorly diff.
76DN	Mammary	NAT		NAT	
AS12	Colon	CAN		T	StageB
AS12	Colon	NAT		NL	
AS46	Colon	CAN		malignant	T3N1MX
AS46	Colon	NAT		NAT	
B34	Colon	CAN	Adenocarcinoma		
B34	Colon	NAT	Adenocarcinoma	NAT	
CM67	Colon	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	Adenocarcinoma of cecum, Moderately differentiated	Stage II
CM67	Colon	NAT		NAT	
DC22	Colon	CAN		Cancer	
DC22	Colon	NAT		NAT	
TX89	Colon	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	Adenocarcinoma of Transverse Colon	Stave IV
TX89	Colon	NAT		NAT	
NKS25	Cervix	CAN			
NKS25	Cervix	NAT		NAT	
NKS18	Cervix	CAN	Squamous cell carcinoma	Nonkeratinizin g squamous cell carcinoma	GII
NKS18	Cervix	NAT		NAT	
12XD	Kidney	CAN	Renal cell carcinoma	Left renal cell carcinoma	
12XD	Kidney	NAT		NAT	
15XA	Kidney			Sarcoma,Retrop eritoneal Tumor	Grade-2

77X	Pancreas	CAN	Hepatic adenoma	Hepatic adenoma	
77X	Pancreas	NAT		NL	
4510	Ovary	NRM		Normal Tissue	
982L	Lung	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	poorly differentiated adenocarcinoma	T1, N0, Mx
982L	Lung	NAT		NAT	
AC69	Lung	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	adenocarcinoma	metastatic & mod. Diff
AC69	Lung	NAT		NL	
AC90	Lung	CAN	Adenocarcinoma	infiltrating moderately differentiated adenocarcinoma	T3, N0, Mx
AC90	Lung	NAT		NAT	
489L	Lung	CAN	Squamous cell carcinoma	Invasive	
489L	Lung	NAT	Squamous cell carcinoma	NAT, Invasive	
SQ16	Lung	CAN	Squamous cell carcinoma	poorly differentiated squamous cell carcinoma	T2, N1, Mx
SQ16	Lung	NAT		NAT	
SQ79	Lung	CAN	Small cell adenocarcinoma	poorly differentiated small cell adenocarcinoma	T2, N0, Mx
SQ79	Lung	NAT		NAT	
B69	Blood	NRM		Normal	
B72	Blood	NRM		Normal	
B73	Blood	NRM		Normal	
B75	Blood	NRM		Normal	
B1	Blood	NRM		Normal	
B3	Blood	NRM		Normal	
B5	Blood	NRM		Normal	
B6	Blood	NRM		Normal	
B11	Blood	NRM		Normal	
982B	Blood	NRM		Normal	
48AD	Adrenal Gland	NRM		Normal	
10BR	Brain	NRM		Normal	
01CL	Colon	NRM		Normal	
06CV	Cervix	NRM		Normal	
01ES	Esophagus	NRM		Normal	
46HR	Heart	NRM		Normal	
00HR	Human Reference	CAN	CAN	Cancer pool	
55KD	Kidney	NRM		Normal	
89LV	Liver	NRM		Normal	
90LN	Lung	NRM		Normal	
01MA	Mammary	NRM		Normal	
84MU	Skeletal Muscle	NRM		Normal	

3APV	Ovary	NRM		Normal	
C004	Ovary	NRM		NL	
206I	Ovary	NRM		NL	
515O	Ovary	NRM		Normal	
18GA	Ovary	NRM		NL	
337O	Ovary	NRM		Normal	
123O	Ovary	NRM		Normal	
C177	Ovary	NRM		several fluid filled cysts	
40G	Ovary	NRM		NL	
04PA	Pancreas	NRM		Normal	
59PL	Placenta	NRM		Normal	
09PR	Prostate	NRM		Normal	
21RC	Rectum	NRM		Normal	
59SM	Small Intestine	NRM		Normal	
7GSP	Spleen	NRM		Normal	
09ST	Stomach	NRM		Normal	
4GTS	Testes	NRM		Normal	
99TM	Thymus Gland	NRM		Normal	
16TR	Trachea	NRM		Normal	
57UT	Uterus	NRM		Normal	

DEX0477_001.nt.2 (Pro177)

The relative expression level of Pro177, also known as Pro108v1, in various tissue samples is included below. Tissue samples include 79 pairs of matching samples, 7 non matched cancer samples, and 37 normal samples, all from various tissues annotated in the table. A matching pair is formed by mRNA from the cancer sample for a particular tissue and mRNA from the normal adjacent sample for that same tissue from the same individual. Of the normal samples 6 were blood samples which measured the expression levels in blood cells. Additionally, 2 prostatitis, and 4 Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia (BPH) samples are included. All the values are compared to normal breast sample MAM01MA (calibrator).

The table below contains the relative expression level values for the sample as compared to the calibrator. The table includes the Sample Name, Tissue type, and expression level values for the following samples: Cancer (CAN), Normal Adjacent Tissue (NAT), Normal Tissue (NRM), Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia (BPH), and Prostatitis (PROST).

Sample ID	CAN	NAT	NRM	BPH	PROST
PRO101XB	1.49	0.53			
PRO65XB	20.23	2.02			
PRO78XB	1.00	0.28			
PRO84XB	54.10	6.40			

PRO125XB	6.49	0.74			
PRO12B	0.26	0.20			
PRO23B	8.93	8.86			
PRO65XB	20.23	2.02			
PRO675P	43.08	2.66			
PRO84XB	54.10	6.40			
PRO958P	8.93	5.30			
PRO263C				10.59	
PRO276P				3.65	
PRO767B				3.46	
PRO855P				12.22	
PRO10R					17.44
PRO20R					5.16
BLD030B	1.57	2.56			
BLD520B	1.26	0.97			
BLDTR17	1.05	0.17			
CLN401C	0.27	0.29			
CLNAS43	1.09	0.32			
CLNAS98	0.66	0.40			
CLNCM12	0.36	0.37			
CLNDC19	0.43	0.84			
CLNRC01	0.57	0.21			
CLNRS53	0.84	0.84			
CLNSG27	1.09	0.54			
CLNTX01	1.15	0.58			
CVXKS52	3.18	8.37			
CVXNK23	2.09	8.46			
CVXNKS54	9.32	3.45			
CVXNKS55	5.20	3.58			
CVXNKS81	1.00	1.06			
ENDO10479	6.50	213.95			
ENDO28XA	4.99	12.38			
ENDO8XA	1.68	0.71			
KID106XD	0.07	0.52			
KID107XD	2.24	1.35			
KID109XD	1.81	1.47			
KID10XD	0.90	0.29			
KID22K	1.58	0.45			
LNG205L	2.69	2.81			
LNG315L	0.71	4.96			
LNG507L	2.75	7.13			
LNG528L	5.82	2.31			
LNG8837L	1.91	4.25			
LNGAC11	0.91	1.19			
LNGAC39	10.16	3.53			
LNGSQ80	1.10	2.42			
LNGSQ81	0.83	3.79			
LVR15XA	9.71	1.27			
LVR174L	0.90	0.51			
LVR187L	0.51	0.46			
MAM19DN	2.11	7.79			
MAM42DN	4.38	2.36			
MAM517	16.15	3.00			
MAM781M	1.11	1.06			
MAM869M	4.04	4.07			
MAM976M	3.72	1.54			
MAMS570	0.00	3.53			

MAMS699	2.08	2.36			
MAMS997	23.82	4.78			
OVRG021	6.76	28.17			
OVR1005O	11.45				
OVC1040O	5.83				
OVR105O	1.86				
OVR130X	1.08				
OVR718O	2.84				
OVRA1B	13.49				
OVR123O			7.03		
OVR18GA			6.55		
OVR206I			5.40		
OVR337O			18.12		
OVR40G			8.12		
OVR515O			1.61		
OVRC004			11.03		
OVRC177			11.67		
PAN71XL	0.98	1.00			
PAN82XP	2.47	10.60			
PAN92X	8.59	6.63			
SKN287S	2.77	3.14			
SKN39A	3.38	3.90			
SKN669S	2.64	5.44			
SMINT171S	2.20	1.34			
SMINT20SM	7.30	2.51			
SMINTH89	2.01	0.49			
STO261S	4.70	0.50			
STO288S	0.81	0.36			
STO509L	1.26	1.50			
STO88S	8.27	0.57			
THRD143N	0.34	4.80			
THRD270T	1.39	0.92			
THRD56T	3.91	2.29			
TST39X	1.53	0.50			
TST647T	2.00	0.27			
TST663T	3.83	0.85			
UTR135XO	11.43	14.41			
UTR85XU	2.91	5.92			
BLOB1			15.76		
BLOB3			6.03		
BLOB5			67.08		
BLOB6			4.14		
BLOB11			4.79		
BLO982B			1.15		
ADR48AD			0.87		
BRN10BR			0.60		
CLN01CL			0.05		
CVX1ACV			12.22		
ESO01ES			1.54		
HRT46HR			0.17		
HUMREF00HR	0.26				
KID55KD			0.04		
LVR89LV			0.06		
LNG90LN			0.07		
MAM01MA			1.00		
MSL84MU			0.21		
OVR3APV			0.47		

PAN04PA			0.82		
PLA59PL			[illegible].07		
PRO09PR			1.11		
REC21RC			1.76		
SMINT59SM			1.02		
SPL7GSP			0.35		
STO09ST			0.09		
THYM99TM			1.46		
TRA16TR			3.21		
TST4GTS			0.62		
UTR57UT			15.19		

0.00= Negative or not detected

The sensitivity for Pro177 expression was calculated for the cancer samples versus normal samples. The sensitivity value indicates the percentage of cancer samples that show levels of Pro177 at least 2 fold higher than the normal tissue or the corresponding normal adjacent form the same patient.

This specificity is an indication of the level of prostate tissue specific expression of the transcript compared to all the other tissue types tested in our assay. Thus, these experiments indicate Pro177 being useful as a prostate cancer diagnostic marker and/or therapeutic target.

Sensitivity and specificity data is reported in the table below.

	CLN	LNG	MAM	OVR	PRO
Sensitivity, Up vs. NAT	33%	22%	33%	0%	73%
Sensitivity, Down vs. NAT	0%	56%	22%	0%	0%
Sensitivity, Up vs. NRM	100%	100%	78%	14%	73%
Sensitivity, Down vs. NRM	0%	0%	11%	43%	9%
Specificity	1.59%	4.23%	12.17%	20.94%	27.93%

Altogether, the tissue specificity, plus the mRNA differential expression in the samples tested are believed to make Pro177 a good marker for diagnosing, monitoring, staging, imaging and treating prostate cancer.

Primers used for QPCR Expression Analysis of Pro177 are as follows:

SEQ ID NO: 362 (Pro177_forward): GATGTGACTCTTGCACATTATTTGC

SEQ ID NO: 363 (Pro177_reverse): CTGTCTGGAGCCTCCTTTCATT

SEQ ID NO: 364 (Pro177_probe): TTGAAAGCATCTTACAGGGCCACA

DEX0477_016.nt.1 (Pcan057)

The relative expression level of PCan057 in various tissue samples is included below. Tissue samples include 77 pairs of matching samples, 8 non matched cancer samples, and 34 normal samples, all from various tissues annotated in the table. A

matching pair is formed by mRNA from the cancer sample for a particular tissue and mRNA from the normal adjacent sample for that same tissue from the same individual. Of the normal samples 4 were blood samples which measured the expression levels in blood cells. Additionally, 2 prostatitis, and 4 Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia (BPH) samples are included. All the values are compared to normal stomach sample STO09ST (calibrator).

The table below contains the relative expression level values for the sample as compared to the calibrator. The table includes the Sample Name, Tissue type, and expression level values for the following samples: Cancer (CAN), Normal Adjacent Tissue (NAT), Normal Tissue (NRM), Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia (BPH), and Prostatitis (PROST).

Sample ID	CAN	NAT	NRM	BPH	PROST
MAM355	6.79	0.31			
MAMB011X	2.61	7.77			
MAMS621	0.85	0.30			
MAMS516	1.07	0.44			
MAM522	102.84	0.77			
MAM76DN	80.82	6.24			
MAM976M	9.15	1.99			
MAM781M	1.73	1.90			
MAM19DN	4.82	8.97			
MAM517	18.38	4.25			
MAMS997	10.89	4.11			
MAM42DN	20.78	7.28			
MAM869M	7.06	1.71			
MAMS699	8.54	5.25			
MAMS570	17.62	10.56			
BLD030B	1.92	0.00			
BLD520B	7.03	0.51			
BLDTR17	3.08	0.59			
CLN401C	2.13	2.10			
CLNAS43	3.53	0.64			
CLNAS98	2.00	1.13			
CLNCM12	0.75	1.20			
CLNDC19	2.87	1.50			
CLNRC01	0.85	1.05			
CLNRS53	1.03	1.62			
CLNSG27	1.92	2.03			
CLNTX01	1.74	1.85			
CVXKS52	3.38	8.15			
CVXNK23	3.79	8.73			
CVXNKS54	4.10	49.57			
CVXNKS55	8.49	4.76			
CVXNKS81	1.92	4.87			
ENDO10479	13.23	3.97			
ENDO28XA	5.69	2.26			
ENDO8XA	1.74	1.55			
KID106XD	0.00	1.39			
KID107XD	0.57	1.69			
KID109XD	1.29	2.98			
KID10XD	0.31	0.97			

KID22K	0.49	0.99			
LNG205L	1.01	1.27			
LNG315L	1.27	3.56			
LNG507L	4.73	2.41			
LNG528L	9.32	2.32			
LNG8837L	1.24	3.75			
LNGAC11	1.71	1.74			
LNGAC39	5.84	0.90			
LNGSQ80	0.96	0.93			
LNGSQ81	0.99	2.21			
LVR15XA	0.24	0.32			
LVR174L	0.34	1.35			
LVR187L	0.15	2.49			
OVRG021	2.19	2.63			
OVR1005O	7.71				
OVR1040O	2.47				
OVR105O	4.05				
OVR130X	3.88				
OVR718O	3.51				
OVRA1B	7.15				
OVR123O			3.78		
OVR18GA			3.76		
OVR206I			1.85		
OVR337O			1.85		
OVR40G			0.97		
OVR515O			2.41		
OVRC004			4.53		
OVRC177			1.01		
PAN71XL	5.19	2.99			
PAN82XP	0.89				
PAN92X	4.74	1.12			
PRO23B	4.56	7.01			
PRO65XB	4.02	10.16			
PRO675P	4.98	4.21			
PRO84XB	4.33	4.74			
PRO958P	4.37	4.21			
PRO263C				3.46	
PRO276P				7.59	
PRO767B				8.36	
PRO855P				3.61	
PRO10R					5.31
PRO20R					5.28
SKN287S	2.45	1.11			
SKN39A	1.06	0.84			
SKN669S	2.71	3.26			
SMINT171S	2.96	3.98			
SMINT20SM	5.70	1.96			
SMINTH89	1.36	3.19			
STO261S	3.21	1.47			
STO288S	2.10	0.27			
STO88S	2.17	1.18			
THRD143N	0.50	8.02			
THRD270T	9.61	6.72			
THRD56T	8.18	2.49			
TST39X	1.74	0.43			
TST647T	3.39	0.51			
TST663T	4.10	0.82			

UTR135XO	1.38	1.71			
UTR85XU	2.34	3.54			
BLOB3			1.79		
BLOB6			0.00		
BLOB11			0.90		
BLO982B			0.00		
ADR48AD			0.16		
BRN10BR			0.09		
CLN01CL			1.21		
ESO01ES			1.16		
HRT46HR			0.27		
HUMREF00HR	0.95				
KID55KD			1.24		
LVR89LV			0.41		
LNG90LN			0.82		
MAM01MA			23.63		
MSL84MU			0.03		
OVR3APV			1.66		
PAN04PA			1.50		
PLA59PL			3.36		
PRO09PR			3.65		
REC21RC			2.68		
SMINT59SM			1.46		
SPL7GSP			0.43		
STO09ST			1.00		
THYM99TM			0.49		
TRA16TR			2.82		
TST4GTS			0.78		
UTR57UT			2.33		

0.00= Negative or not detected

The sensitivity for PCan057 expression was calculated for the cancer samples versus normal samples. The sensitivity value indicates the percentage of cancer samples that show levels of PCan057 at least 2 fold higher than the normal tissue or the corresponding normal adjacent form the same patient.

This specificity is an indication of the level of breast tissue specific expression of the transcript compared to all the other tissue types tested in our assay. Thus, these experiments indicate PCan057 being useful as a breast cancer diagnostic marker and/or therapeutic target.

Sensitivity and specificity data is reported in the table below.

	CLN	LNG	MAM	OVR	PRO
Sensitivity, Up vs. NAT	11%	22%	67%	0%	0%
Sensitivity, Down vs. NAT	0%	33%	7%	0%	20%
Sensitivity, Up vs. NRM	22%	44%	13%	57%	0%
Sensitivity, Down vs. NRM	0%	0%	67%	0%	0%
Specificity	4.37%	3.28%	18.13%	8.65%	10.81%

Altogether, the tissue specificity, plus the mRNA differential expression in the samples tested are believed to make PCan057 a good marker for diagnosing, monitoring, staging, imaging and treating breast cancer.

Primers used for QPCR Expression Analysis of PCan057 are as follows:

SEQ ID NO: 365 (PCan057_forward): AAGGCCTGCTCCTCTTTTAGAAG

SEQ ID NO: 366 (PCan057_reverse): GAGCAATGATCAGAGGACCCTTT

SEQ ID NO: 367 (PCan057_probe): CCCCAAGGGAAGCAGAAGGTGACAG

DEX0477_016.nt.2 (Pcan057v1)

The relative expression level of PCan057v1 in various tissue samples is included below. Tissue samples include 76 pairs of matching samples, 10 non matched cancer samples, and 33 normal samples, all from various tissues annotated in the table. A matching pair is formed by mRNA from the cancer sample for a particular tissue and mRNA from the normal adjacent sample for that same tissue from the same individual. Of the normal samples 4 were blood samples which measured the expression levels in blood cells. Additionally, 2 prostatitis, and 4 Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia (BPH) samples are included. All the values are compared to normal spleen sample SPL7GSP (calibrator).

The table below contains the relative expression level values for the sample as compared to the calibrator. The table includes the Sample Name, Tissue type, and expression level values for the following samples: Cancer (CAN), Normal Adjacent Tissue (NAT), Normal Tissue (NRM), Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia (BPH), and Prostatitis (PROST).

Sample ID	CAN	NAT	NRM	BPH	PROST
MAM355	9.01	0.38			
MAMB011X	8.10	24.92			
MAMS621	4.37	0.46			
MAMS516	2.26	0.66			
MAM522	434.64	3.56			
MAM76DN	309.58	14.12			
MAM976M	16.15	1.69			
MAM781M	5.13	2.22			
MAM19DN	11.79	23.56			
MAM517	76.67	20.14			
MAMS997	18.00	9.19			
MAM42DN	27.13	17.17			
MAM869M	14.04	4.34			
MAMS699	14.78	12.96			
MAMS570	41.50	20.75			
BLD030B	5.13	2.24			
BLD520B	22.14	1.36			
BLDTR17	7.76	1.28			

CLN401C	4.94	4.09			
CLNAS43	9.74	1.35			
CLNAS98	3.28	2.26			
CLNCM12	1.81	4.45			
CLNDC19	8.61	4.09			
CLNRC01	2.27	2.37			
CLNRS53	1.83	4.62			
CLNSG27	6.51	6.14			
CLNTX01	5.03	4.76			
CVXKS52	11.15	18.05			
CVXNK23	7.99				
CVXNKS54	10.68	15.83			
CVXNKS55	19.30	12.59			
CVXNKS81	2.05	10.72			
ENDO10479	22.99	8.22			
ENDO28XA	13.27	2.94			
ENDO8XA	5.07				
KID106XD	0.18	1.76			
KID107XD	1.77	3.61			
KID109XD	2.28	6.36			
KID10XD	0.80	2.62			
KID22K	1.29	2.44			
LNG205L	3.14	2.43			
LNG315L	2.48	7.94			
LNG507L	7.32	7.22			
LNG528L	31.90	11.00			
LNG8837L	3.49	7.11			
LNGAC11	6.04	2.95			
LNGAC39	20.49	3.61			
LNGSQ80	4.50	2.72			
LNGSQ81	4.24	4.33			
LVR15XA	0.71	1.04			
LVR174L	0.86	0.86			
LVR187L	0.44	5.82			
OVRG021	6.41	11.79			
OVR1005O	13.15				
OVR1040O	4.87				
OVR105O	9.07				
OVR130X	6.44				
OVR718O	11.04				
OVRA1B	27.30				
OVR123O			8.25		
OVR18GA			5.60		
OVR206I			3.18		
OVR337O			8.07		
OVR40G			1.85		
OVR515O			3.90		
OVRC177			1.71		
PAN71XL	11.69	11.95			
PAN82XP	1.88				
PAN92X	9.16	6.01			
PRO23B	11.45	14.99			
PRO65XB	8.82	22.69			
PRO675P	15.09	16.89			
PRO84XB	7.72	7.97			
PRO958P	7.61	8.29			
PRO263C				6.88	

PRO276P				11.39	
PRO767B				19.05	
PRO855P				7.73	
PRO10R					8.52
PRO20R					5.74
SKN287S	6.30	4.35			
SKN39A	2.64	2.32			
SKN669S	4.56	13.59			
SMINT171S	11.64	10.83			
SMINT20SM	13.49	5.19			
SMINTH89	3.54	9.44			
STO261S	11.41	3.13			
STO288S	5.37	0.93			
STO509L	3.39	57.03			
STO88S	20.35	1.25			
THRD143N	1.14	13.07			
THRD270T	14.58	9.66			
THRD56T	15.34	4.10			
TST39X	3.12	1.52			
TST647T	4.77	0.61			
TST663T	7.00	2.22			
UTR135XO	2.38	4.40			
UTR85XU	9.26	6.17			
BLOB3			2.80		
BLOB6			3.34		
BLOB11			2.30		
BLO982B			0.00		
ADR48AD			0.16		
BRN10BR			0.11		
CLN01CL			2.35		
ESO01ES			3.41		
HRT46HR			0.30		
HUMREF00HR	2.51				
KID55KD			4.65		
LVR89LV			1.75		
LNG90LN			1.78		
MAM01MA			30.33		
MSL84MU			0.12		
OVR3APV			2.32		
PAN04PA			3.71		
PLA59PL			9.48		
PRO09PR			8.03		
REC21RC			23.24		
SMINT59SM			4.08		
SPL7GSP			1.00		
STO09ST			4.73		
THYM99TM			1.22		
TRA16TR			6.43		
TST4GTS			2.48		
UTR57UT			3.58		

0.00= Negative or Not Detected

The sensitivity for PCan057v1 expression was calculated for the cancer samples versus normal samples. The sensitivity value indicates the percentage of cancer samples

that show levels of PCan057v1 at least 2 fold higher than the normal tissue or the corresponding normal adjacent form the same patient.

This specificity is an indication of the level of breast tissue specific expression of the transcript compared to all the other tissue types tested in our assay. Thus, these experiments indicate PCan057v1 being useful as a breast cancer diagnostic marker and/or therapeutic target.

Sensitivity and specificity data is reported in the table below.

	CLN	LNG	MAM	OVR	PRO
Sensitivity, Up vs. NAT	22%	33%	67%	0%	0%
Sensitivity, Down vs. NAT	22%	22%	7%	0%	20%
Sensitivity, Up vs. NRM	56%	67%	20%	57%	0%
Sensitivity, Down vs. NRM	0%	0%	53%	0%	0%
Specificity	4.95%	4.4%	12.94%	8.11%	8.15%

Altogether, the tissue specificity, plus the mRNA differential expression in the samples tested are believed to make PCan057v1 a good marker for diagnosing, monitoring, staging, imaging and treating breast or ovarian cancer.

Primers used for QPCR Expression Analysis of PCan057v1 are as follows:
SEQ ID NO: 368 (PCan057v1_forward): TCTTGGCATGGCTTCTCTAGCT
SEQ ID NO: 369 (PCan057v1_reverse): GATGTAGGGAGAGGAAGAGTTCTGA
SEQ ID NO: 370 (PCan057v1_probe): CATCCTTCCCTCCCCCTCTGTTTCTGA

DEX0477_020.nt.1 (Cln224)

The relative expression level of Cln224 in various tissue samples is included below. Tissue samples include 79 pairs of matching samples, 7 non matched cancer samples, and 36 normal samples, all from various tissues annotated in the table. A matching pair is formed by mRNA from the cancer sample for a particular tissue and mRNA from the normal adjacent sample for that same tissue from the same individual. Of the normal samples 5 were blood samples which measured the expression levels in blood cells. Additionally, 2 prostatitis, and 4 Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia (BPH) samples are included. All the values are compared to normal stomach sample STO09ST (calibrator).

The table below contains the relative expression level values for the sample as compared to the calibrator. The table includes the Sample Name, Tissue type, and expression level values for the following samples: Cancer (CAN), Normal Adjacent Tissue (NAT), Normal Tissue (NRM), Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia (BPH), and Prostatitis (PROST).

Sample ID	CAN	NAT	NRM	BPH	PROST
CLNAS12	36.40	79.70			
CLNAS46	52.94	51.80			
CLNB34	24.83	13.96			
CLNCM67	23.14	47.99			
CLNDC22	14.68	27.66			
CLNTX89	44.28	59.92			
CLN401C	20.29	32.09			
CLNAS43	37.42	72.98			
CLNAS98	17.31	22.77			
CLNCM12	29.23	32.03			
CLNDC19	100.22	20.85			
CLNRC01	24.10	28.55			
CLNRS53	11.32	72.67			
CLNSG27	41.97	64.06			
CLNTX01	73.02	29.52			
BLD030B	0.10	0.04			
BLD520B	0.32	0.02			
BLDTR17	0.04	0.02			
CVXKS52	44.82	43.20			
CVXNKS55	66.26	26.45			
CVXNKS25	12.20	8.06			
CVXNKS18	2.60	3.94			
CVXNKS54	2.51	4.93			
ENDO10479	3.27	0.21			
ENDO28XA	6.07	0.02			
ENDO8XA	0.02	0.20			
KID106XD	0.00	0.00			
KID12XD	0.00	0.54			
KID10XD	0.00	0.00			
KID22K	0.00	0.00			
KID107XD	0.00	0.04			
LNG205L	0.27	0.50			
LNG315L	0.15	0.98			
LNG507L	1.40	0.26			
LNG528L	5.98	1.31			
LNG8837L	2.92	0.09			
LNGAC11	0.07	2.07			
LNGAC39	118.16	0.51			
LNGSQ80	2.82	0.24			
LNGSQ81	0.02	0.41			
LVR15XA	0.00	0.00			
LVR174L	0.30	0.11			
LVR187L	0.07	150.59			
MAM19DN	0.02	0.02			
MAM42DN	0.06	0.04			
MAM517	0.14	0.00			
MAM781M	0.00	0.04			
MAM869M	1.91	0.10			
MAM976M	0.06	0.00			
MAMS570	0.00	0.00			
MAMS699	0.00	0.00			
MAMS997	0.01	0.03			
OVRG021	0.00	0.00			
OVR206I			0.00		
OVR515O			0.08		
OVR18GA			0.00		

OVR337O			0.00		
OVR123O			0.00		
OVRC177			0.00		
OVR40G			0.01		
OVR1005O	0.03				
OVR1040O	0.06				
OVR105O	0.00				
OVR130X	0.00				
OVR451O			0.00		
OVR718O	0.00				
OVRA1B	0.00				
PAN71XL	1.38	0.42			
PAN77X	0.00	0.00			
PAN92X	66.86	0.08			
PRO10R					0.00
PRO20R					2.23
PRO23B	0.02	0.04			
PRO263C				0.15	
PRO276P				0.01	
PRO65XB	0.00	0.00			
PRO675P	0.06	0.00			
PRO767B				0.16	
PRO84XB	0.05	0.04			
PRO855P				0.04	
PRO958P	0.03	0.01			
SKN287S	0.42	0.00			
SKN39A	0.10	0.00			
SKN669S	0.06	0.62			
SMINT171S	20.74	3.48			
SMINT20SM	108.53	33.12			
SMINTH89	3.50	0.55			
STO261S	54.01	3.66			
STO288S	30.36	0.10			
STOAC93	7.86	21.11			
STO88S	19.63	0.05			
THRD143N	23.58	0.07			
THRD270T	0.00	0.03			
THRD56T	0.01	0.09			
TST39X	0.55	0.00			
TST647T	0.46	0.02			
TST663T	0.54	0.00			
UTR135XO	0.00	0.00			
UTR85XU	0.00	0.02			
BLOB3			0.41		
BLOB11			0.04		
BLO69			0.00		
BLO72			0.00		
BLO73			0.00		
ADR48AD			0.00		
BRN10BR			0.00		
CLN01CL			26.49		
CVX06CV			2.40		
ESO01ES			15.45		
HRT46HR			0.00		
HUMREF00HR	0.51				
KID55KD			0.00		
LVR89LV			0.00		

LNG90LN			5.04		
MAM01MA			0.01		
MSL84MU			0.00		
OVR3APV			0.00		
PAN04PA			0.01		
PLA59PL			0.00		
PRO09PR			0.02		
REC21RC			38.16		
SMINT59SM			0.04		
SPL7GSP			0.01		
STO09ST			1.00		
THYM99TM			0.15		
TRA16TR			31.26		
TST4GTS			0.04		
UTR57UT			0.04		

0.00= Negative or Not detected

The sensitivity for Cln224 expression was calculated for the cancer samples versus normal samples. The sensitivity value indicates the percentage of cancer samples that show levels of Cln224 at least 2 fold higher than the normal tissue or the corresponding normal adjacent form the same patient.

This specificity is an indication of the level of gastrointestinal tract tissue specific expression of the transcript compared to all the other tissue types tested in our assay. Thus, these experiments indicate Cln224 being useful as a diagnostic marker and/or therapeutic target for cancers of the gastrointestinal tract.

Sensitivity and specificity data is reported in the table below.

	CLN	LNG	MAM	OVR	PRO
Sensitivity, Up vs. NAT	13%	56%	33%	0%	40%
Sensitivity, Down vs. NAT	20%	33%	22%	0%	20%
Sensitivity, Up vs. NRM	13%	11%	56%	29%	40%
Sensitivity, Down vs. NRM	7%	56%	33%	0%	20%
Specificity	82.95%	55.85%	23.94%	20%	25.26%

Altogether, the tissue specificity, plus the mRNA differential expression in the samples tested are believed to make Cln224 a good marker for diagnosing, monitoring, staging, imaging and treating cancers of the gastrointestinal tract.

Primers used for QPCR Expression Analysis of Cln224 are as follows:

SEQ ID NO: 371 (Cln224_forward): GCCGCAATAATTCCATAGTCAAG

SEQ ID NO: 372 (Cln224_reverse): CAACCAGCACTCCAATCATGA

SEQ ID NO: 373 (Cln224_probe): GCATCTGGAACTTCTCCTGGTCTCTCAGCT

DEX0477_020.nt.2 (Cln224v1)

The relative expression level of Cln224v1 in various tissue samples is included below. Tissue samples include 76 pairs of matching samples, 7 non-matched cancer samples, and 36 normal samples, all from various tissues annotated in the table. A matching pair is formed by mRNA from the cancer sample for a particular tissue and mRNA from the normal adjacent sample for that same tissue from the same individual. Of the normal samples 5 were blood samples which measured the expression levels in blood cells. Additionally, 2 prostatitis, and 4 Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia (BPH) samples are included. All the values are compared to normal adjacent colon sample CLNAS46 (calibrator).

The table below contains the relative expression level values for the sample as compared to the calibrator. The table includes the Sample Name, Tissue type, and expression level values for the following samples: Cancer (CAN), Normal Adjacent Tissue (NAT), Normal Tissue (NRM), Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia (BPH), and Prostatitis (PROST).

Sample ID	CAN	NAT	NRM	BPH	PROST
CLNAS12	0.60	1.23			
CLNAS46	0.57	1.00			
CLNB34	0.53	0.79			
CLNCM67	0.11	0.51			
CLNDC22	0.32	0.91			
CLNTX89	0.81	0.20			
CLN401C	0.28	0.21			
CLNAS43	0.55	0.65			
CLNAS98	0.12	0.39			
CLNCM12	0.25	0.67			
CLNDC19	1.67	0.06			
CLNRC01	0.43	0.63			
CLNRS53	0.27	1.25			
CLNSG27	1.30	0.88			
CLNTX01	0.78	0.76			
BLD030B	0.00	0.00			
BLD520B	0.00	0.00			
BLDTR17	0.00	0.00			
CVXKS52	0.00	0.11			
CVXNKS55	0.85	0.43			
CVXNKS25	0.16	0.00			
ENDO28XA	0.13	0.00			
ENDO8XA	0.00	0.00			
KID106XD	0.00	0.00			
KID12XD	0.00	0.00			
KID10XD	0.00	0.00			
KID22K	0.00	0.00			
KID107XD	0.00	0.00			
LNG205L	0.00	0.00			
LNG315L	0.00	0.14			

LNG507L	0.00	0.00			
LNG528L	0.08	0.00			
LNG8837L	0.05	0.00			
LNGAC11	0.00	0.01			
LNGAC39	0.63	0.00			
LNGSQ80	0.00	0.00			
LNGSQ81	0.00	0.00			
LVR15XA	0.00	0.00			
LVR174L	0.00	0.00			
LVR187L	0.00	3.41			
MAM19DN	0.00	0.00			
MAM42DN	0.00	0.00			
MAM517	0.00	0.00			
MAM781M	0.00	0.00			
MAM869M	0.02	0.00			
MAM976M	0.00	0.00			
MAMS570	0.00	0.00			
MAMS699	0.00	0.00			
MAMS997	0.00	0.00			
OVRG021	0.00	0.00			
OVR206I			0.00		
OVR515O			0.00		
OVR18GA			0.00		
OVR337O			0.00		
OVR123O			0.00		
OVRC177			0.00		
OVR40G			0.00		
OVR1005O	0.00				
OVR1040O	0.00				
OVR105O	0.00				
OVR130X	0.00				
OVR451O			0.00		
OVR718O	0.00				
OVRA1B	0.00				
PAN71XL	0.03	0.00			
PAN77X	0.00	0.00			
PAN92X	1.24	0.00			
PRO10R					0.00
PRO20R					0.10
PRO23B	0.00	0.00			
PRO263C				0.00	
PRO276P				0.00	
PRO65XB	0.00	0.00			
PRO675P	0.00	0.00			
PRO767B				0.00	
PRO84XB	0.00	0.00			
PRO855P				0.00	
PRO958P	0.00	0.00			
SKN287S	0.00	0.00			
SKN39A	0.00	0.00			
SKN669S	0.00	0.00			
SMINT171S	0.16	0.00			
SMINT20SM	2.33	0.45			
SMINTH89	0.02	0.02			
STO261S	0.56	0.02			
STO288S	0.46	0.00			
STOAC93	0.00	0.06			

STO88S	0.08	0.00			
THRD143N	0.15	0.00			
THRD270T	0.00	0.00			
THRD56T	0.00	0.00			
TST39X	0.00	0.00			
TST647T	0.01	0.00			
TST663T	0.02	0.00			
UTR135XO	0.00	0.00			
UTR85XU	0.00	0.00			
BLOB3			0.00		
BLOB11			0.00		
BLO69			0.00		
BLO72			0.00		
BLO73			0.00		
ADR48AD			0.00		
BRN10BR			0.00		
CLN01CL			0.33		
CVX06CV			0.05		
ESO01ES			0.07		
HRT46HR			0.00		
HUMREF00HR	0.00				
KID55KD			0.00		
LVR89LV			0.00		
LNG90LN			0.12		
MAM01MA			0.00		
MSL84MU			0.00		
OVR3APV			0.00		
PAN04PA			0.00		
PLA59PL			0.00		
PRO09PR			0.00		
REC21RC			1.15		
SMINT59SM			0.00		
SPL7GSP			0.00		
STO09ST			0.03		
THYM99TM			0.00		
TRA16TR			0.30		
TST4GTS			0.01		
UTR57UT			0.00		

0.00= Negative or Not detected

The sensitivity for Cln224v1 expression was calculated for the cancer samples versus normal samples. The sensitivity value indicates the percentage of cancer samples that show levels of Cln224v1 at least 2 fold higher than the normal tissue or the corresponding normal adjacent form the same patient.

This specificity is an indication of the level of gastrointestinal tract tissue specific expression of the transcript compared to all the other tissue types tested in our assay. Thus, these experiments indicate Cln224v1 being useful as a diagnostic marker and/or therapeutic target for cancers of the gastrointestinal tract.

Sensitivity and specificity data is reported in the table below.

	CLN	LNG	MAM	OVR	PRO

Sensitivity, Up vs. NAT	13%	33%	11%	0%	0%
Sensitivity, Down vs. NAT	40%	22%	0%	0%	0%
Sensitivity, Up vs. NRM	27%	11%	11%	14%	0%
Sensitivity, Down vs. NRM	13%	78%	0%	0%	0%
Specificity	86.47%	65.38%	62.09%	62.5%	63.04%

Altogether, the tissue specificity, plus the mRNA differential expression in the samples tested are believed to make Cln224v1 a good marker for diagnosing, monitoring, staging, imaging and treating cancers of the gastrointestinal tract.

Primers used for QPCR Expression Analysis of Cln224v1 are as follows:

SEQ ID NO: 374 (Cln224v1_forward): GAGCATCACAGTCTCTGACAGTTGT

SEQ ID NO: 375 (Cln224v1_reverse): TGGCTAGGATGGTCTCGATCTC

SEQ ID NO: 376

(Cln224v1_probe): TCCTTAAAGCATTTGCAACAGCTACAGTCTAAAATTG

DEX0477_073.nt.1 (Lng278)

The relative expression level of Lng278 in various tissue samples is included below. Tissue samples include 77 pairs of matching samples, 7 non matched cancer samples, and 35 normal samples, all from various tissues annotated in the table. A matching pair is formed by mRNA from the cancer sample for a particular tissue and mRNA from the normal adjacent sample for that same tissue from the same individual. Of the normal samples 5 were blood samples which measured the expression levels in blood cells. Additionally, 2 prostatitis, and 4 Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia (BPH) samples are included. All the values are compared to normal prostate sample PRO09PR (calibrator).

The table below contains the relative expression level values for the sample as compared to the calibrator. The table includes the Sample Name, Tissue type, and expression level values for the following samples: Cancer (CAN), Normal Adjacent Tissue (NAT), Normal Tissue (NRM), Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia (BPH), and Prostatitis (PROST).

Sample ID	CAN	NAT	NRM	BPH	PROST
LNG982L	0.25	0.08			
LNGAC69	1.02	0.03			
LNGAC90	0.14	0.06			
LNG489L	0.04	0.10			
LNGSQ16	0.15	0.04			
LNGSQ79	0.56	0.40			
LNG528L	0.04	0.41			
LNG205L	0.81	0.30			
LNGAC11	0.04	0.06			
LNGAC39	7.53	0.33			

LNG315L	0.14	0.35			
LNGSQ80	0.30	0.00			
LNGSQ81	1.07	0.00			
LNG8837L	0.11	0.15			
LNG507L	0.83	0.00			
BLD030B	0.02	0.21			
BLD520B	0.44	0.16			
BLDTR17	0.10	0.18			
CLN401C	0.75	0.83			
CLNAS43	0.33	0.13			
CLNAS98	0.62	0.06			
CLNCM12	0.16	0.19			
CLNDC19	1.35	0.15			
CLNRC01	0.21	0.15			
CLNRS53	0.11	0.00			
CLNSG27	0.35	0.38			
CLNTX01	2.42	0.09			
CVXKS52	0.00	0.06			
CVXNK23	0.05	0.00			
CVXNKS54	1.18	0.00			
CVXNKS55	0.55	0.28			
CVXNKS81	0.00	0.00			
ENDO10479	0.18	0.32			
ENDO28XA	0.71	0.19			
ENDO8XA	0.27	0.05			
KID106XD	0.00	0.00			
KID107XD	0.09	0.01			
KID109XD	0.00	0.00			
KID10XD	0.00	0.00			
KID22K	0.01	0.00			
LVR15XA	0.00	0.00			
LVR174L	0.01	0.00			
LVR187L	0.00	1.36			
MAM19DN	0.12	2.20			
MAM42DN	0.09	0.92			
MAM517	0.64	0.00			
MAM781M	1.08	0.00			
MAM869M	0.02	0.10			
MAM976M	0.22	0.48			
MAMS570	0.46	1.65			
MAMS699	0.45	0.00			
MAMS997	0.54	0.57			
OVRG021	0.04	0.05			
OVR1005O	0.71				
OVR1040O	0.15				
OVR105O	0.53				
OVR130X	0.00				
OVR718O	0.11				
OVRA1B	0.10				
OVR123O			0.00		
OVR18GA			0.00		
OVR206I			0.00		
OVR337O			0.00		
OVR40G			0.00		
OVR515O			0.00		
OVRC004			0.00		
OVRC177			0.00		

PAN71XL	0.34	0.01			
PAN82XP	0.02	0.00			
PRO23B	0.31	0.12			
PRO65XB	0.22	2.15			
PRO675P	1.45	0.36			
PRO84XB	0.32	1.38			
PRO958P	0.72	0.16			
PRO263C				0.35	
PRO276P				0.26	
PRO767B				1.63	
PRO855P				0.14	
PRO10R					0.39
PRO20R					0.55
SKN287S	0.11	0.00			
SKN39A	0.10	0.31			
SKN669S	0.21	0.39			
SMINT171S	1.46	0.05			
SMINT20SM	3.66	0.36			
SMINTH89	0.11	0.05			
STO261S	0.78	0.16			
STO288S	0.01	0.18			
STO88S	0.51	0.08			
THRD143N	0.02	0.07			
THRD270T	0.06	0.07			
THRD56T	0.44	0.01			
TST39X	0.39	0.00			
TST647T	0.11	0.00			
TST663T	0.21	0.01			
UTR135XO	0.26	0.00			
UTR85XU	1.44	0.78			
BLOB1			0.00		
BLOB3			0.30		
BLOB6			1.29		
BLOB11			0.29		
BLO982B			0.97		
ADR48AD			0.00		
BRN10BR			0.00		
CLN01CL			0.03		
ESO01ES			0.12		
HRT46HR			0.00		
HUMREF00HR	0.14				
KID55KD			0.00		
LVR89LV			0.00		
LNG90LN			0.30		
MAM01MA			0.10		
MSL84MU			0.00		
OVR3APV			0.00		
PAN04PA			0.00		
PLA59PL			1.35		
PRO09PR			1.00		
REC21RC			0.14		
SMINT59SM			0.01		
SPL7GSP			0.15		
STO09ST			0.19		
THYM99TM			0.48		
TRA16TR			3.75		
TST4GTS			0.03		

UTR57UT			0.09		

0.00= Negative or Not detected

The sensitivity for Lng278 expression was calculated for the cancer samples versus normal samples. The sensitivity value indicates the percentage of cancer samples that show levels of Lng278 at least 2 fold higher than the normal tissue or the corresponding normal adjacent form the same patient.

This specificity is an indication of the level of lung, colon and ovary tissue specific expression of the transcript compared to all the other tissue types tested in our assay. Thus, these experiments indicate Lng278 being useful as a lung, colon and ovarian cancer diagnostic marker and/or therapeutic target.

Sensitivity and specificity data is reported in the table below.

	CLN	LNG	MAM	OVR	PRO
Sensitivity, Up vs. NAT	56%	60%	33%	0%	60%
Sensitivity, Down vs. NAT	0%	20%	56%	0%	40%
Sensitivity, Up vs. NRM	100%	33%	67%	86%	0%
Sensitivity, Down vs. NRM	0%	47%	11%	0%	60%
Specificity	32.43%	32.37%	33.51%	21.93%	33.16%

Altogether, the tissue specificity, plus the mRNA differential expression in the samples tested are believed to make Lng278 a good marker for diagnosing, monitoring, staging, imaging and treating lung, colon and ovarian cancer.

Primers used for QPCR Expression Analysis of Lng278 are as follows:

SEQ ID NO: 377 (Lng278_forward): ACATTCAGGGACCAGGCTTGT

SEQ ID NO: 378 (Lng278_reverse): GGTCATACAGGATCATGTGCAT

SEQ ID NO: 379 (Lng278_probe): AAACTGACTCCCCACTTCTTCCCA

Conclusions

Altogether, the high level of tissue specificity, plus the mRNA overexpression in matched samples tested are indicative of SEQ ID NO: 1-141 being a diagnostic marker and/or a therapeutic target for cancer.

Example 3: Protein Expression

The CaSNA is amplified by polymerase chain reaction (PCR) and the amplified DNA fragment encoding the CaSNA is subcloned in pET-21d for expression in E. coli. In addition to the CaSNA coding sequence, codons for two amino acids, Met-Ala, flanking the NH_2-terminus of the coding sequence of CaSNA, and six histidines, flanking the

COOH-terminus of the coding sequence of CaSNA, are incorporated to serve as initiating Met/restriction site and purification tag, respectively.

An over-expressed protein band of the appropriate molecular weight may be observed on a Coomassie blue stained polyacrylamide gel. This protein band is confirmed by Western blot analysis using monoclonal antibody against 6X Histidine tag.

Large-scale purification of CaSP is achieved using cell paste generated from 6-liter bacterial cultures, and purified using immobilized metal affinity chromatography (IMAC). Soluble fractions that are separated from total cell lysate were incubated with a nickel chelating resin. The column is packed and washed with five column volumes of wash buffer. CaSP is eluted stepwise with various concentration imidazole buffers.

Example 4: Fusion Proteins

The human Fc portion of the IgG molecule can be PCR amplified, using primers that span the 5'and 3' ends of the sequence described below. These primers also should have convenient restriction enzyme sites that will facilitate cloning into an expression vector, preferably a mammalian expression vector. For example, if pC4 (Accession No. 209646) is used, the human Fc portion can be ligated into the BamHI cloning site. Note that the 3' BamHI site should be destroyed. Next, the vector containing the human Fc portion is re-restricted with BamHI, linearizing the vector, and a polynucleotide of the present invention, isolated by the PCR protocol described in Example 2, is ligated into this BamHI site. Note that the polynucleotide is cloned without a stop codon, otherwise a fusion protein will not be produced. If the naturally occurring signal sequence is used to produce the secreted protein, pC4 does not need a second signal peptide. Alternatively, if the naturally occurring signal sequence is not used, the vector can be modified to include a heterologous signal sequence. *See, e.g.*, WO 96/34891.

Example 5: Production of an Antibody from a Polypeptide

In general, such procedures involve immunizing an animal (preferably a mouse) with polypeptide or, more preferably, with a secreted polypeptide-expressing cell. Such cells may be cultured in any suitable tissue culture medium; however, it is preferable to culture cells in Earle's modified Eagle's medium supplemented with 10% fetal bovine serum (inactivated at about 56°C), and supplemented with about 10 g/l of nonessential amino acids, about 1,000 U/ml of penicillin, and about 100, μg/ml of streptomycin. The splenocytes of such mice are extracted and fused with a suitable myeloma cell line. Any

suitable myeloma cell line may be employed in accordance with the present invention; however, it is preferable to employ the parent myeloma cell line (SP20), available from the ATCC. After fusion, the resulting hybridoma cells are selectively maintained in HAT medium, and then cloned by limiting dilution as described by Wands *et al.*; *Gastroenterology* 80: 225-232 (1981).

The hybridoma cells obtained through such a selection are then assayed to identify clones which secrete antibodies capable of binding the polypeptide. Alternatively, additional antibodies capable of binding to the polypeptide can be produced in a two-step procedure using anti-idiotypic antibodies. Such a method makes use of the fact that antibodies are themselves antigens, and therefore, it is possible to obtain an antibody which binds to a second antibody. In accordance with this method, protein specific antibodies are used to immunize an animal, preferably a mouse. The splenocytes of such an animal are then used to produce hybridoma cells, and the hybridoma cells are screened to identify clones which produce an antibody whose ability to bind to the protein-specific antibody can be blocked by the polypeptide. Such antibodies comprise anti-idiotypic antibodies to the protein specific antibody and can be used to immunize an animal to induce formation of further protein-specific antibodies.

Example 6: Method of Determining Alterations in a Gene Corresponding to a Polynucleotide

RNA is isolated from individual patients or from a family of individuals that have a phenotype of interest. cDNA is then generated from these RNA samples using protocols known in the art. *See*, Sambrook (2001), *supra*. The cDNA is then used as a template for PCR, employing primers surrounding regions of interest in SEQ ID NO: 1-141. Suggested PCR conditions consist of 35 cycles at 95°C for 30 seconds; 60-120 seconds at 52-58°C; and 60-120 seconds at 70°C, using buffer solutions described in Sidransky *et al.*, *Science* 252(5006): 706-9 (1991). *See also* Sidransky *et al.*, *Science* 278(5340): 1054-9 (1997).

PCR products are then sequenced using primers labeled at their 5' end with T4 polynucleotide kinase, employing SequiTherm Polymerase. (Epicentre Technologies). The intron-exon borders of selected exons are also determined and genomic PCR products analyzed to confirm the results. PCR products harboring suspected mutations are then cloned and sequenced to validate the results of the direct sequencing. PCR products is

cloned into T-tailed vectors as described in Holton *et al.*, *Nucleic Acids Res.*, 19: 1156 (1991) and sequenced with T7 polymerase (United States Biochemical). Affected individuals are identified by mutations not present in unaffected individuals.

Genomic rearrangements may also be determined. Genomic clones are nick-translated with digoxigenin deoxyuridine 5' triphosphate (Boehringer Manheim), and FISH is performed as described in Johnson *et al.*, *Methods Cell Biol.* 35: 73-99 (1991). Hybridization with the labeled probe is carried out using a vast excess of human cot-1 DNA for specific hybridization to the corresponding genomic locus.

Chromosomes are counterstained with 4,6-diamino-2-phenylidole and propidium iodide, producing a combination of C-and R-bands. Aligned images for precise mapping are obtained using a triple-band filter set (Chroma Technology, Brattleboro, VT) in combination with a cooled charge-coupled device camera (Photometrics, Tucson, AZ) and variable excitation wavelength filters. Johnson (1991). Image collection, analysis and chromosomal fractional length measurements are performed using the ISee Graphical Program System. (Inovision Corporation, Durham, NC.) Chromosome alterations of the genomic region hybridized by the probe are identified as insertions, deletions, and translocations. These alterations are used as a diagnostic marker for an associated disease.

Example 7: Method of Detecting Abnormal Levels of a Polypeptide in a Biological Sample

Antibody-sandwich ELISAs are used to detect polypeptides in a sample, preferably a biological sample. Wells of a microtiter plate are coated with specific antibodies, at a final concentration of 0.2 to 10 ug/ml. The antibodies are either monoclonal or polyclonal and are produced by the method described above. The wells are blocked so that non-specific binding of the polypeptide to the well is reduced. The coated wells are then incubated for > 2 hours at RT with a sample containing the polypeptide. Preferably, serial dilutions of the sample should be used to validate results. The plates are then washed three times with deionized or distilled water to remove unbound polypeptide. Next, 50 µl of specific antibody-alkaline phosphatase conjugate, at a concentration of 25-400 ng, is added and incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The plates are again washed three times with deionized or distilled water to remove unbound conjugate. 75 µl of 4-methylumbelliferyl phosphate (MUP) or p-nitrophenyl phosphate (NPP) substrate solution are added to each well and incubated 1 hour at room temperature.

The reaction is measured by a microtiter plate reader. A standard curve is prepared, using serial dilutions of a control sample, and polypeptide concentrations are plotted on the X-axis (log scale) and fluorescence or absorbance on the Y-axis (linear scale). The concentration of the polypeptide in the sample is calculated using the standard curve.

Example 8: Formulating a Polypeptide

The secreted polypeptide composition will be formulated and dosed in a fashion consistent with good medical practice, taking into account the clinical condition of the individual patient (especially the side effects of treatment with the secreted polypeptide alone), the site of delivery, the method of administration, the scheduling of administration, and other factors known to practitioners. The "effective amount" for purposes herein is thus determined by such considerations.

As a general proposition, the total pharmaceutically effective amount of secreted polypeptide administered parenterally per dose will be in the range of about 1, µg/kg/day to 10 mg/kg/day of patient body weight, although, as noted above, this will be subject to therapeutic discretion. More preferably, this dose is at least 0.01 mg/kg/day, and most preferably for humans between about 0.01 and 1 mg/kg/day for the hormone. If given continuously, the secreted polypeptide is typically administered at a dose rate of about 1 µg/kg/hour to about 50 mg/kg/hour, either by 1-4 injections per day or by continuous subcutaneous infusions, for example, using a mini-pump. An intravenous bag solution may also be employed. The length of treatment needed to observe changes and the interval following treatment for responses to occur appears to vary depending on the desired effect.

Pharmaceutical compositions containing the secreted protein of the invention are administered orally, rectally, parenterally, intracistemally, intravaginally, intraperitoneally, topically (as by powders, ointments, gels, drops or transdermal patch), bucally, or as an oral or nasal spray. "Pharmaceutically acceptable carrier" refers to a non-toxic solid, semisolid or liquid filler, diluent, encapsulating material or formulation auxiliary of any type. The term "parenteral" as used herein refers to modes of administration which include intravenous, intramuscular, intraperitoneal, intrasternal, subcutaneous and intraarticular injection and infusion.

The secreted polypeptide is also suitably administered by sustained-release systems. Suitable examples of sustained-release compositions include semipermeable polymer matrices in the form of shaped articles, e.g., films, or microcapsules. Sustained-release matrices include polylactides (U. S. Pat. No.3,773,919, EP 58,481, the contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference herein in their entirety), copolymers of L-glutamic acid and gamma-ethyl-L-glutamate (Sidman, U. et al., Biopolymers 22: 547-556 (1983)), poly (2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate) (R. Langer et al., J. Biomed. Mater. Res. 15: 167-277 (1981), and R. Langer, Chem. Tech. 12: 98-105 (1982)), ethylene vinyl acetate (R. Langer et al.) or poly-D- (-)-3-hydroxybutyric acid (EP 133,988). Sustained-release compositions also include liposomally entrapped polypeptides. Liposomes containing the secreted polypeptide are prepared by methods known per se: DE Epstein et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 82: 3688-3692 (1985); Hwang et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 77: 4030-4034 (1980); EP 52,322; EP 36,676; EP 88,046; EP 143,949; EP 142,641; Japanese Pat. Appl. 83-118008; U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,485,045 and 4,544,545; and EP 102,324, the contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference herein in their entirety. Ordinarily, the liposomes are of the small (about 200-800 Angstroms) unilamellar type in which the lipid content is greater than about 30 mol. percent cholesterol, the selected proportion being adjusted for the optimal secreted polypeptide therapy.

For parenteral administration, in one embodiment, the secreted polypeptide is formulated generally by mixing it at the desired degree of purity, in a unit dosage injectable form (solution, suspension, or emulsion), with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, i.e., one that is non-toxic to recipients at the dosages and concentrations employed and is compatible with other ingredients of the formulation.

For example, the formulation preferably does not include oxidizing agents and other compounds that are known to be deleterious to polypeptides. Generally, the formulations are prepared by contacting the polypeptide uniformly and intimately with liquid carriers or finely divided solid carriers or both. Then, if necessary, the product is shaped into the desired formulation. Preferably, the carrier is a parenteral carrier, more preferably, a solution that is isotonic with the blood of the recipient. Examples of such carrier vehicles include water, saline, Ringer's solution, and dextrose solution. Non-aqueous vehicles such as fixed oils and ethyl oleate are also useful herein, as well as liposomes.

The carrier suitably contains minor amounts of additives such as substances that enhance isotonicity and chemical stability. Such materials are non-toxic to recipients at the dosages and concentrations employed, and include buffers such as phosphate, citrate, succinate, acetic acid, and other organic acids or their salts; antioxidants such as ascorbic acid; low molecular weight (less than about ten residues) polypeptides, e. g., polyarginine or tripeptides; proteins, such as serum albumin, gelatin, or immunoglobulins; hydrophilic polymers such as polyvinylpyrrolidone; amino acids, such as glycine, glutamic acid, aspartic acid, or arginine; monosaccharides, disaccharides, and other carbohydrates including cellulose or its derivatives, glucose, manose, or dextrins; chelating agents such as EDTA; sugar alcohols such as mannitol or sorbitol; counterions such as sodium; and/or nonionic surfactants such as polysorbates, poloxamers, or PEG.

The secreted polypeptide is typically formulated in such vehicles at a concentration of about 0.1 mg/ml to 100 mg/ml, preferably 1-10 mg/ml, at a pH of about 3 to 8. It will be understood that the use of certain of the foregoing excipients, carriers, or stabilizers will result in the formation of polypeptide salts.

Any polypeptide to be used for therapeutic administration can be sterile. Sterility is readily accomplished by filtration through sterile filtration membranes (e.g., 0.2 micron membranes). Therapeutic polypeptide compositions generally are placed into a container having a sterile access port, for example, an intravenous solution bag or vial having a stopper pierceable by a hypodermic injection needle.

Polypeptides ordinarily will be stored in unit or multi-dose containers, for example, sealed ampules or vials, as an aqueous solution or as a lyophilized formulation for reconstitution. As an example of a lyophilized formulation, 10-ml vials are filled with 5 ml of sterile-filtered 1 % (w/v) aqueous polypeptide solution, and the resulting mixture is lyophilized. The infusion solution is prepared by reconstituting the lyophilized polypeptide using bacteriostatic Water-for-Injection.

The invention also provides a pharmaceutical pack or kit comprising one or more containers filled with one or more of the ingredients of the pharmaceutical compositions of the invention. Associated with such container (s) can be a notice in the form prescribed by a governmental agency regulating the manufacture, use or sale of pharmaceuticals or biological products, which notice reflects approval by the agency of manufacture, use or sale for human administration. In addition, the polypeptides of the present invention may be employed in conjunction with other therapeutic compounds.

Example 9: Method of Treating Decreased Levels of the Polypeptide

It will be appreciated that conditions caused by a decrease in the standard or normal expression level of a secreted protein in an individual can be treated by administering the polypeptide of the present invention, preferably in the secreted form. Thus, the invention also provides a method of treatment of an individual in need of an increased level of the polypeptide comprising administering to such an individual a pharmaceutical composition comprising an amount of the polypeptide to increase the activity level of the polypeptide in such an individual.

For example, a patient with decreased levels of a polypeptide receives a daily dose 0.1-100 ug/kg of the polypeptide for six consecutive days. Preferably, the polypeptide is in the secreted form. The exact details of the dosing scheme, based on administration and formulation, are provided above.

Example 10: Method of Treating Increased Levels of the Polypeptide

Antisense or RNAi technology are used to inhibit production of a polypeptide of the present invention. This technology is one example of a method of decreasing levels of a polypeptide, preferably a secreted form, due to a variety of etiologies, such as cancer.

For example, a patient diagnosed with abnormally increased levels of a polypeptide is administered intravenously antisense polynucleotides at 0.5, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0 and 3.0 mg/kg day for 21 days. This treatment is repeated after a 7-day rest period if the treatment was well tolerated. The formulation of the antisense polynucleotide is provided above.

Example 11: Method of Treatment Using Gene Therapy

One method of gene therapy transplants fibroblasts, which are capable of expressing a polypeptide, onto a patient. Generally, fibroblasts are obtained from a subject by skin biopsy. The resulting tissue is placed in tissue-culture medium and separated into small pieces. Small chunks of the tissue are placed on a wet surface of a tissue culture flask, approximately ten pieces are placed in each flask. The flask is turned upside down, closed tight and left at room temperature over night. After 24 hours at room temperature, the flask is inverted and the chunks of tissue remain fixed to the bottom of the flask and fresh media (e. g., Ham's F12 media, with 10% FBS, penicillin and streptomycin) is added. The flasks are then incubated at 37°C for approximately one week.

At this time, fresh media is added and subsequently changed every several days. After an additional two weeks in culture, a monolayer of fibroblasts emerge. The monolayer is trypsinized and scaled into larger flasks. pMV-7 (Kirschmeier, P. T. et al., DNA, 7: 219-25 (1988)), flanked by the long terminal repeats of the Moloney murine sarcoma virus, is digested with EcoRI and HindIII and subsequently treated with calf intestinal phosphatase. The linear vector is fractionated on agarose gel and purified, using glass beads.

The cDNA encoding a polypeptide of the present invention can be amplified using PCR primers which correspond to the 5'and 3'end sequences respectively as set forth in Example 3. Preferably, the 5'primer contains an EcoRI site and the 3'primer includes a HindIII site. Equal quantities of the Moloney murine sarcoma virus linear backbone and the amplified EcoRI and HindIII fragment are added together, in the presence of T4 DNA ligase. The resulting mixture is maintained under conditions appropriate for ligation of the two fragments. The ligation mixture is then used to transform bacteria HB 101, which are then plated onto agar containing kanamycin for the purpose of confirming that the vector has the gene of interest properly inserted.

The amphotropic pA317 or GP+aml2 packaging cells are grown in tissue culture to confluent density in Dulbecco's Modified Eagles Medium (DMEM) with 10% calf serum (CS), penicillin and streptomycin. The MSV vector containing the gene is then added to the media and the packaging cells transduced with the vector. The packaging cells now produce infectious viral particles containing the gene (the packaging cells are now referred to as producer cells).

Fresh media is added to the transduced producer cells, and subsequently, the media is harvested from a 10 cm plate of confluent producer cells. The spent media, containing the infectious viral particles, is filtered through a millipore filter to remove detached producer cells and this media is then used to infect fibroblast cells. Media is removed from a sub-confluent plate of fibroblasts and quickly replaced with the media from the producer cells. This media is removed and replaced with fresh media.

If the titer of virus is high, then virtually all fibroblasts will be infected and no selection is required. If the titer is very low, then it is necessary to use a retroviral vector that has a selectable marker, such as neo or his. Once the fibroblasts have been efficiently infected, the fibroblasts are analyzed to determine whether protein is produced.

The engineered fibroblasts are then transplanted onto the host, either alone or after having been grown to confluence on cytodex 3 microcarrier beads.

Example 12: Method of Treatment Using Gene Therapy-In Vivo

Another aspect of the present invention is using *in vivo* gene therapy methods to treat disorders, diseases and conditions. The gene therapy method relates to the introduction of naked nucleic acid (DNA, RNA, and antisense DNA or RNA) sequences into an animal to increase or decrease the expression of the polypeptide.

The polynucleotide of the present invention may be operatively linked to a promoter or any other genetic elements necessary for the expression of the polypeptide by the target tissue. Such gene therapy and delivery techniques and methods are known in the art, see, for example, Tabata H. *et al. Cardiovasc. Res.* 35 (3): 470-479 (1997); Chao J *et al.* Pharmacol. Res. 35 (6): 517-522 (1997); Wolff J. A. *Neuromuscul. Disord.* 7 (5): 314-318 (1997), Schwartz B. *et al. Gene Ther.* 3 (5): 405-411 (1996); and Tsurumi Y. *et al. Circulation* 94 (12): 3281-3290 (1996); W0 90/11092, W0 98/11779; U. S. Patent No. 5,693,622; 5,705,151; 5,580,859, the contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference herein in their entirety.

The polynucleotide constructs may be delivered by any method that delivers injectable materials to the cells of an animal, such as, injection into the interstitial space of tissues (heart, muscle, skin, breast, colon, lung, ovarian, prostate, liver, intestine and the like). The polynucleotide constructs can be delivered in a pharmaceutically acceptable liquid or aqueous carrier.

The term "naked" polynucleotide, DNA or RNA, refers to sequences that are free from any delivery vehicle that acts to assist, promote, or facilitate entry into the cell, including viral sequences, viral particles, liposome formulations, lipofectin or precipitating agents and the like. However, the polynucleotides of the present invention may also be delivered in liposome formulations (such as those taught in Felgner P. L. *et al. Ann. NY Acad. Sci.* 772: 126-139 (1995) and Abdallah B. *et al. Biol. Cell* 85 (1): 1-7 (1995)) which can be prepared by methods well known to those skilled in the art.

The polynucleotide vector constructs used in the gene therapy method are preferably constructs that will not integrate into the host genome nor will they contain sequences that allow for replication. Any strong promoter known to those skilled in the art can be used for driving the expression of DNA. Unlike other gene therapies techniques,

one major advantage of introducing naked nucleic acid sequences into target cells is the transitory nature of the polynucleotide synthesis in the cells. Studies have shown that non-replicating DNA sequences can be introduced into cells to provide production of the desired polypeptide for periods of up to six months.

The polynucleotide construct can be delivered to the interstitial space of tissues within the an animal, including of muscle, skin, brain, breast, colon, lung, ovarian, prostate, liver, spleen, bone marrow, thymus, heart, lymph, blood, bone, cartilage, pancreas, kidney, gall bladder, stomach, intestine, testis, ovary, uterus, rectum, nervous system, eye, gland, and connective tissue. Interstitial space of the tissues comprises the intercellular fluid, mucopolysaccharide matrix among the reticular fibers of organ tissues, elastic fibers in the walls of vessels or chambers, collagen fibers of fibrous tissues, or that same matrix within connective tissue ensheathing muscle cells or in the lacunae of bone. It is similarly the space occupied by the plasma of the circulation and the lymph fluid of the lymphatic channels. Delivery to the interstitial space of muscle tissue is preferred for the reasons discussed below. They may be conveniently delivered by injection into the tissues comprising these cells. They are preferably delivered to and expressed in persistent, non-dividing cells which are differentiated, although delivery and expression may be achieved in non-differentiated or less completely differentiated cells, such as, for example, stem cells of blood or skin fibroblasts. In vivo muscle cells are particularly competent in their ability to take up and express polynucleotides.

For the naked polynucleotide injection, an effective dosage amount of DNA or RNA will be in the range of from about 0.05 μg/kg body weight to about 50 mg/kg body weight. Preferably the dosage will be from about 0.005 mg/kg to about 20 mg/kg and more preferably from about 0.05 mg/kg to about 5 mg/kg. Of course, as the artisan of ordinary skill will appreciate, this dosage will vary according to the tissue site of injection. The appropriate and effective dosage of nucleic acid sequence can readily be determined by those of ordinary skill in the art and may depend on the condition being treated and the route of administration. The preferred route of administration is by the parenteral route of injection into the interstitial space of tissues. However, other parenteral routes may also be used, such as, inhalation of an aerosol formulation particularly for delivery to breast, colon, lung, ovarian, prostate or bronchial tissues, throat or mucous membranes of the nose. In addition, naked polynucleotide constructs can be delivered to arteries during angioplasty by the catheter used in the procedure.

The dose response effects of injected polynucleotide in muscle in vivo is determined as follows. Suitable template DNA for production of mRNA coding for polypeptide of the present invention is prepared in accordance with a standard recombinant DNA methodology. The template DNA, which may be either circular or linear, is either used as naked DNA or complexed with liposomes. The quadriceps muscles of mice are then injected with various amounts of the template DNA.

Five to six week old female and male Balb/C mice are anesthetized by intraperitoneal injection with 0.3 ml of 2.5% Avertin. A 1.5 cm incision is made on the anterior thigh, and the quadriceps muscle is directly visualized. The template DNA is injected in 0.1 ml of carrier in a 1 cc syringe through a 27 gauge needle over one minute, approximately 0.5 cm from the distal insertion site of the muscle into the knee and about 0.2 cm deep. A suture is placed over the injection site for future localization, and the skin is closed with stainless steel clips.

After an appropriate incubation time (e.g., 7 days) muscle extracts are prepared by excising the entire quadriceps. Every fifth 15 um cross-section of the individual quadriceps muscles is histochemically stained for protein expression. A time course for protein expression may be done in a similar fashion except that quadriceps from different mice are harvested at different times. Persistence of DNA in muscle following injection may be determined by Southern blot analysis after preparing total cellular DNA and HIRT supernatants from injected and control mice.

The results of the above experimentation in mice can be use to extrapolate proper dosages and other treatment parameters in humans and other animals using naked DNA.

Example 13: Transgenic Animals

The polypeptides of the invention can also be expressed in transgenic animals. Animals of any species, including, but not limited to, mice, rats, rabbits, hamsters, guinea pigs, pigs, micro-pigs, goats, sheep, cows and non-human primates, e. g., baboons, monkeys, and chimpanzees may be used to generate transgenic animals. In a specific embodiment, techniques described herein or otherwise known in the art, are used to express polypeptides of the invention in humans, as part of a gene therapy protocol.

Any technique known in the art may be used to introduce the transgene (I. e., polynucleotides of the invention) into animals to produce the founder lines of transgenic animals. Such techniques include, but are not limited to, pronuclear microinjection

(Paterson et al., *Appl. Microbiol. Biotechnol.* 40: 691-698 (1994); Carver et al., *Biotechnology* 11: 1263-1270 (1993); Wright et al., *Biotechnology* 9: 830-834 (1991); and U. S. Pat. No. 4,873,191, the contents of which is hereby incorporated by reference herein in its entirety); retrovirus mediated gene transfer into germ lines (Van der Putten et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., USA* 82: 6148-6152 (1985)), blastocysts or embryos; gene targeting in embryonic stem cells (Thompson et al., *Cell* 56: 313-321 (1989)); electroporation of cells or embryos (Lo, 1983, *Mol Cell. Biol.* 3: 1803-1814 (1983)); introduction of the polynucleotides of the invention using a gene gun (see, e. g., Ulmer et al., *Science* 259: 1745 (1993); introducing nucleic acid constructs into embryonic pleuripotent stem cells and transferring the stem cells back into the blastocyst; and sperm mediated gene transfer (Lavitrano et al., *Cell* 57: 717-723 (1989). For a review of such techniques, see Gordon, "Transgenic Animals," *Intl. Rev. Cytol.* 115: 171-229 (1989).

Any technique known in the art may be used to produce transgenic clones containing polynucleotides of the invention, for example, nuclear transfer into enucleated oocytes of nuclei from cultured embryonic, fetal, or adult cells induced to quiescence (Campell *et al., Nature* 380: 64-66 (1996); Wilmut *et al., Nature* 385: 810813 (1997)).

The present invention provides for transgenic animals that carry the transgene in all their cells, as well as animals which carry the transgene in some, but not all their cells, I. e., mosaic animals or chimeric. The transgene may be integrated as a single transgene or as multiple copies such as in concatamers, e.g., head-to-head tandems or head-to-tail tandems. The transgene may also be selectively introduced into and activated in a particular cell type by following, for example, the teaching of Lasko et al. (Lasko et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 89: 6232-6236 (1992)). The regulatory sequences required for such a cell-type specific activation will depend upon the particular cell type of interest, and will be apparent to those of skill in the art. When it is desired that the polynucleotide transgene be integrated into the chromosomal site of the endogenous gene, gene targeting is preferred. Briefly, when such a technique is to be utilized, vectors containing some nucleotide sequences homologous to the endogenous gene are designed for the purpose of integrating, via homologous recombination with chromosomal sequences, into and disrupting the function of the nucleotide sequence of the endogenous gene. The transgene may also be selectively introduced into a particular cell type, thus inactivating the endogenous gene in only that cell type, by following, for example, the teaching of Gu et al. (Gu et al., *Science* 265: 103-106 (1994)). The regulatory sequences required for such a

cell-type specific inactivation will depend upon the particular cell type of interest, and will be apparent to those of skill in the art.

Once transgenic animals have been generated, the expression of the recombinant gene may be assayed utilizing standard techniques. Initial screening may be accomplished by Southern blot analysis or PCR techniques to analyze animal tissues to verify that integration of the transgene has taken place. The level of mRNA expression of the transgene in the tissues of the transgenic animals may also be assessed using techniques which include, but are not limited to, Northern blot analysis of tissue samples obtained from the animal, in situ hybridization analysis, and reverse transcriptase-PCR (rt-PCR). Samples of transgenic gene-expressing tissue may also be evaluated immunocytochemically or immunohistochemically using antibodies specific for the transgene product.

Once the founder animals are produced, they may be bred, inbred, outbred, or crossbred to produce colonies of the particular animal. Examples of such breeding strategies include, but are not limited to: outbreeding of founder animals with more than one integration site in order to establish separate lines; inbreeding of separate lines in order to produce compound transgenics that express the transgene at higher levels because of the effects of additive expression of each transgene; crossing of heterozygous transgenic animals to produce animals homozygous for a given integration site in order to both augment expression and eliminate the need for screening of animals by DNA analysis; crossing of separate homozygous lines to produce compound heterozygous or homozygous lines; and breeding to place the transgene on a distinct background that is appropriate for an experimental model of interest.

Transgenic animals of the invention have uses which include, but are not limited to, animal model systems useful in elaborating the biological function of polypeptides of the present invention, studying conditions and/or disorders associated with aberrant expression, and in screening for compounds effective in ameliorating such conditions and/or disorders.

Example 14: Knock-Out Animals

Endogenous gene expression can also be reduced by inactivating or "knocking out" the gene and/or its promoter using targeted homologous recombination. (E. g., see Smithies et al., Nature 317: 230-234 (1985); Thomas & Capecchi, Cell 51: 503512 (1987);

Thompson et al., Cell 5: 313-321 (1989)) Alternatively, RNAi technology may be used. For example, a mutant, non-functional polynucleotide of the invention (or a completely unrelated DNA sequence) flanked by DNA homologous to the endogenous polynucleotide sequence (either the coding regions or regulatory regions of the gene) can be used, with or without a selectable marker and/or a negative selectable marker, to transfect cells that express polypeptides of the invention in vivo. In another embodiment, techniques known in the art are used to generate knockouts in cells that contain, but do not express the gene of interest. Insertion of the DNA construct, via targeted homologous recombination, results in inactivation of the targeted gene. Such approaches are particularly suited in research and agricultural fields where modifications to embryonic stem cells can be used to generate animal offspring with an inactive targeted gene (e. g., see Thomas & Capecchi 1987 and Thompson 1989, supra). However, this approach can be routinely adapted for use in humans provided the recombinant DNA constructs are directly administered or targeted to the required site in vivo using appropriate viral vectors that will be apparent to those of skill in the art.

In further embodiments of the invention, cells that are genetically engineered to express the polypeptides of the invention, or alternatively, that are genetically engineered not to express the polypeptides of the invention (e. g., knockouts) are administered to a patient in vivo. Such cells may be obtained from the patient (i.e., animal, including human) or an MHC compatible donor and can include, but are not limited to fibroblasts, bone marrow cells, blood cells (e. g., lymphocytes), adipocytes, muscle cells, endothelial cells etc. The cells are genetically engineered in vitro using recombinant DNA techniques to introduce the coding sequence of polypeptides of the invention into the cells, or alternatively, to disrupt the coding sequence and/or endogenous regulatory sequence associated with the polypeptides of the invention, e.g., by transduction (using viral vectors, and preferably vectors that integrate the transgene into the cell genome) or transfection procedures, including, but not limited to, the use of plasmids, cosmids, YACs, naked DNA, electroporation, liposomes, etc.

The coding sequence of the polypeptides of the invention can be placed under the control of a strong constitutive or inducible promoter or promoter/enhancer to achieve expression, and preferably secretion, of the polypeptides of the invention. The engineered cells which express and preferably secrete the polypeptides of the invention can be introduced into the patient systemically, e. g., in the circulation, or intraperitoneally.

Alternatively, the cells can be incorporated into a matrix and implanted in the body, e. g., genetically engineered fibroblasts can be implanted as part of a skin graft; genetically engineered endothelial cells can be implanted as part of a lymphatic or vascular graft. (See, for example, Anderson et al. U. S. Patent No. 5,399,349; and Mulligan & Wilson, U. S. Patent No. 5,460,959, the contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference herein in their entirety).

When the cells to be administered are non-autologous or non-MHC compatible cells, they can be administered using well known techniques which prevent the development of a host immune response against the introduced cells. For example, the cells may be introduced in an encapsulated form which, while allowing for an exchange of components with the immediate extracellular environment, does not allow the introduced cells to be recognized by the host immune system.

Transgenic and "knock-out" animals of the invention have uses which include, but are not limited to, animal model systems useful in elaborating the biological function of polypeptides of the present invention, studying conditions and/or disorders associated with aberrant expression, and in screening for compounds effective in ameliorating such conditions and/or disorders.

While preferred illustrative embodiments of the present invention are described, one skilled in the art will appreciate that the present invention can be practiced by other than the described embodiments, which are presented for purposes of illustration only and not by way of limitation. The present invention is limited only by the claims that follow.